Endothelial Progenitor Capture Technology and Beyond



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DES Rollercoaster





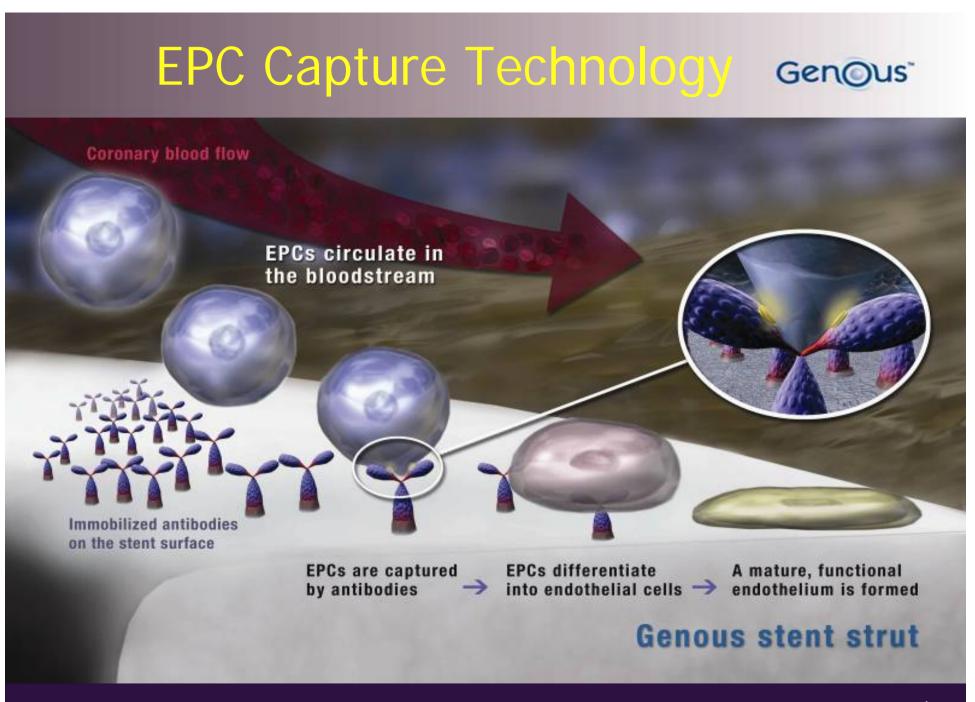
"Despite the implantation of millions of drug"

We Need Better Technologies!



remains uncertain about their long-term safety."

Maisel W et al., NEJM 2007 create



Genous Healing Approach

Genous Clinical Programs Genous

- Healing II clinical trial
- eHealing clinical registry
- Naples Trial
- Trias Pilot Clinical Trial





