#### **Asian Pacific TCT**



## Syntax – Data synthesis and Clinical Recommendations



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On behalf of the SYNTAX investigators
12:35-13:05, 2009
Symposium Arena, Level 3, Asian Pacific TCT

#### Background



- At the time of the trial design (in 2003–2004), a retrospective website survey of 104 medical centers over a period of 3 months, showed that 12,072 patients (1/3 LM, 2/3 3VD) were revascularized by surgery (2/3) or by PCI (1/3).
- The SYNTAX randomized trial is an attempt to provide an evidence-base to determine whether this approach, which is already currently practiced, is valid.

## SYNTAX: *Intended* All–Comers Design SYNTAX with Nested Registries



- Intended all-comers study design instead of a highly selected patient population
- Consensus physician agreement (surgeon & cardiologist) instead of inclusion & exclusion criteria
- And, nested registries for CABG only and PCI only to define patient characteristics and outcomes of these two unique treatment options

#### Patient Profiling

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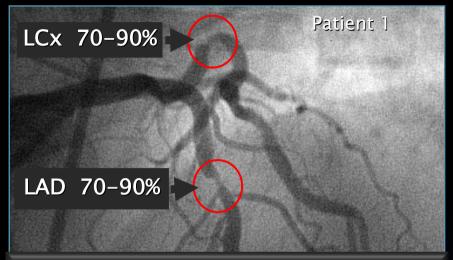
Local Heart team (surgeon & interventional cardiologist) assessed each patient in regards to:

- Patient's operative risk (EuroSCORE & Parsonnet score)
- Coronary lesion complexity (newly developed SYNTAX score)
- Goal: SYNTAX score to provide guidance on optimal revascularization strategies for patients with high-risk lesions

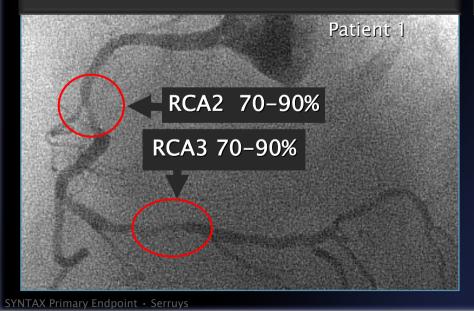
Number & **Dominance** ocation of lesions Left Main Calcification **SYNTAX** 3 Vessel Thrombus score Total Occlusion Bifurcation Fortuosity EuroInterv 2005;1:219-227

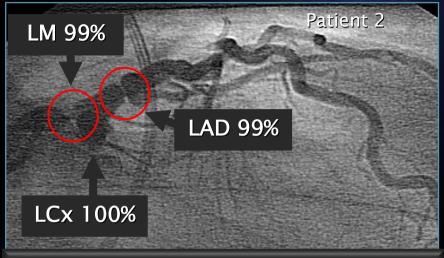
Sianos et al, EuroIntervention 2005;1:219-227 Valgimigli et al, Am J Cardiol 2007;99:1072-1081 Serruys et al, EuroIntervention 2007;3:450-459 BARI classification of coronary segments Leaman score, Circ 1981;63:285-299 Lesions classification ACC/AHA, Circ 2001;103:3019-3041 Bifurcation classification, CCI 2000;49:274-283 CTO classification, J Am Coll Cardiol 1997;30:649-656

## There is '3-vessel disease' and '3-vessel disease'

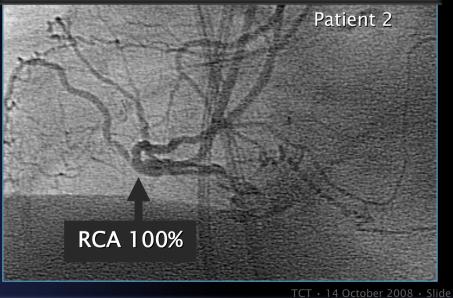


### **SYNTAX SCORE 21**





#### **SYNTAX SCORE 55**



#### SYNTAX Trial Patient Distribution

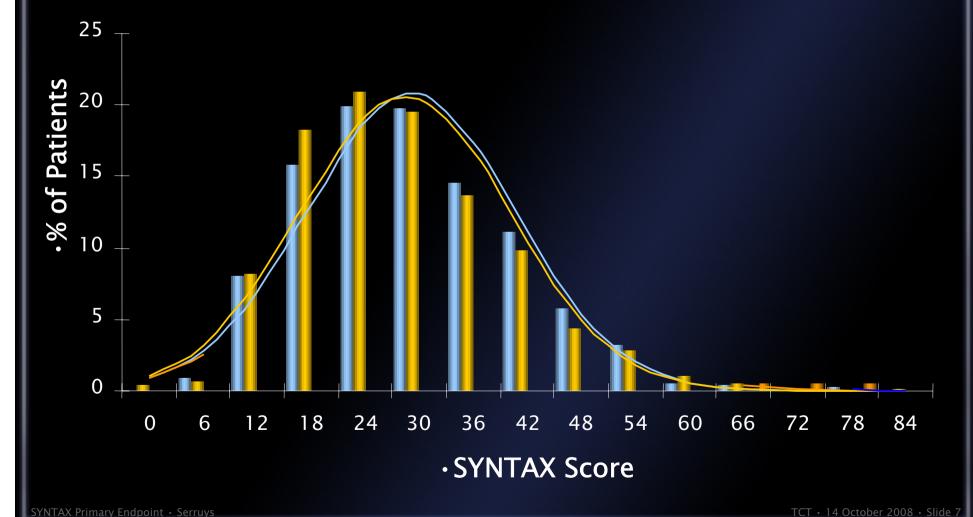


Enrolled
SYNTAX
trial patients
(N=3075)

## SYNTAX Score Distribution by Cohort and Treatment Group

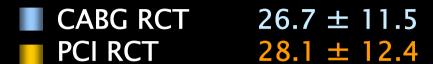
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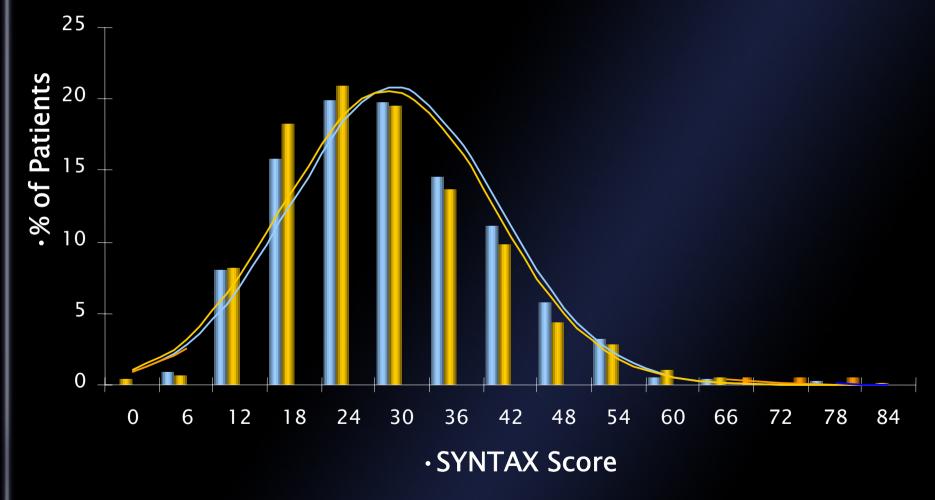




