

The Science behind XIENCE™ V

Jacques Koolen

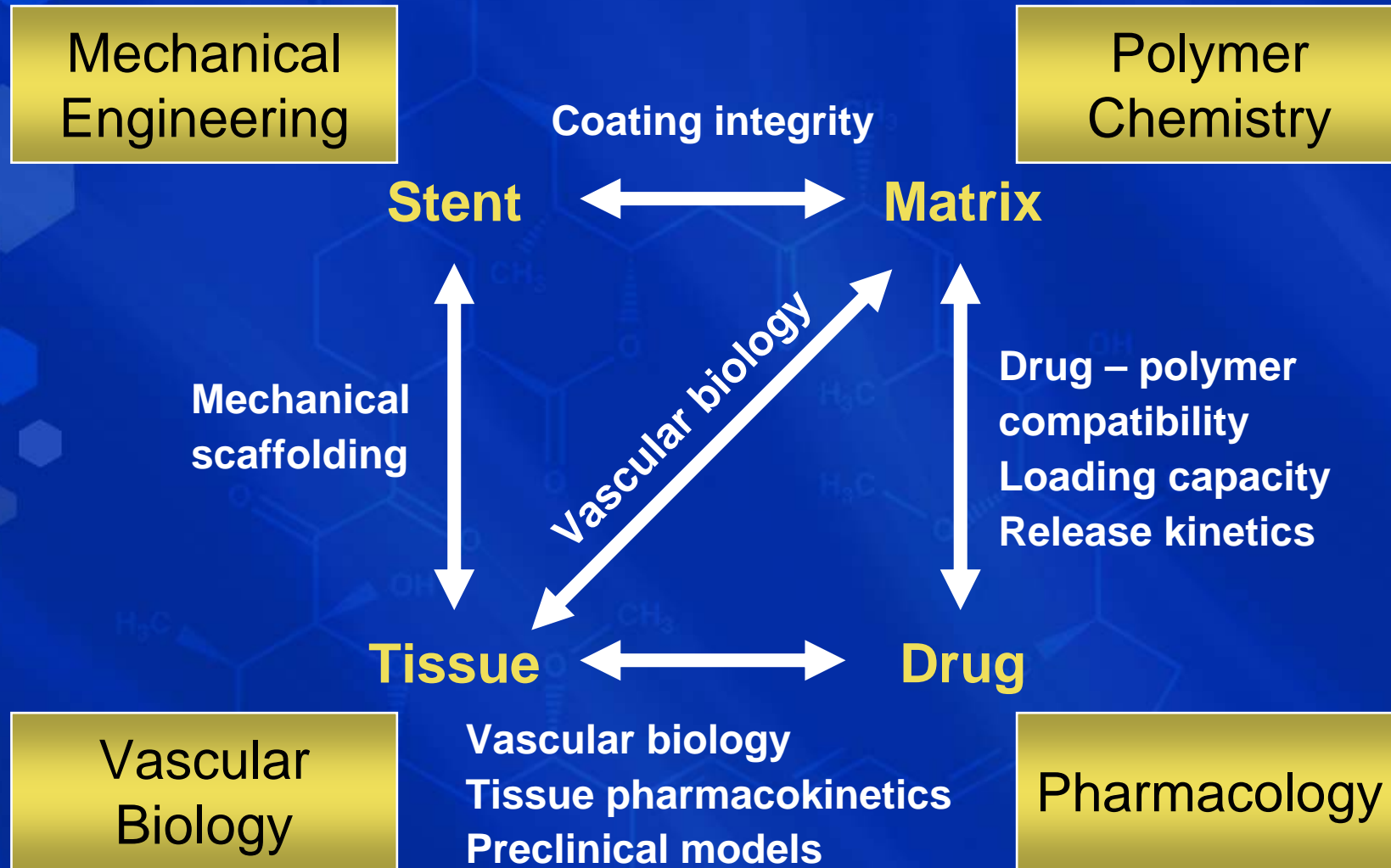
Catharina Hospital Eindhoven

Netherlands

Summit TCT April 25

Drug Eluting Stent System Design

Drug Eluting Stent System Design

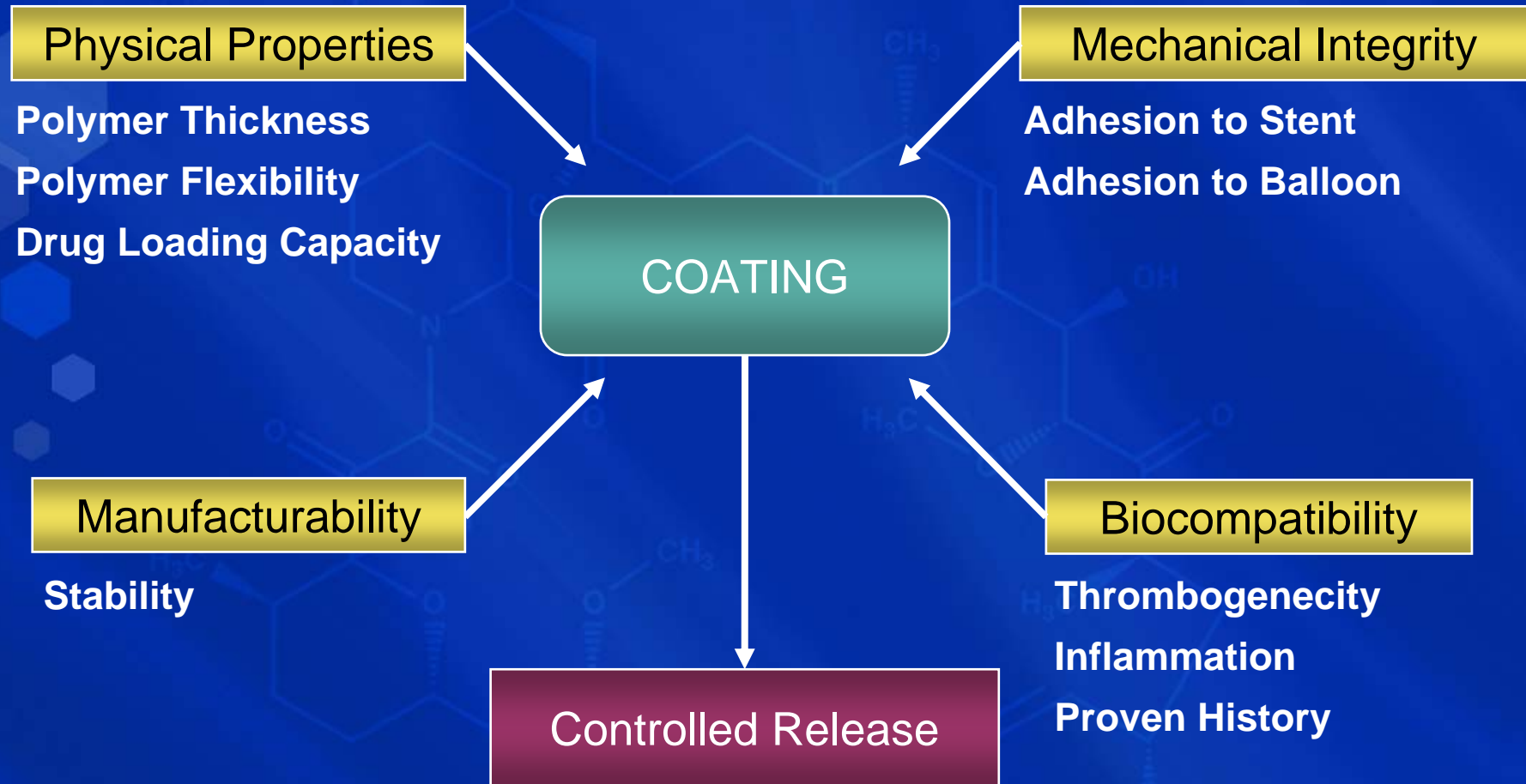


Pharmacology

Preferred Drug

- Mechanism of Action (MOA)
- Functional at μg level
 - Allows for thin drug reservoir coating
- Wide therapeutic window
 - Excellent tissue compatibility
- Drug stability
 - Product yield (manufacturing)
 - Shelf-life
- Proven clinical experience

Polymer Characteristics for Controlled Drug Release



XIENCE V DES Components

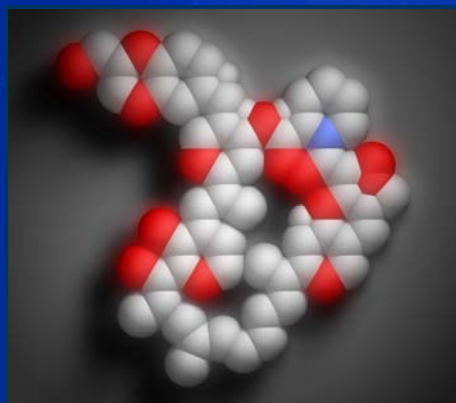
**MULTI-LINK VISION
Stent**



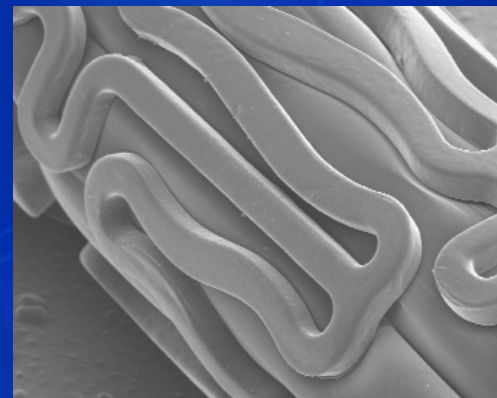
**MULTI-LINK VISION Stent
Delivery System**



Everolimus



Fluoropolymer



CAUTION: XIENCE™ V is an investigational device. Limited by Federal (U.S.) law to investigational use only.
SE2924433D

Key Product Attributes:

Excellent acute success

- Proven Guidant MULTI-LINK VISION Platform
- Coating integrity from delivery to deployment
- Minimal coating thickness

Commitment to sustainable clinical outcomes

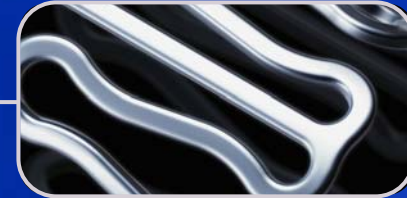
- Everolimus is a cytostatic proliferation inhibitor that causes cell cycle arrest in the late G1 phase
- Fluoropolymer technology allows for controlled release of Everolimus without sacrificing biocompatibility
- SPIRIT Family of Trials—over 4,000 XIENCE V patients studied by 2007

Excellent Acute Success

MULTI-LINK VISION Platform

Cobalt Chromium Technology

- Allows for thinner struts without compromise to radiopacity or radial strength.¹



Thin Strut Stent Design

- Outstanding flexibility and conformability
- .0032" strut thickness



Low System Profile

- Excellent deliverability



1. As compared to stainless steel. Source: ASTM International.

XIENCE V Stent Design – MULTI-LINK VISION[®] Stent

6-crest

- For 2.5 mm and 3.0 mm expansion diameters
- Can be post-dilated to 3.5 mm

9-crest

- For 3.5 mm and 4.0 mm expansion diameters
- Can be post-dilated to 4.5 mm

CAUTION: XIENCE™ V is an investigational device. Limited by Federal (U.S.) law to investigational use only.

