FFR Case of bifurcation & Left Main Lesion



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Clinical outcome of Intermediate Left main Stenosis



JW Bech et al Heart 2001



Is side branch intervention needed?

	Post - PCI	6 Mo Follow - up
Main branch	0.96 ± 0.04	0.96 ± 0.04
Jailed SB	0.87 ± 0.06	0.87 ± 0.09

No "FFR late loss " at 6 months

Bon-Kwon Koo, Eur Heart J 2007, in press



Is side branch intervention needed?

1. The angio cut - off value for (jailed) side branches is 75% DS

2. 70% of the SB are hemodynamically OK after stenting of the MB

3. No "FFR late loss " at 6 months whether or not kissing is performed...

Side Branches: much ado about nothing

Bon-Kwon Koo, Eur Heart J 2007, in press



Patient 60/M

Chief Complaint Chest discomfort – 1

Present illness

- 1. Hypertension
- 2. alcohol Hx 2-3 1 /
- 3. Smoking Hx current smocker 30PY/day





[CONCLUSION]

- 1. Intracoronary stent state at proximal RCA with suspicious in stent low density, R/O instent intimal hyperplasia. DDx. beam hardening artefact.
- 2. Multifocal, discrete, calcified or soft plaques along proximal & middle LAD with moderate stenosis.
- 3. Moderate to severe stenosis at middle LCX without calcified plaque.







LAO Coudal(Spider view)



RAO Cranial





RAO Coudal

RCA LAO View





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pLAD; IVUS - MLA 2.99

Plaque burden - 71.8 %







LAO Coudal(Spider view)

LAD ostium 2.5mm - 15mm ballooning







LAO Coudal(Spider view)

LAD ostium 3.0mm - 28mm xience Stent insertion



1 years follow up







Proximal LCX FFR = 0.66









3.5mm - 18mm xience Stent insertion Left main ~ Proximal LCX Cross - over stent





Kissing balloon 3.0 - 15 balloon (LM~LAD) & 3.5 - 18 balloon (LM~LCX)







Int J Angiol. 2012 Mar;21(1):59-62. doi: 10.1055/s-0032-1306419.

A novel technique in the use of fractional flow reserve in coronary artery bifurcation lesions.

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Result

This technique was successfully performed in 10 patients with difficult SB anatomy. In comparison to the conventional technique, the new technique had a higher success rate and shorter procedural time.

Limitation

This technique may add the extra cost of an additional guidewire and microcatheter Otherwise, the pressure wire can be normalized inside the guiding catheter before reinserting into the microcatheter, which is not the ideal FFR measurement.



Patient 58/F

Chief Complaint Dyspnea on exertional

exertional chest

pain with dyspnea

Present illness

1. Stable angina : 2004 .11 ->PCI for pLAD to mLAD





LCA No ISR Normal coronary artery RCA anormalous origin of RCA





RCA anormalous origin of RCA















3.5mm - 38mm pRCA Stent insertion





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