## SYNTAX Score Distribution by Cohort and Treatment Group

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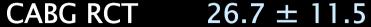
SYNTAX Primary Endpoint • Serruys



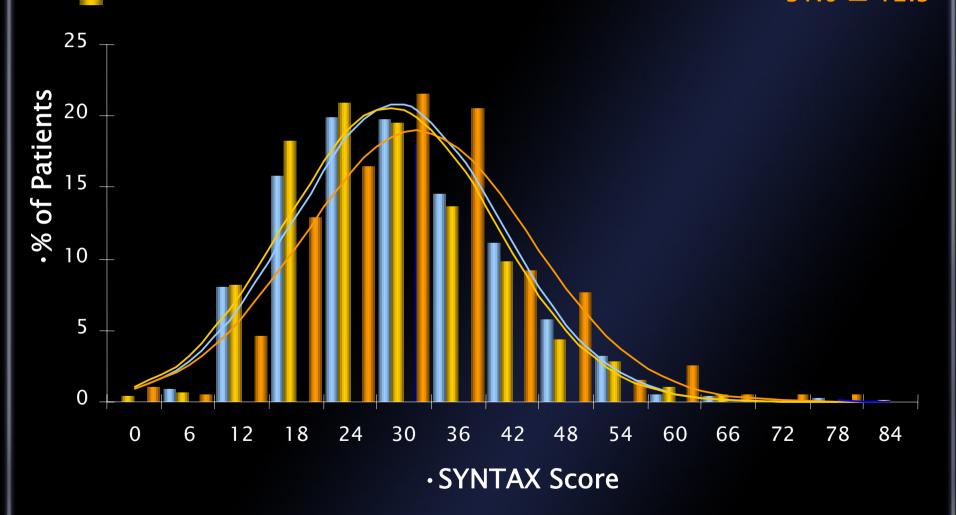




PCI RCT







YNTAX Primary Endpoint · Serruys

#### SYNTAX Score Distribution by Cohort and Treatment Group

Syntax



PCI RCT

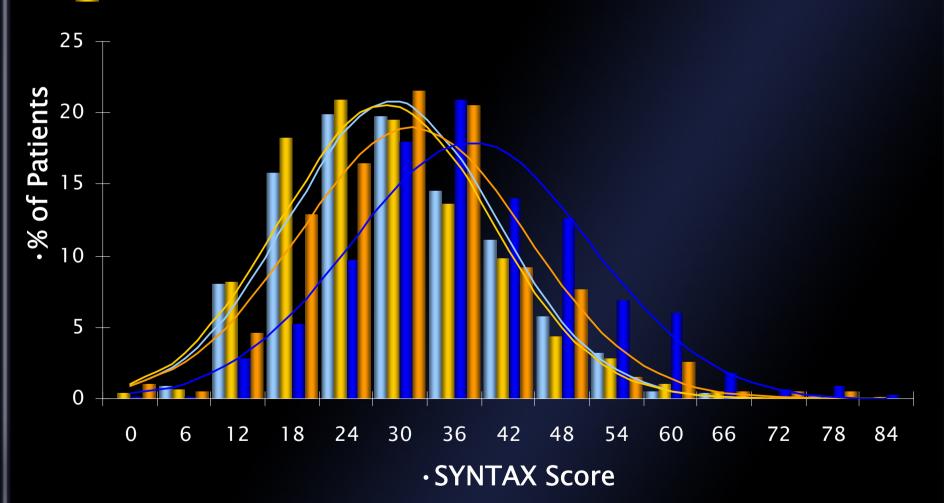
CABG RCT  $26.7 \pm 11.5$ 

 $28.1 \pm 12.4$ 

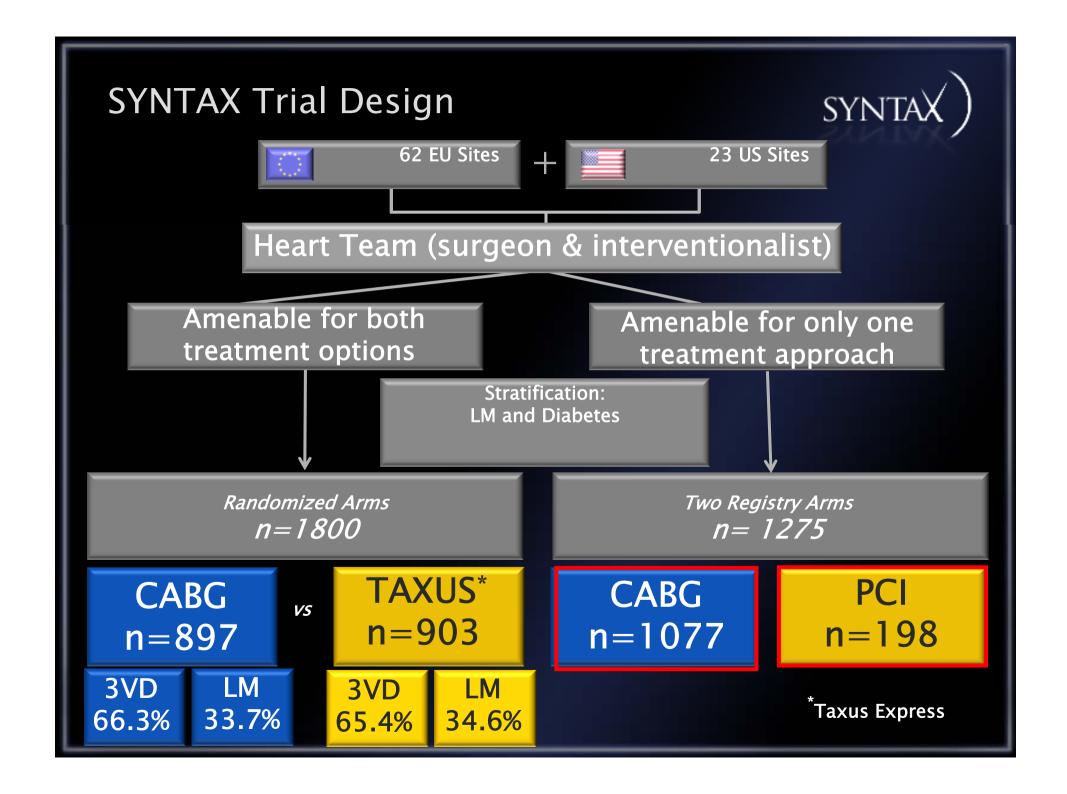
CABG REGISTRY  $35.5 \pm 13.7$ 

PCI REGISTRY

 $31.6 \pm 12.3$ 



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## Patient Characteristics (II)