HEALING II clinical registry

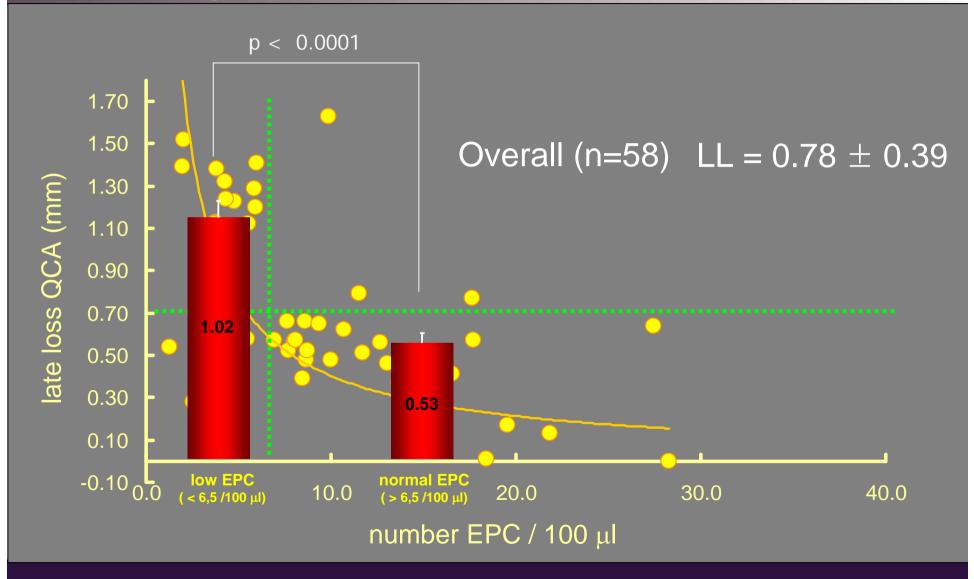


HEALING II - Trial Design Genous

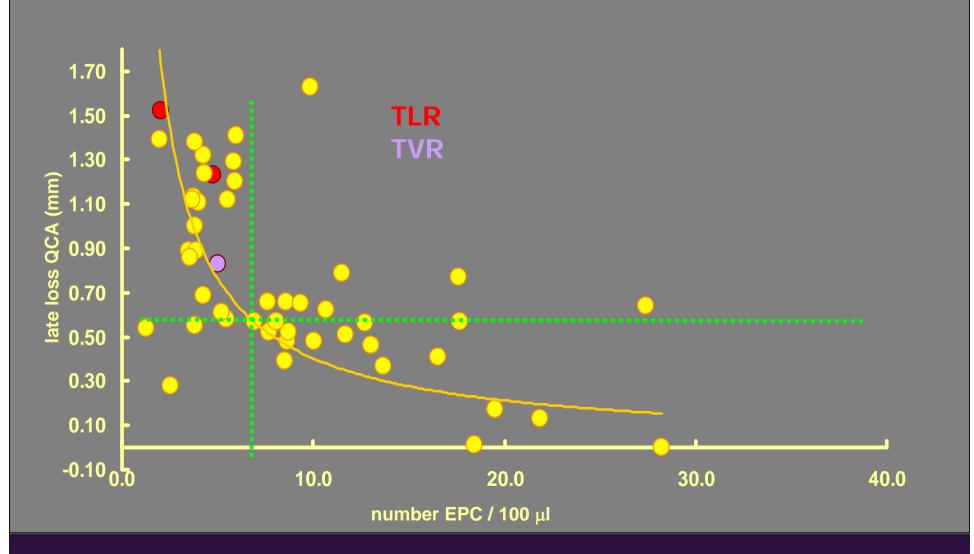
HEALING II study design:

- Multi-centered, prospective, non-randomized trial
- 63 patients; 10 invited centers (NL, B, G)
- Objective:
 - Demonstrate the safety and efficacy of an EPC coated R stent[™] stent (OrbusNeich)
- Indication:
 - De novo & non-stented restenotic lesions in native coronary arteries with reference vessels 2.5-3.5 mm
- Follow-up:
 - Quantitative coronary angiography and IVUS analysis at 6 (and 18) months
 - Clinical follow-up 6, 9 and 18 months

