



# The Polish Left Main Coronary Disease Registry (POLEMICA)

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## Presenter Disclosure Information

- Chairman of the Executive Board and co-owner, American Heart of Poland Inc.
- Shares' holder of NAFIS Inc, Intercard Inc.
- Chairman of Scientific Committee and Advisory Board, Balton Ltd

**20** YEARS OF  
INNOVATION  
**TCT 2008**

# **POLEMICA: Polish Left Main Coronary Artery Disease Registry**



CARDIOVASCULAR RESEARCH  
FOUNDATION

## **AIM:**

- To describe the prevalence and clinical presentation of left main coronary artery disease in Poland.
- To evaluate current trends in treatment of left main coronary artery disease and its short and late outcome.

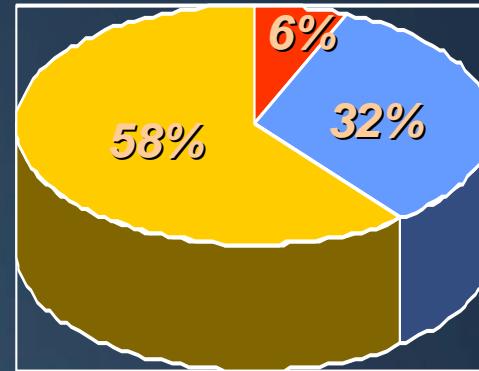
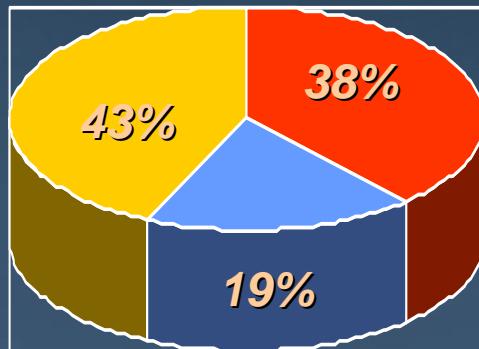


# METHODS

- The registry has been created as a sub-analysis added to national, electronic Data Base of Polish Cardiac Society and Polish Society of Cardiothoracic Surgery
- The data collected from 43 cath labs in Poland
  - Total: between Nov. 2005-Dec 2008: **5 196 pts**
  - I stage: between Nov 2005 and Dec 2006: **1647 pts**

