Breakfast Meeting #9 CTO 2006/4/28 Seoul Korea, Angioplasty Summit 2006

## Image guided CTO-PCI

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## Images for CTO-PCI

- Angiogram
  - Bi-plane, Bi-lateral injection
- IVUS
  - Identification of CTO entrance, segment
- MSCT
  - Pre procedure assessment
  - Reconfirmation anatomy during PCI

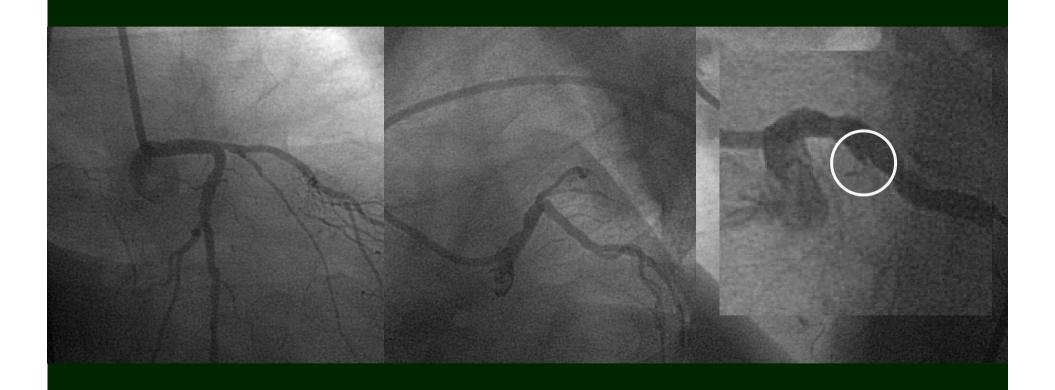
## Image for CTO-PCI

- How to use IVUS
  - Identification of CTO entrance, segment
  - Bail out for wire cross trouble



- Case 1:
  - LAD ostium CTO
  - Identification of CTO entrance
  - Angiogram showed tapered CTO entrance
  - But real entrance is different.