SE2924433D

XIENCE V Delivery System – MULTI-LINK VISION SDS

- Specifically designed for stent delivery
- Soft, highly flexible Pebax balloon material
- Short abrupt tapers
- 5F guide catheter compatible



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XIENCE V Fluoropolymer

- Fluoropolymers are extremely biocompatible with a proven history in blood contacting applications
 - Haemodialysis machines
 - Cardiac sutures
 - Vascular grafts
 - Guide catheters
- High drug loading
 - Minimize coating thickness
- Good physical coating integrity
 - Excellent adhesion to metal
 - Good ductility and flexibility

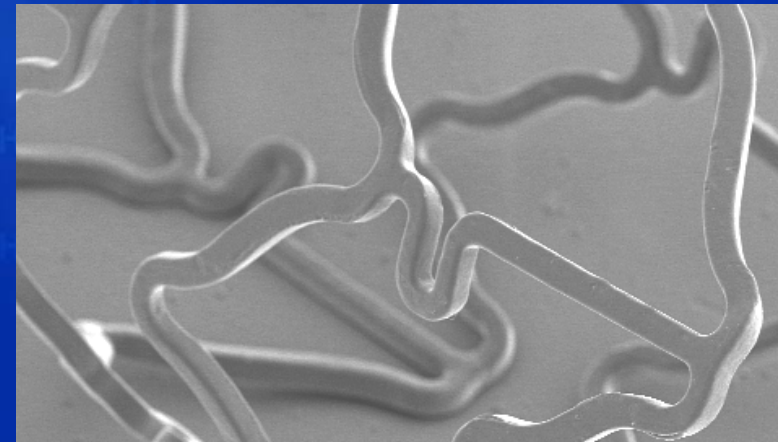


Photo taken by and on file at Abbott Vascular.

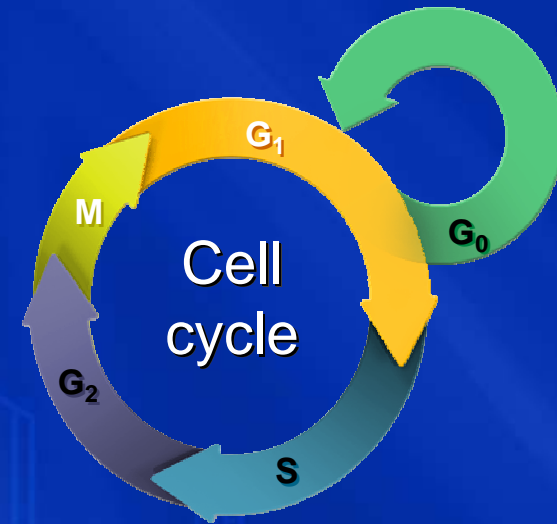
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SE2924433D

Drug

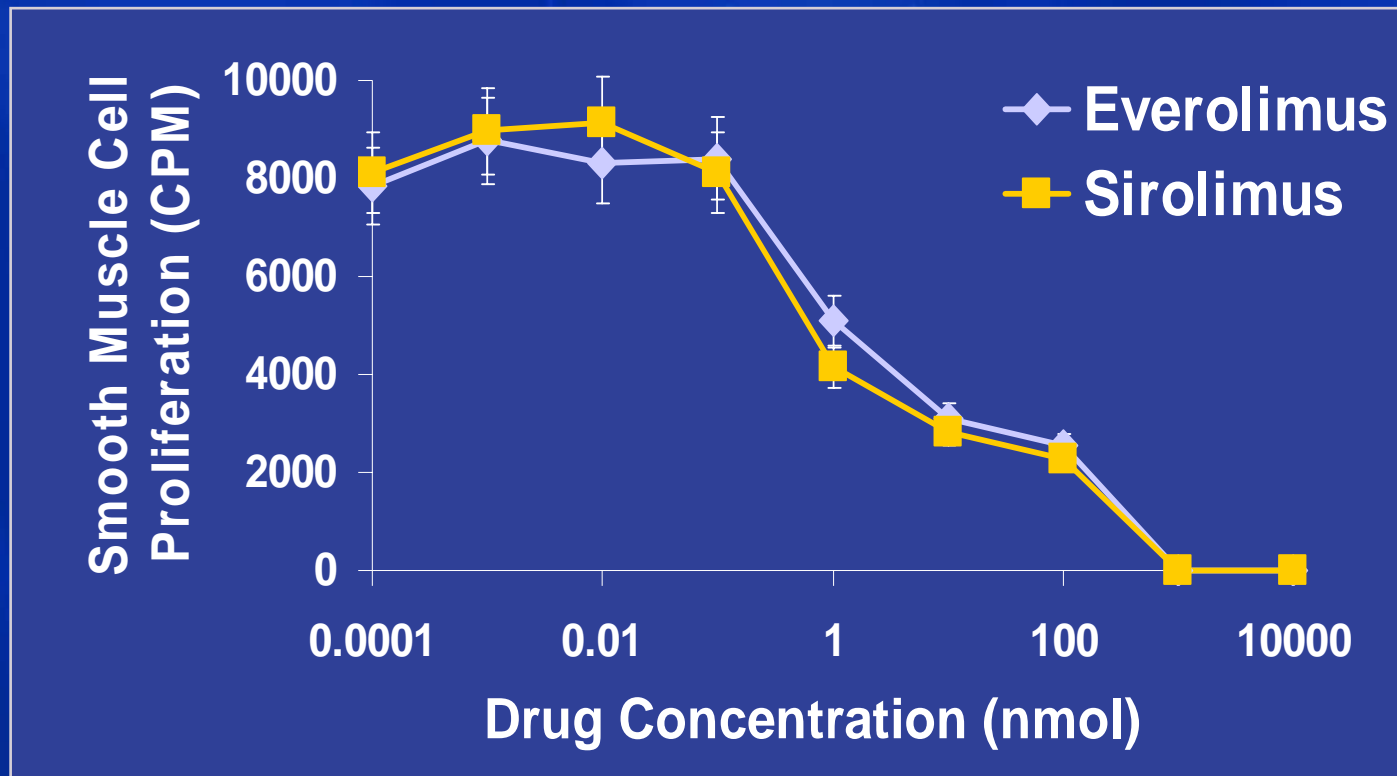
Everolimus

- Developed by Novartis
- Immunosuppressant drug
 - Targets primary causes of chronic rejection in heart, renal, and lung transplant patients
- Proliferation inhibitor
 - Inhibits growth factor-stimulated cell proliferation by causing cell cycle arrest in the late G1 stage
- Active ingredient in CERTICAN[®] (Novartis)
 - Approved for prevention of rejection of heart and kidney transplant in over 60 countries
 - Investigational drug; Novartis received approvable letter from FDA



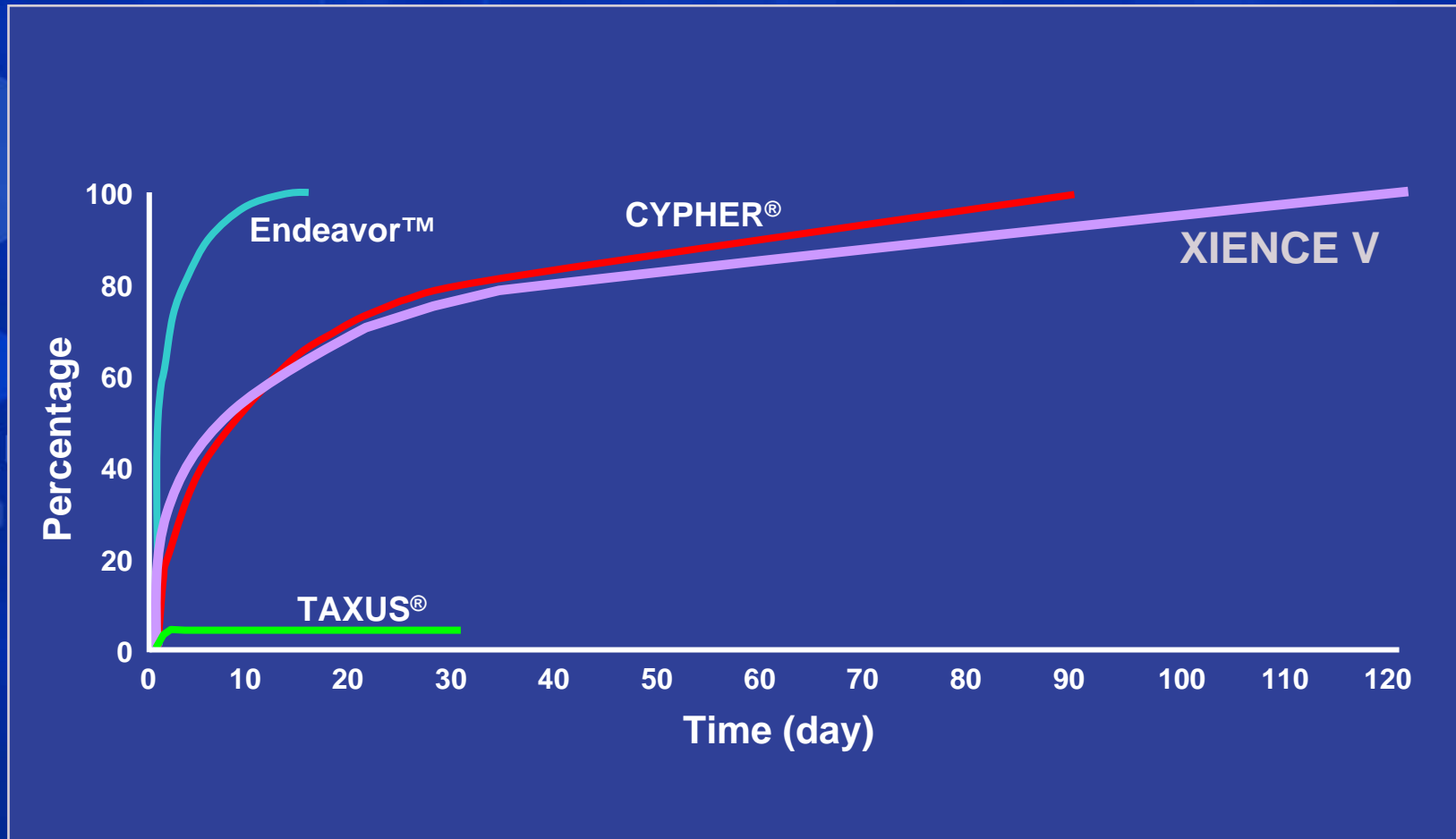
Proven Pre-clinical Effectiveness

Everolimus and Sirolimus inhibit vascular smooth muscle cell proliferation



Sources: Novartis Pharma AG; Schuler et al. Transplantation. 1997; 64:36-42

DES Release Profiles (*in vivo*)



Source: Medtronic Vascular Data Presentation, TCTMD; TAXUS IV SR Presentation, TCTMD; Cypher Presentation, TCTMD; Data on file at Abbott Vascular.

The background is a solid blue color with a pattern of faint, light blue chemical structures and hexagons. The structures include various rings, chains, and functional groups, some with labels like CH3, H3C, and OH. The hexagons are of different sizes and shades of blue, some overlapping each other.