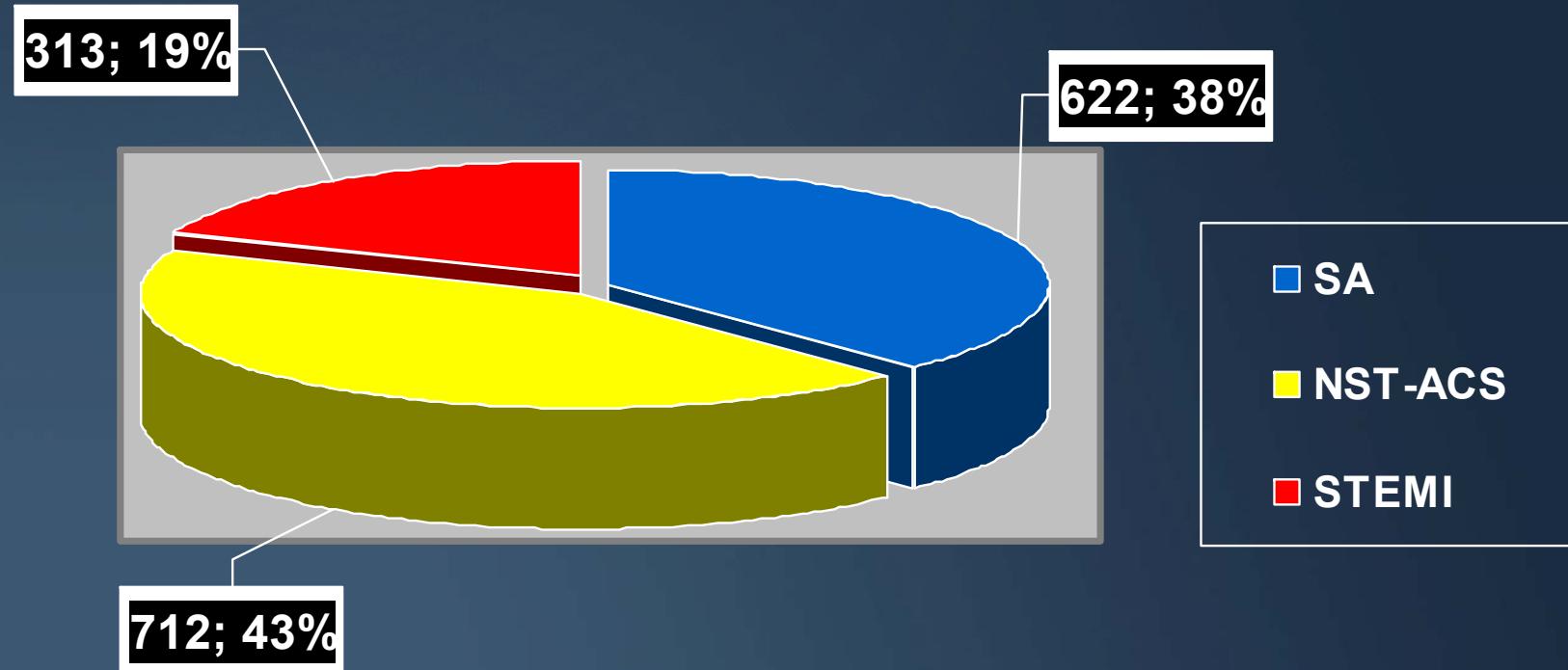


Total : 5196

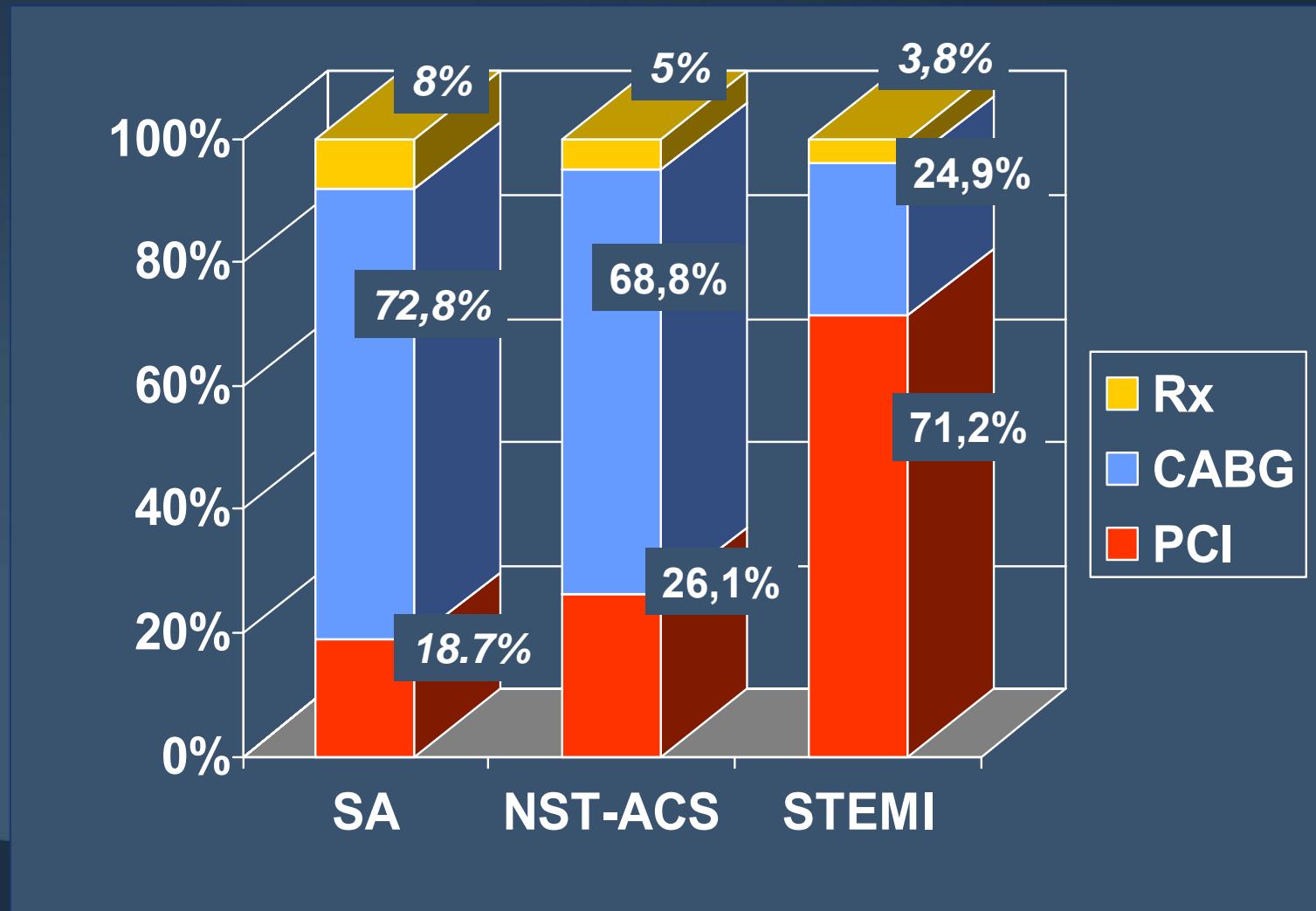


## Preliminary results:

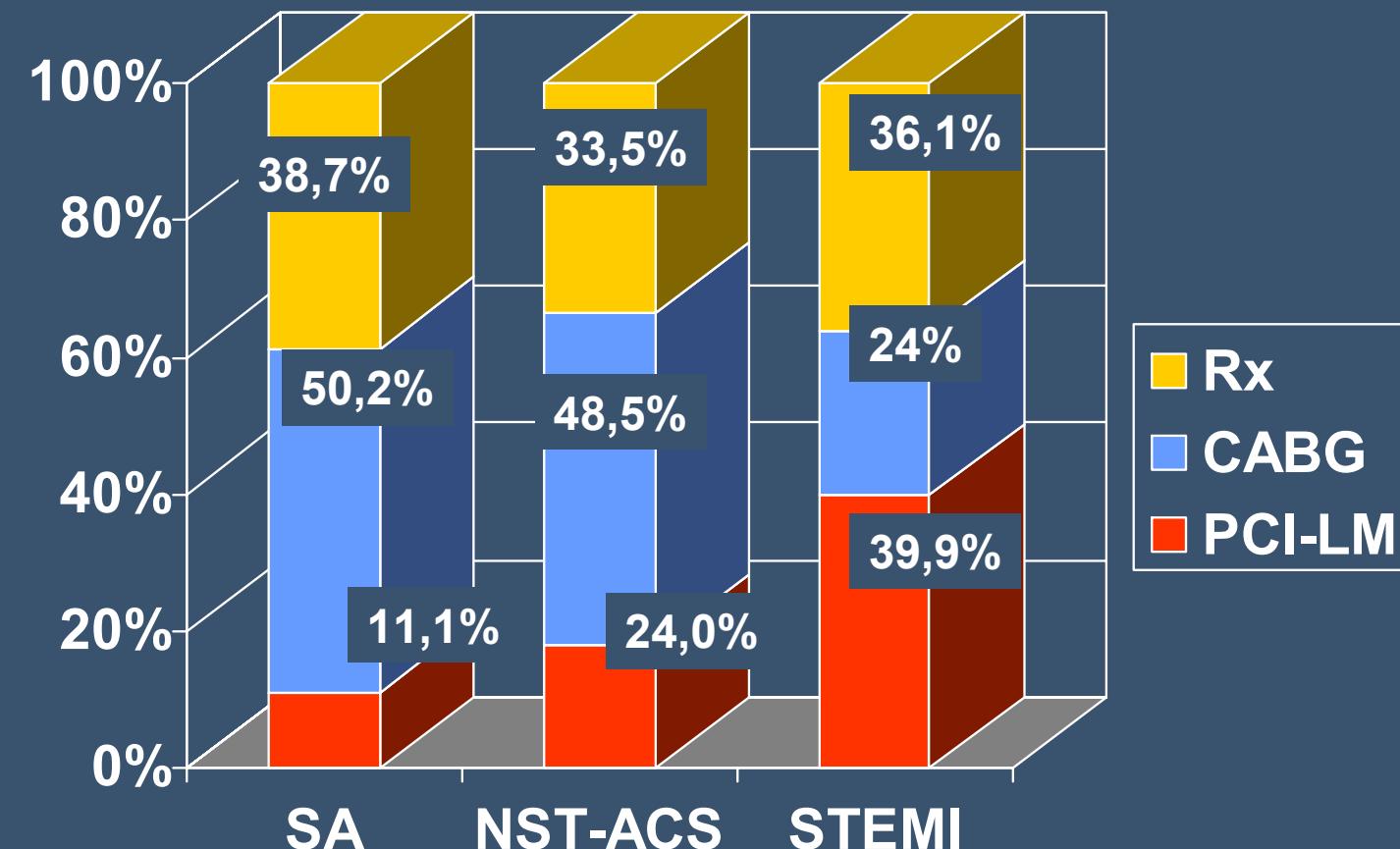
**N=1647 pts with LMCAD (>50% DS)**  
**2.5% of pts undergoing coronary angiography**



