

From the first generation to the second generation of biodegradable polymer DES

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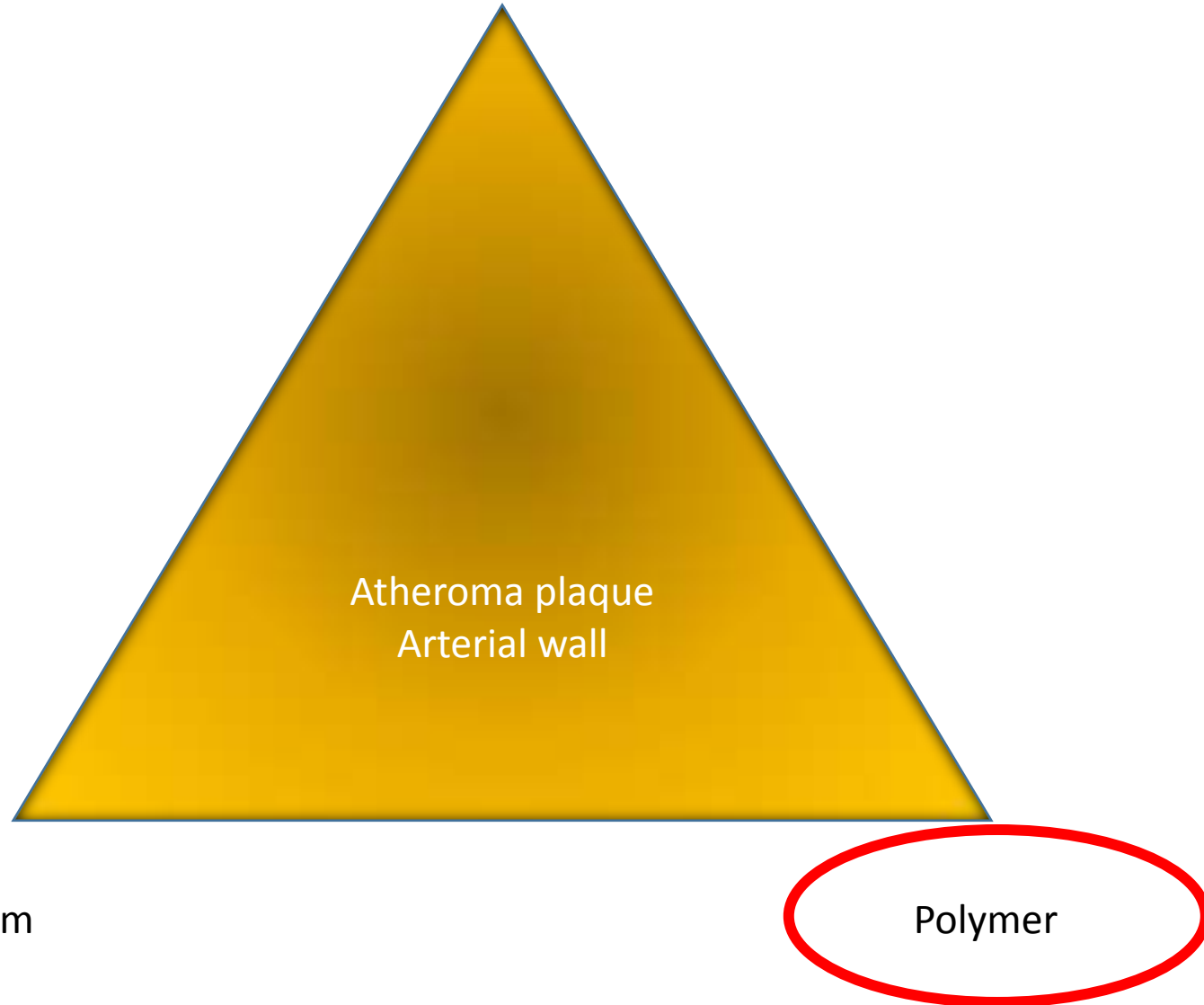
In the last five years , I received research grants or speaker fees or I am/was consultant for: Abbott Vascular, Asahi, Astra Zeneca, AVI, Boston Scientific, Biotronik, Colibri, Cook, Cordis, Daichi-Sankyo, Eli-Lilly, Iroko, Medtronic, Terumo. I am currently minor shareholder & general manager of CERC (CRO)

Drug

Atheroma plaque
Arterial wall

Metallic platform

Polymer



First generation DES: Polymer limitations

- Fragile: uneven drug distribution
 - Focal restenosis
- Unconsistent drug kinetic release
 - Diffuse restenosis
- Systemic diffusion/prolonged elution
 - Delayed endothelialisation
- Chronic inflammation
- Hypersensitivity
 - LST/VLST

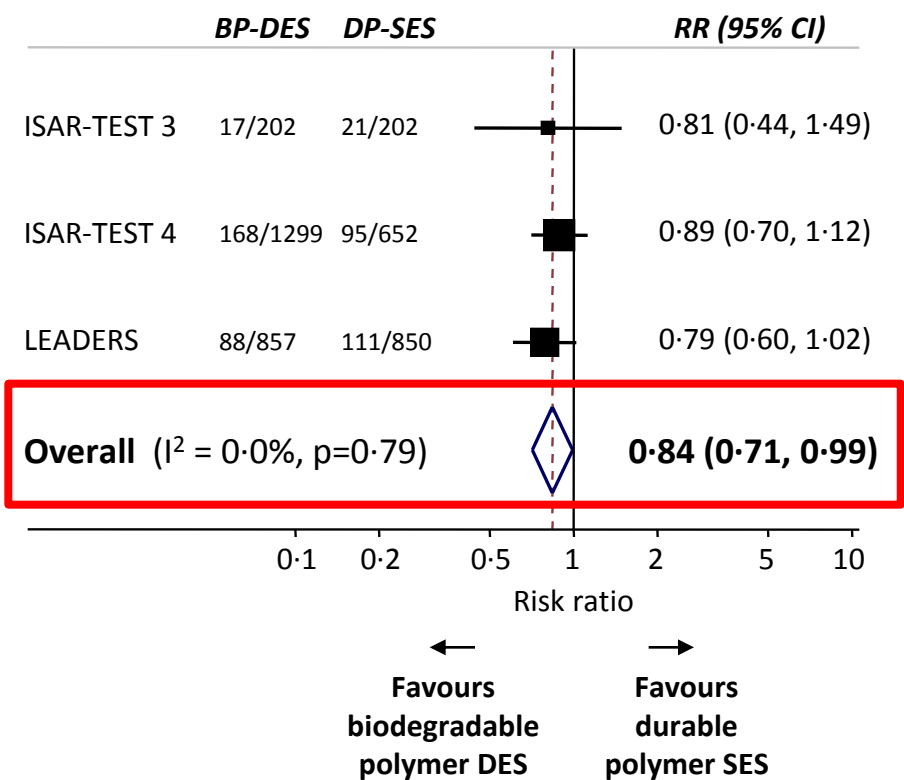
Less polymer!

- Neutral durable polymer
 - **Thin layer** (Xience*, Resolute*) 0.13 /0.22
- Biobasorbable polymer
 - **Abluminal layer** (Nobori*, Biomatrix*) 0.13

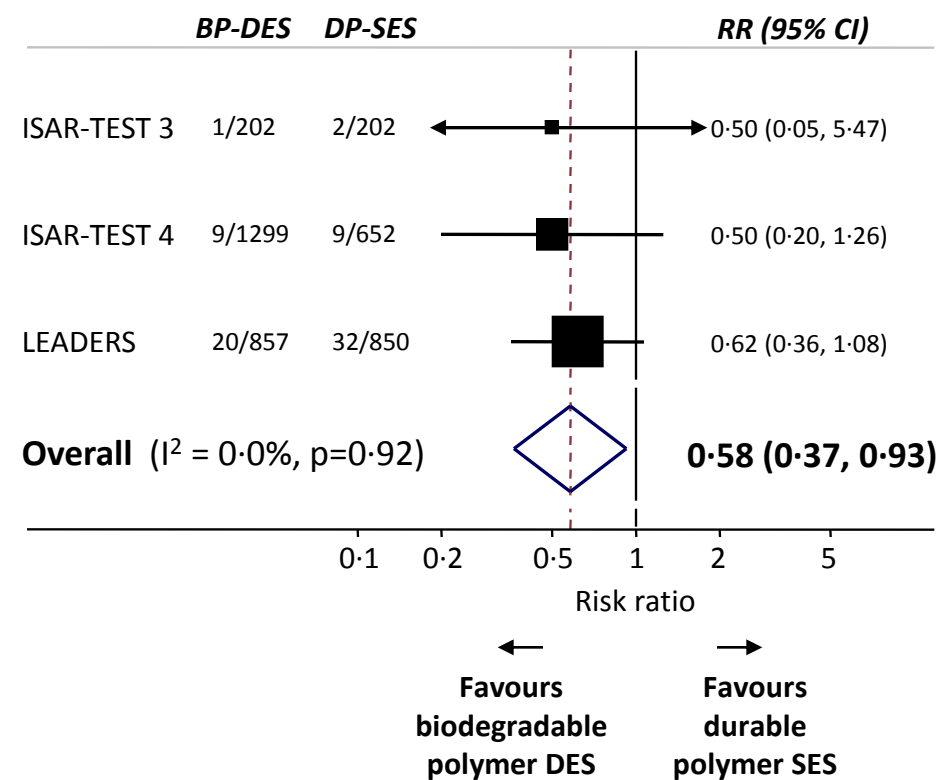
Bioabsorbable polymer eluting stent vs 1st generation DES

Efficacy and Safety with Biodegradable Polymer DES versus Durable Polymer Sirolimus-Eluting Stent During Long-Term Follow-up