XIENCE V

Pre-clinical Studies

Safety Data

- *In vivo* animal testing was conducted to demonstrate the safety of the XIENCE V Stent, and the safety of 2 overlapped XIENCE V Stents, in 2 animal models
 - A low injury porcine coronary artery model*
 - A low injury non-atherosclerotic rabbit iliac model**

* Studies conducted with 3.0 x12 mm stents containing 56 µg Everolimus

** Studies conducted with 2.5 x 8 mm stents containing 37 µg Everolimus

The Science of Safety

Acute



Long-Term

- **Minimal Injury**
- **Complete Apposition**
- **Thromboresistant Materials**

- **Rapid re-endothelialization**
- **Functional endothelial layer**
- **No chronic inflammation**
- **No persistent fibrin**

The Science of Safety

Acute



Long-Term

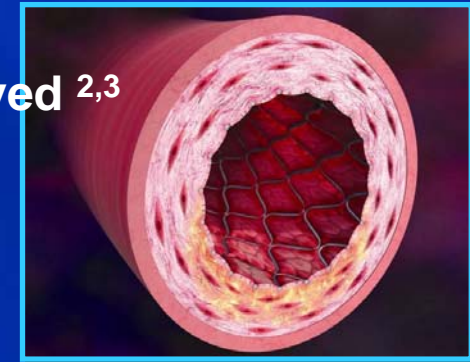
- **Minimal Injury**
- **Complete Apposition**
- **Thromboresistant Materials**

- **Rapid re-endothelialization**
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- **No persistent fibrin**

ENDOTHELIAL INJURY AND HEALING POST-STENT IMPLANTATION

- **Endothelial denudation**¹

- Small area – little to no intimal hyperplasia observed^{2,3}
- Large area
 - Focal fibrin deposition + **thrombus formation**
 - **Inflammation**
 - **Activation of SMCs**
- Severe and deeper injury results in delayed re-endothelialisation⁴



- **Subsequent arterial healing process begins immediately**^{1,5}

- Eventually is essential for restoring normal arterial function
- In around 15 - 20 % of patients this normal process is exaggerated resulting in re-stenosis

The Science of Acute Safety

Acute

Long-Term

Maximizing Acute Safety

- Minimal Injury

-
- Complete Apposition

-
- Thromboresistant Materials

Desired Attributes

- Thin Struts
- Low Stent to Shoulder

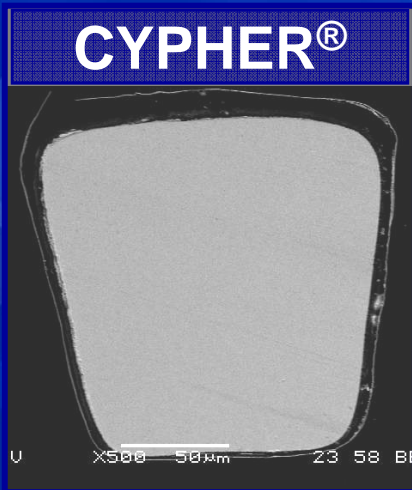
-
- Conformable Stent Pattern

-
- Polymer
 - Implant

Minimal Injury

Minimizing Strut and Polymer Thickness

Acute
Long-Term



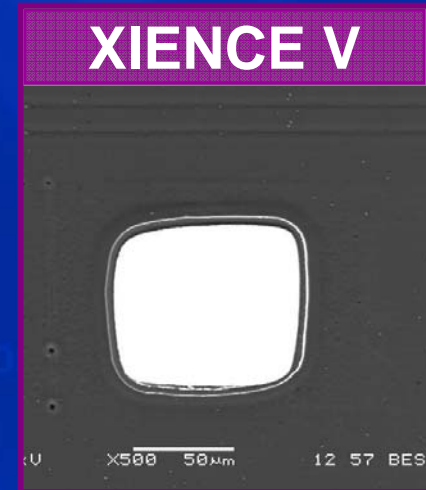
Strut Thickness:
140 µm
Polymer Thickness:
12.6 µm
Total:
152.6 µm



Strut Thickness:
132 µm
Polymer Thickness:
16 µm
Total:
148 µm



Strut Thickness:
91 µm
Polymer Thickness:
5.3 µm
Total:
96.3 µm



Strut Thickness:
81 µm
Polymer Thickness:
7.6 µm
Total:
88.6 µm

3.0 mm diameter stents, 500x magnification

Data on file at Abbott Vascular

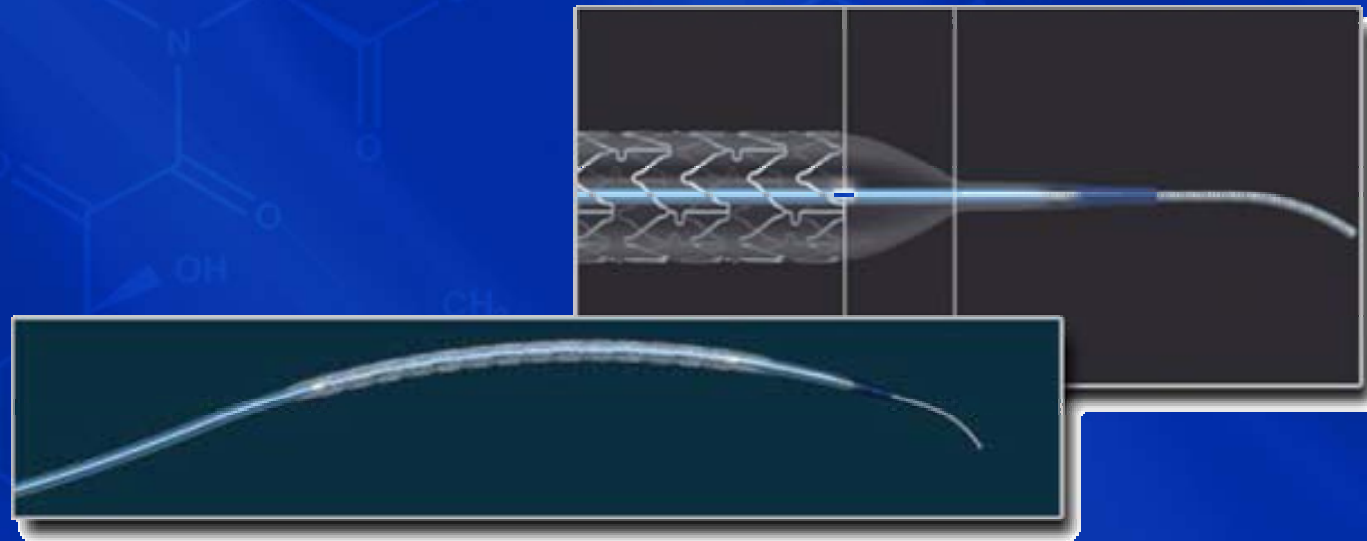
Minimal Injury

Short, Abrupt Tapers

Acute

Long-Term

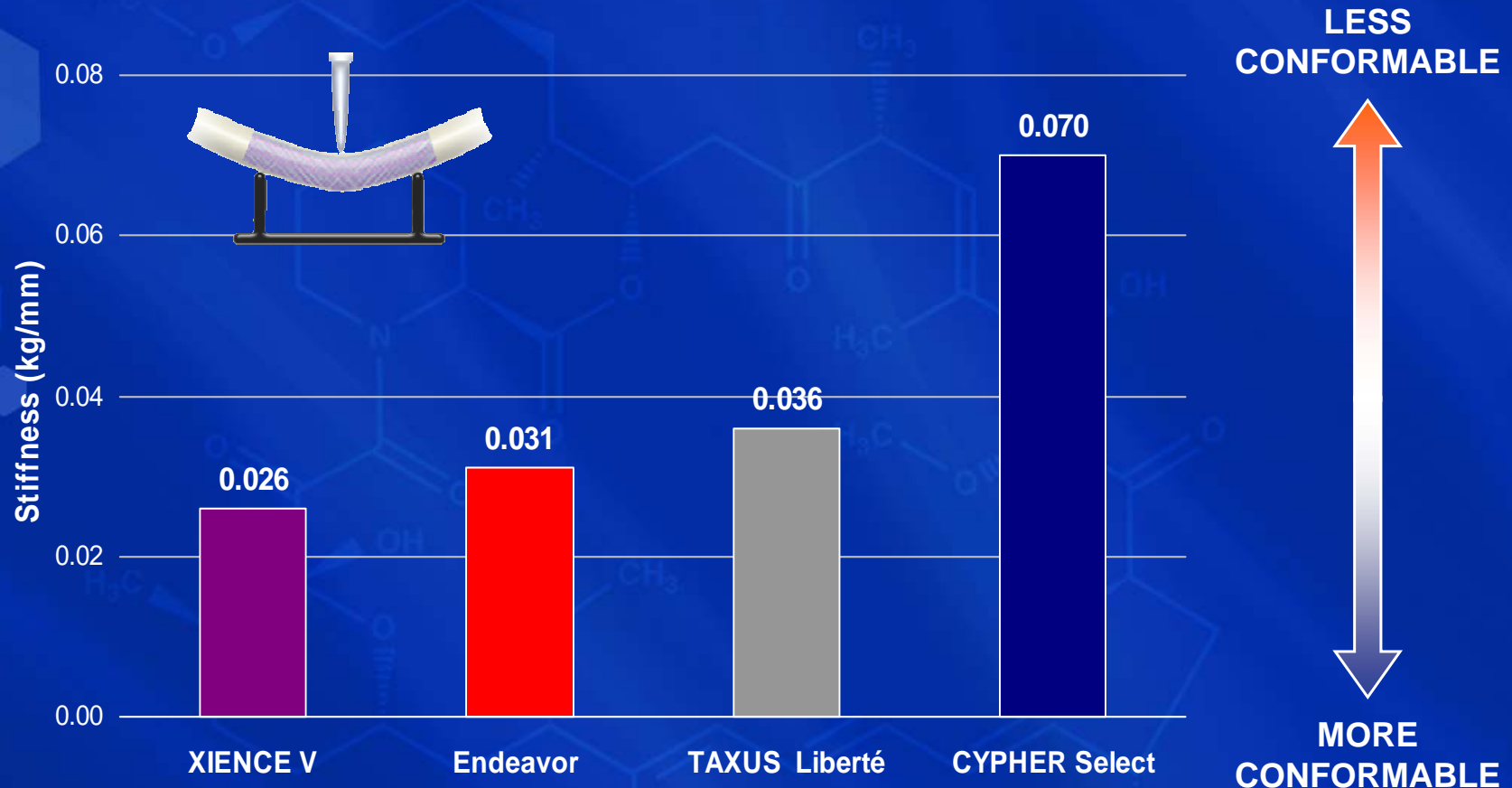
- Specifically designed for stent delivery
- Soft, highly flexible Pebax balloon material
- Short abrupt tapers
- 5F guide catheter compatible



Photos taken by and on file at Abbott Vascular.

Complete Apposition

Flexible, Conformable Stent Design



Tests performed by and data on file at Abbott Vascular.
3.5 mm x 28 mm XIENCE V , CYPHER Select, and TAXUS® Liberté. 3.5 mm x 30 mm Endeavor

Thromboresistant Fluoropolymer Proven Medical Applications

	Fluoro Polymer
Drug Eluting Stent:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• XIENCE V Everolimus Eluting Coronary Stent System
Other Applications:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Arterial Prostheses• Graft Prostheses• Hemodialysis membrane• Vascular suture• Guiding Catheter• Other blood contacting surfaces

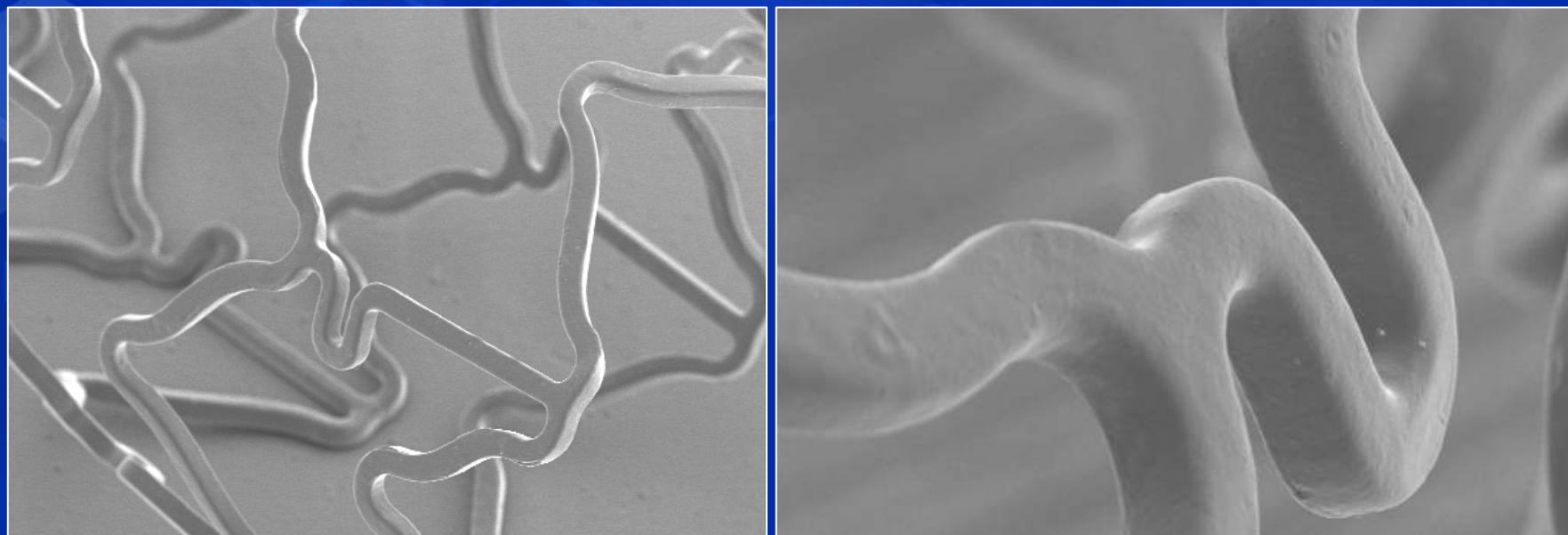
- The inert and hemocompatible properties of fluoropolymers make it an excellent choice for use in a variety of medical applications