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Notable Differences CABG RCT + Registry

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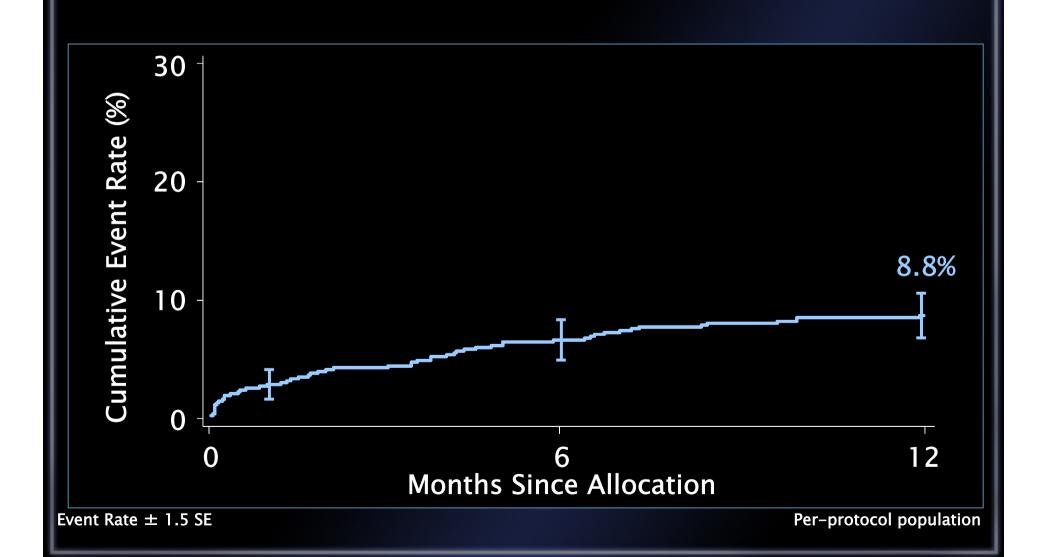
TCT · 14 October 2008 · Slide 12

Patient-based	CABG RCT* (n=897)	CABG Reg (n=644)
Total SYNTAX Score	$24.8 \pm 10.0$	35.5 ± 13.7
Diffuse disease or small vessels, %	21.0	31.8
Number of lesions, mean $\pm$ SD	$4.0 \pm 1.7$	4.8 ± 1.9
3VD only, %	61.2	52.5
Left main, any, %	38.8	47.5
Left Main only	5.5	1.6
Left Main + 1 vessel	7.9	5.4
Left Main + 2 vessel	11.8	10.4
Left Main + 3 vessel	13.6	30.1
Total occlusion, %	26.2	59.3
Bifurcation, %	64.5	64.6
Trifurcation, %	7.0	13.0

\*For descriptive purposes only; no statistical comparisons done

#### Overall MACCE to 12 Months CABG Registry





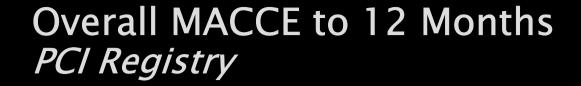
## syntaX **SYNTAX Trial Patient Distribution CABG** registry (N=1077)Randomized (N=1800)**PCI** registry (N=198)