TLR

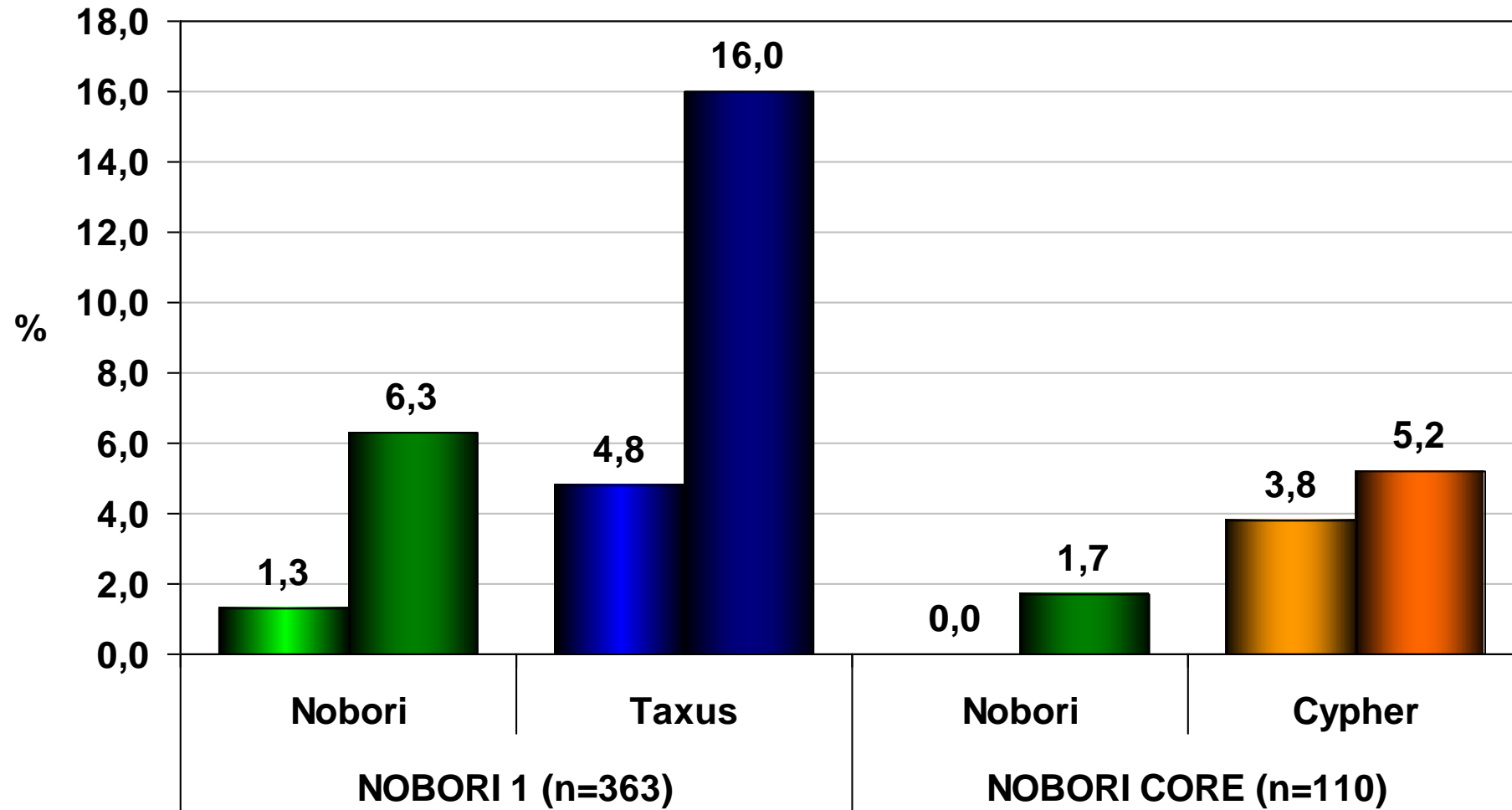


Definite ST



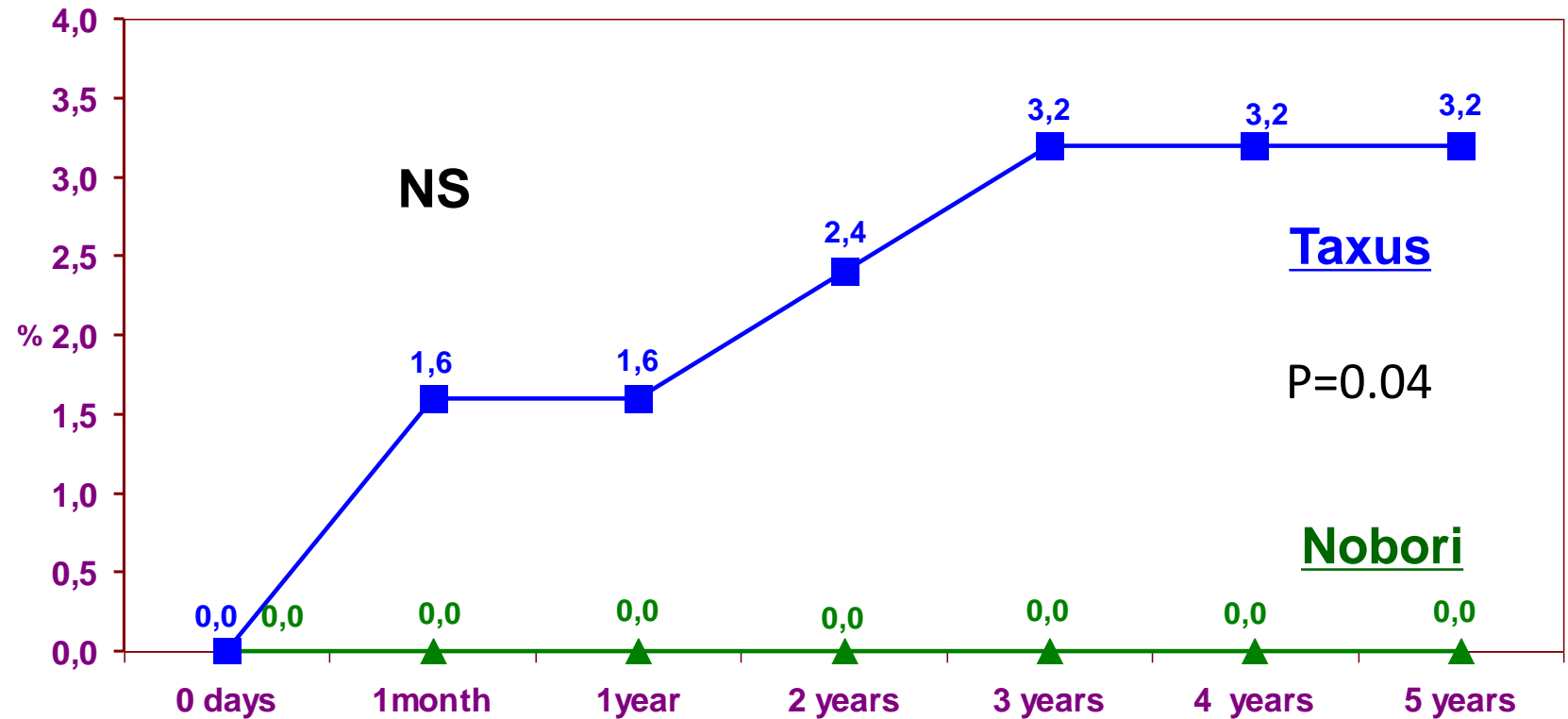
Nobori DES Efficacy

TLR at 5-Year in NOBORI Pivotal Trials



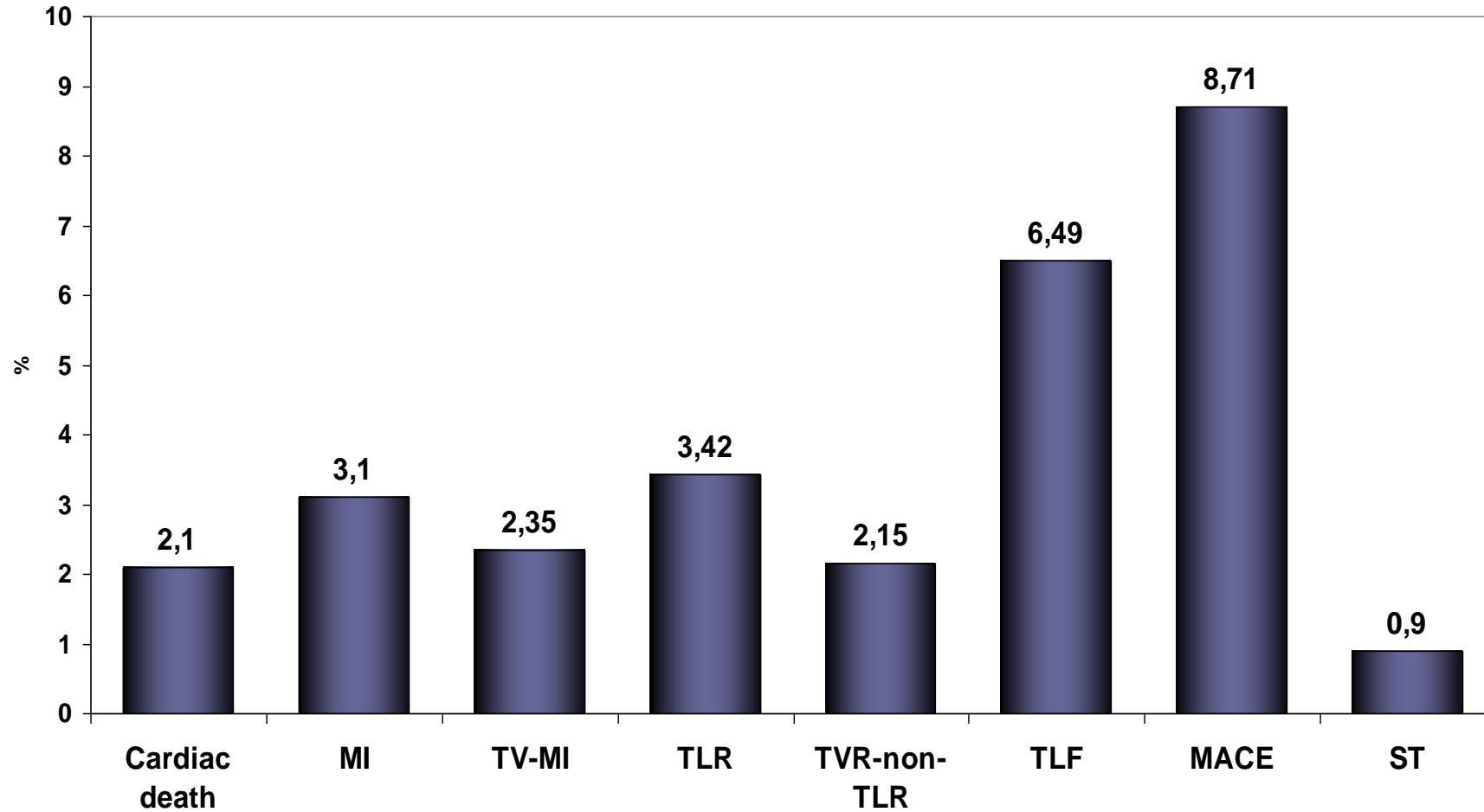
Long term safety

NOBORI 1 – Stent Thrombosis @ 5 Years



ST= Definite and probable (ARC)