Thromboresistant Materials

Coating Integrity - XIENCE V Fluoropolymer

Acute

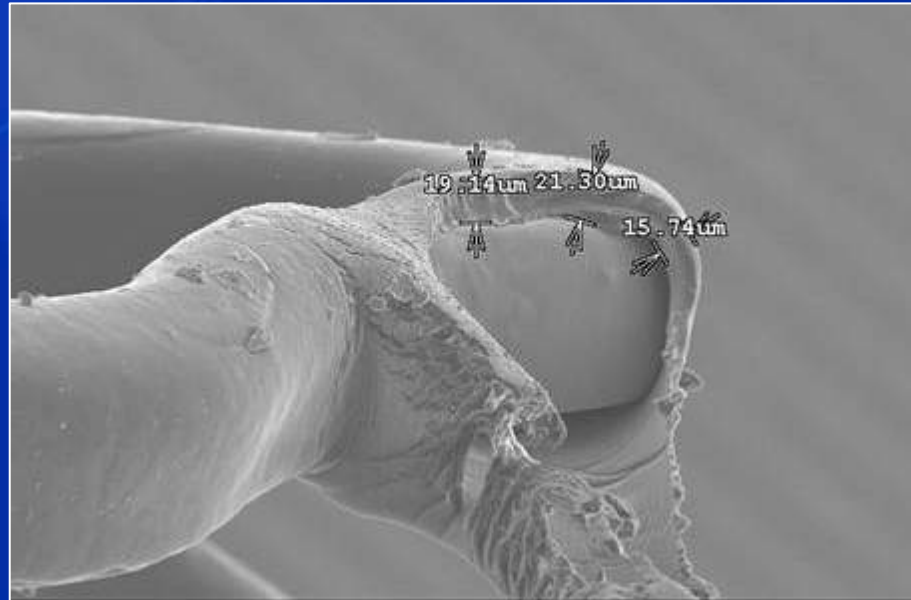
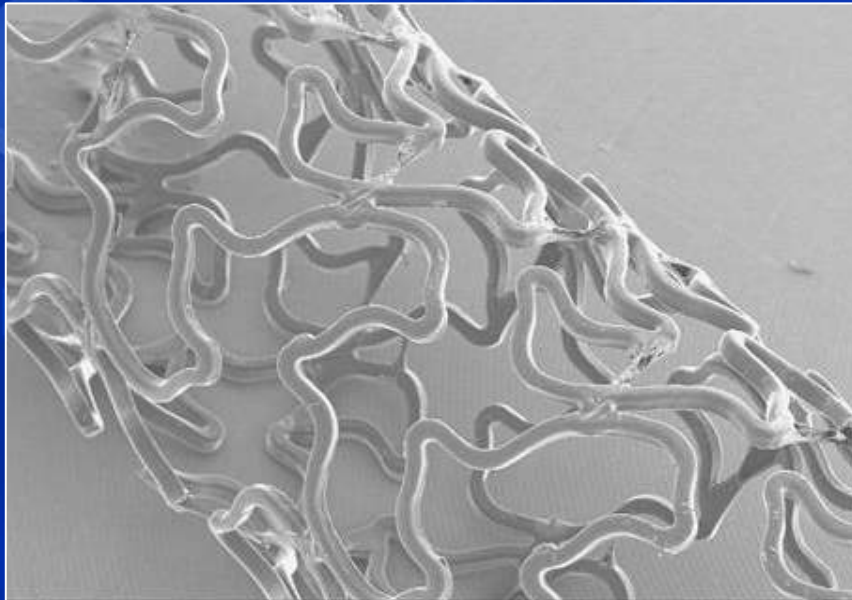
Long-Term



- Consistent coating integrity to minimize platelet aggregation and inflammation

Photos taken by and on file at Abbott Vascular

Coating Integrity - TAXUS[®] Liberté

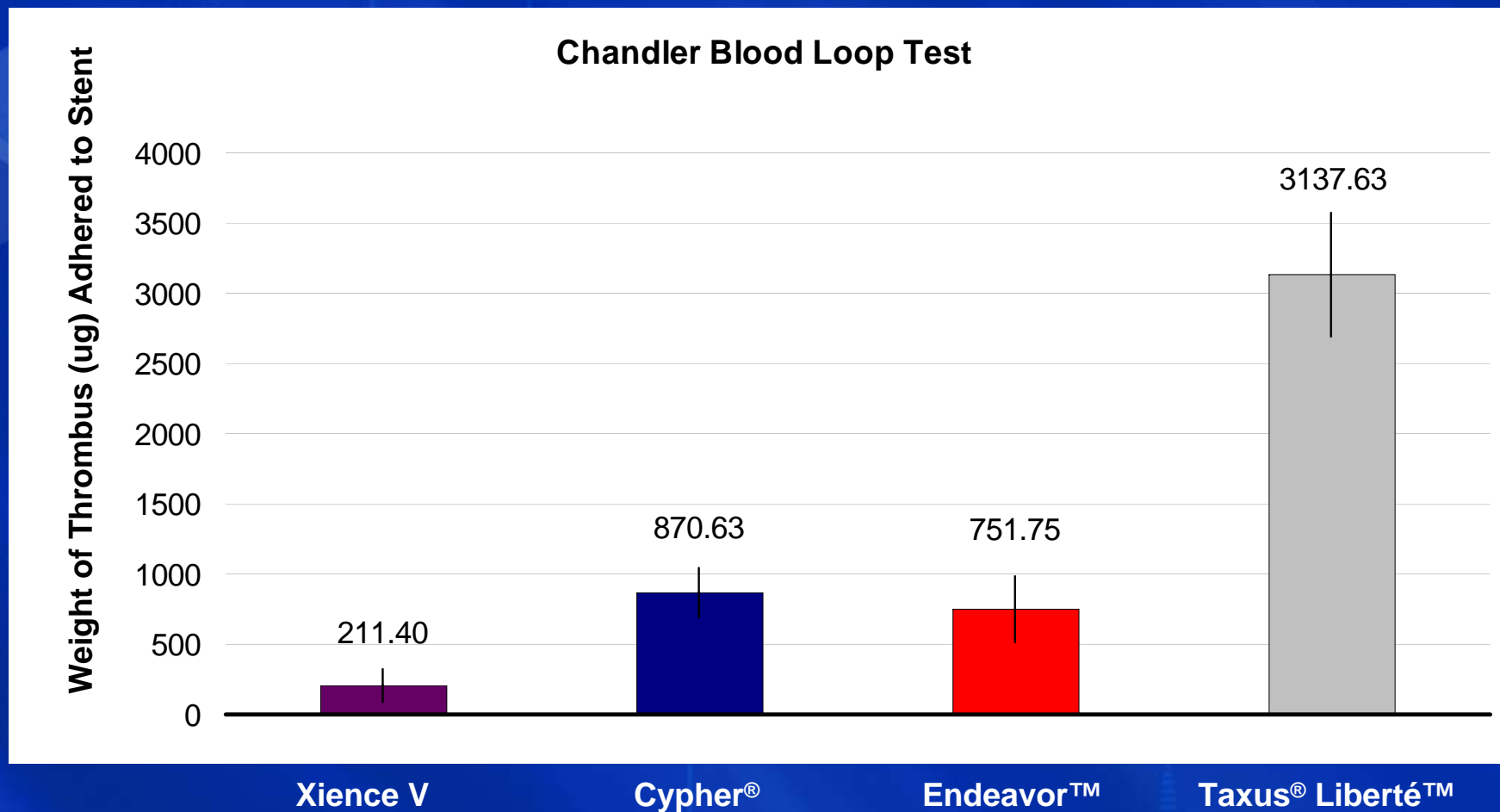


- Intense webbing of polymer
 - Touch points led to webbing of polymer

Photos taken by and on file at Abbott Vascular

Thromboresistant Materials

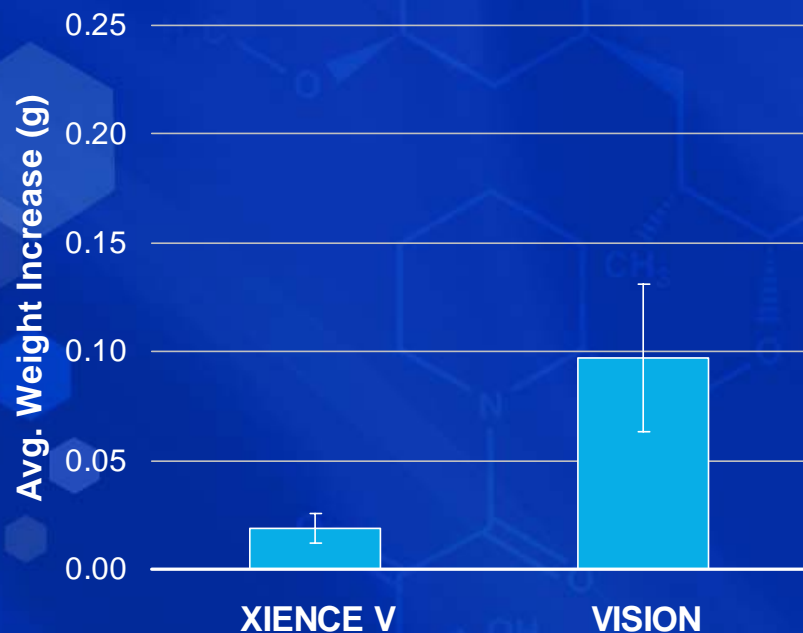
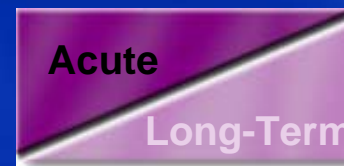
Minimal Platelet Aggregation



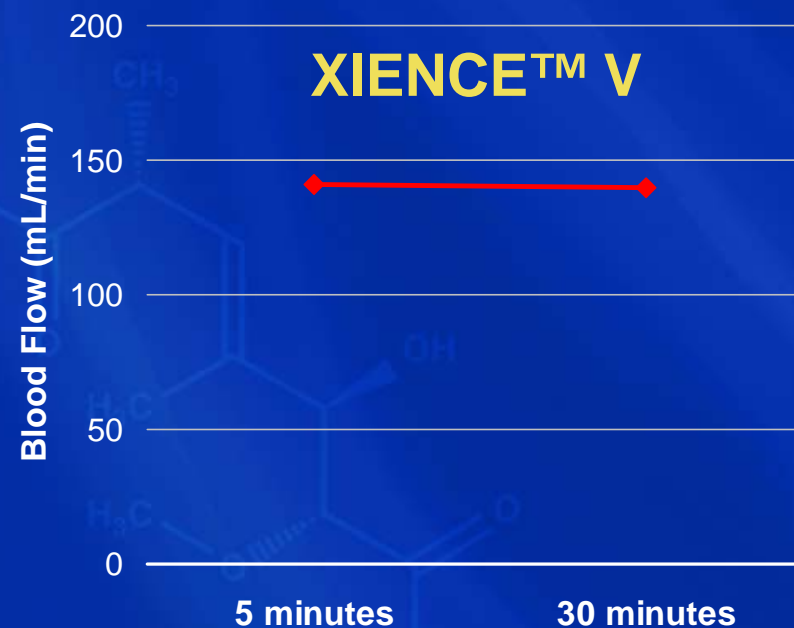
Data on file at Abbott Vascular

Thromboresistant Materials

Ex-Vivo Shunt Study



Low thrombus adherence due to smooth coating integrity and hemocompatibility of the XIENCE V Fluoropolymer.