Correlation Late Luminal Loss and Circulating EPC Titer at 6 Months FU

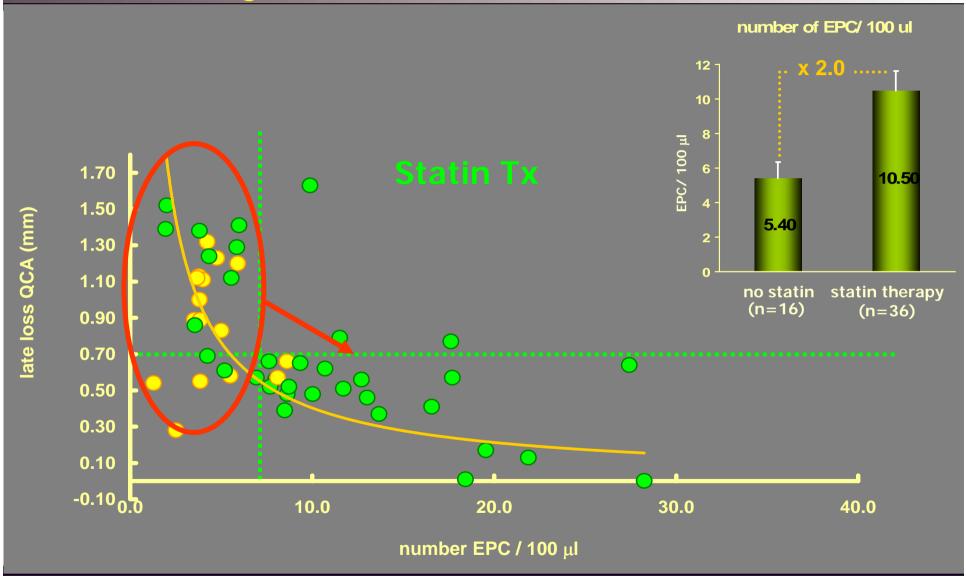


Correlation Late Luminal Loss and Circulating EPC Titer at 6 Months FU



HEALINGII

Correlation Between Late Luminal Loss and Circulating EPC Titer at 6 Months FU



HEALING II Clinical Events and EPCs Genous

Major Adverse Cardiac Events 9 months*

	H2 overall	Low EPC	Normal EPC
	(n=63)	(n=25)	(n=27)
Cardiac Death	1.6 %	0.0 %	0.0 %
МІ	0.0 %	0.0 %	0.0 %
CABG	0.0 %	0.0 %	0.0 %
TLR (Clinically Driven)	6.3 %	8.0 %	0.0 %
MACE	7.9 %	8.0 %	0.0 %

Primary Endpoint: MACE at 30 days – 0%

Stent Thrombosis – 0%



e-HEALING Registry Interim Analysis

Post Marketing Surveillance Registry of the Genous Bio-engineered R stent



e-HEALING Clinical Registry

Overview

- Principal Investigators: Prof. Silber and Dr. de Winter
- Multi-center (120 sites), worldwide, prospective registry of patients treated with a Genous Bio-engineered R stent in accordance with the Instructions for Use
- 5000 patients
- Recommendation of at least two weeks statin treatment prior to the procedure and one month clopidogrel post-procedure
- Follow-up: 1, 6, and 12 month clinical follow-up
- Primary outcome: Target Vessel Failure at 12 months

Status - Enrollment complete

Genous

EUROPE

Austria 8 Belgium 3 Cyprus 2 Denmark 2 France 8 Germany 11 Greece 6 Ireland 1 Italy 26 Netherlands 5 Portugal 3 Spain 8 Switzerland 1 United Kingdom 9

NORTH AFRICA Tunisia 2

Czech Republic 5 Finland 1 Hungary 2 Poland 2 Romania 1 Russian Federation 5

> MIDDLE EAST Egypt 6 Lebanon 1 Saudi Arabia 1 Syria 3 Turkey 3

ASIA PACIFIC

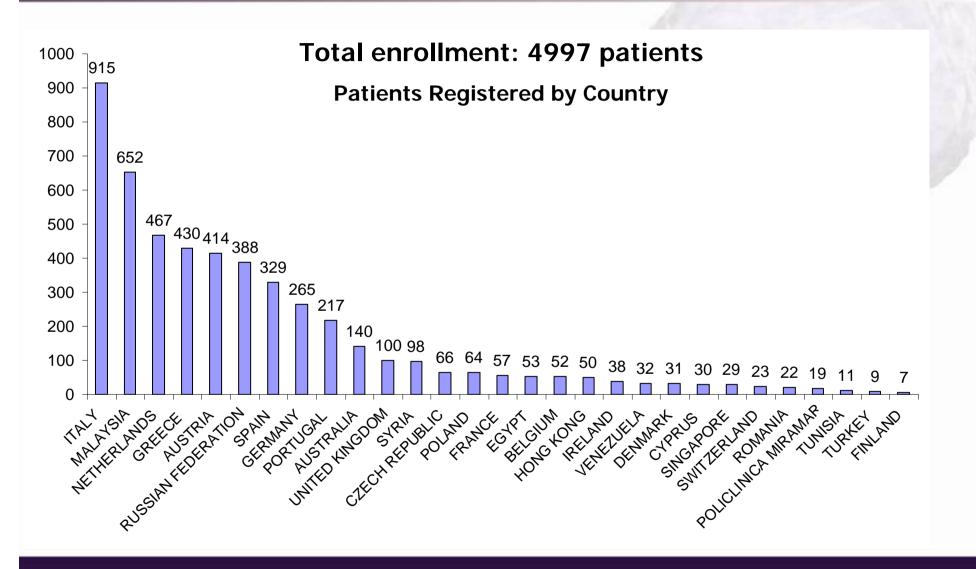
Australia 6 Hong Kong 1 Malaysia 9 Singapore 2