NOBORI II – 3-Year Results



LEADERS

MACE



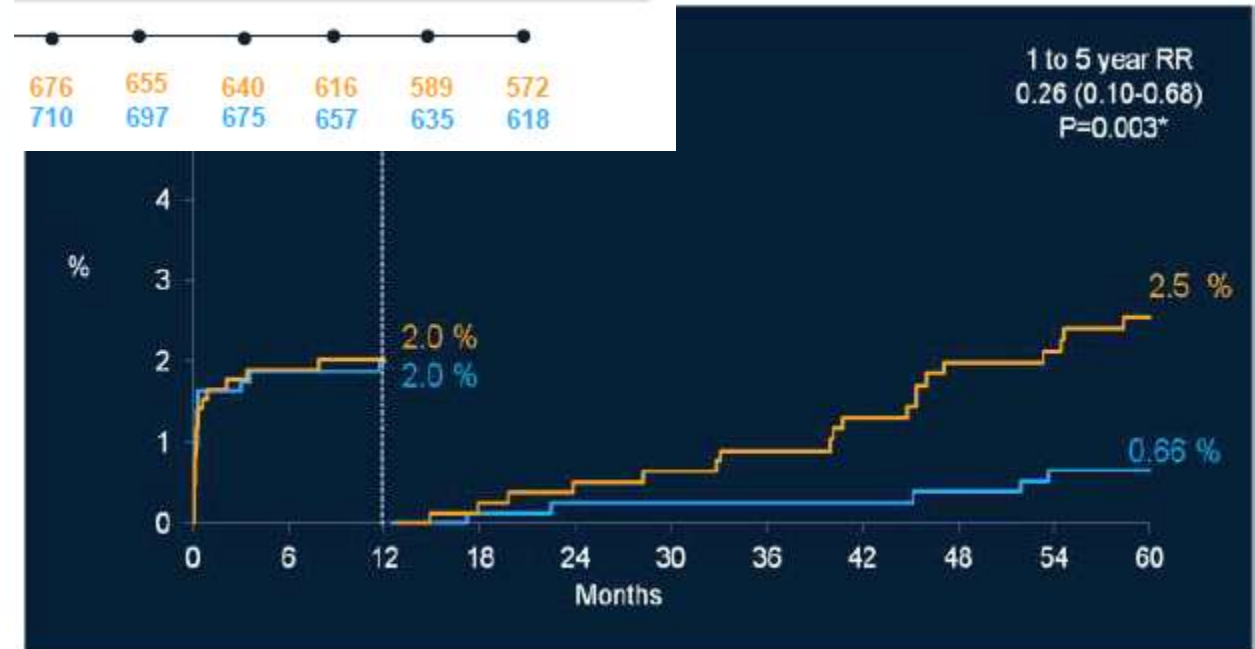
TVR



NUMBERS at RISK

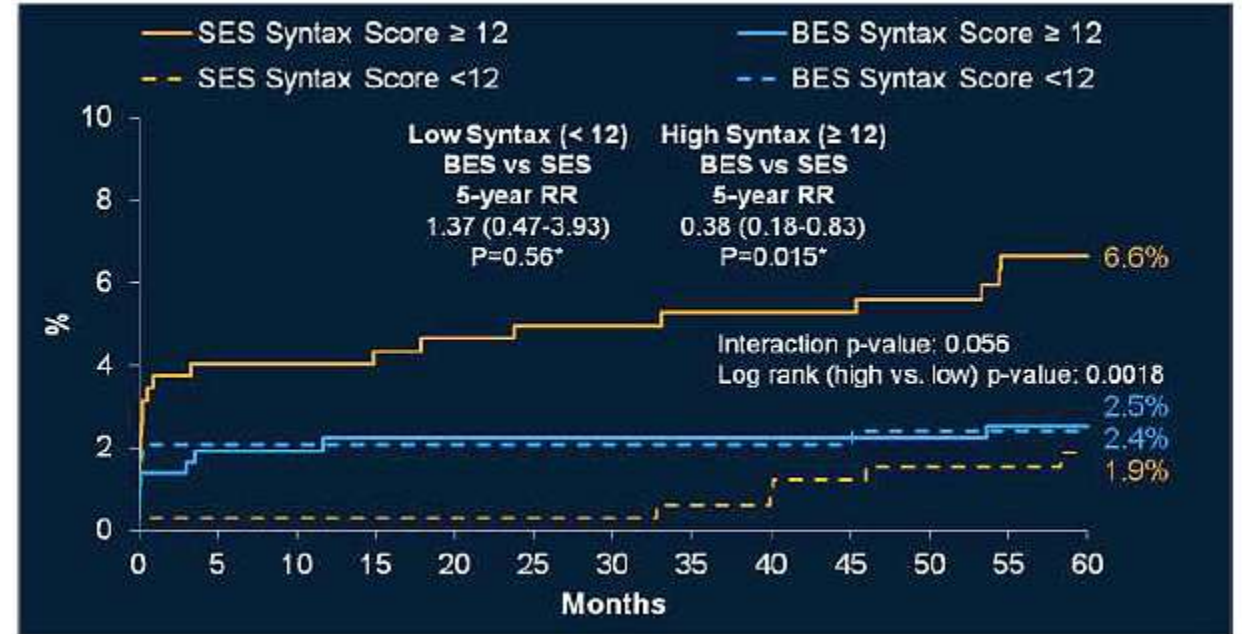
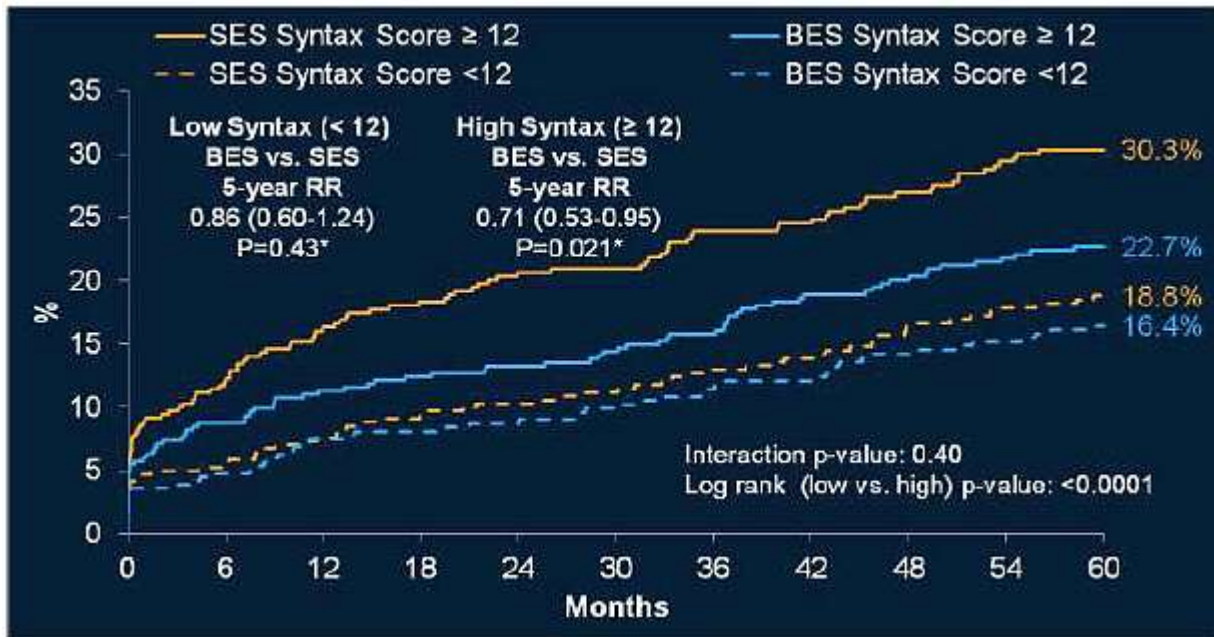
Time Point	0	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
SES	850	797	760	741	727	704	685	668	646	620	600
BES	857	809	776	758	748	736	725	706	687	668	650

ST



NUMBERS at RISK

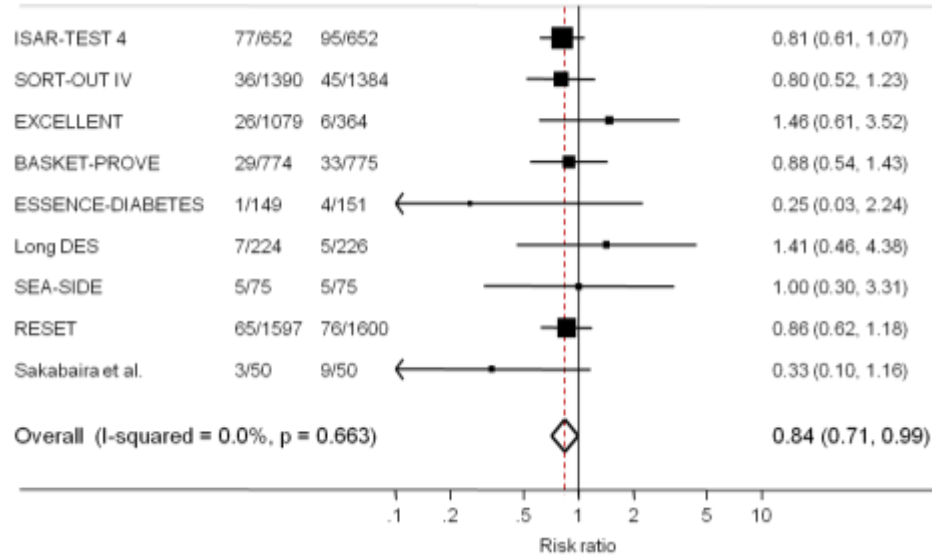
Time Point	0	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
SES	676	655	640	616	589	572					
BES	710	697	675	657	635	618					