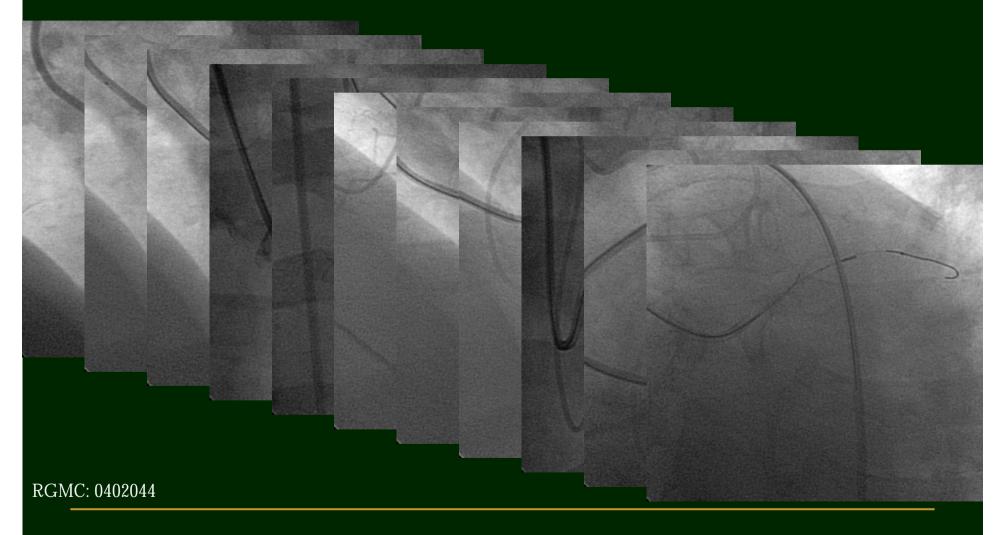
#### CTO entrance identification



RGMC: 0402044

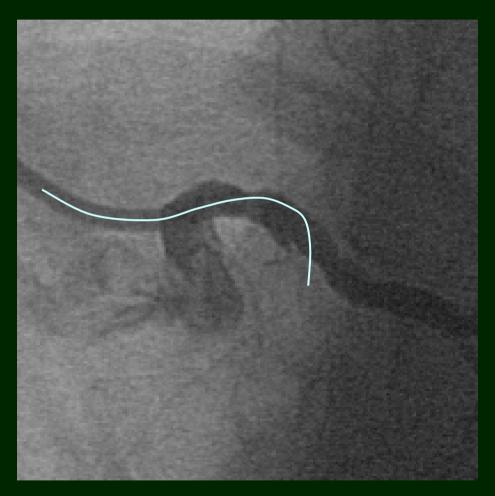
V:\Case2\NS LADos CTO IVUS LM ulcer

CTO entrance identification

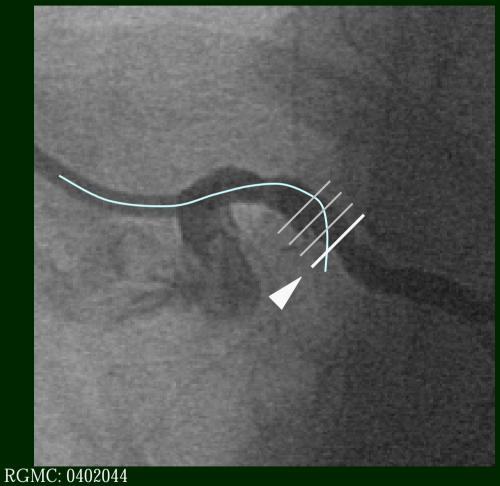


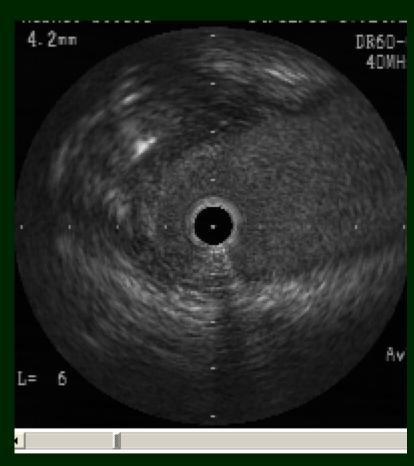
V:\Case2\NS LADos CTO IVUS LM ulcer

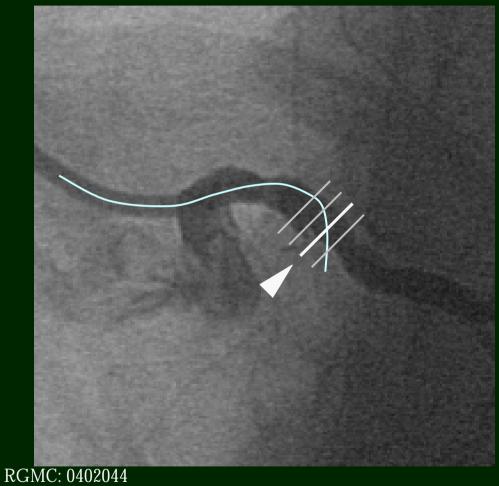
#### CTO entrance identification

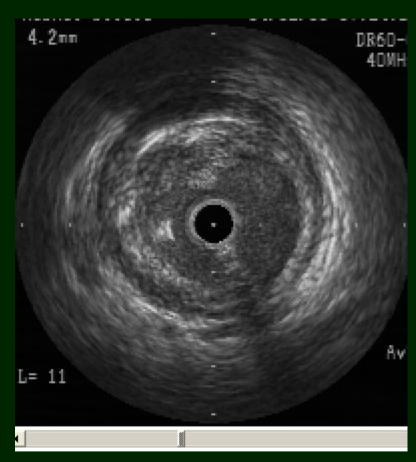


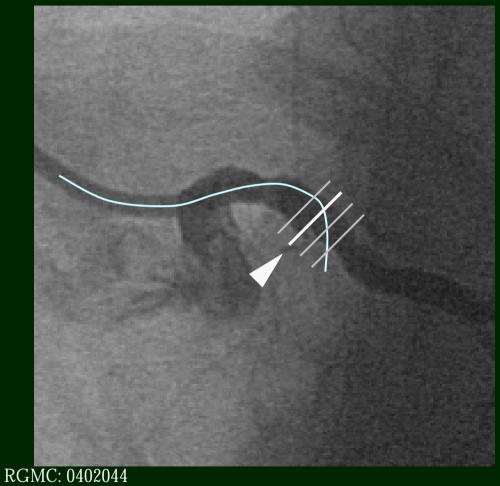
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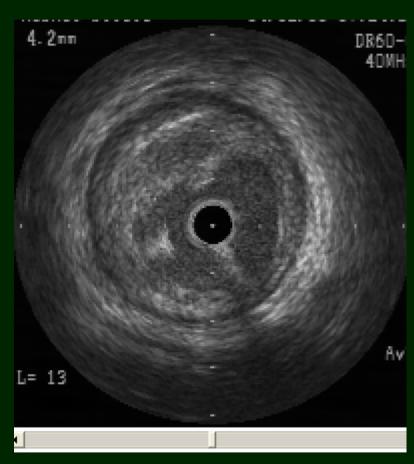


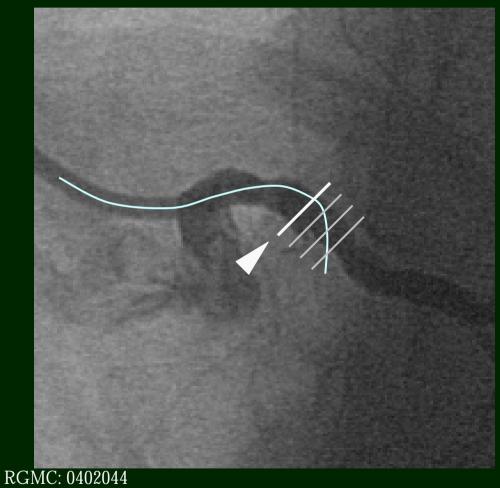


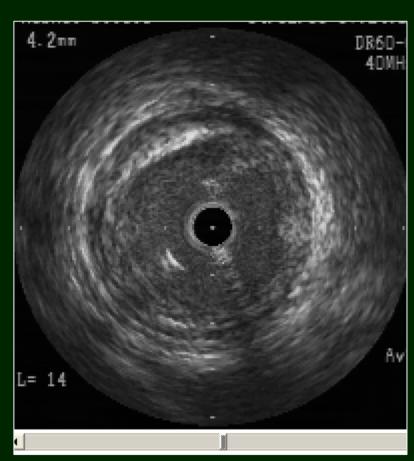




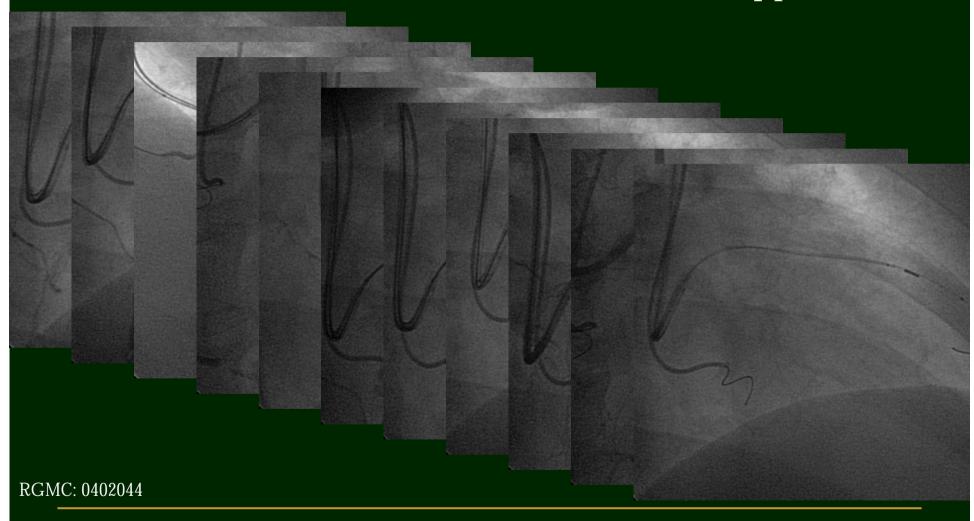








CTO entrance identification & wire cross support

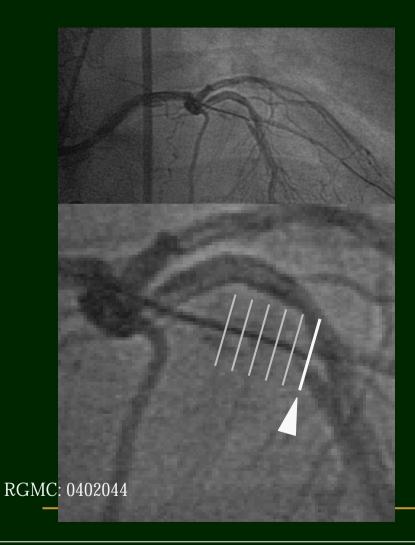


V:\Case2\NS LADos CTO IVUS LM ulcer



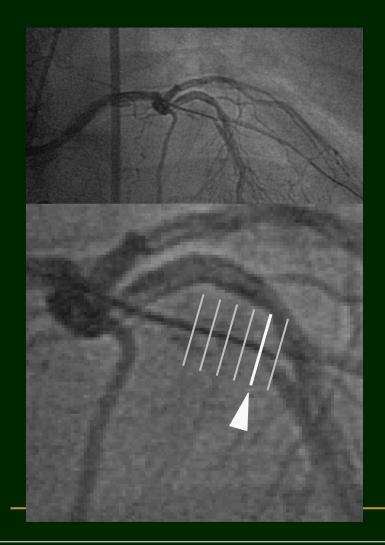
- Case 1 (contd.):
  - Difficulty in wire recross branch to distal LAD
  - Bail out for wire cross trouble

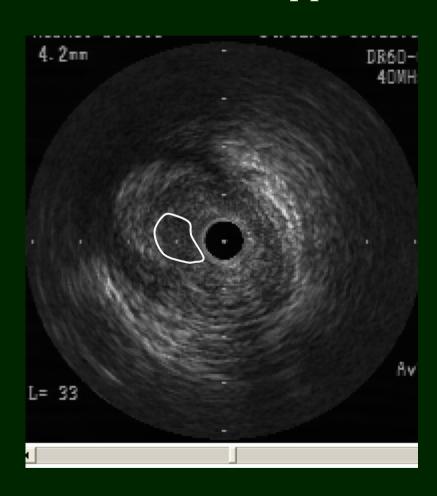
### CTO entrance identification & wire cross support