No reduced flow between 5 minutes and 30 minutes porcine in-vivo.

Data on file at Abbott Vascular

The Science of Safety

Acute



Long-Term

- **Minimal Injury**
- **Complete Apposition**
- **Thromboresistant Materials**

- **Rapid re-endothelialization**
- **Functional endothelial layer**
- **No chronic inflammation**
- **No persistent fibrin**

The Science of Long Term Safety



Maximizing Long-term Safety

- Rapid Re-endothelialization

-
- Functional endothelial layer

-
- Minimal inflammation

-
- No persistent fibrin

Desired Attributes

- Complete coverage
- Decreased VEGF Production

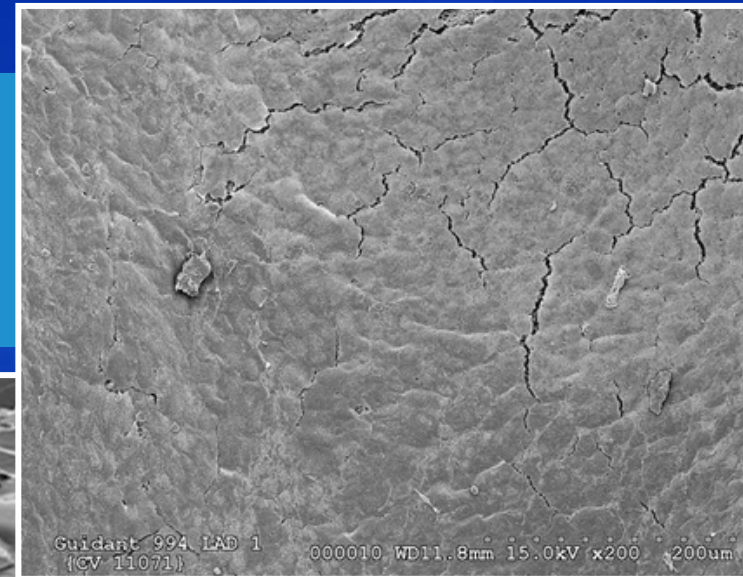
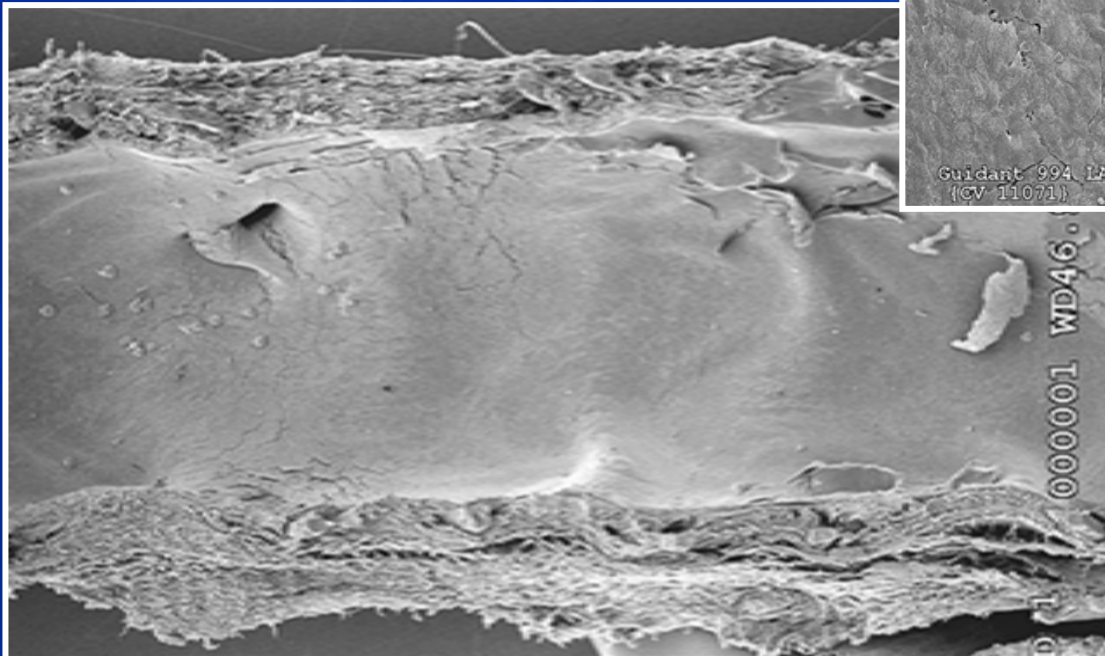
-
- Presence of CD-31

-
- No persistent foreign body response
 - Lack of medial necrosis
 - No positive remodeling

Acute
Long-Term

Rapid Re-endothelialization Porcine Model, XIENCE™ V Stent at 28 Days

Complete luminal
endothelialization observed at low
and high magnification (SEM)



Photos on file at Abbott Vascular.

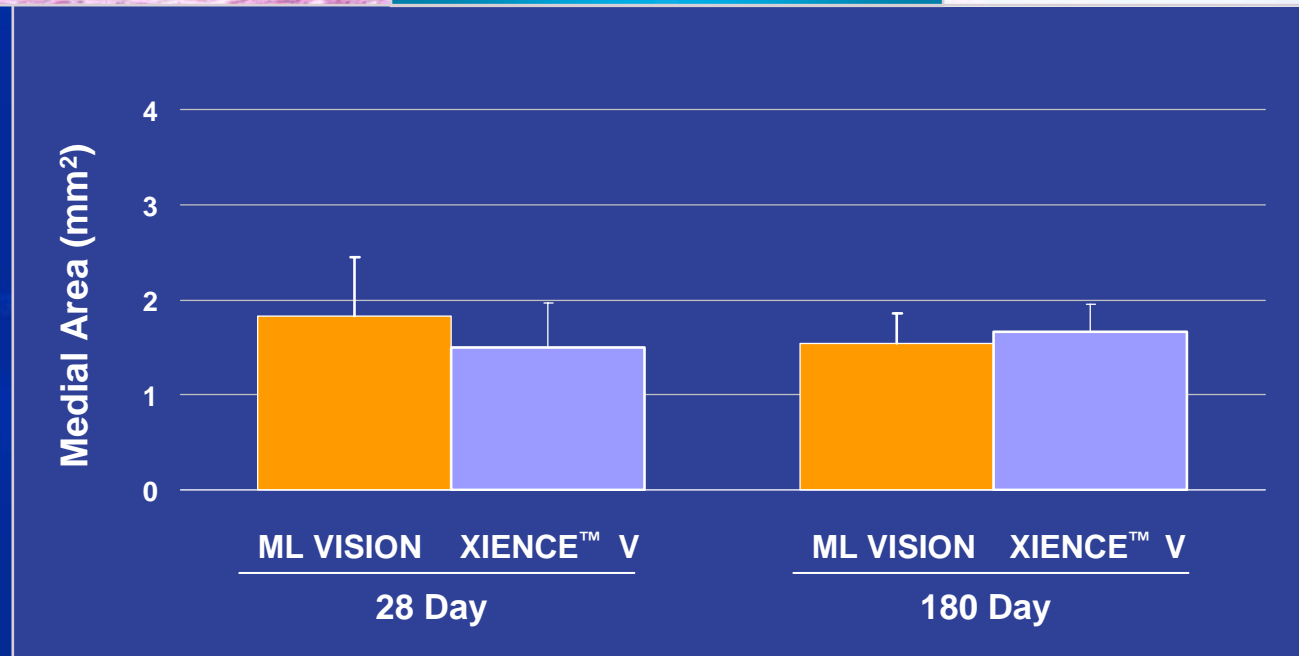
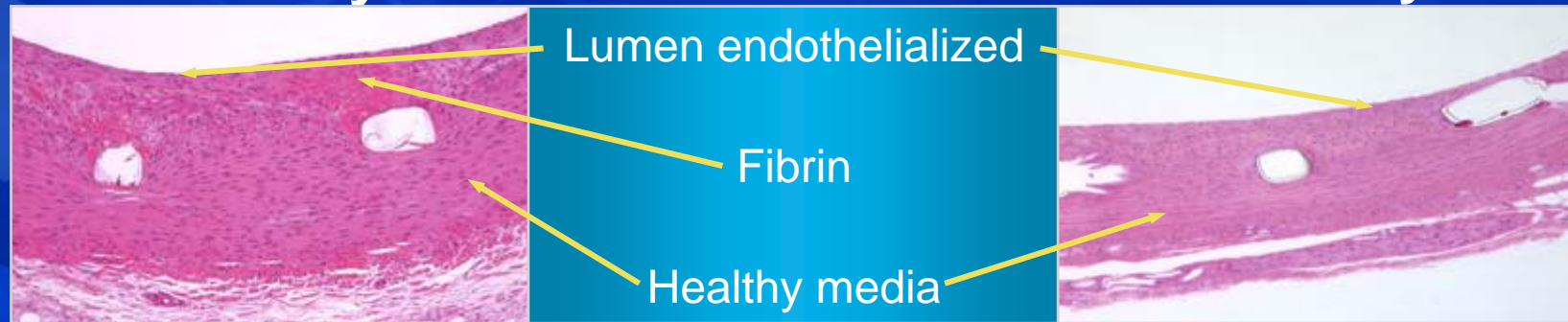
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Rapid Re-endothelialization Porcine Stent Healing at 28 & 180 Days

