Provisional Use of SB Stenting for All Bifurcations

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Disclosure Statement of Financial Interest

Within the past 12 months, I have had a financial interest/arrangement or affiliation with the organization(s) listed below.

Affiliation/Financial Relationship

<u>Company</u>

Minor Fees

Abbott, Boston, Cordis, Edwards



Bifurcation Lesions: A problem in Daily Pratice !

	ARTS II	Reality	Syntax
>1 bifurcation lesion/pt	53%	52%	64%
Bifurcation lesions/lesion	22%	22%	23%

Tsuchida et al, EHJ 2007 Lefèvre et al., ECCO 2008 Serruys et al. ESC 2008

Bifurcation Lesions: A problem in Daily Practice !

- ✓ Need a standardized approach
- \checkmark Simple and safe
- ✓ High rate of success
- \checkmark Low rate of complications
- ✓ Good long term results

What should we know before selecting the Optimal Technique ?

Structure-function scaling laws of vascular trees



The branching systems in the nature is characterized by a fractal mathematical law.

Kamiya and Takahashi. J Appl Physiol March 2007

Structure-function scaling laws of vascular trees



$$D_{mother}^{3} = D_{daughter 1}^{3} + D_{daughter 2}^{3} + \cdots$$

Murray's law

Murray CD. The physiological principle of minimum work. Proc Natl Acad Sci 1926

Structure-function scaling laws of vascular trees



$$D_{mother}^{3} = D_{daughter 1}^{3} + D_{daughter 2}^{3} + \dots$$

Murray's law

$$D_{mother} = 0.67^* (D_{daughter 1} + D_{daughter 2} + ...)$$

G. Finet

Finet et al. Eurointervention 2007; 490-8



 μ = viscosity dv/dy = spatial gradient of blood velocity at the wall

Adapted from Chatzisisis et al JACC 2007





Courtesy of Renu Virmani







Oviedo et al. ACC 2008

















Koo et al EBC 2008

EBC

Carena Shift



Physiology vs Angiography



Bon-Kwon Koo et al JACC 2005; 46: 633-7

Physiology vs Angiography



Bon-Kwon Koo et al JACC 2005; 46: 633-7

FFR after kissing balloon inflation

Side branch balloon/artery ratio: 0.9 ± 0.1





Limitation of the 2 Stents Techniques

- ✓ Wire management more difficult
- ✓ Final kiss more difficult
- ✓ Overlap (delayed endothelialisation, stagnation)
- ✓ Stent not fully apposed
- ✓ Rheology not optimal
- ✓ Higher risk of MI
- ✓ Higher rish of stent fractures
- ✓ Higher risk of stent thrombosis
- ✓ Worse in T shape angulation





Peri-procedural MACE

	Complex	Simple	P value
Patients (n)	250	250	-
MACE (%)	7.6	2.0	0.003
			RR 3.8 (1.5 to 10.0)
Death (n)	0	0	
MI (n)	18	5	
CABG (n)	2	0	

David Hildick-Smith, TCT 2008

Role of the Bifurcation Angle



www.icps.com.fr

Collins et al. Am J Cardiol 2008;102:404 – 410

Role of Kissing Balloon Inflation

CACTUS trial

<u>C</u>oronary Bifurcation <u>Application of the Crush Technique Using Sirolimus-Eluting stents</u>

	Yes	No	P value
Patients (n)	319	31	
MI (%)	7.5	29.0	<0.0001
Stent Thrombis (%)	0,9	6,5	0.06
Restenosis MB (%)	4.7	16	0.03
Restenosis SB (%)	11.9	36	<0.001

From Flavio Airoldi, EBC IV, Prague 2008



What Are the DES Data Currently Available ?

DES Efficacy:

Provisional SB stenting vs Systematic SB stenting

6 Randomized Studies !

Low Rate of Reintervention with DES



Low Rate of SB Restenosis With DES





Safety of DES in Bifucation Lesions

DES in Bifurcation Lesions: Safety



DES in Bifurcation Lesions: Safety

Predictors of Definite and probable ST Through 1 year

5003 lesions, one year Follow-up

Factors	OR 95% CI	P value	
2 stent approach in bif.	2.05 (1.22-3.30)	0.0085	
Hemodialysis	2.04 (1.22-3.16)	0.009	
Emergency procedure	1.73 (0.97-2.82)	0.006	

Isshiki et al. J Cypher Registry, Summit 2007

Provisional SB Stenting is Now the Gold Standard !

Provisional Side Branch Stenting



Advantages

- ✓ Can be standardized
- ✓ Few tips and tricks
- \checkmark One stent in > 80% of cases
- ✓ Kissing balloon easy
- \checkmark Good efficacy and safety profile



Conclusion

Today the Gold standard technique in the treatment of bifurcation lesions with DES is provisional side branch stenting.

With a standardized approach, it is relatively simple and safe, and can be used in the vast majority of cases.

Conclusion

With this technique a second stent is needed in 5 to 25% of cases with acceptable SB angiographic results and excellent clinical outcome.

Conclusion

The instances when two stents are required (SB lesion lenght \geq 5 mm in large SB ?), and how they should be implanted are still a matter of debate.

When a two stents technique is needed, it can be safely done if the technique is optimal.



Thank You !