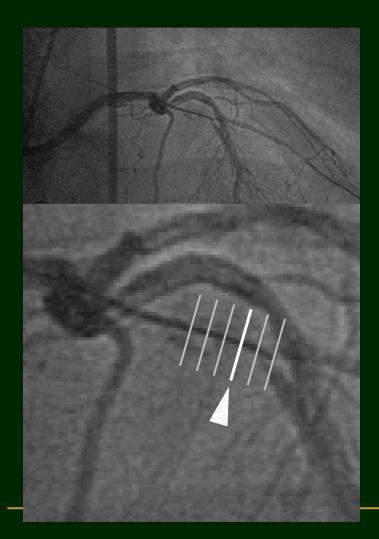




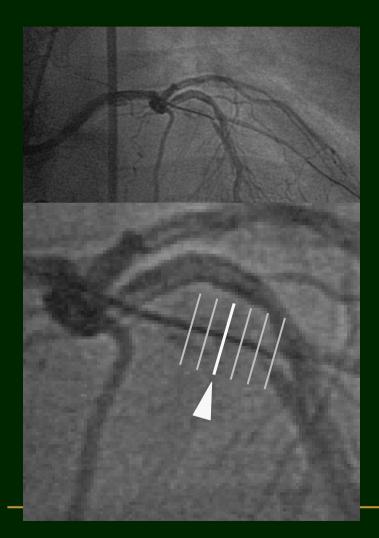
V:\Case2\NS LADos CTO IVUS LM ulcer



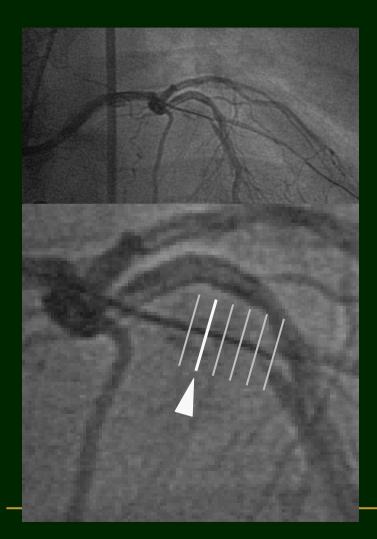




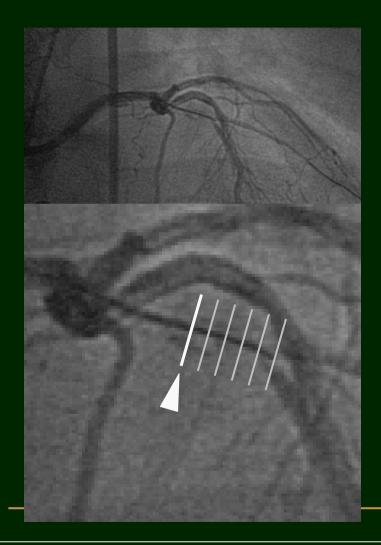






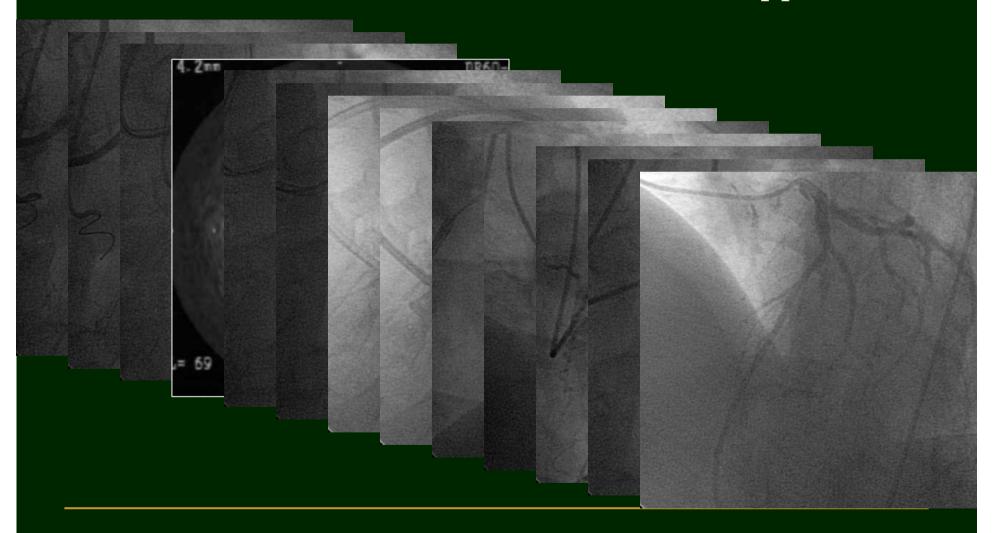








CTO entrance identification & wire cross support



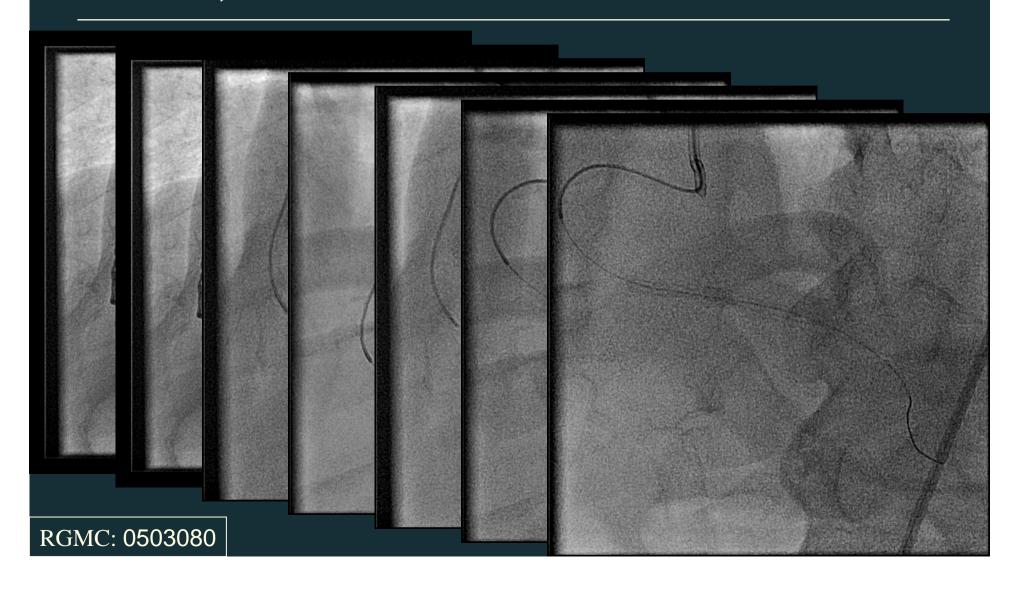
V:\Case2\NS LADos CTO IVUS LM ulcer



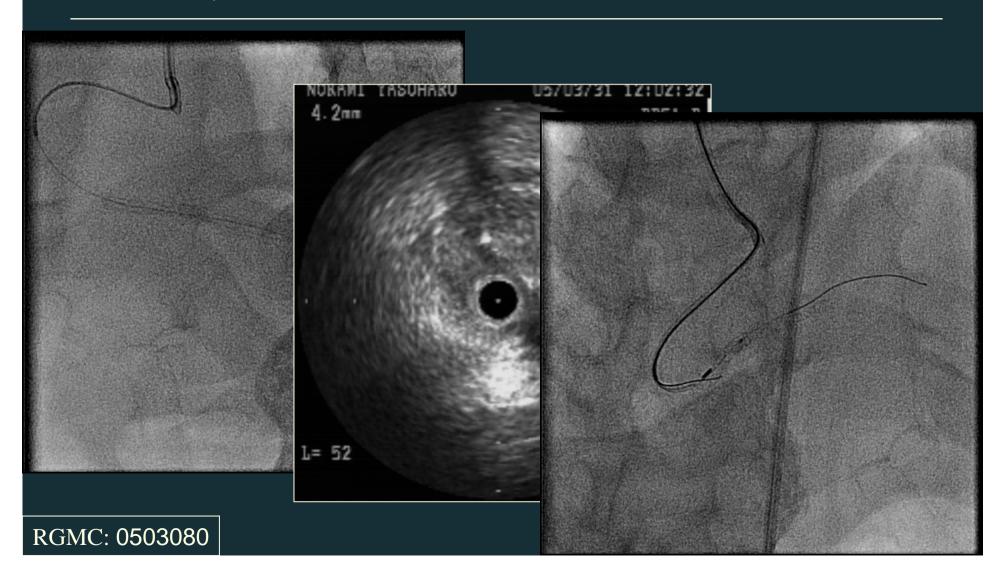
#### Case 2:

- RCA stent reoccluded CTO
- Identification of CTO segment
- IVUS showed that IVUS was out of occluded stent.

## Case; RCA stent reoccluded lesion



## Case; RCA stent reoccluded lesion



## Case; RCA stent reoccluded lesion



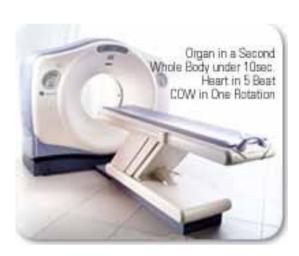
# Image for CTO-PCI How to use MSCT for CTO-PCI

#### MSCT

- Pre procedure assessment
  - Anatomy, size, calcium contain
  - Collateral condition
  - Grading of CTO
- Reconfirmation anatomy during PCI
  - Simultaneous check in cathlabo monitor

## Rinku Protocol of Heart CT

- GE Light Speed 16 (16\*0.625, 0.4sec)
- Pre med;  $\beta$  blocker (+), Nitro (+)
- Contrast use; <100ml</p>
- Breath holding;  $\approx$ 20sec
- GE Advantage Workstation 4.2
- Angiogram and IVUS -like view
  - □ Thin slice MIP (maximum intensity projection)
    - 5mm in LCA and 10mm in RCA
  - MPR (multiple planner reconstruction)



## **Patient Stats**

#### Visualization:

- 40 cases with known angiographic CTO lesions (total 45 lesions).
  - July 2004 Apr 2005
- exclusions: arrythmia (Af, VPC), breath holding difficulty

#### Applicability:

- Heart CT group: 34 cases, received CTO-PCI with CT data
  - July 2004 June 2005