Bioabsorbable polymer eluting stent vs 2nd
generation of durable polymer DES

Everolimus-Eluting Versus Sirolimus-Eluting Durable Polymer Stents

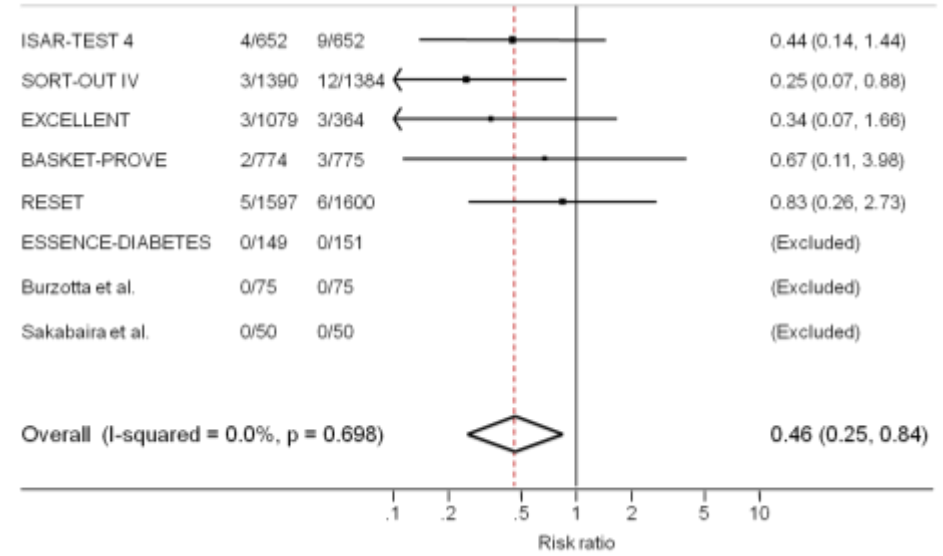
Target Lesion Revasc



Favors EES

Favors SES

Definite ST

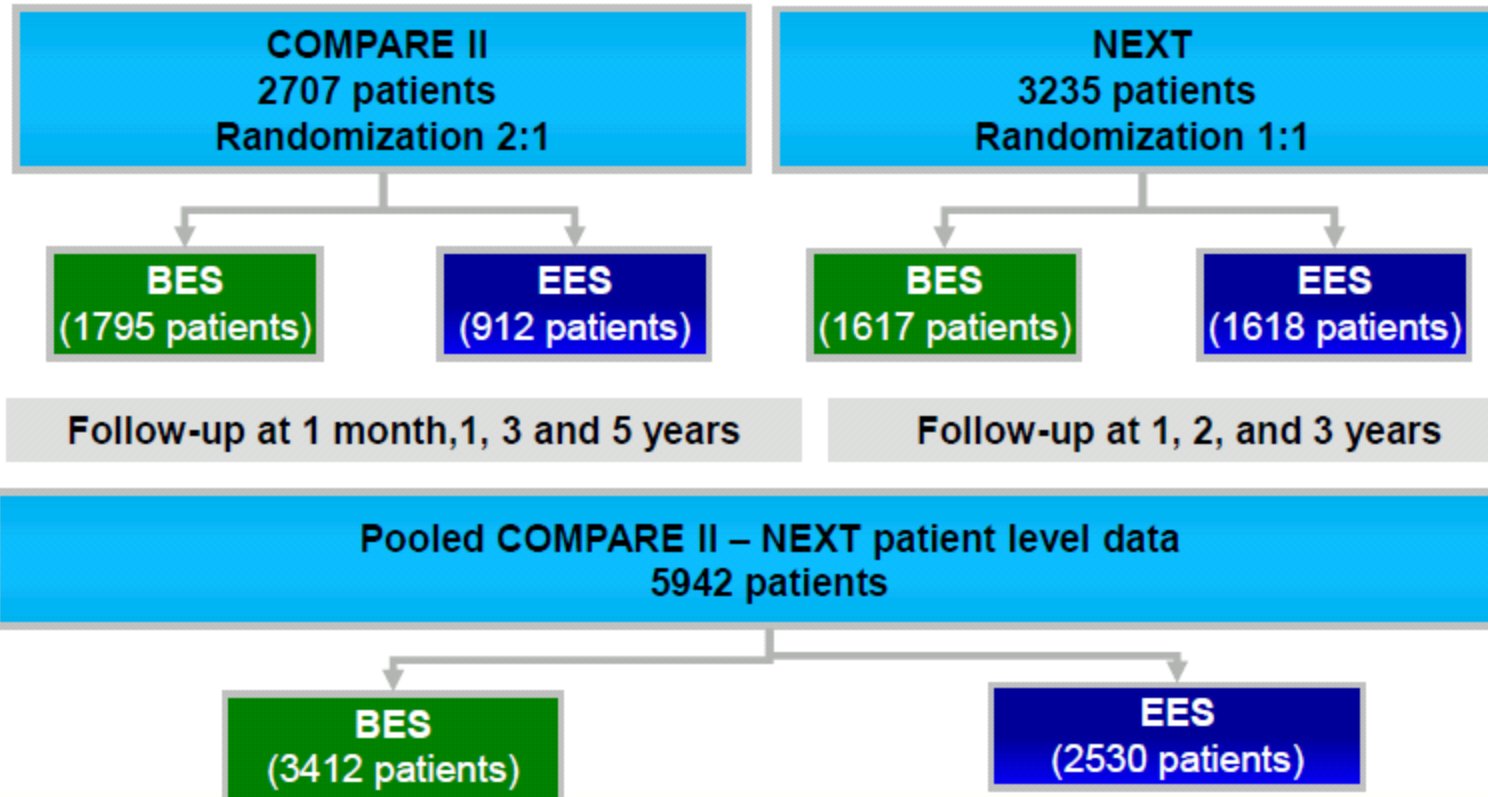


Favors EES

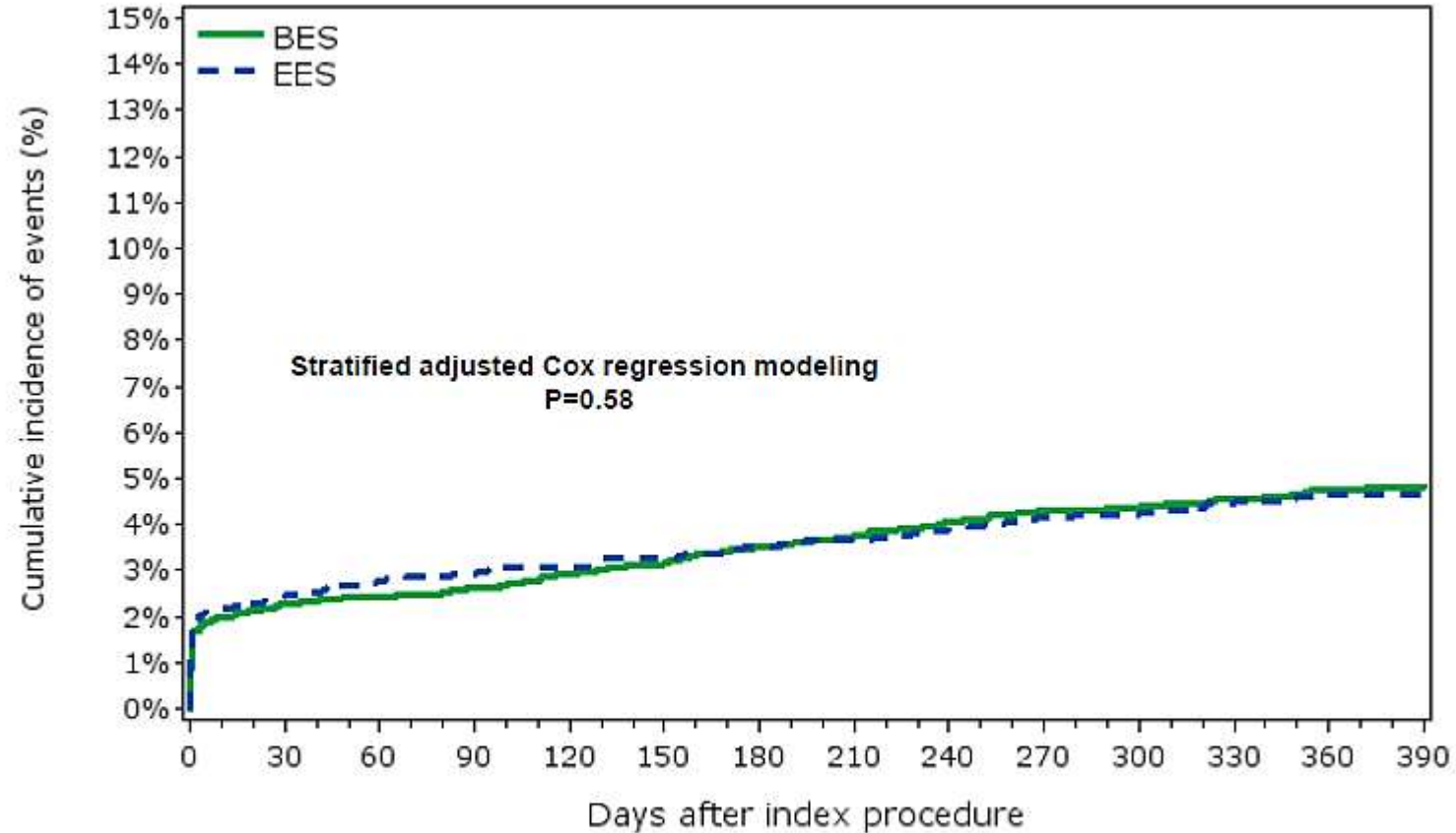
Favors SES

Meta-Analysis N = 11,167

Multicenter, randomized, non-inferiority investigator initiated trials
Biolimus-eluting (BES) vs Everolimus-eluting (EES) stents
All-comer design



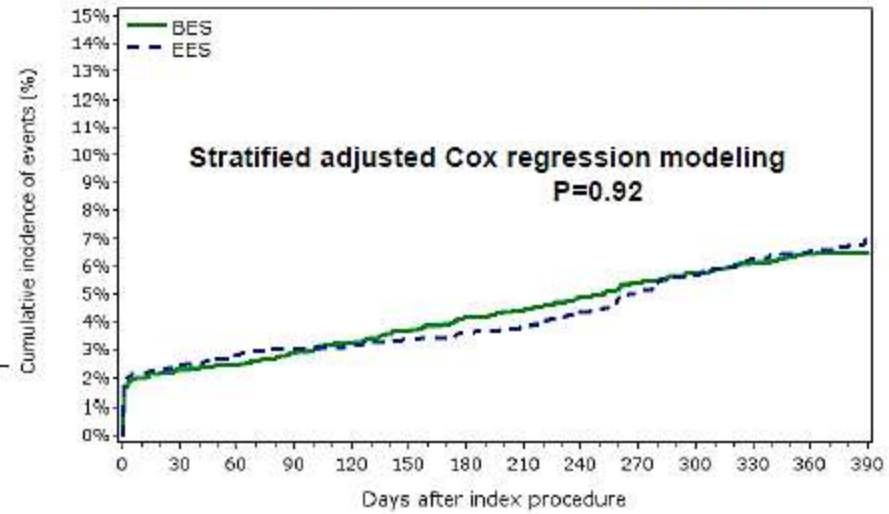
Death & MI @ 1 year



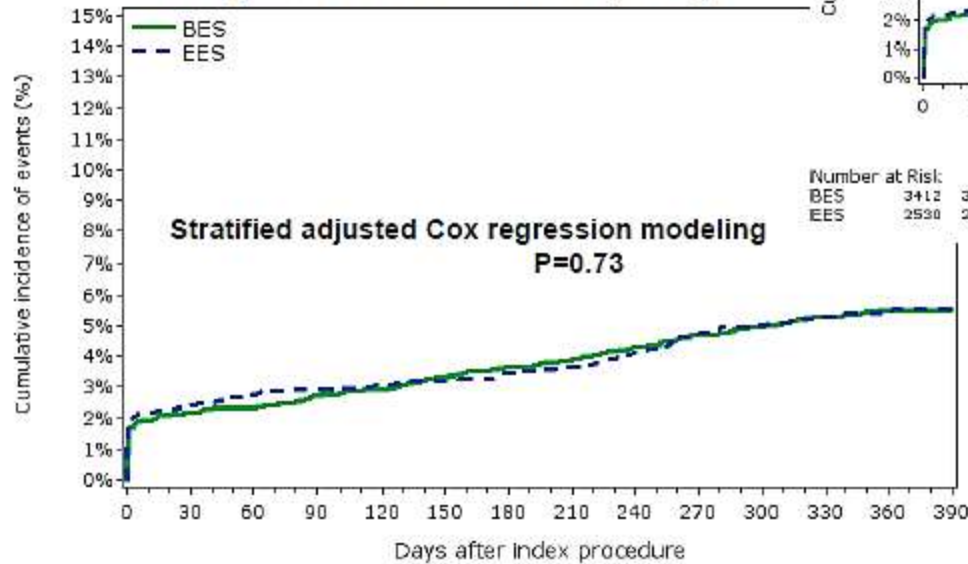
Number at Risk	
BES	3412 3323 3311 3303 3292 3285 3272 3262 3249 3241 3237 3230 3220 1709
EES	2530 2462 2448 2444 2437 2431 2424 2419 2414 2406 2403 2395 2387 872

Log-rank p=0.8334

Target Vessel Failure (TVF)



Target Lesion Failure (TLF)



Number at Risk:

BES	3412	3322	3308	3291	3277	3262	3243	3230	3200	3183	3168	3146	3129	1695
EES	2530	2463	2446	2440	2431	2421	2412	2404	2387	2353	2331	2313	2301	863

log-rank: p=0.6304

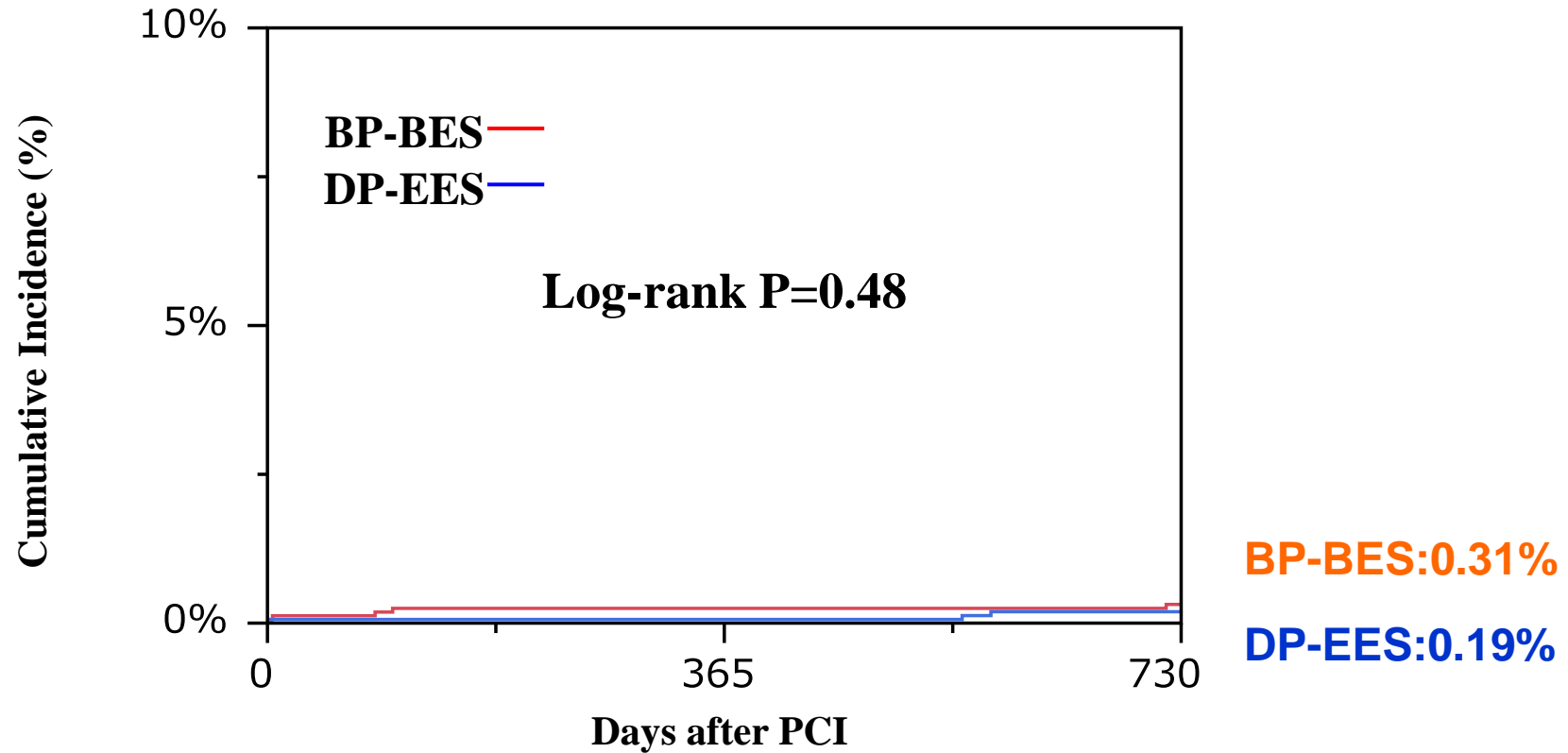
Number at Risk:

BES	3412	3324	3311	3297	3287	3274	3260	3248	3228	3207	3194	3174	3161	1706
EES	2530	2463	2447	2442	2433	2425	2415	2407	2391	2362	2347	2335	2326	870

log-rank: p=0.8798

Definite Stent Thrombosis

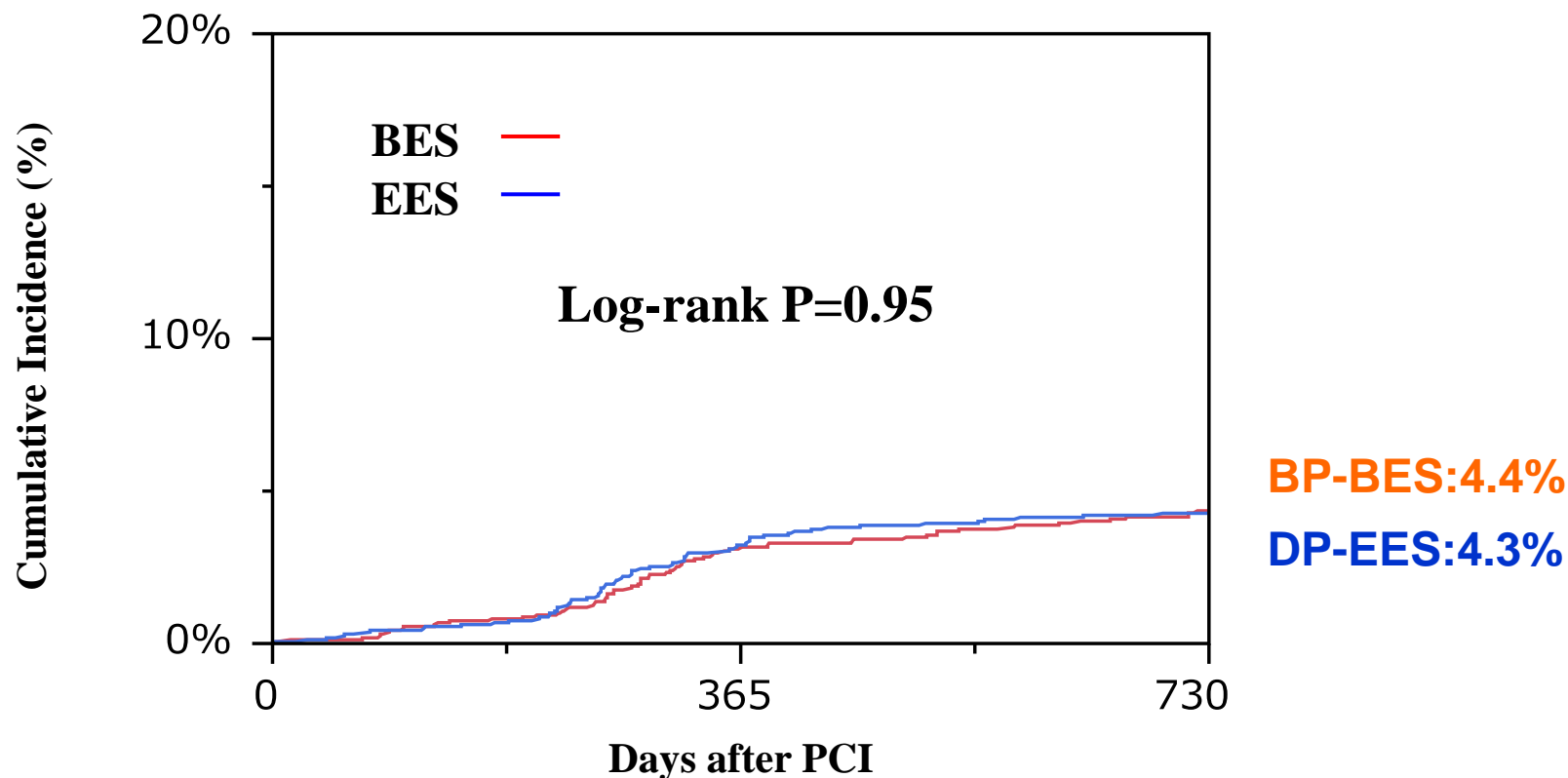
NEXT



Interval	0 day	30 days	365 days	730 days
BP-BES group				
N of patients with at least 1 event		2	4	5
N of patients at risk	1617	1612	1569	1508
Cumulative Incidence		0.12%	0.25%	0.31%
DP-EES group				
N of patients with at least 1 event		1	1	3
N of patients at risk	1618	1616	1573	1512
Cumulative Incidence		0.06%	0.06%	0.19%

NEXT

Clinically-Driven TLR



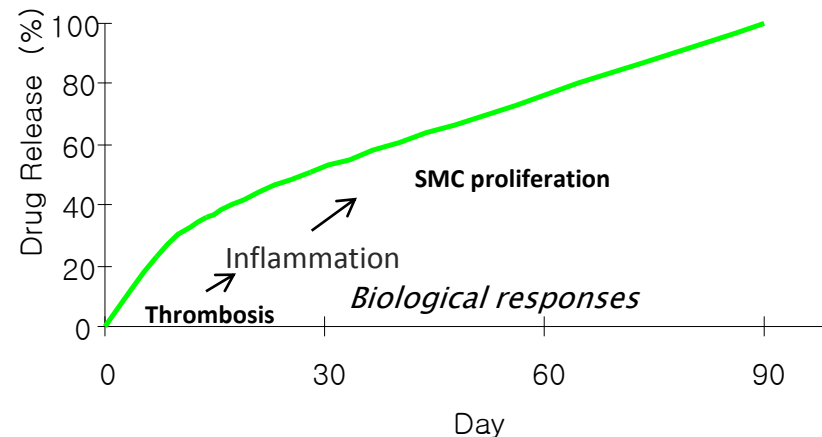
Interval	0 day	30 days	365 days	730 days
BES group				
N of patients with at least 1 event		2	50	68
N of patients at risk	1617	1612	1506	1417
Cumulative Incidence		0.1%	3.2%	4.4%
EES group				
N of patients with at least 1 event		2	51	67
N of patients at risk	1618	1614	1503	1424
Cumulative Incidence		0.1%	3.2%	4.3%

The new generation of bioabsorbable
polymer eluting stents

ULTIMASTER design – POLYMER

ULTIMASTER - Poly(DLLA-CL)

- Full bioresorption in 3-4 months
- Improved elasticity by adding caprolactone (CL)
- Providing optimal drug release kinetics

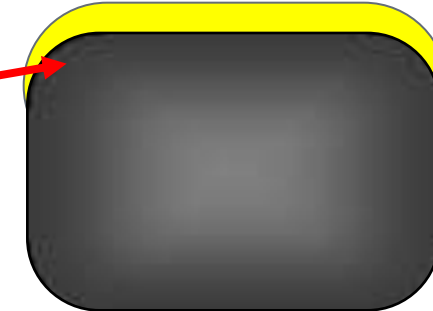
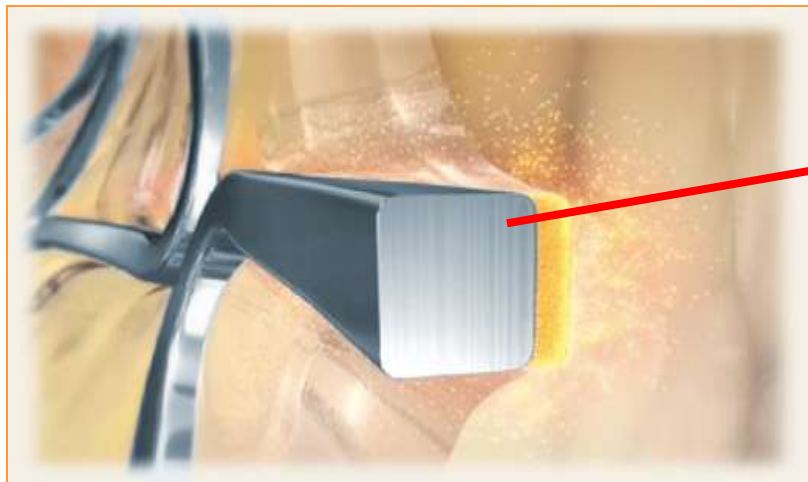


Animal data with stent explantation at any time point: N=36

ULTIMASTER design – COATING

- ✓ *Abluminal coating – provides possibility for decreasing drug and polymer dose, and targets drug release to vessel wall, minimizing release of drug in systemic circulation*