Acute
Long-Term

28 Day

180 Day

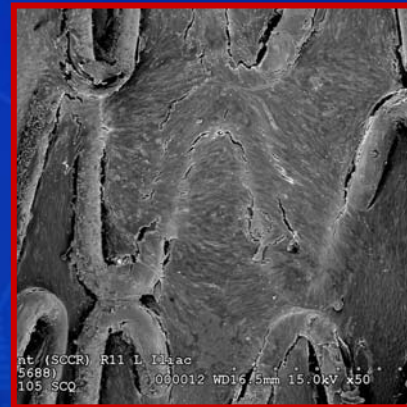
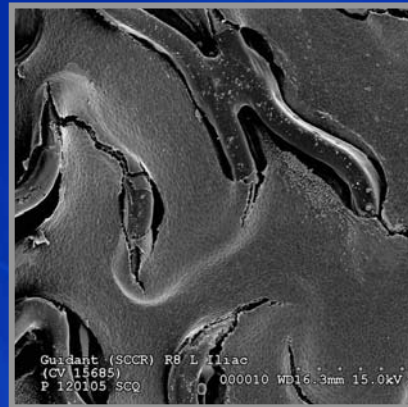
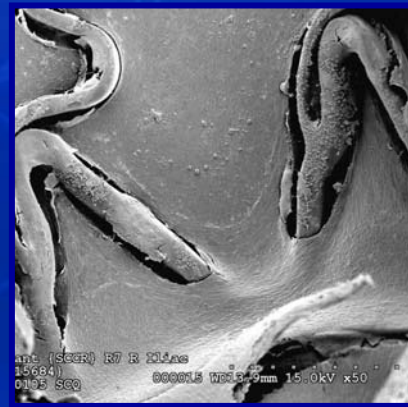
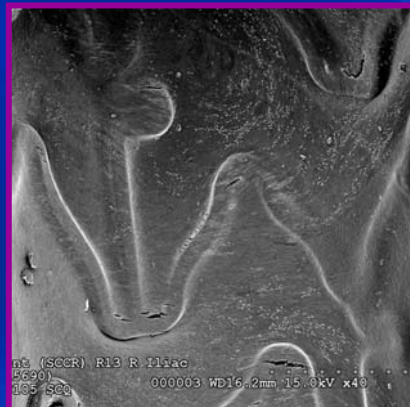
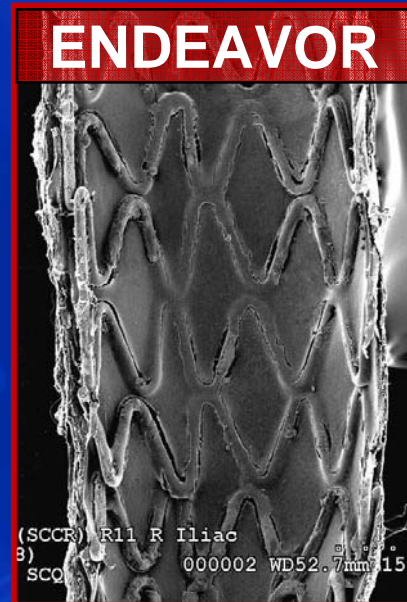
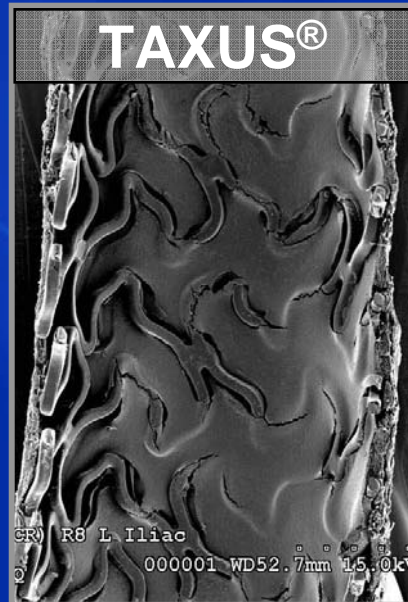
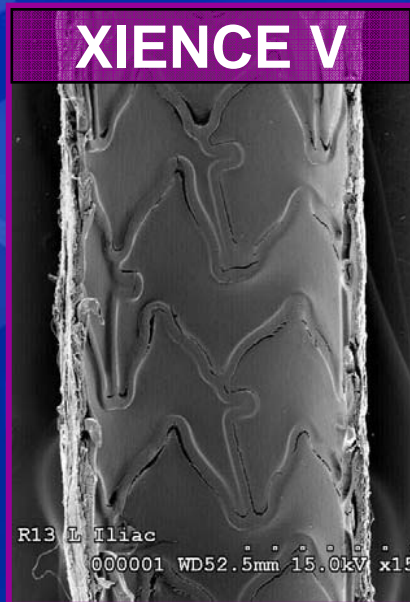


Data on file at
Abbott Vascular.

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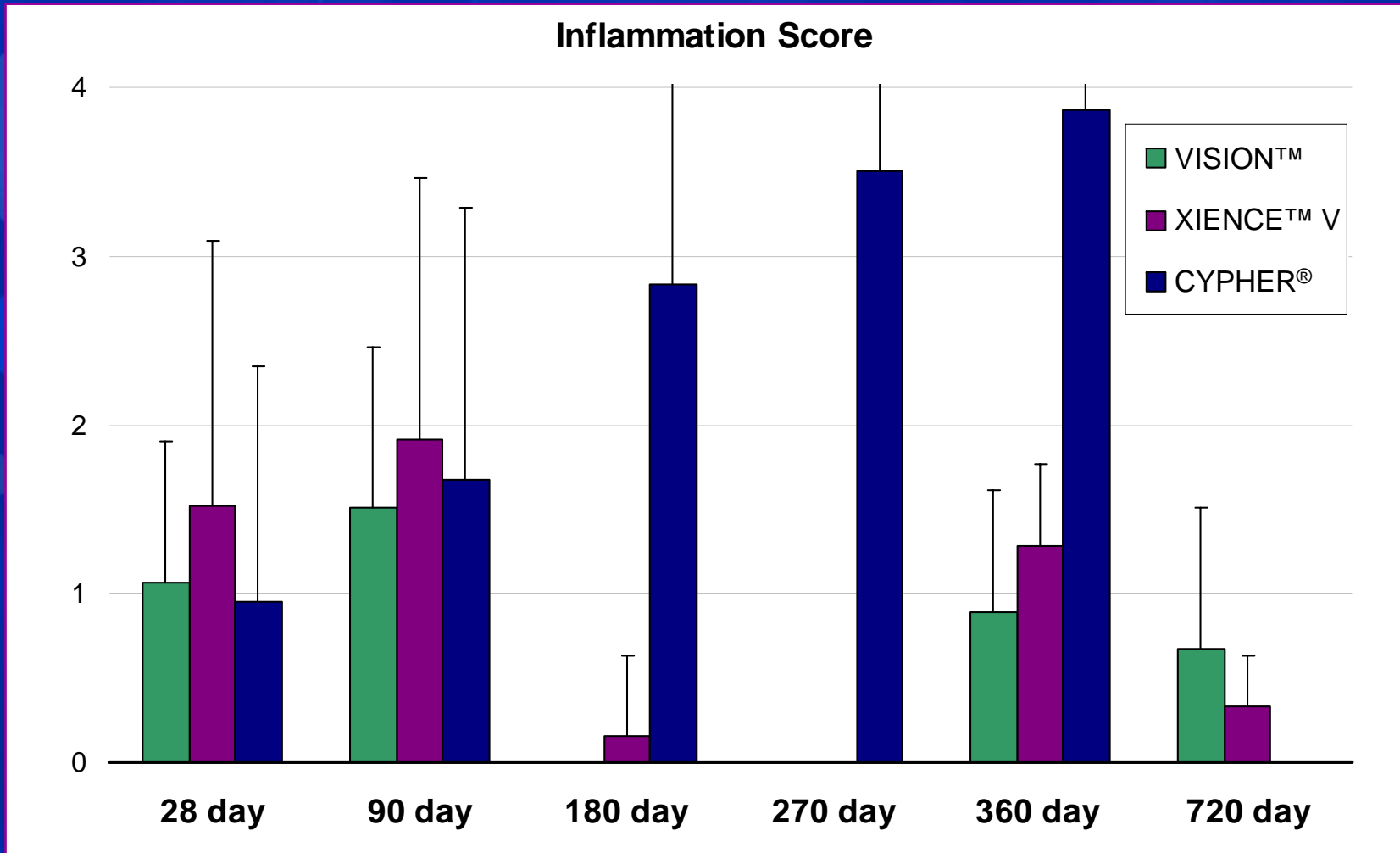
Rapid Re-endothelialization 14-Day Rabbit Iliac Study

Acute
Long-Term



Photos on file at Abbott Vascular

Minimal Inflammation Porcine Safety Study up to 720 days

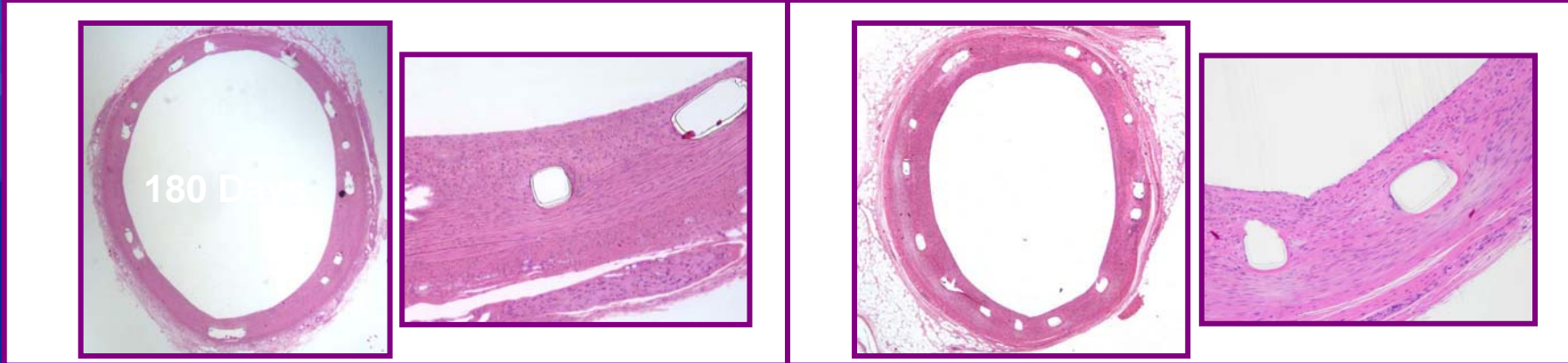


Data on file at Abbott Vascular

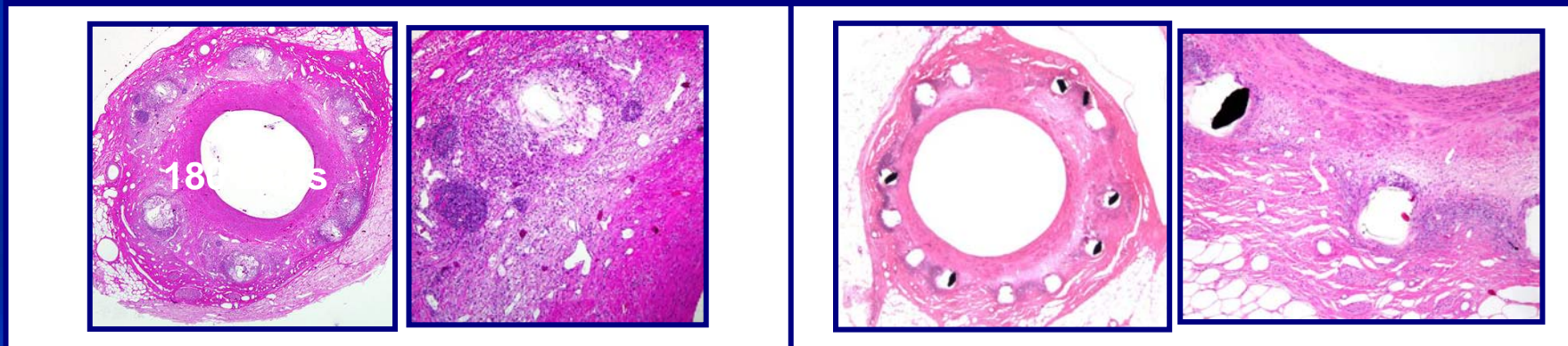
Acute
Long-Term

Minimal Inflammation Porcine Safety Study (representative histology)