- Control group: 26 cases, received CTO-PCI without CT data
  - Jan 2004 June 2005
- □ 3 cases crossed over from Control to Heart CT group after failed 1st CTO-PCI.

## **Result: Visualization**

#### 45 unrevascularized CTOs in 40 cases

Bending, calcium, vessel size, entry direction

68yo Male, CTO in mid LAD
Same intensity CTO segment and surrounding tissue
CTO in myocardium?
57yo Male, CTO in mid-distal RCA
Poor image

## **Result: Applicability for CTO-PCI**

Lesion and Procedure success rate: 57 CTO-PCIs (2004/1-2005/6)

	СТ	#	Lesion success	#	1 <sup>st</sup> Proc. success
СТО	+	34	<b>94.1%</b> (32/34)	31	<b>87.1%</b> (27/31)
		23	<b>82.6%</b> (19/23)	26	<b>69.2%</b> (18/26)

Cross over CT(-) to CT(+): 3 cases >> successfully revascuralized.

## **Result: Applicability for CTO-PCI**

Radiation exposure: 56 1st CTO-PCIs (2004/1-2005/6)

\* 2 missing data was excluded

	СТ	#	average	median	SD	min	max
СТО	+	31	45.8	32.4	28.2	18.3	122
		24*	55.1	49.6	22.2	19.5	97.9

CAG's Radiation exposure and Contrast medium: mean (median) ± SD

Single plane =  $13.6 (11.6) \pm 9.0 \text{ min}$  &  $120.1 (118) \pm 39.1 \text{ ml}$ 

Bi plane =  $13.2 (12.0) \pm 7.8 \text{ min } \& 87.1 (83) \pm 35.9 \text{ ml}$ 

## Summary

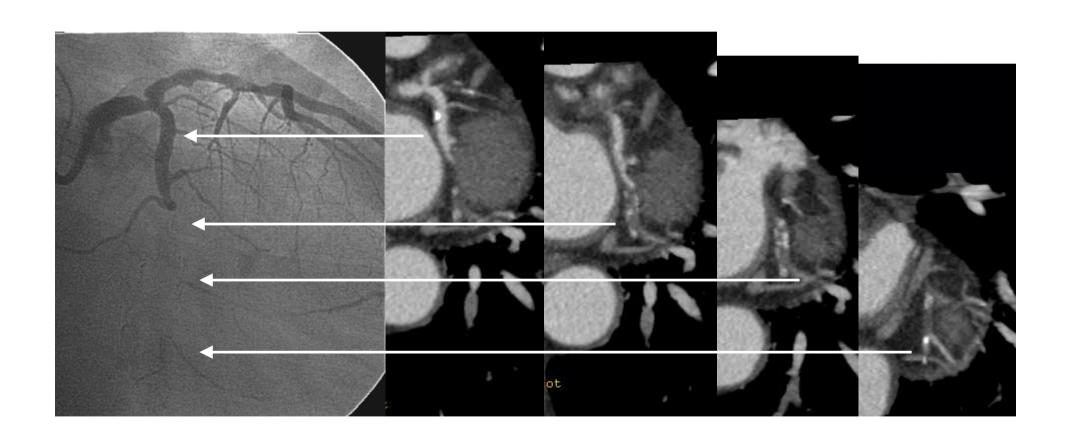
- We evaluated that the detectability and applicability of 16 slices MSCT for PCI in CTO (Chronic Total Occluded) lesions.
- The detectability of CTO lesion was 95.6%.
- The success rate of CTO-PCI with MSCT was 94.1% in final and 87.1% in first procedure, which were quite better than the success rate without MSCT of 82.6% and 69.2%, respectively.