ULTIMASTER – abluminal coating



ULTIMASTER design - DRUG

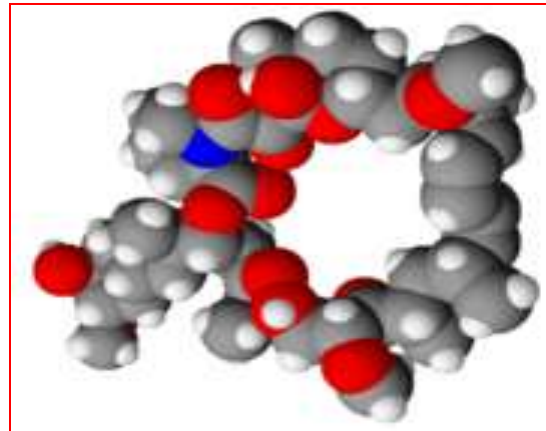
ULTIMASTER – DRUG SIROLIMUS

Limus drug

Long experience in DES

High efficacy

Wide therapeutic window



3.9 μg / mm stent length

($\frac{1}{2}$ of drug dose of Cypher)

($\frac{1}{4}$ of drug dose of Nobori)

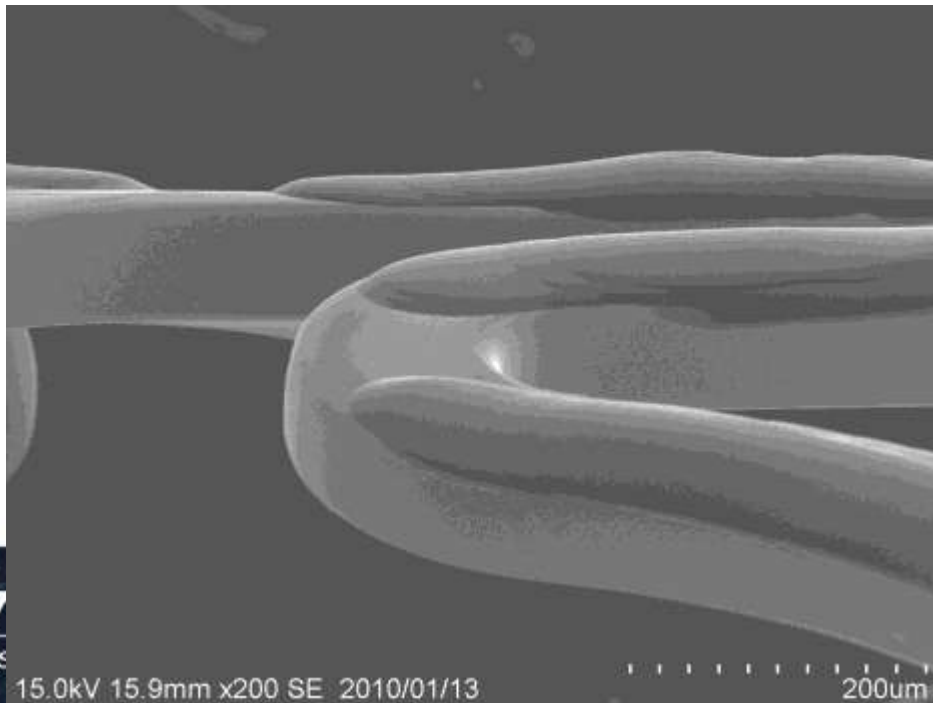
ULTIMASTER design – GRADIENT COATING

- ✓ *Stent expansion related to the risk of coating cracks and delamination*

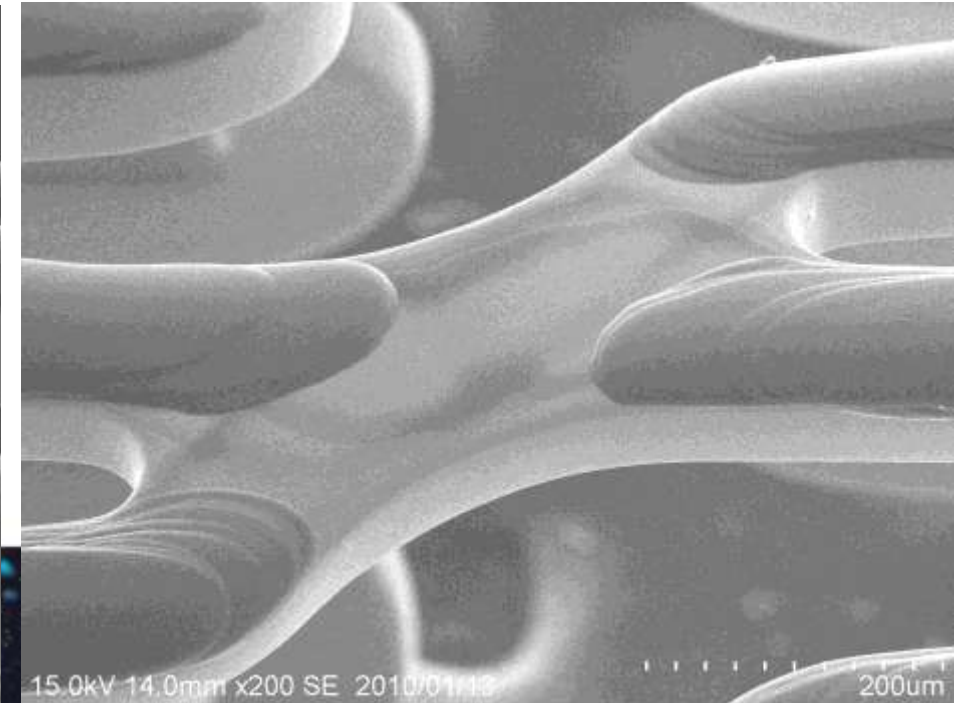
ULTIMASTER

argon plasma treatment of the platform before coating to ensure smoothness of the surface

“gradient coating” technique



highest pressure links - without coating



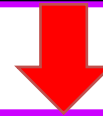
Ultimaster Clinical program – CENTURY Primary endpoint

Based upon estimated Kaname Late Loss

0.90 ± 0.50 mm

0.40 mm improvement considered as clinically significant

Late loss of 0.50 mm ($0.90 - 0.40$ mm) is considered upper limit for CENTURY study



Late Loss result

Kaname : 0.75 ± 0.43 mm

Ultimaster : 0.04 ± 0.35 mm

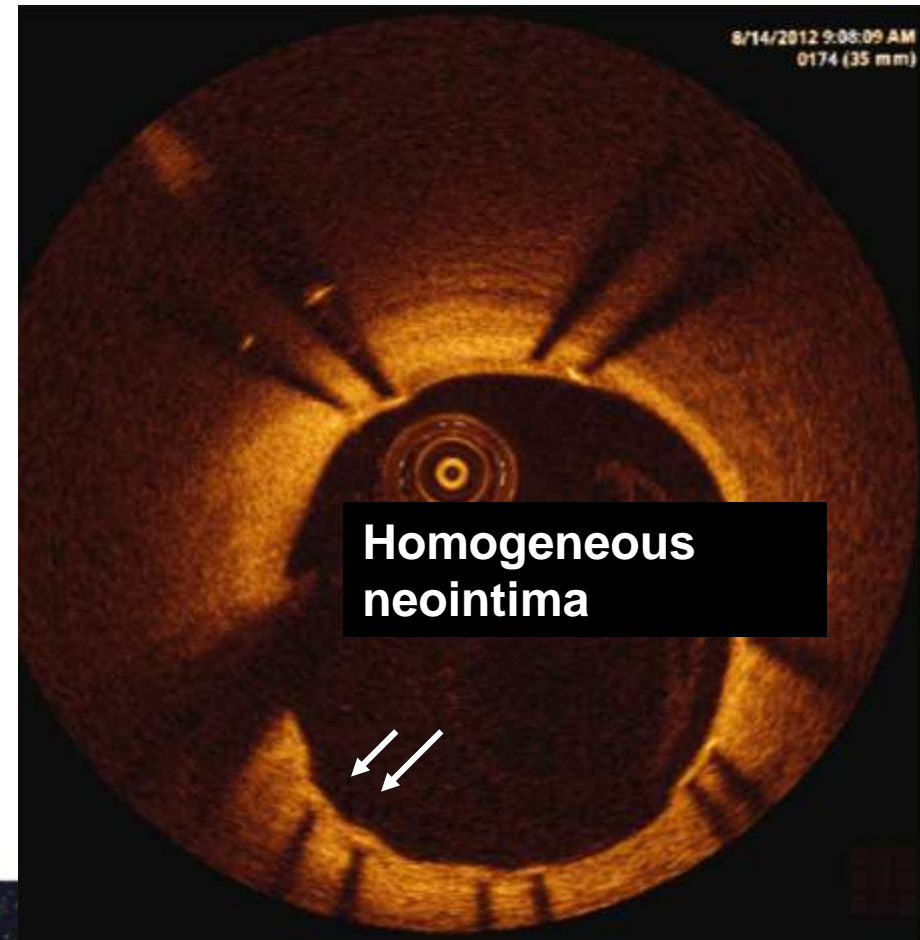
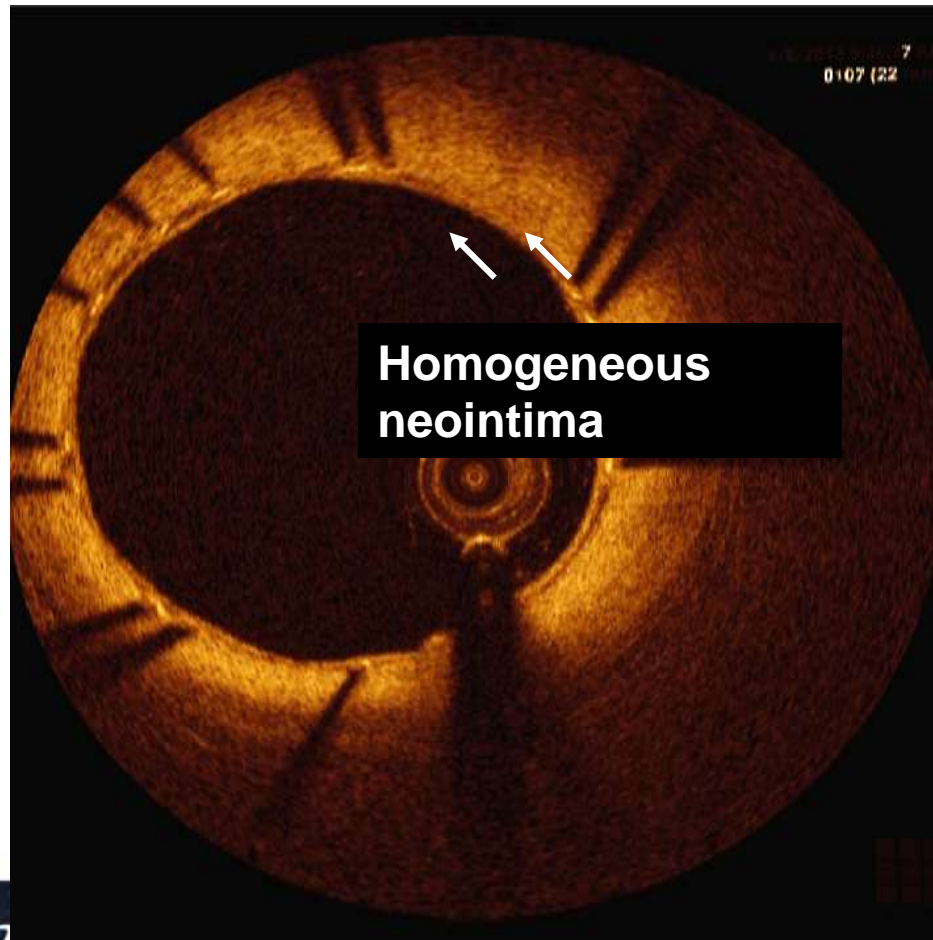