XIENCE V



CYPHER

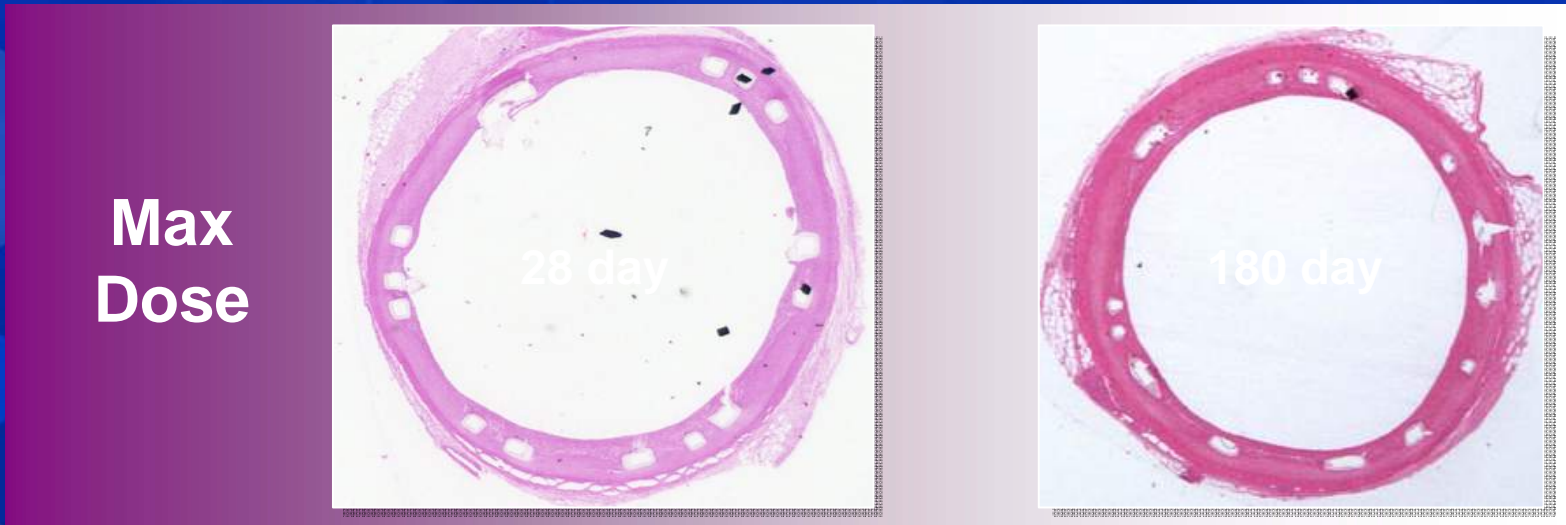


Photos taken by and on file at Abbott Vascular

Minimal Inflammation

XIENCE™ V Max Dose Study

Acute
Long-Term



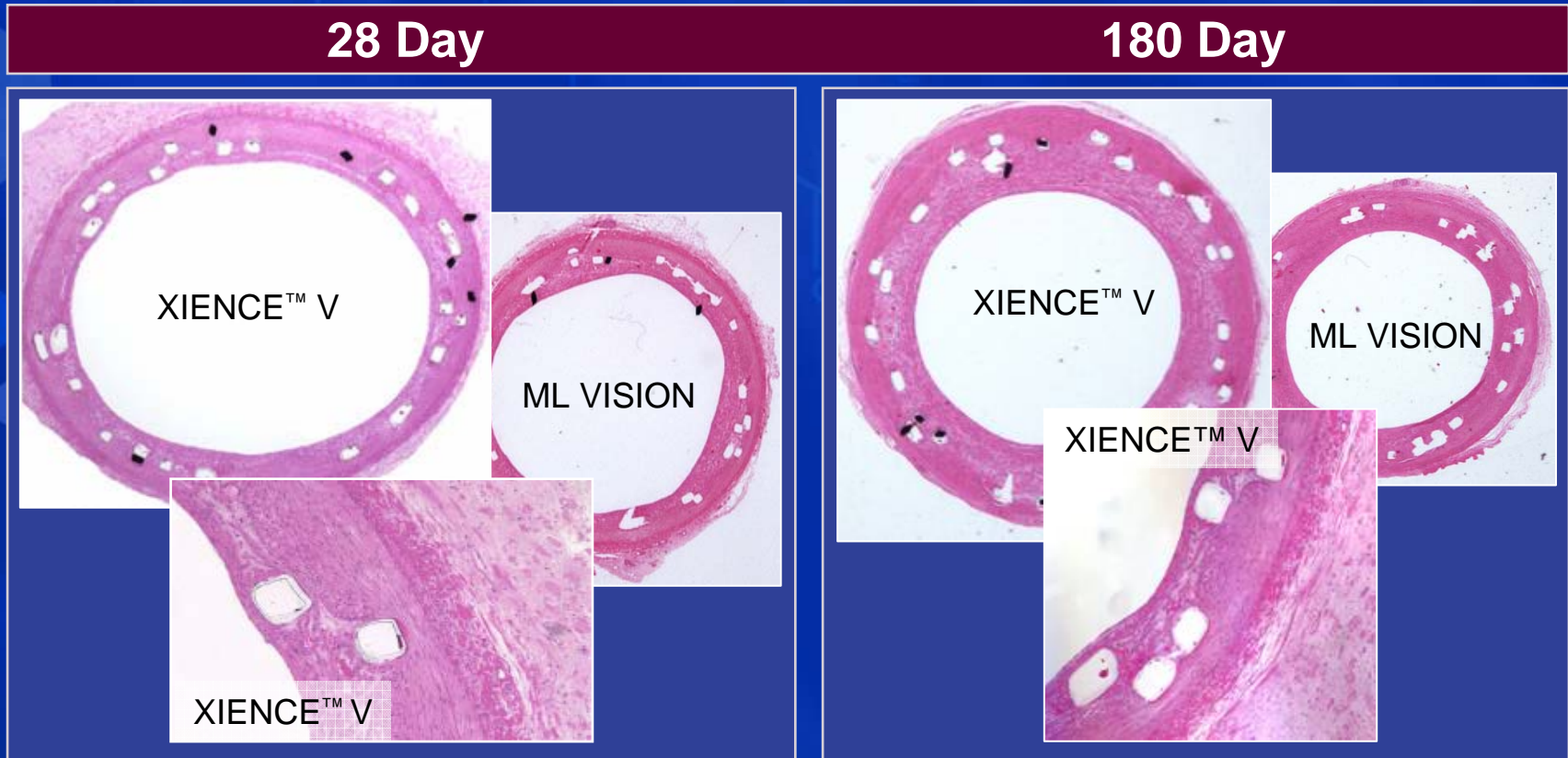
Max Dose study (8x XIENCE V Drug Dose):

Patent lumens with stent struts completely covered by a well organized, smooth muscle cell-rich neointima.

Photos taken by and on file at Abbott Vascular

Minimal Inflammation XIENCE™ V Overlapping Stents

Acute
Long-Term



All vessels are widely patent with a smooth muscle cell rich neointima incorporating all stent struts

Photos on file at Abbott Vascular.

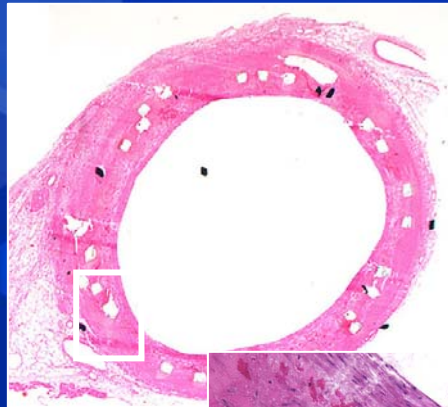
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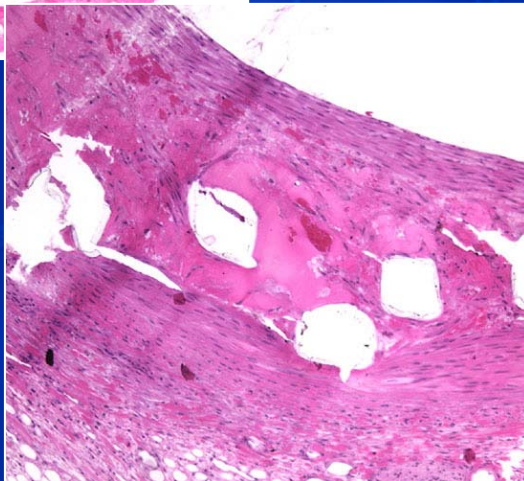
Minimal Inflammation & Fibrin No Medial Necrosis with XIENCE V

Acute
Long-Term

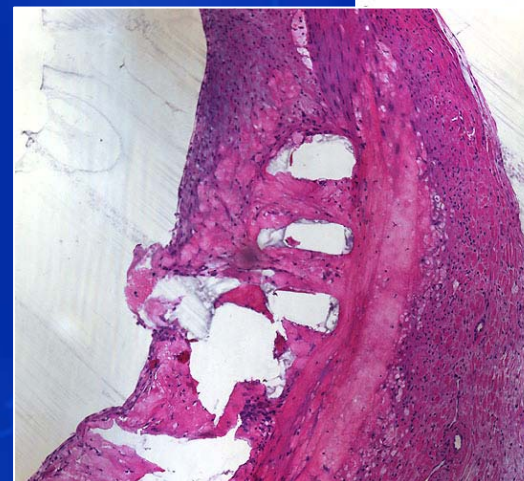
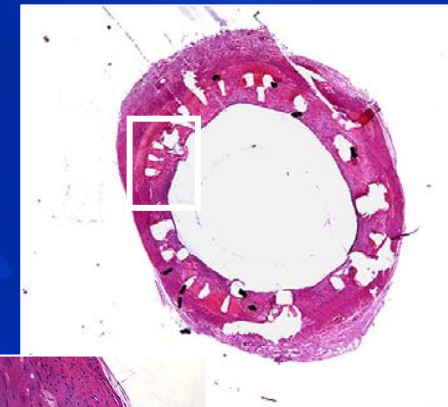
XIENCE™ V



**28-day Porcine
Model:
Overlapping Stents**



TAXUS®



Photos taken by and on file at Abbott Vascular

The Science of Long Term Safety



Maximizing Long-term Safety

- Rapid Re-endothelialization

-
- Functional endothelial layer

-
- Minimal inflammation

-
- No persistent fibrin

Desired Attributes

- ✓ Complete coverage
- ✓ Decreased VEGF Production

-
- ✓ Presence of CD-31

-
- ✓ No persistent foreign body response
 - ✓ Lack of medial necrosis
 - ✓ No positive remodeling

Summary of Pre-clinical Studies Data

The pre-clinical data supports the safety of the XIENCE™ V Stent in the animal model

- Neointima characterized by compact smooth muscle cells in proteoglycan / collagen matrix at 28, 90, 180 days
- Completely endothelialized lumens by 28 days
- Widely patent lumens
- No luminal thrombus
- Inflammation within acceptable range in porcine and rabbit models

The background is a solid blue color. On the left side, there are several semi-transparent hexagons of varying shades of blue, some overlapping. Faintly visible across the background are chemical structures, including a large one in the center that appears to be a complex organic molecule with multiple rings, hydroxyl groups, and methyl groups. The text 'XIENCE V' is in a bold, yellow, sans-serif font, and 'Clinical Studies' is in a bold, yellow, italicized, sans-serif font.

XIENCE V

Clinical Studies

**SPIRIT
FIRST**

SPIRIT II

SPIRIT III

SPIRIT IV

SPIRIT V

**Safety and
Performance**

Europe
N = 60

**Clinical Support
for CE Launch**

International
N = 300

**U.S. and Japan
Approval**

U.S./Japan
N = 1,380
(1,292/88)