# Intention to treatment



# Index Procedure

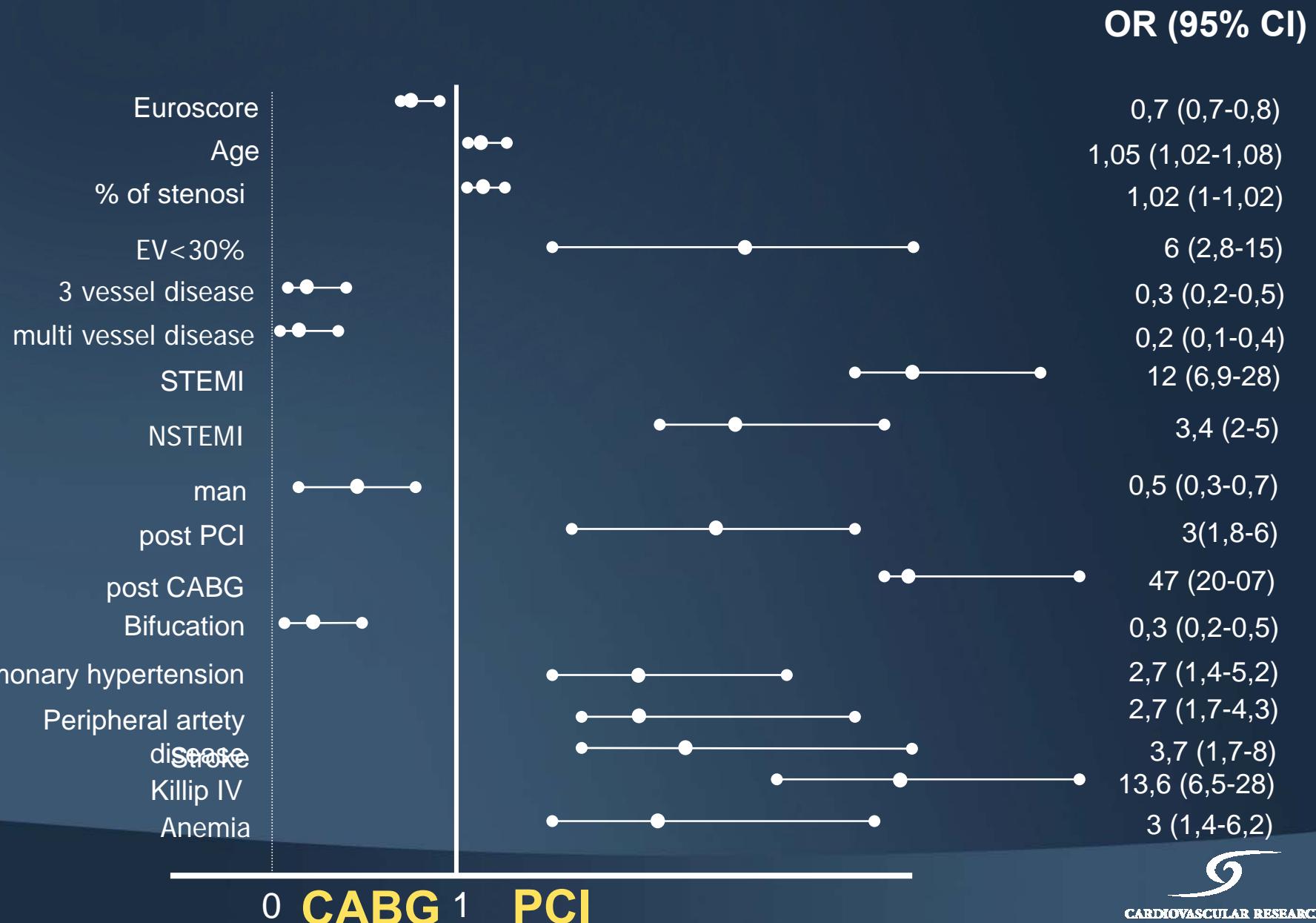


# Comparison of patients' cohorts: LM-PCI vs CABG vs Rx

Risk factors	LM-PCI	CABG	Rx
Age	65,5	66,3	67,7
Stable angina	11%	50%	31%
Euroscore >6	66,7%	1,74%	62,7%
LVEF<30	14%	3,3%	11,1%
Killip IV	26,4%	2,8%	7,7%