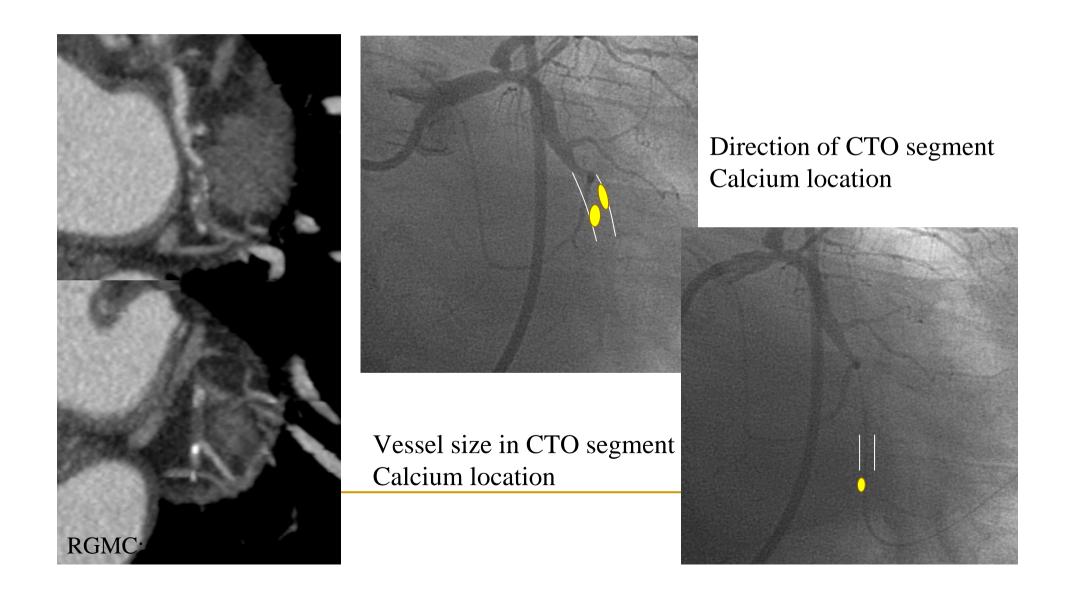
- Case 3:
  - Mid LCX CTO
  - MSCT showed accurate direction of CTO segment.

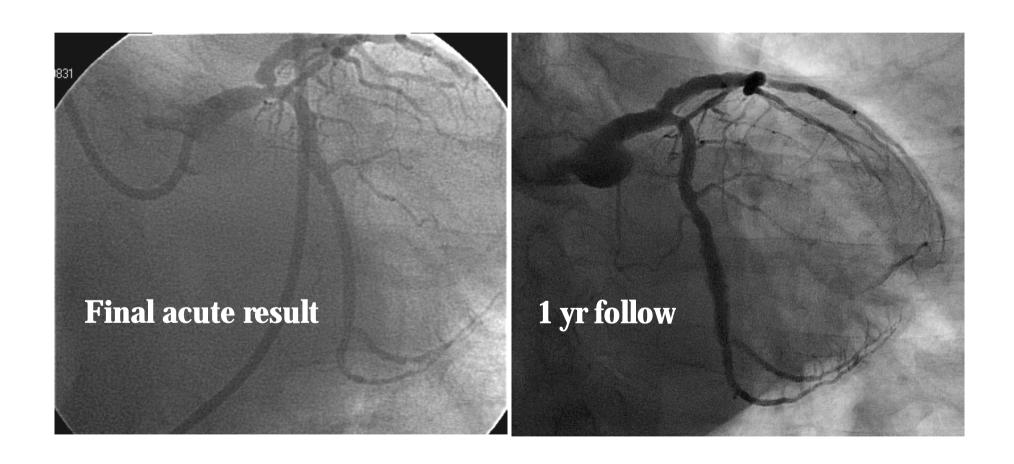


RGMC: 0408107



RGMC: 0252960-0408107





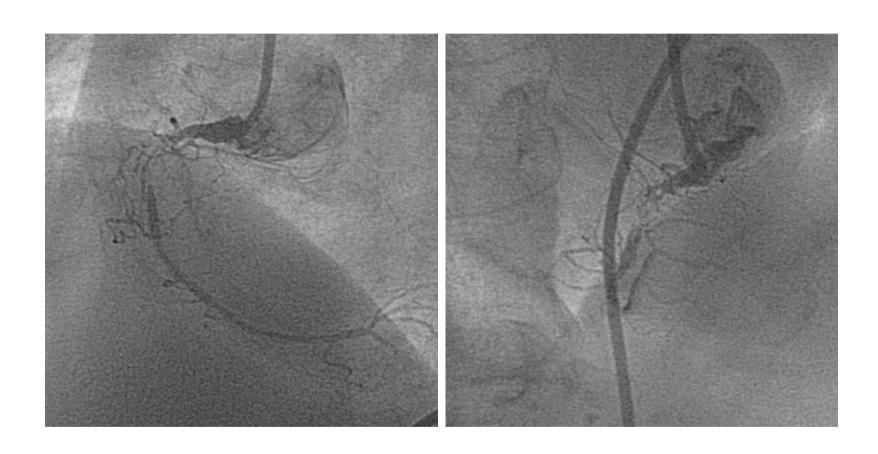
RGMC: 0408107



#### Case 4:

- CTO in proximal RCA with bridge collateral.
- CT showed that the size of RCA is big and the lumen should be not bridge collateral but micro channel in the plaque.
- IVUS confirmed that the lumen was microchannel after small size ballooning.

#### micro-channel/collateral assessment



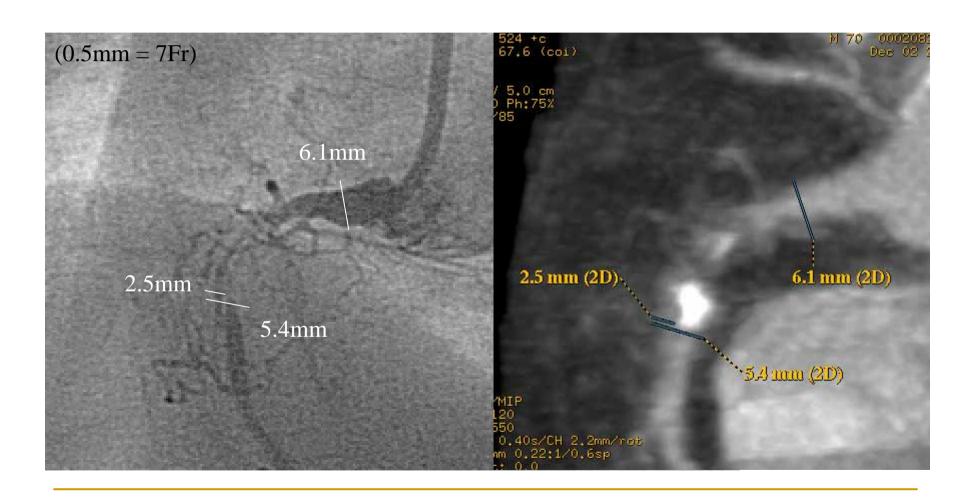
#### micro-channel/collateral assessment