## Patient Characteristics Notable Differences PCI RCT + Registry

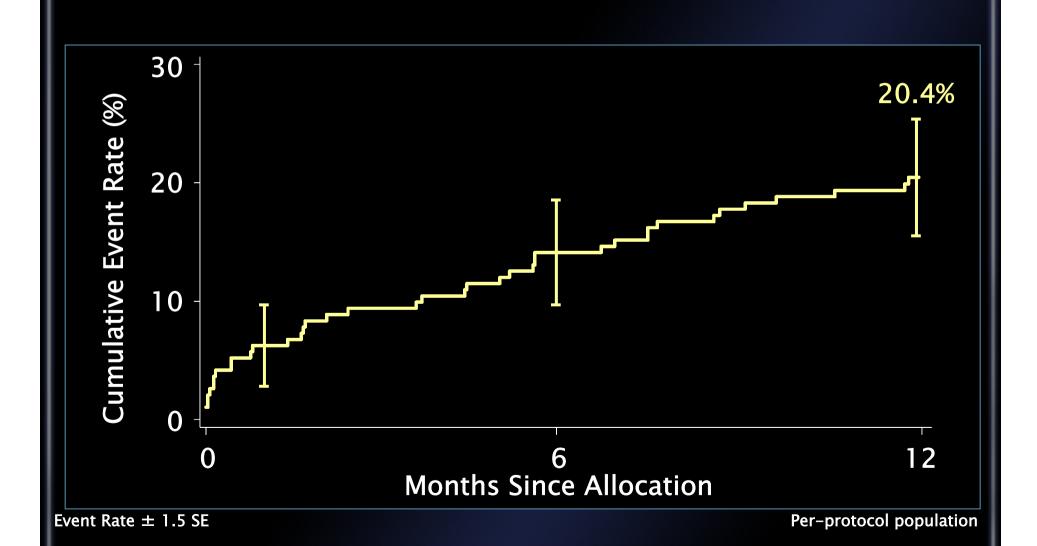


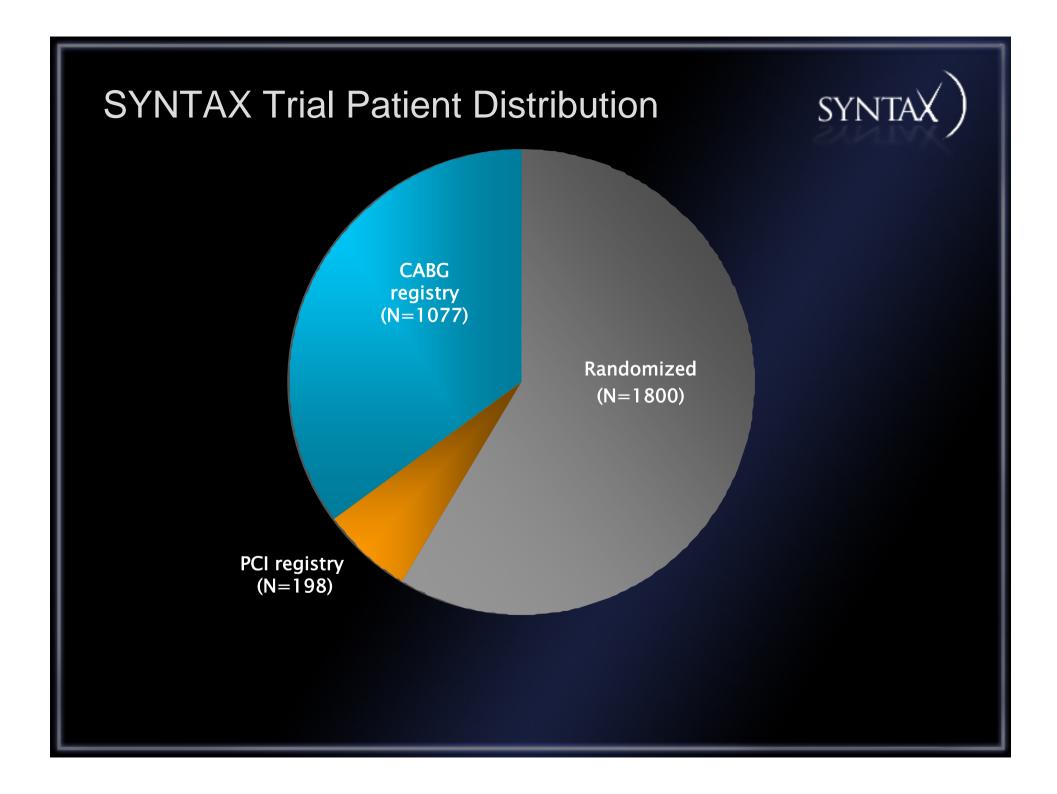
	TAXUS RCT n=903	PCI Reg n=192
Age, mean±SD (y)	65.2 ± 9.7	71.2 ± 10
Male, %	76.4	70.3
SYNTAX score	28.4 ± 11.5	31.6 ± 12.3
Diabetes, %	28.2	35.4
Hyperlipidemia, %	78.7	67.5
Current smoker, %	18.5	11.2
Prior MI, %	31.9	40.4
Unstable angina, %	28.9	38.0
Add. EuroSCORE, mean±SD	$3.8 \pm 2.6$	$5.8 \pm 3.1$
Total Parsonnet score, mean±SD	8.5 ± 7.0	14.4 ± 9.5

 <sup>\*</sup>For descriptive purposes only; no statistical comparisons done









Patient Characteristics (II)

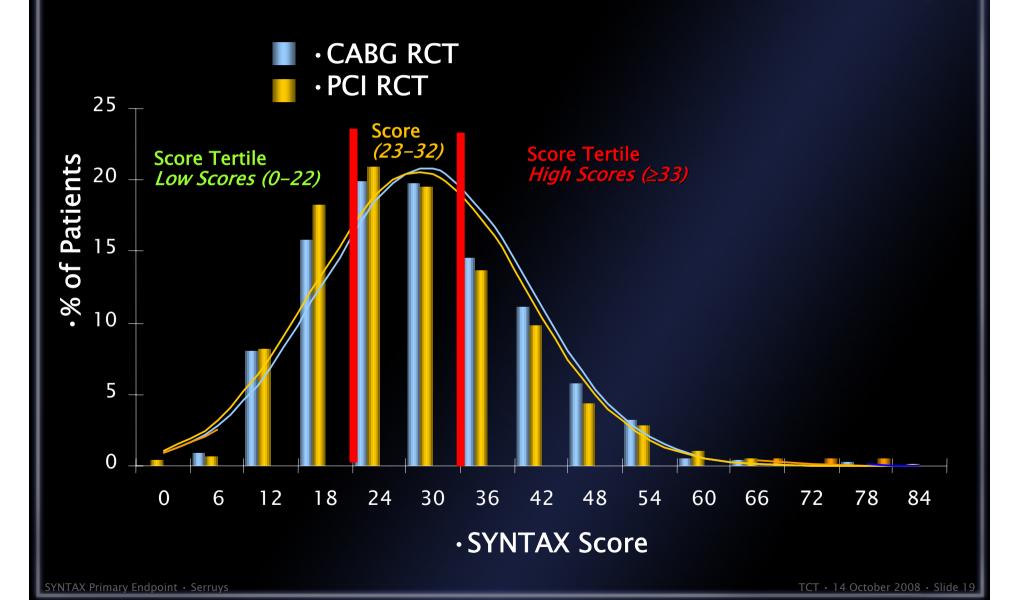
Randomized Cohort

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Patient-based	CABG N=897	TAXUS N=903	<i>P</i> value
Total SYNTAX Score	29.1 ± 11.4	28.4 ± 11.5	0.19
Diffuse disease or small vessels, %	10.7	11.3	0.69
No. lesions, mean ± SD	4.4 ± 1.8	4.3 ± 1.8	0.44
3VD only, %	66.3	65.4	0.70
Left main, any, %	33.7	34.6	0.70
Left Main only	3.1	3.8	0.46
Left Main + 1 vessel	5.1	5.4	0.78
Left Main + 2 vessel	12.0	11.5	0.72
Left Main + 3 vessel	13.5	13.9	0.78
Total occlusion, %	22.2	24.2	0.33
Bifurcation, %	73.3	72.4	0.67
Trifurcation, %	10.6	10.7	0.92

## SYNTAX Score Distribution by Cohort and Treatment Group



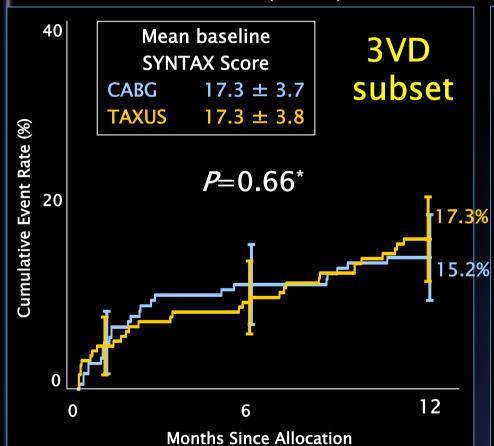


#### MACCE to 12 Months by SYNTAX Score Tertile Low Scores (0-22)



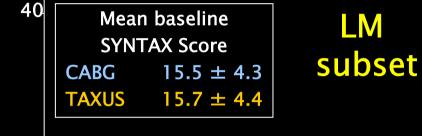


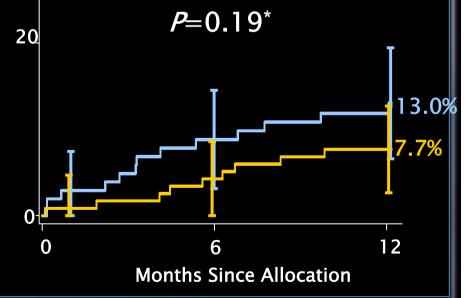




CABG (N=103)