144 SITES



LATIN AMERICA Venezuela 1

Genous



e-HEALING Genous Patient Demographics as of Feb 21, 2008

Age	62.8 years	
Males	78.7%	
Diabetics	25.0%	
Hypertension	68.3%	
Hypercholesterolemia	74.5%	
Current Smokers	24.8%	
Family History	28.1%	
Previous MI	36.7%	
Previous PCI	19.1%	
Previous CABG	6.2%	
Previous Stroke	6.0%	

e-HEALING Ischemia Status as of Feb 21, 2008 Genous

Unstable angina	42.3%
Stable angina	43.3%
Silent ischemia	14.4%



e-HEALING Genous[®] Lesion Characteristics as of Feb 21, 2008

De novo	97.7%
Restenotic	2.3%

Lesion Length (mm)	
Mean ± Std Dev	16.8 ± 8.6

Lesion Classification		
Туре А	15.3%	
Туре В1	35.6%	
Туре В2	29.6%	
Туре С	19.5%	

Reference Vessel (mm)	
Mean \pm Std Dev	3.0 ± 0.4

Number of stents/patient	1.5
Number of lesions/patient	1.3

e-HEALING Genous Deviations to Date as of Feb 21, 2008

Not on statins for at least 2 weeks before procedure	26.8%
Patient with diffuse disease or poor flow distal to lesion	15.3%
Q wave MI \leq 3 days	5.7%
Non Q wave MI \leq 3 days	2.4%
Previous stent implanted is a drug eluting stent	3.6%
Anti-platelet and/or anti-coagulant therapy is contraindicated	2.0%
Saphenous vein grafts or unprotected left main coronary artery	1.8%
Reference diameter < 2.5 or > 3.75	7.2%
Pre procedure thrombus	10.9%
Vessel with excessive tortuosity	1.9%

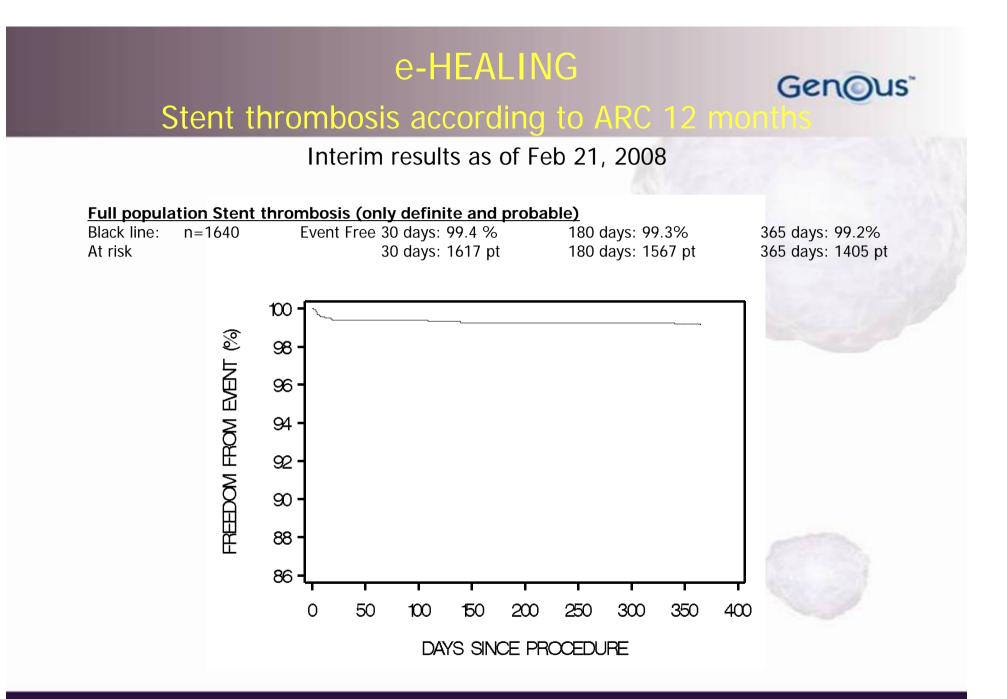
Clinical Events in patients with 6 month follow-up