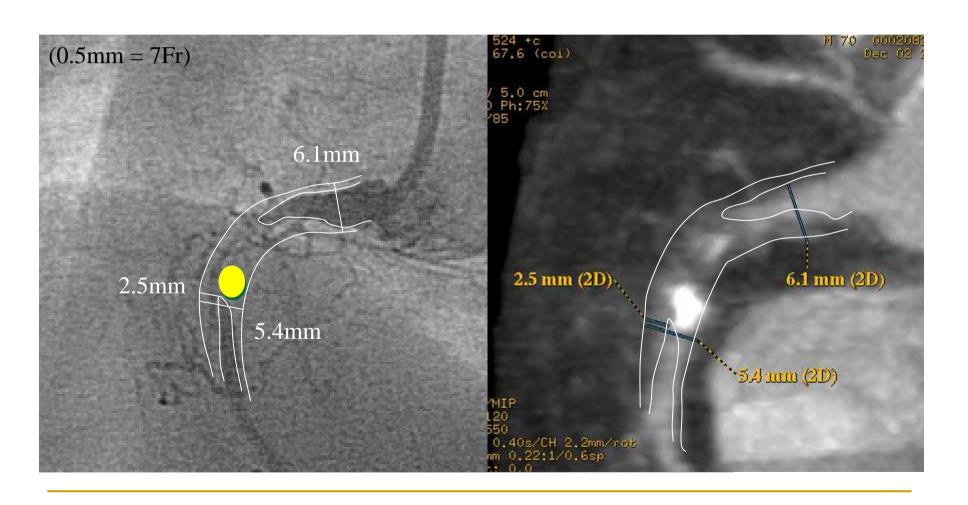
#### micro-channel/collateral assessment



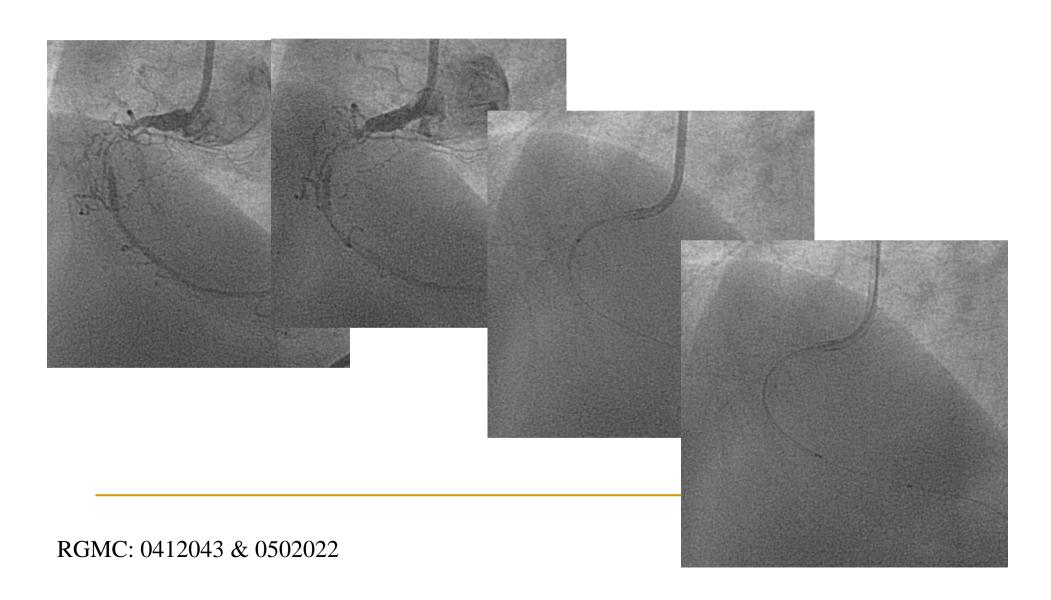
#### micro-channel/collateral assessment