Calculated by core laboratory; ITT population

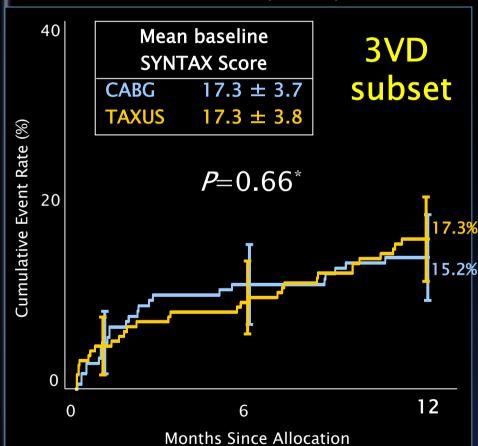
Event rate  $\pm$  1.5 SE, \*Fisher exact test

## MACCE to 12 Months by SYNTAX Score Tertile *Low Scores* (0–22)









	CABG	PCI	P- value
Death	4.3%	2.8%	0.44
CVA	1.9%	0.6%	0.35
MI	4.2%	3.3%	0.63
Death, CVA or MI	8.5%	5.6%	0.26
Revasc.	6.9%	14.1%	0.03

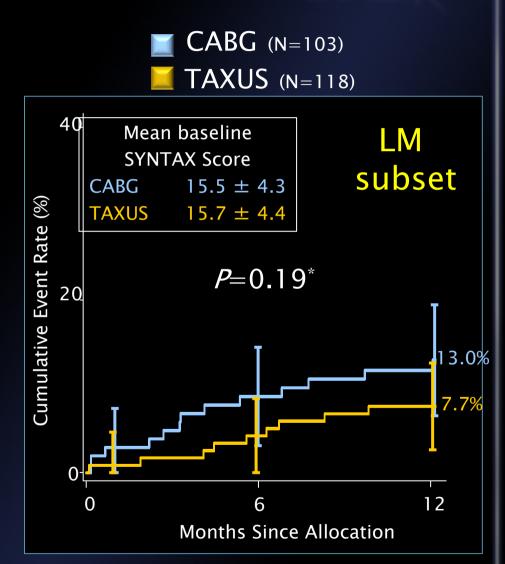
Calculated by core laboratory; ITT population

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## MACCE to 12 Months by SYNTAX Score Tertile *Low Scores* (0–22)



	CABG	PCI	P- value
Death	3.0	0.9	0.15
CVA	2.0	0.0	0.21
MI	2.0	1.7	1.0
Death, CVA or MI	6.1	1.7	0.15
Revasc.	8.1	7.7	0.22



Event rate ± 1.5 SE, \*Fisher exact test

Calculated by core laboratory; ITT population

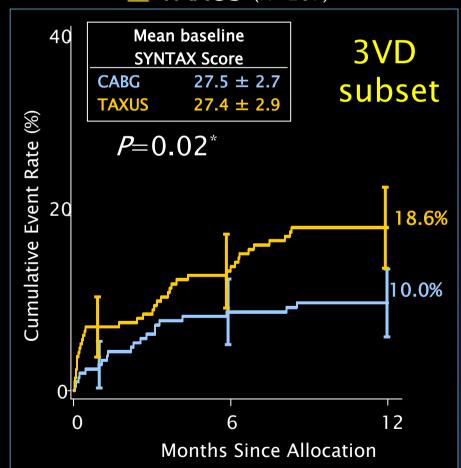
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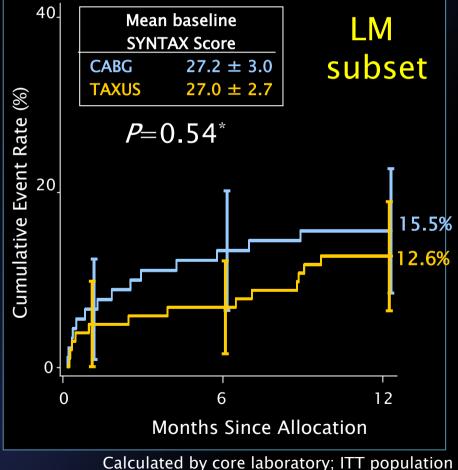
Intermediate Scores (23-32)

CABG (N=208)

TAXUS (N=207)







Event Rate ± 1.5 SE, \*Fisher exact test

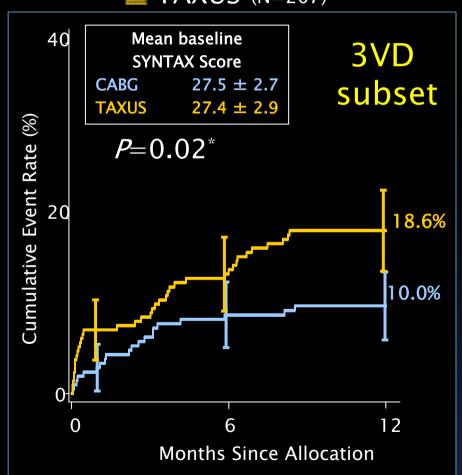
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Intermediate Scores (23-32)

**CABG** (N=208)

**TAXUS** (N=207)



	CABG	PCI	P- value
Death	3.0%	4.4%	0.48
CVA	2.5%	1.5%	0.50
MI	2.0%	5.8%	0.05
Death, CVA or MI	6.5%	8.7%	0.41
Revasc.	4.6%	13.5%	0.003

Event Rate ± 1.5 SE, \*Fisher exact test

Calculated by core laboratory; ITT population

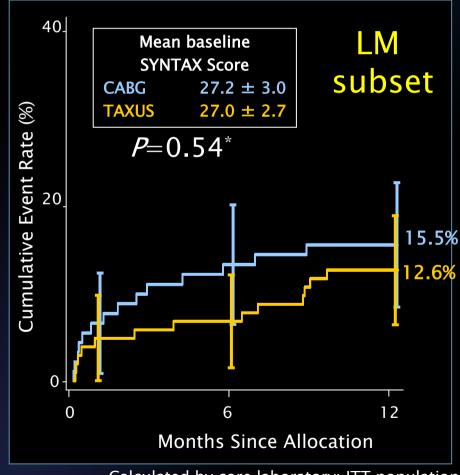
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Intermediate Scores (23-32)

	CABG	PCI	P- value
Death	6.7	1.0	0.051
CVA	2.2	0.0	0.21
MI	3.4	2.9	1.0
Death, CVA or MI	10.1	3.9	0.09
Revasc.	7.9	9.7	0.65

■ CABG (N=92)■ TAXUS (N=195)