Result:

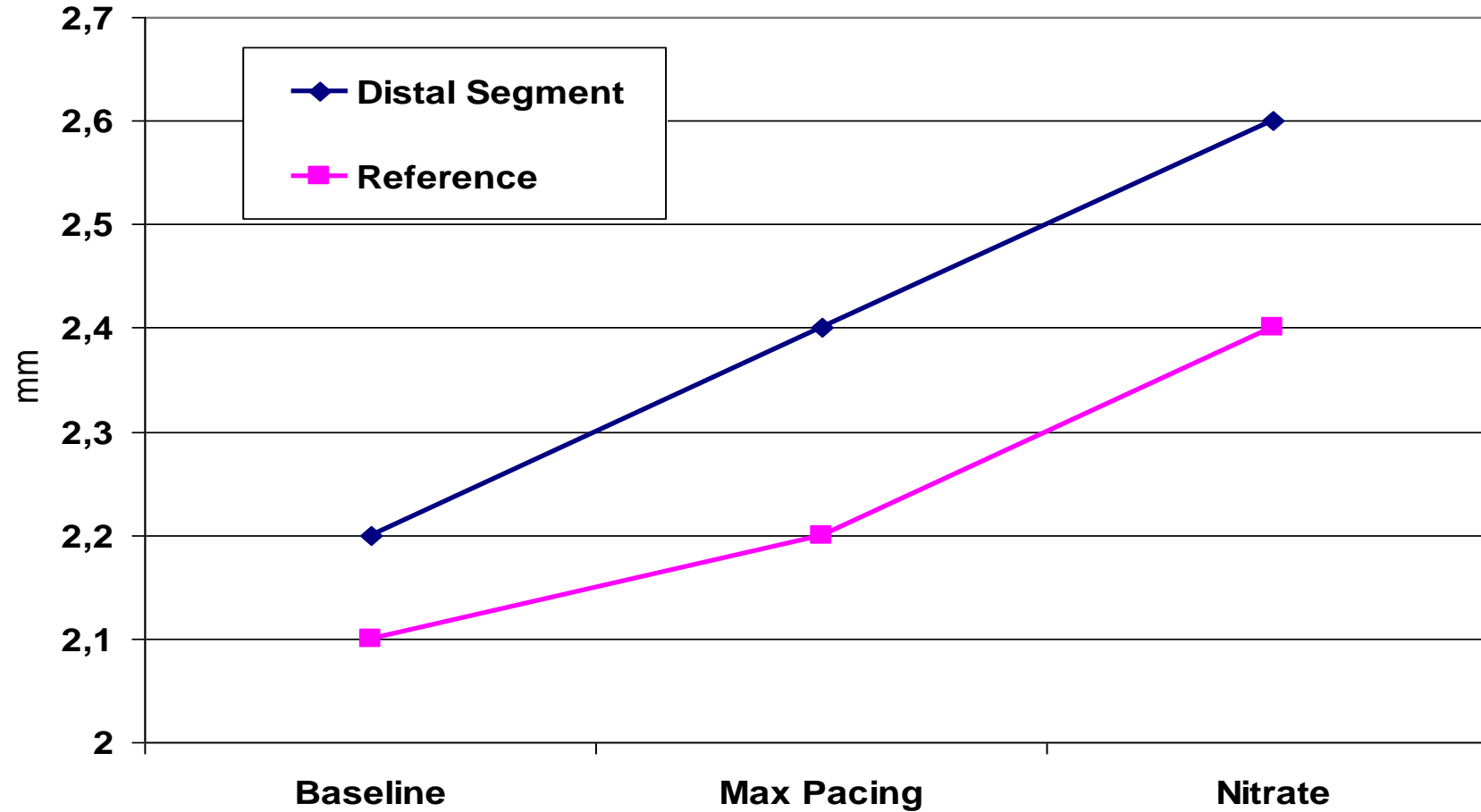
Ultimaster = SUPERIOR $p < 0.0001$

Ultimaster Clinical program – CENTURY OCT assessment

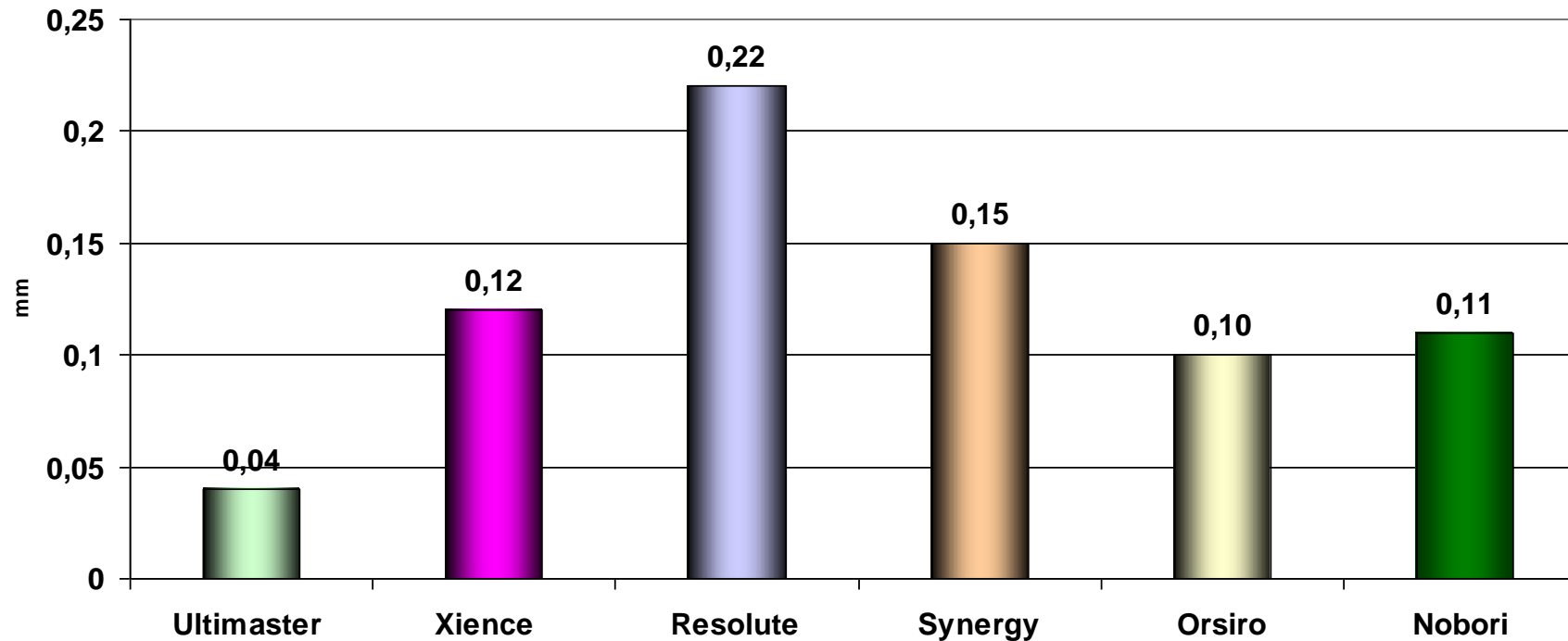
✓ 96.2 ± 5.4 % of covered stent struts at 6 months



Endothelial function fully preserved at 6 months



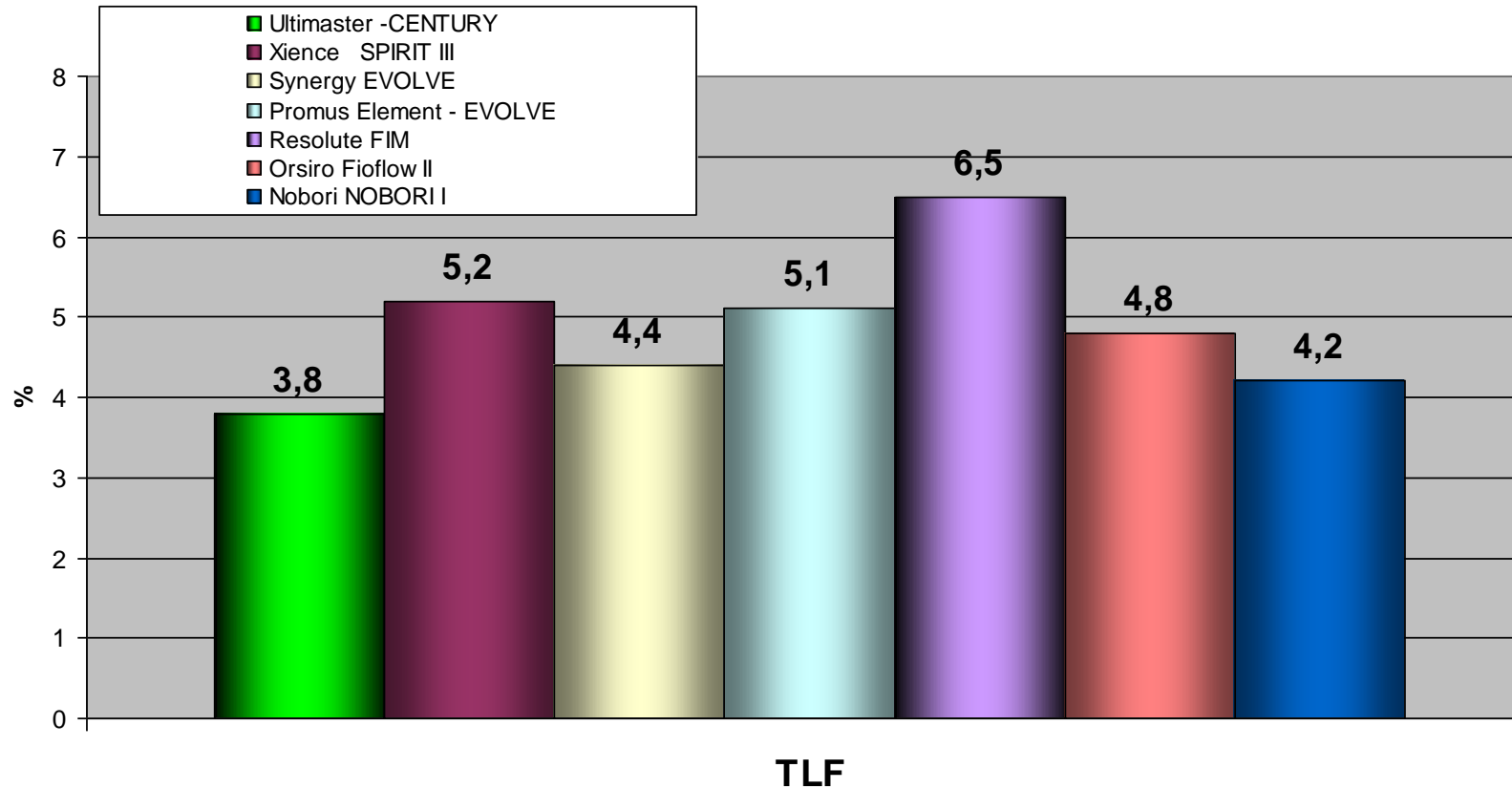
Late Loss



Ultimaster, Xience and Synergy= 6m Resolute, Orsiro and Nobori = 9m

Barbato E. PCR2013; Serruys P et al. EuroInterv. 2005; Meredith I et al. JACC Cardio. Interv. 2009; Meredith I et al. EuroInterv. 2013 Windecker S. PCR2013; Chevalier B et al. Circulation CV Intervention; 2012