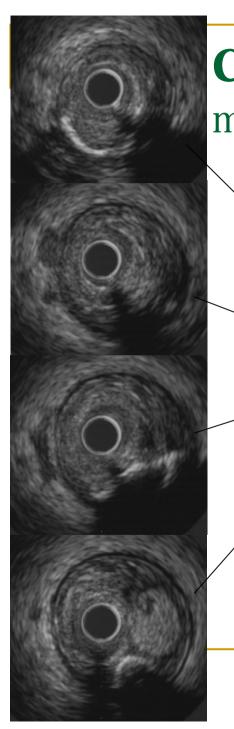


#### micro-channel/collateral assessment

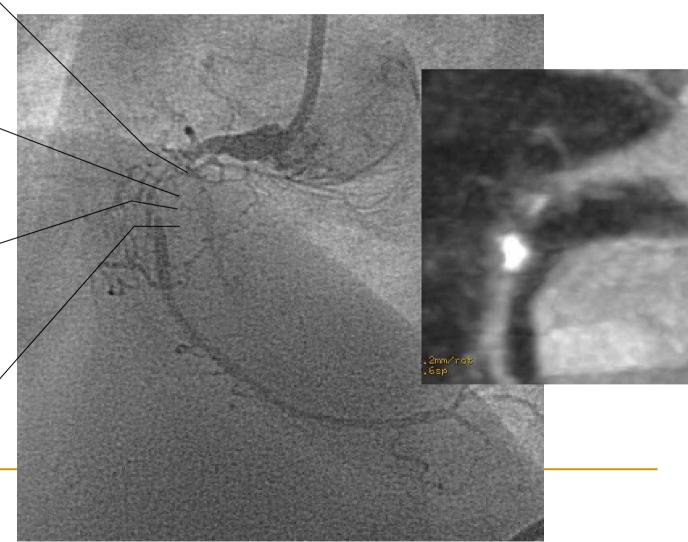


#### micro-channel/collateral assessment

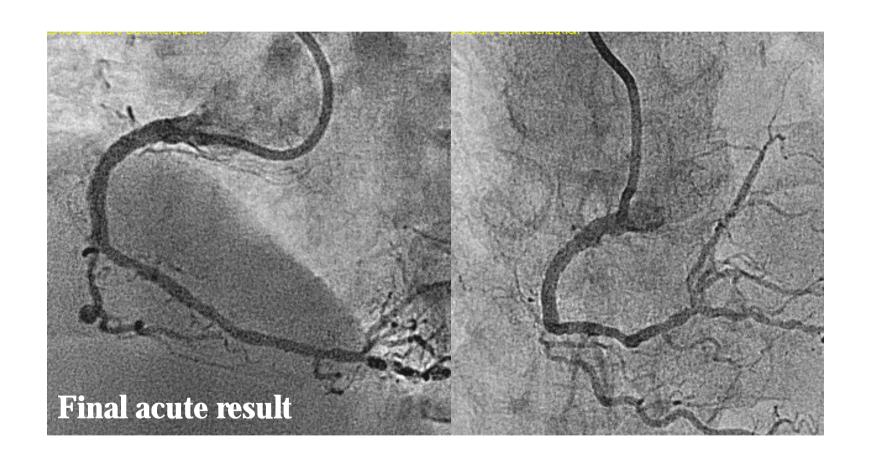




## Case 4: MSCT supported PCI micro-channel/collateral assessment



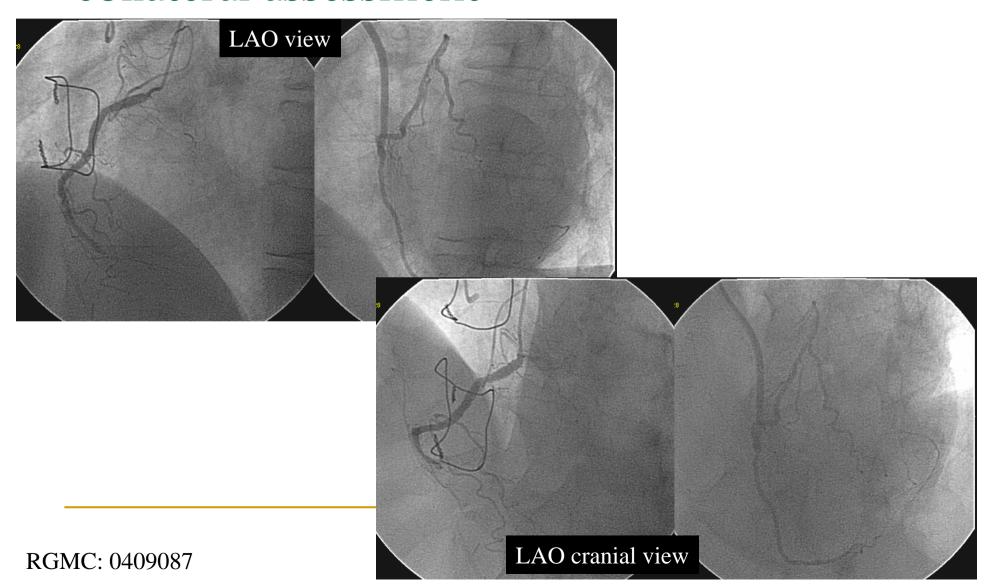
#### micro-channel/collateral assessment



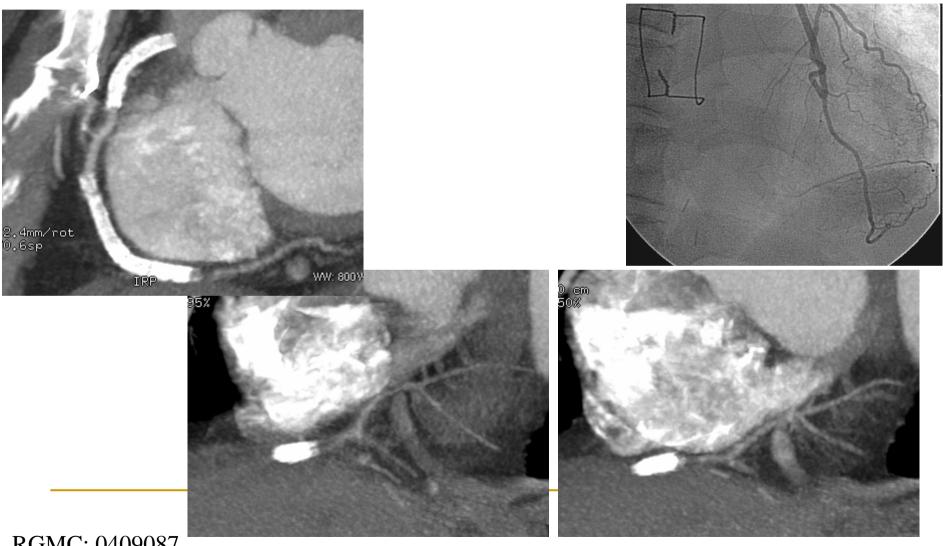
## Image for CTO-PCI: MSCT

- Case 5:
  - Distal RCA, stent reoccluded CTO
  - MSCT showed collateral quite better than angiogram.

#### collateral assessment



#### collateral assessment



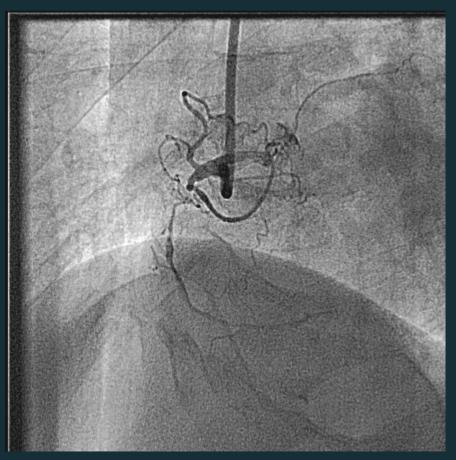
#### collateral assessment

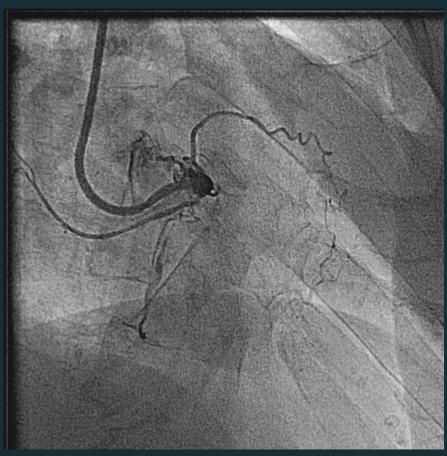


## Image for CTO-PCI MSCT and IVUS

- Case 7:
- CAG showed CTO in proximal RCA.
- CT showed straight without calcium CTO.
- IVUS confirmed CTO entrance and wire position.