Event Rate ± 1.5 SE, \*Fisher exact test

Calculated by core laboratory; ITT population

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SYNTAX

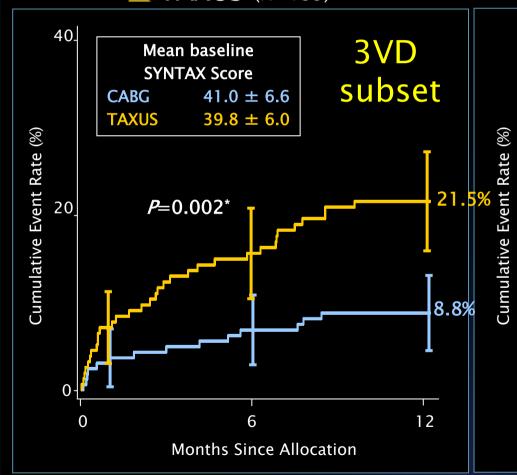
High Scores (≥33)

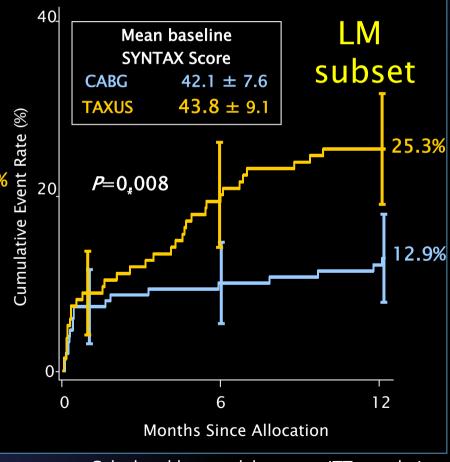
**■ CABG** (N=150)

**TAXUS** (N=135)



 $\coprod$  TAXUS (N=155)





Event Rate ± 1.5 SE, \*Fisher exact test

Calculated by core laboratory; ITT population

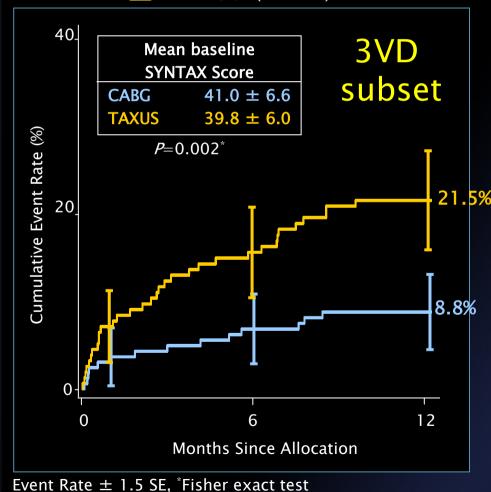
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High Scores (≥33)

**CABG** (N=150)

**TAXUS** (N=135)



	CABG	PCI	P- value
Death	1.2%	6.5%	0.02
CVA	1.2%	0.0%	0.50
MI	1.9%	6.5%	0.04
Death, CVA or MI	4.3%	9.7%	0.07
Revasc.	5.1%	16.6%	0.001

Calculated by core laboratory; ITT population

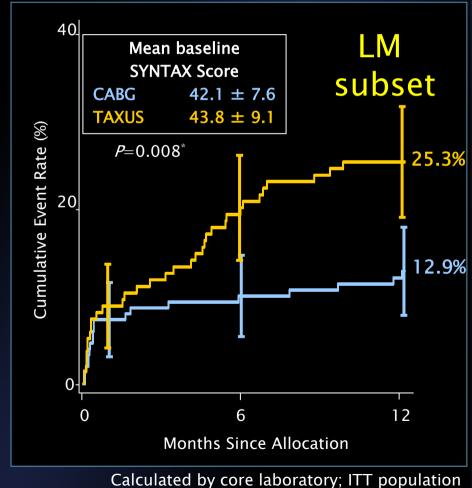
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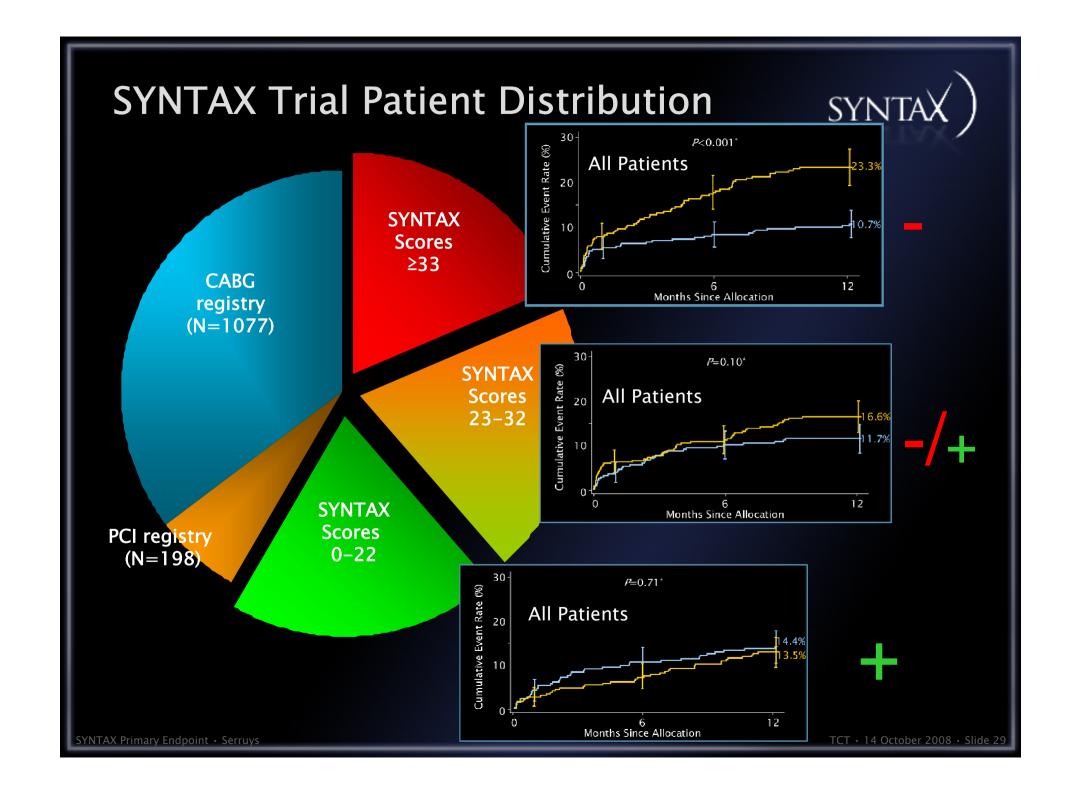
High Scores (≥33)