Interim results as of Feb 21, 2008, n=3193

		30	days	6 months
Cardiac	Death	0.	6 %	1.3 %
МІ		1.	0 %	1.4 %
Q-wa	ave	0.	1 %	0.1 %
Non	Q-wave	0.	9 %	1.3 %
TLR (Cli	nically Driven)	0.	2 %	2.8 %
PCI		0.	2 %	2.5 %
CABC	3	0.	0 %	0.3 %
MACE		1.	8 %	5.5 %
	Acute stent thrombosis		0.2 %	
	Sub-acute stent thrombos	sis	0.3 %	
	Late stent thrombosis		0.3 %	

Patients treated before Feb 22, 2007

All events reported before 15 Jan 2008; all events adjudicated by CEC



e-HEALING Genous Clinical Events in DM patients with 6 m fu

Interim results as of Feb 21, 2008

	6 months	
Cardiac Death	2.6 %	
MI	1.5 %	
Q-wave	0.2 %	
Non Q-wave	1.3 %	
TLR (Clinically Driven)	2.6 %	
PCI	2.4 %	
CABG	0.2 %	
MACE	6.7 %	
Acute stent thrombosis	0.0 %	
Sub-acute stent thrombosi	s 0.4 %	
Late stent thrombosis	1.1 %	

Patients treated before Aug 14, 2006

All events reported before Jan 15, 2008; all events adjudicated by CEC

Clinical Events in patients w/o statin use with 6 mth fu

Interim results as of Feb 21, 2008

	6 months	
Cardiac Death	2.3 %	
MI	2.3 %	
Q-wave	0.5 %	
Non Q-wave	1.9 %	
TLR (Clinically Driven)	2.3 %	
PCI	2.3 %	
CABG	0.0 %	
MACE 6.9 %		
Acute stent thrombosis	0.0 %	
Sub-acute stent thrombos	is 0.5 %	
Late stent thrombosis	0.0 %	

Patients treated before Aug 14, 2006

All events reported before Jan 15, 2008; all events adjudicated by CEC

Clinical Events in TIMI 0/1 patients with 6 mth fu

Interim results as of Feb 21, 2008

	6 months
Cardiac Death	2.1 %
MI	0.9 %
Q-wave	0.3 %
Non Q-wave	0.6 %
TLR (Clinically Driven)	2.1 %
PCI	2.1 %
CABG	0.0 %
MACE	5.0 %
Acute stent thrombosis	0.0 %
Sub-acute stent thrombosis	0.9 %
Late stent thrombosis	0.3 %

Patients treated before Aug 14, 2006

All events reported before Jan 15, 2008; all events adjudicated by CEC

Clinical Events in patients with 12 month follow-up

Interim results as of Feb 21, 2008, n=1640

		30 days	6 months	12 months
Cardiac	Death	0.6 %	1.5 %	2.1%
MI		1.2 %	1.6 %	1.8%
	Q-wave	0.1 %	0.2 %	0.2%
	Non Q-wave	1.0 %	1.4 %	1.5%
TLR (Cli	nically Driven)	0 %	2.8 %	5.4%
	PCI	0.1 %	2.6 %	5.1%
	CABG	0.0 %	0.2 %	0.4%
MACE		1.9 %	5.9 %	9.3%
	Acute stent th	rombosis	0.0 %	
Sub-acute stent thrombosis Late stent thrombosis		0.5 %		
		0.5 %	and the second	

Patients treated before Aug 14, 2006

All events reported before Jan 15, 2008; all events adjudicated by CEC

Non-Hierarchal Comparison Genous

Registry	Product		12 Months	
		TLR	MACE	Stent thrombosis
e- HEALING *	Genous	5.4%	9.3%	1.0%
ARRIVE 1 ¹	Taxus	5.4%	8.3%	2.1%
MILESTONE II	Taxus	5.5%	8.7%	2.6%

*Interim results of 1,640 patients treated before Aug 14, 2006 / All events reported before 15 Jan 2008; all events adjudicated by CEC 1 N= 2,458 12 month follow-up on a total of 2,585 patients / http://www.bostonscientific.com (Taxus Express 2 Clinical Programs) 2 N= 3,303 12 month follow-up on a total of 3,303 patients / http://www.bostonscientific.com (Taxus Express 2 Clinical Programs)

Conclusions Genous

•The interim data from the e-HEALING Registry demonstrate that the Genous Bio-engineered R stent is safe and effective.

•The 1.6% MACE and 0.4% SAT rates at 30 days in 2,175 patients are low and are comparable to Cypher and Taxus registry data.