## Case; predicted easier CTO in RCA

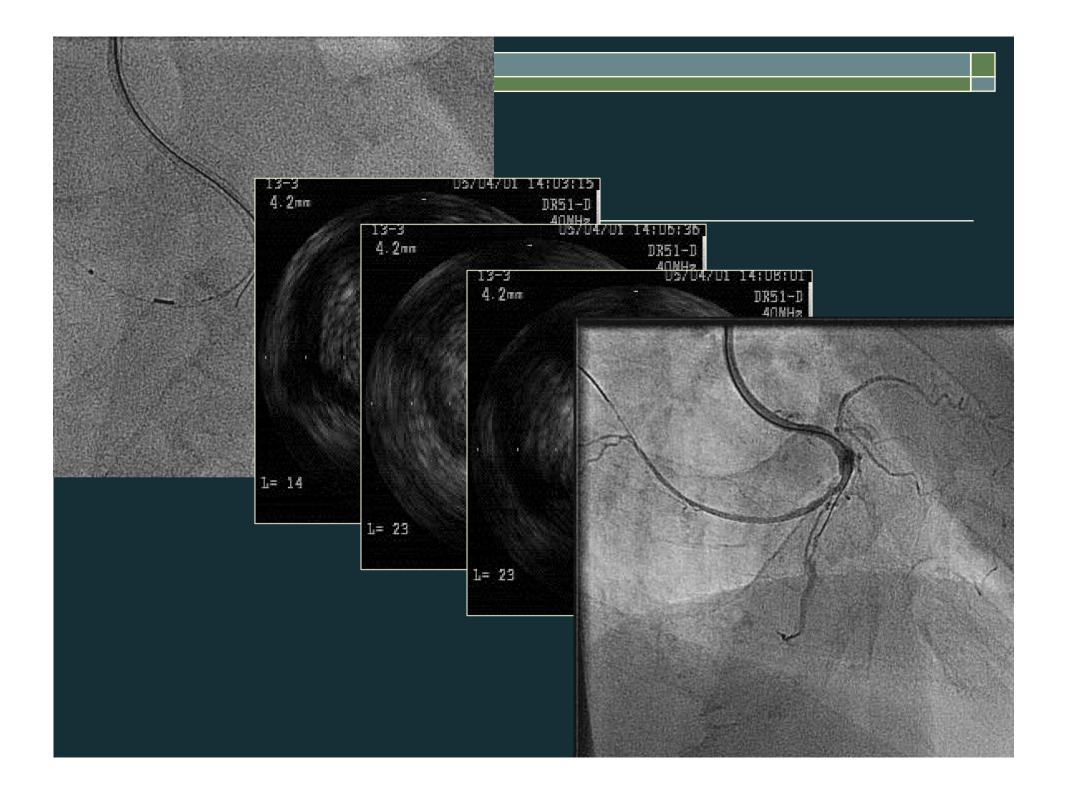




## Case; occluded segment assessment







## Case; predicted easier CTO in RCA



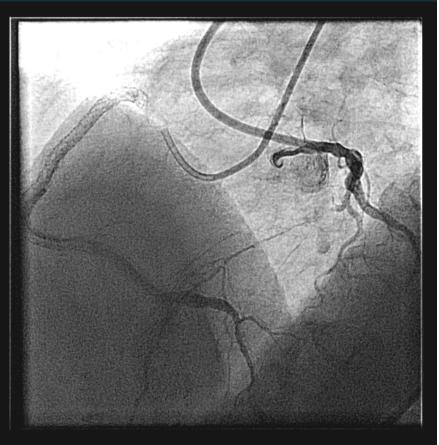
# Image for CTO-PCI MSCT and IVUS

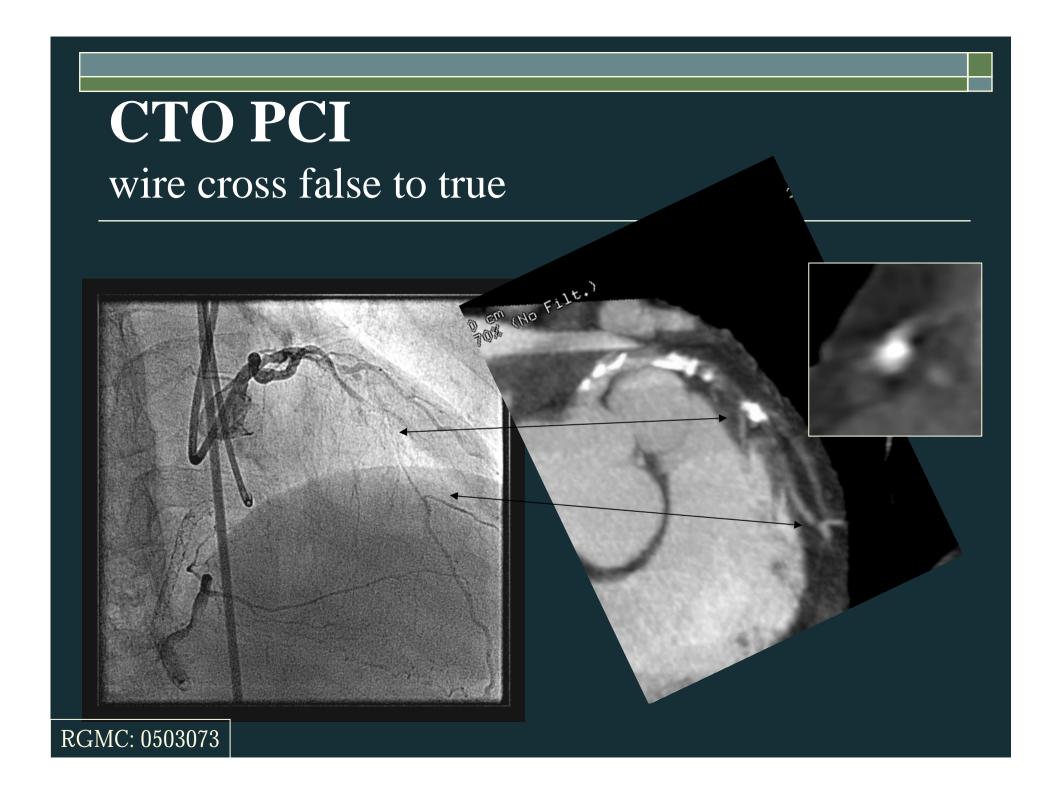
- Case 8:
- Large OMI inferior case
- Revascularization of LAD is very important.
- MSCT showed calcium mass in mid LAD which disturb wire cross to distal LAD.
  - Grading CTO-PCI.
- IVUS was effective to bail out of wire cross.

#### wire cross false to true

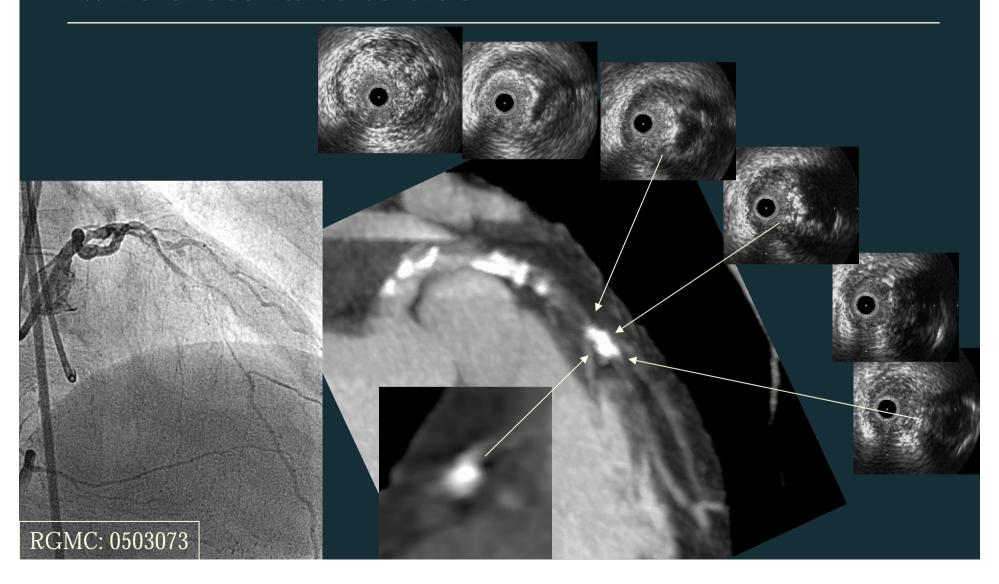




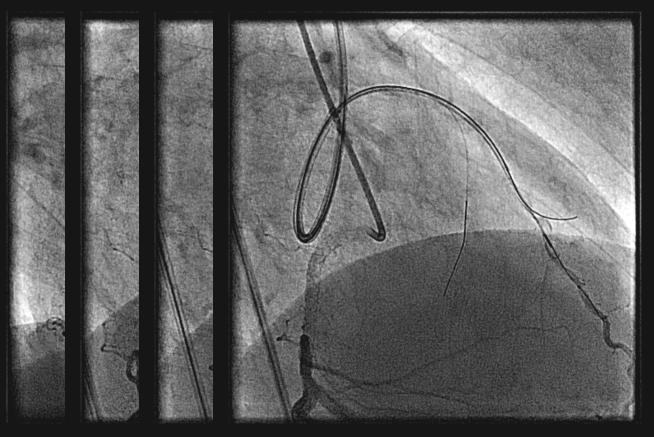




wire cross false to true



wire cross false to true







#### wire cross false to true



## Image guided CTO-PCI

- To succeed the CTO-PCI, there is no definite answer. So we should prepare as complete as possible, to respond to any kind of happening.
- Now, very effective new technique; retrograde wire technique was well developed with refined devices, however image modalities are still helpful too.

## Image guided CTO-PCI

Further, with using the image information, the review of CTO-PCI must be more effective and it improve our CTO-PCI skill better and better.