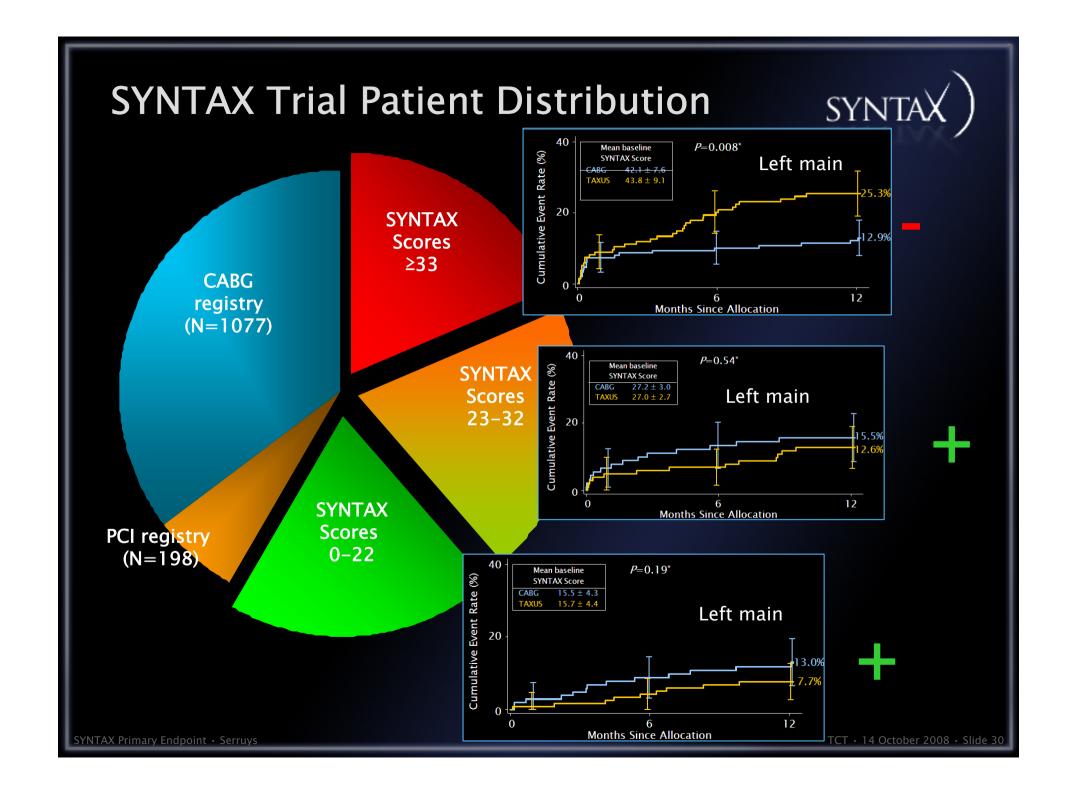
	CABG	PCI	P- value
Death	4.1	9.7	0.06
CVA	3.4	0.7	0.69
MI	6.1	7.5	0.65
Death, CVA or MI	10.9	14.2	0.41
Revasc.	4.8	17.2	<0.01