•The 5.5% MACE and 0.8% ST rates at 6 months in 3,193 patients are comparable to Cypher and Taxus registry data.

•The 5.4% TLR and 9.3% MACE rates at 12 months in the first 1,640 patients are low and comparable to Taxus registry data, and the 1.0% thrombosis rate at 1 year is superior to data reported with DES use.



Naples Clinical Trial



Objective



To evaluate the outcome of patients undergoing PCI with Genous implant and patients undergoing DES (SES or PES) implant



Design

Genous

- Single center trial (Università degli Studi di Napoli -Federico II)
- PI: F. Piscione
- 195 consecutive patients underwent PCI with either Genous or DES (SES or PES) implantations in the period May – July 2006.
- Dual anti-platelet therapy for 1 month post-Genous implant and 9 months post DES implant.
- Clinical follow-up (average FU 10.1 \pm 3.2 months).
- Follow-up major adverse clinical events (MACE): cardiac death, MI, target vessel re-PTCA, CABG.



Patient clinical characteristics Genous

	Genous (%) (n=100)	DES (%) (n=95)	р
Age	65.56±10.8	60.11±10.8	0.047
Male	84	67.7	0.048
Hypertension	70	80.6	NS
Diabetes	32	34	NS
Smoke	32.7	50	NS
Dislipidemia	46	63	NS
Familyhistory	38.2	33.4	NS
Pre PTCA	10.9	15.4	NS
Pre CABG	9.1	3.8	NS
Pre EF	45	51	NS

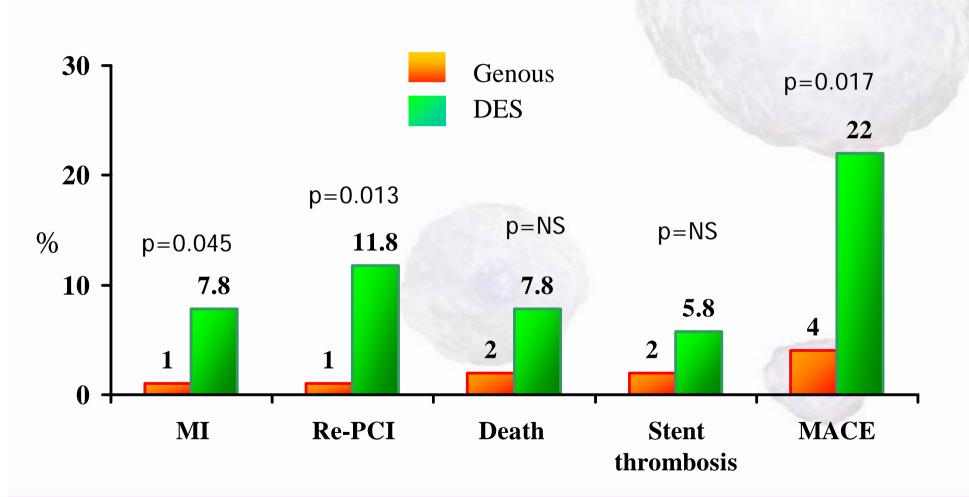


Angiographic characteristics Genous

	Genous	DES	р
		C. C	
LAD (%)	57	43	NS
CX (%)	16.3	26.2	NS
RCA (%)	24.5	26.2	NS
PTCA Multivessel (%)	57	44.6	NS
TIMI grade post	3	3	NS
Multiple stenting (%)	95.4	98.5	NS
Lesion length (mm)	22.67±9	26.9±12	0.049
IIb/IIIa (%)	73	62	NS
Direct stenting (%)	43.8	72.3	0.002



Follow-up MACE (10.1±3.2 months) Genous





Conclusions

Genous

 The results indicate that the use of Genous stents in consecutive patients results in a low in-hospital MACE incidence and a favourable 10 month outcome compared with DES in this patient cohort.



HEALING Clinical Development Program

Genous

Underway: HEALING IIB

- Multi-center, prospective, observational trial designed to assess the safety and effectiveness of the Genous Stent, in conjunction with optimal statin therapy, in patients with *de novo* native coronary artery lesions
- 100 patients
- PI: Patrick Serruys
- St. Michael's Hospital
 - Single center trial in patients with contra-indications to ASA and/or Clopidogrel