**U.S.
Peri-approval**

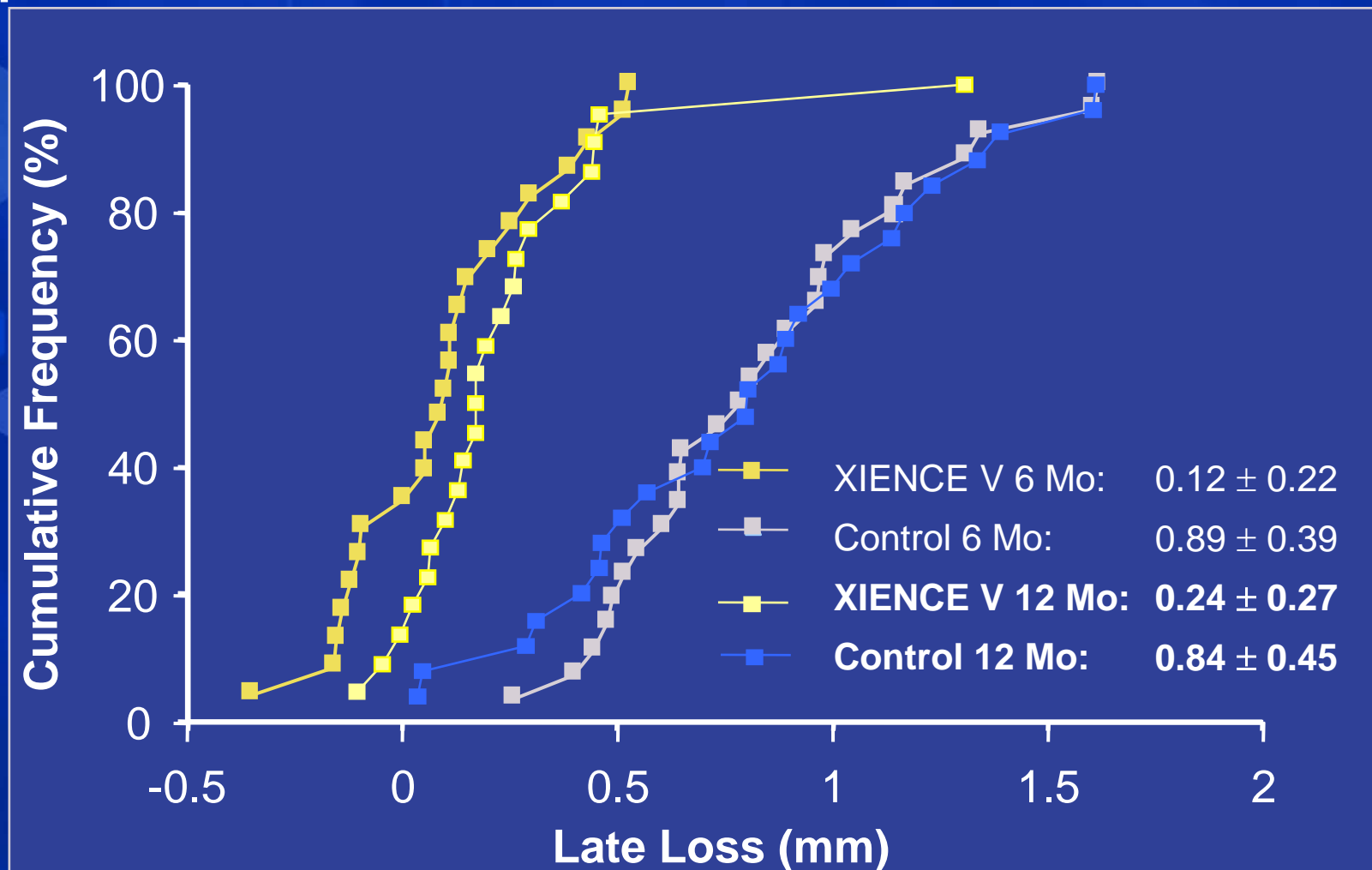
U.S.
N = 1,125

**Post-
CE Mark
Approval**

International
N = 3,021
(Approximate)

Diabetic study
N = 321
Registry
N = 2,700

SPIRIT FIRST: In-Stent Late Loss (mm) per QCA to 12 Months



SOURCE: Tsuchida et al. "One-year results of a durable polymer everolimus-eluting stent in de novo coronary narrowings (The SPIRIT FIRST Trial)," *EuroIntervention* 2005 1:266-272.

SPIRIT FIRST Key Takeaways

- SPIRIT FIRST met its primary endpoint of in-stent late loss
- Strong 6 month results were sustained to 12 months
- XIENCE V shows promise
 - Late Loss of 0.24 & 0.14 mm (in-stent & in segment)
 - One device-related MACE event (TLR)
 - No acute or late stent thrombosis
 - No late malapposition

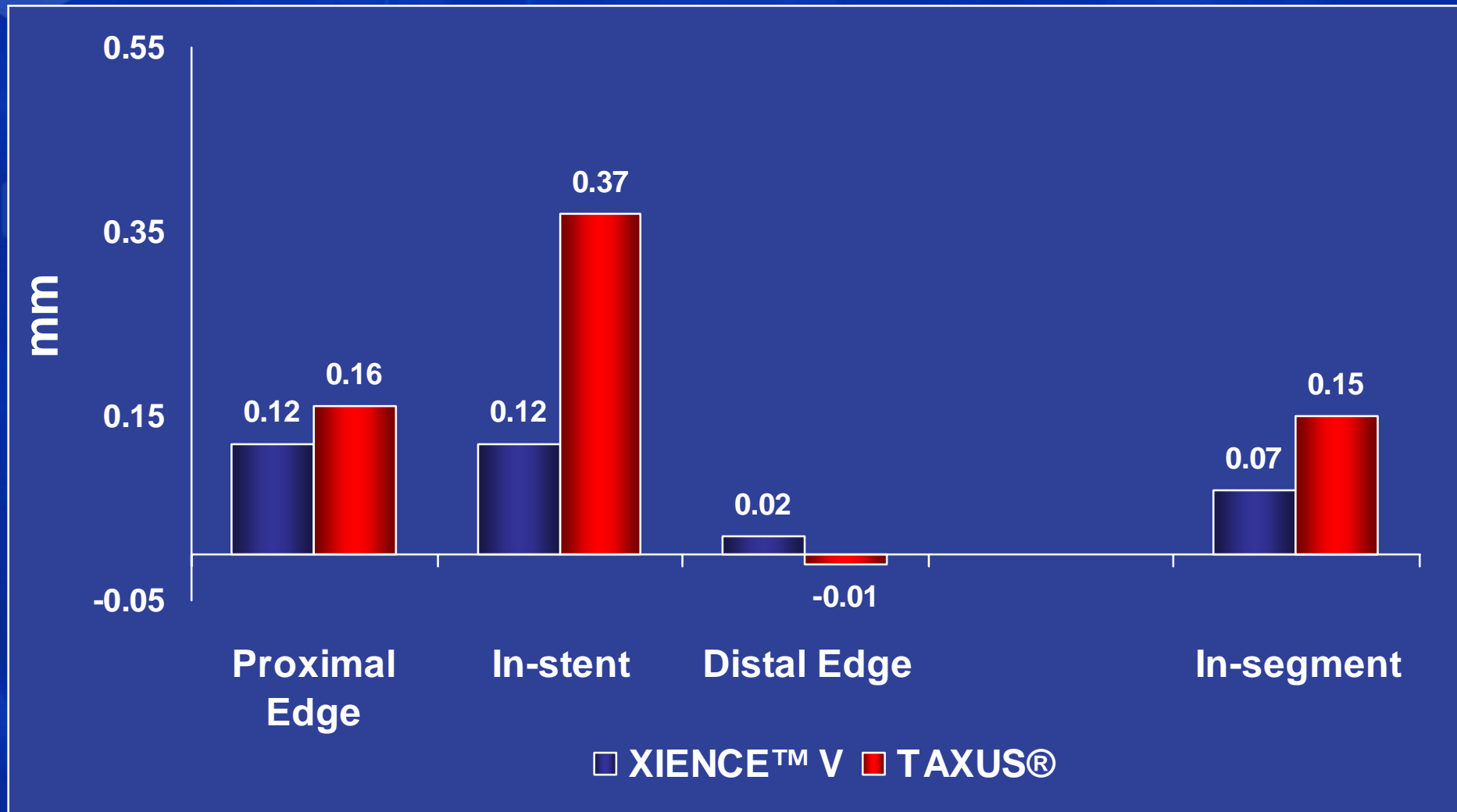
Spirit II

International



- PI: Dr Patrick Serruys
- RCT: Prospective, single blind
- Primary end point: in-stent late loss at 6 months
- Stent Size: 2.5 – 4.0 mm; Stent lengths: 8, 18, 28 mm
- Angiographic and IVUS follow-up at 6 months for all patients, and at 2 years for subset of 152 patients at selected sites
- Clinical follow-up at 1, 6, 9 months, 1 and 2 years
- 6 months clopidogrel for all arms

Late Loss (mm) – All Lesions

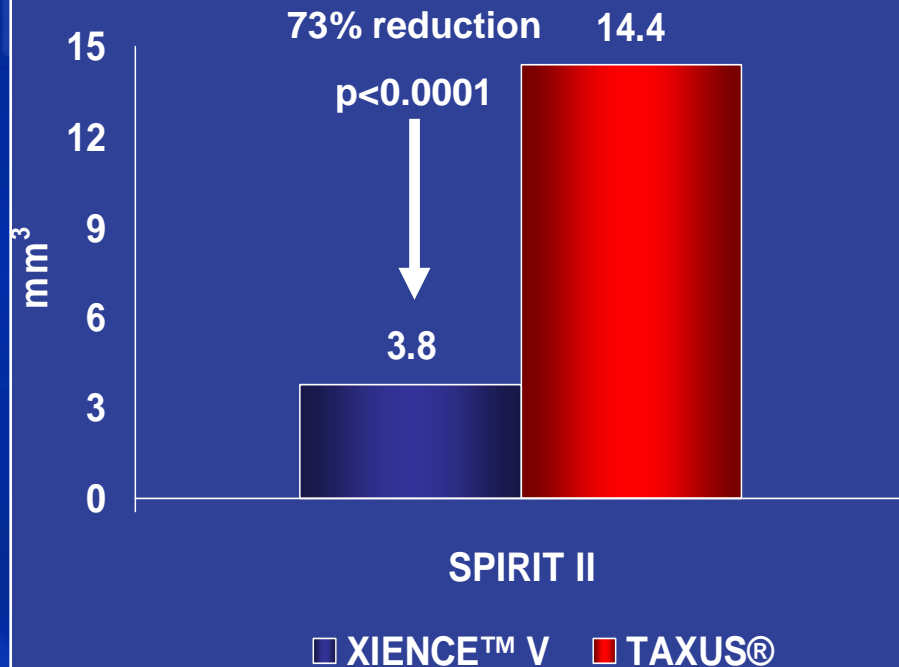


Source: P. Serruys, M.D., WCC 2006

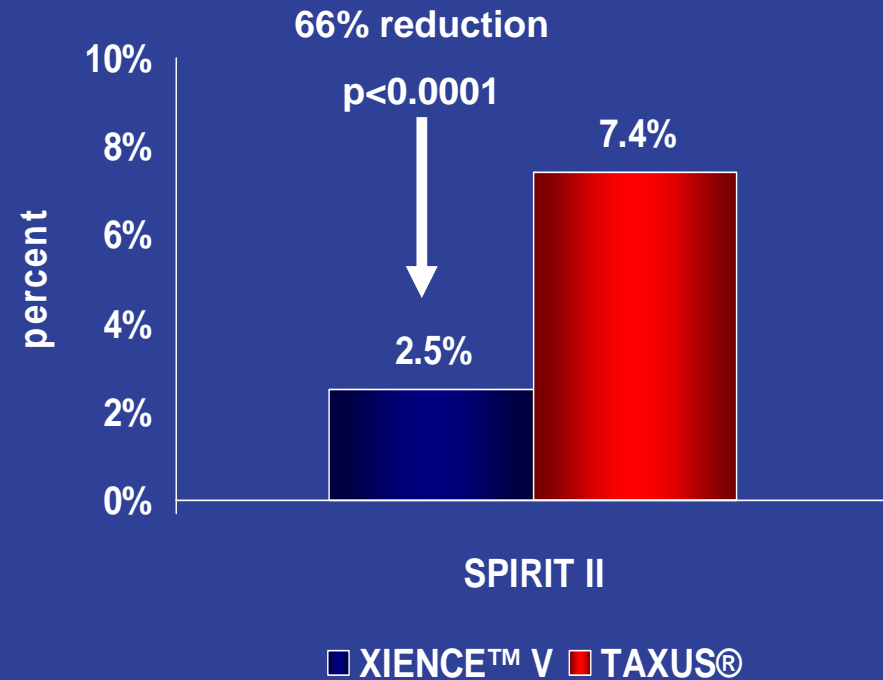
SE2924433D

SPIRIT II In-Stent IVUS Results

Neointimal Volume



Volume Obstruction



NOTE: 124 Patients; 140 lesions

Source: P. Serruys, M.D., WCC 2006

SPIRIT II Conclusions

- SPIRIT II met its Primary Endpoint :
 - XIENCE V was non-inferior to TAXUS[®] (in-stent late loss 0.11 mm vs 0.36 mm; $p < 0.0001$)
 - XIENCE V proved superior to TAXUS[®] (in-stent late loss 0.11 mm vs. 0.36 mm; $p < 0.0001$)
- XIENCE V had a statistically significant reduction in volume obstruction and neointimal volume when compared to TAXUS[®]
- XIENCE V 6M MACE and Stent Thrombosis rates were 2.7% 0.5%, respectively
- SPIRIT II clinical, angiographic and IVUS results confirm the results of SPIRIT FIRST
- US Pivotal Trial Results are pending