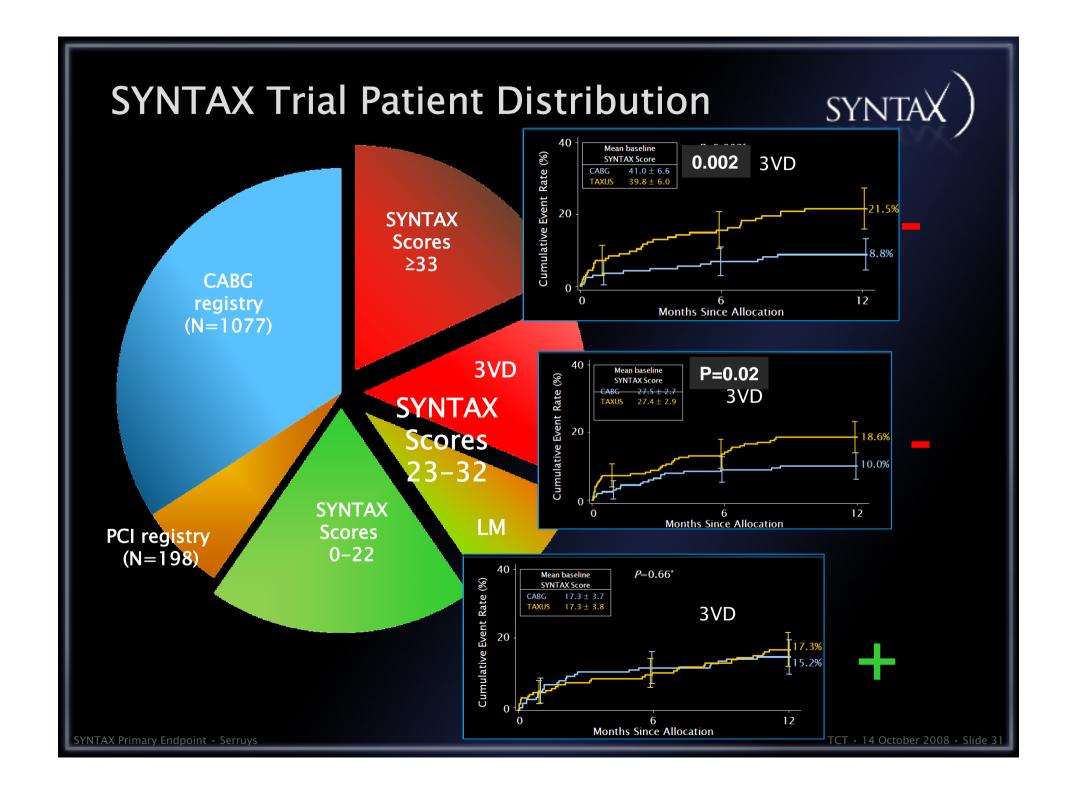


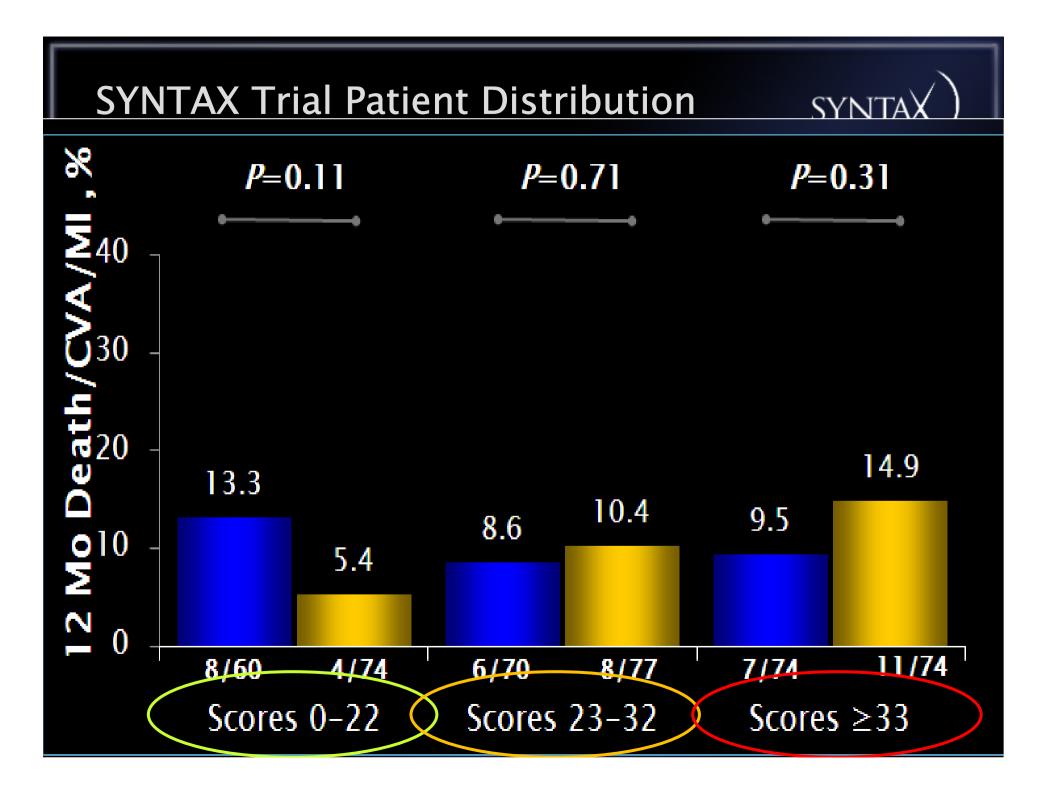


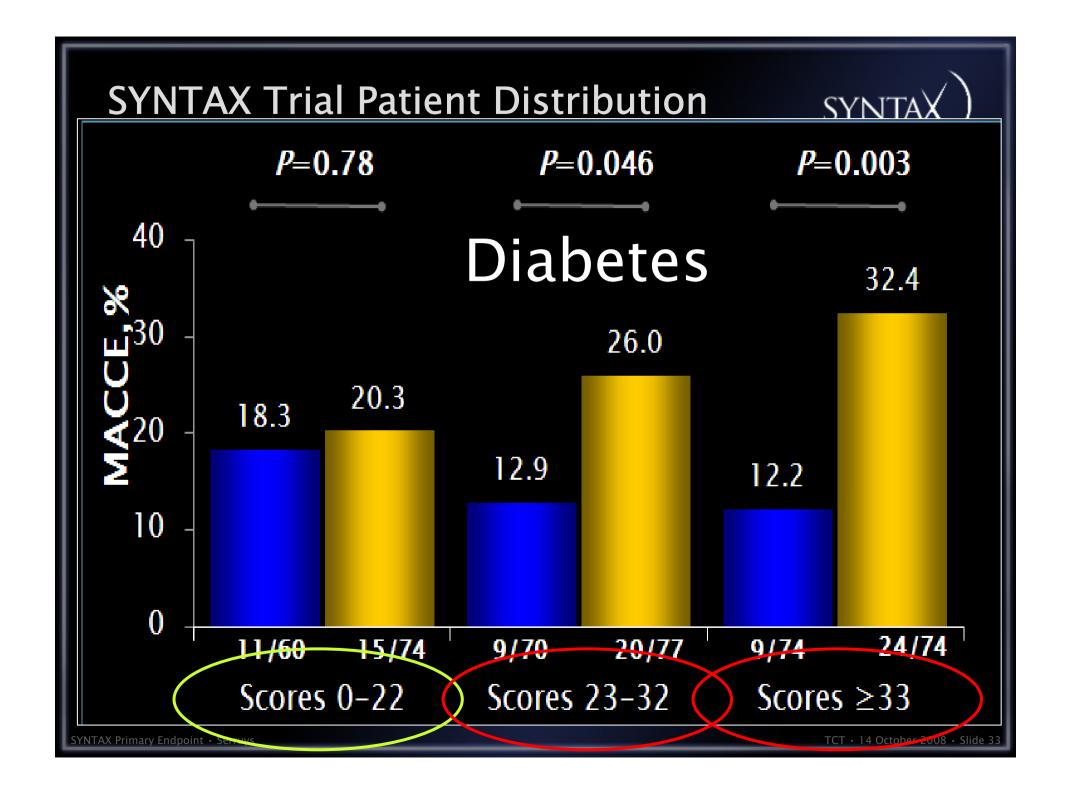
Event Rate ± 1.5 SE, \*Fisher exact test











#### Conclusion



Patients with 3-vessel and/or left main disease

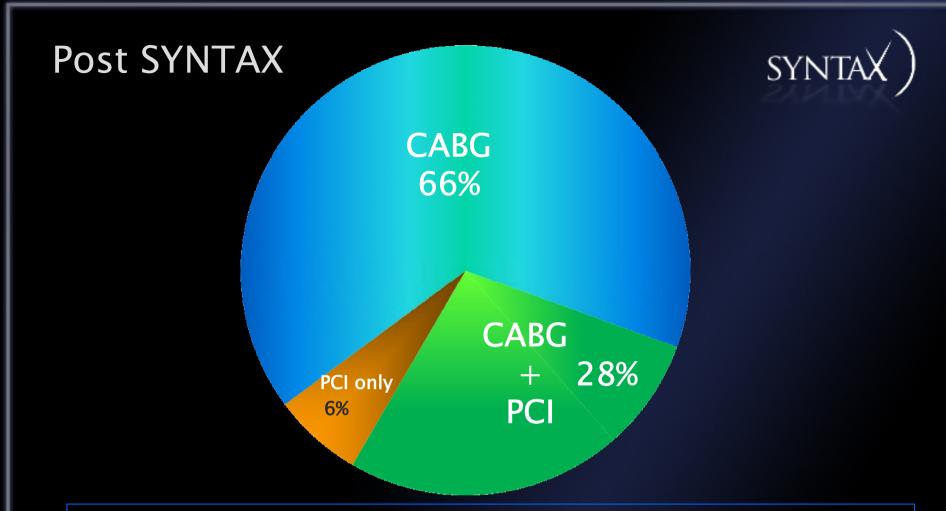
#### Diabetes

Oral

Both diabetic status and lesion complexity impact the relative safety between CABG and TAXUS Express stents and should be considered when evaluating treatment options in patients with left main and/or 3-vessel disease

# Lesion Complexity

Diabetic	Meds	Insulin
CABG	CABG	CABG
TAXUS or CABG	TAXUS or CABG	CABG
TAXUS or CABG	TAXUS or CABG	CABG



Results of the SYNTAX trial suggest that 66 % of all patients are still best treated with CABG, however, for the remaining patients PCI is an excellent alternative to surgery at least for one year

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#### Conclusions



- Using as criteria, a non-significant difference in MACCE, we may state:
- Results of the SYNTAX trial suggest that 66% of all patients are still best treated with CABG, however, for the remaining patients PCI (Syntax Score 0-22) is an excellent alternative to surgery in multivessel disease, in left main disease and in diabetic patients...at least for a period of one year F/up
- Left main disease, non-diabetic with score of 23-32 could also be treated by PCI.