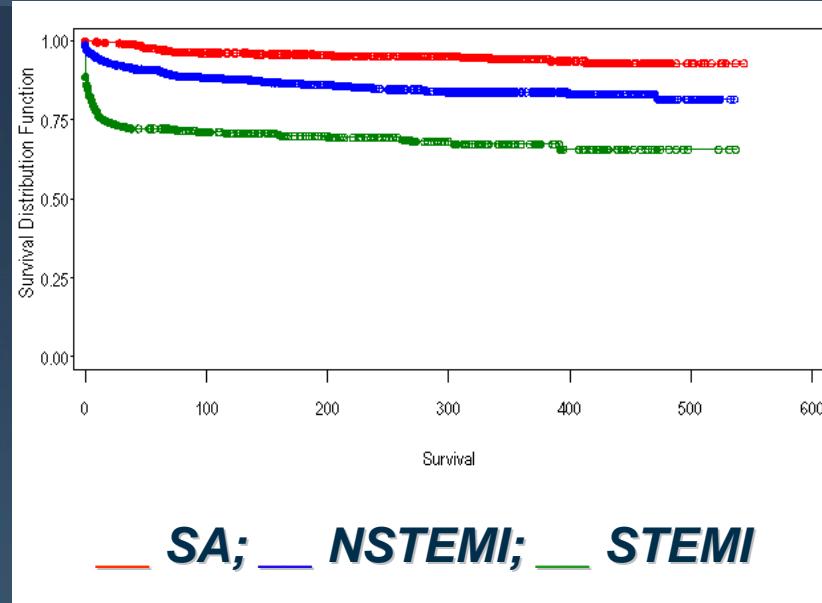


## Factors influencing treatment selection Index procedure : PCI vs CABG

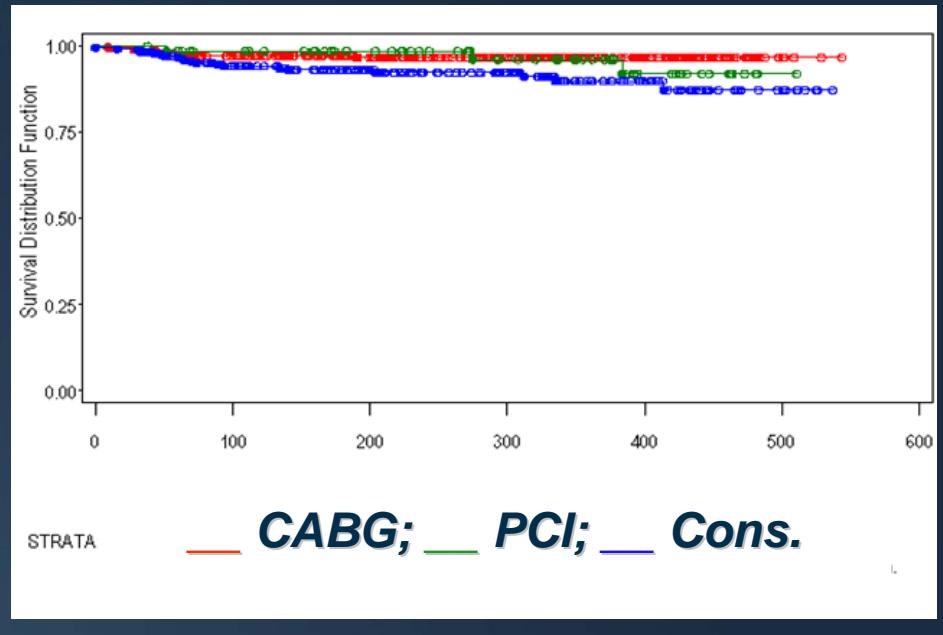


# Long term survival

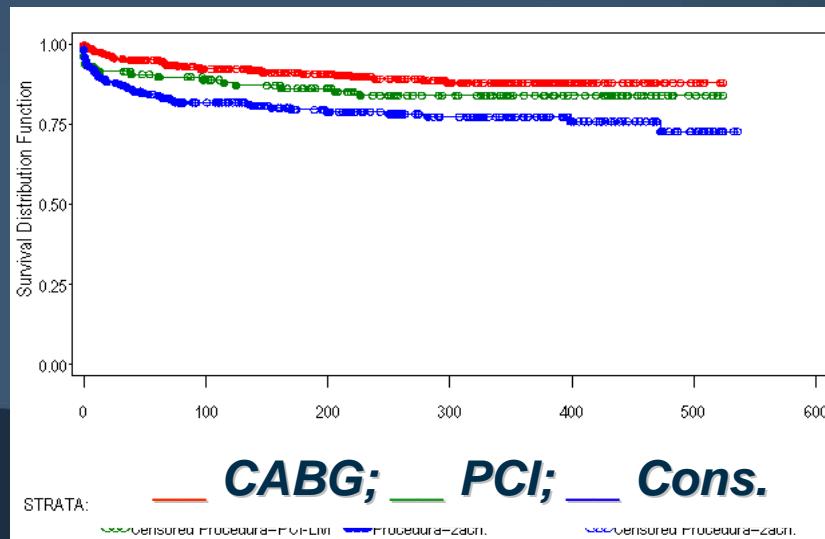
Total



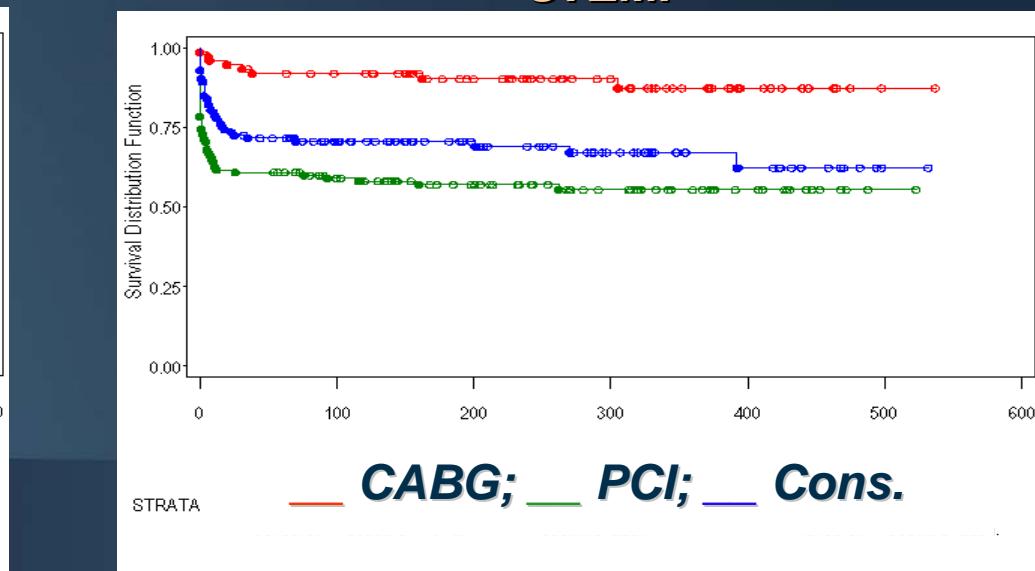
Stable angina



NST-ACS:



STEMI



# Death adjustments LM-PCI vs. CABG

## Stable angina



## NST-ACS



## STEMI



0 PCI better      1      CABG better

Covariates: Euroscore, age, sex, KILIP IV, LVEF

# CONCLUSIONS

- Despite preliminary intention to treat LM coronary artery disease with CABG (ca 70%), only 50% of patients with SA or NST-ACS underwent surgical revascularization.
- 11% of patients with SA and 24% with NSTE-ACS underwent PCI
- Propensity score shows similar results after PCI and CABG in SA and NST-ACS, and better results in STEMI
- Further statistical analysis will need to be applied to compare efficacy of different treatment strategies in different cohort of patients