Ultimaster vs other new generation DES Clinical Outcomes at 1 Year



Barbato E. PCR2013; Serruys P et al. EuroInterv.2005; Meredith I et al. EuroInterv. 2013; Meredith I et al. JACC Cardiovasc. Interv. 2009; Windecker S. PCR2013; Chevalier B et al. Circulation CV Intervention; 2012

Ultimaster Clinical Program

STUDY	DESIGN	# OF PATIENTS	STATUS
TCD-10023PK Pharmacokinetics	Single-arm	20	Completed
CENTURY	Single-arm	105	Ongoing PE reached
CENTURY II	Randomized	1123	Ongoing PCR-LBT
MASTER	Randomized	500	Ongoing
DISCOVERY1TO3	Single arm	60	Ongoing

ULTIMASTER design - PLATFORM

ULTIMASTER - platform

New CoCr platform (Kaname)

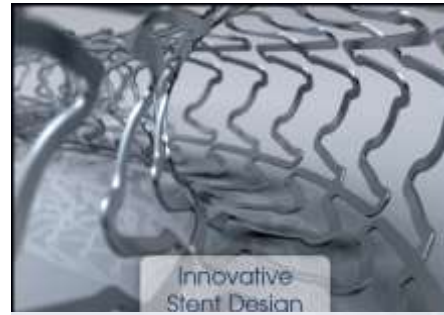
Thin-struts (80 μm)

High flexibility

Open cell design

Uniform scaffolding

Vessel conformability



Mr H.
72 y.o

Risk factors

2 Diabetes.

Clinical presentation

Patient referred for angina pectoris

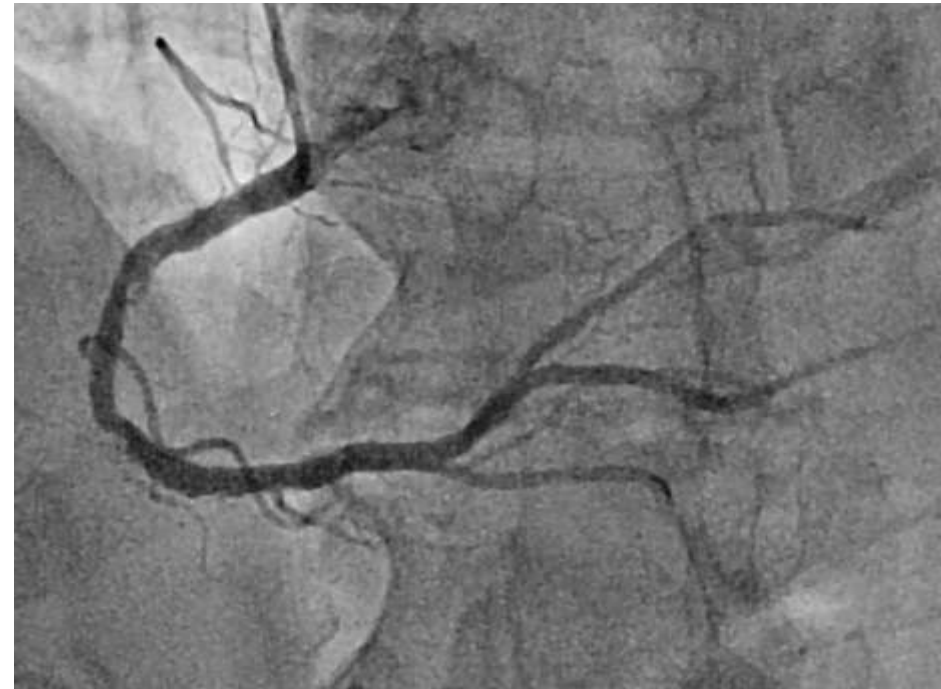
LVEF 60%

Coronary angiography

Cx sub occlusive stenosis

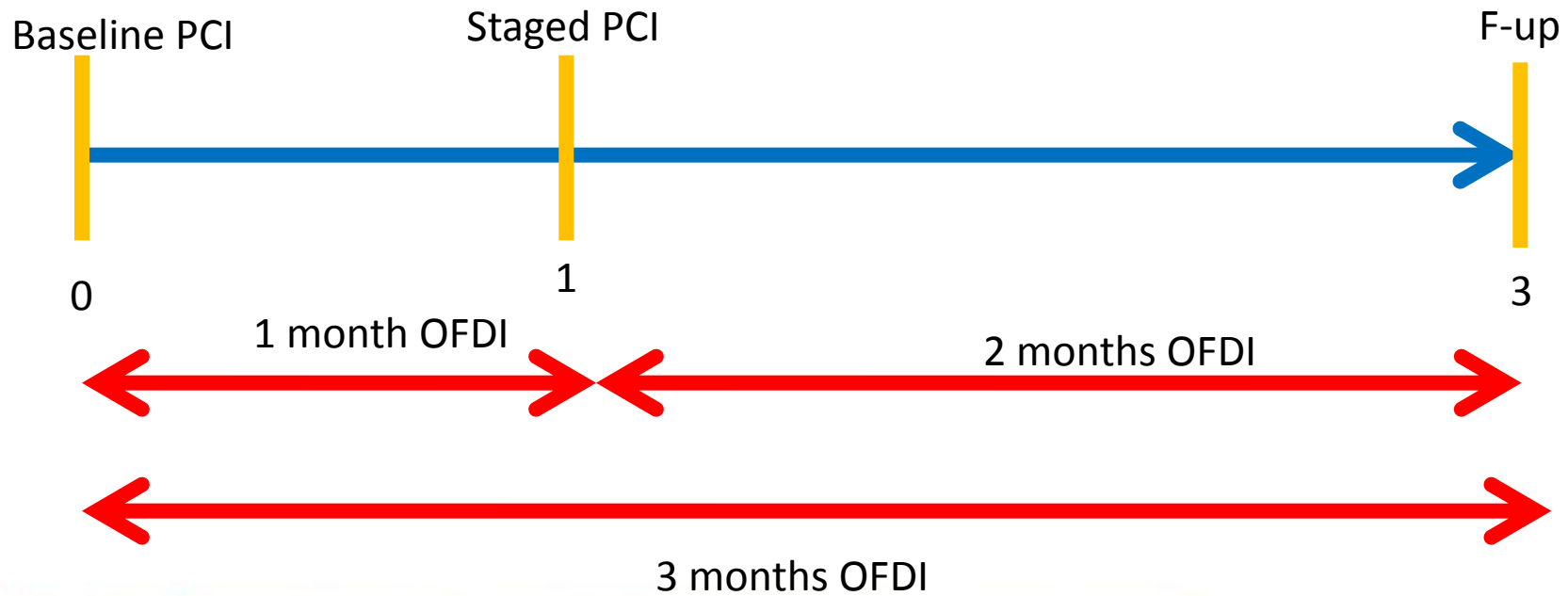


RCA stenosis



Patients with MVD

Staged PCI on non target vessel(s) @ 1month



Step by step

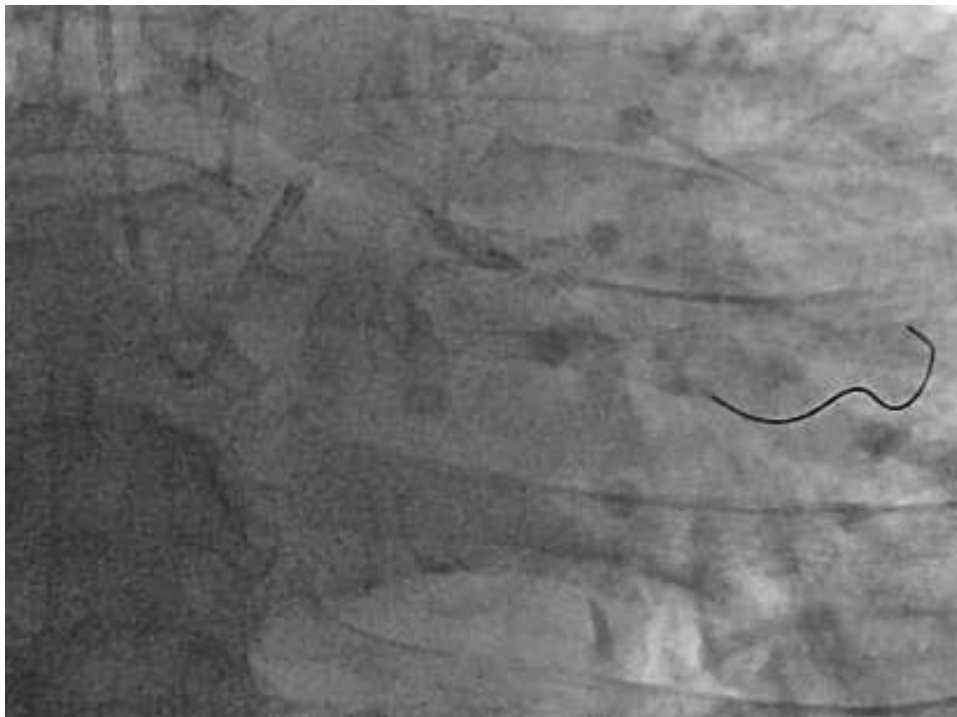
Fielder pass the lesion with Finecross



Step by step

Finecross and 1.2 balloon did not pass the lesion

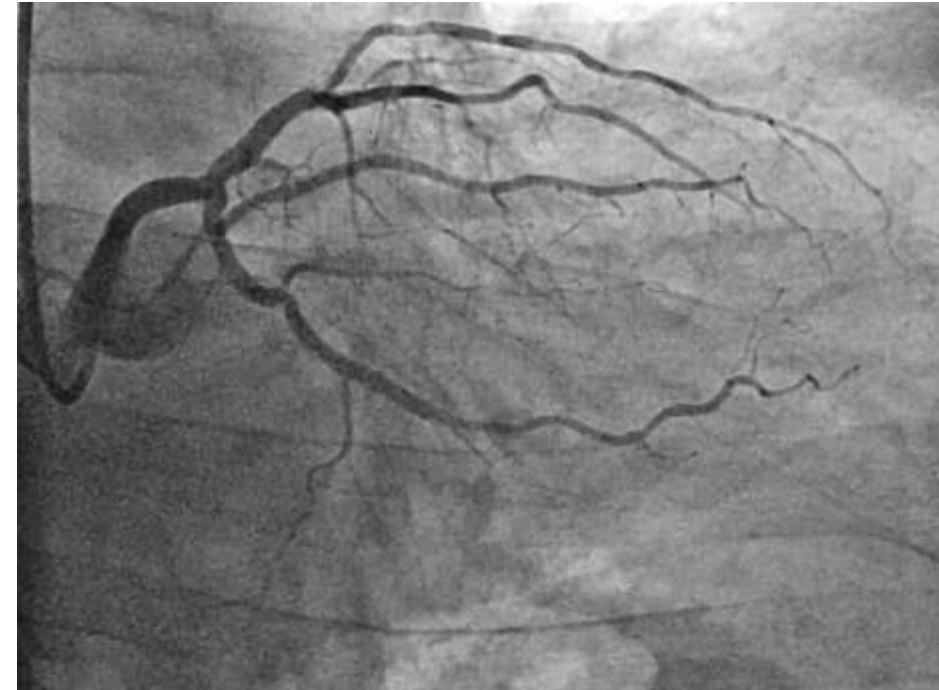
- Anchoring balloon in the first Mg



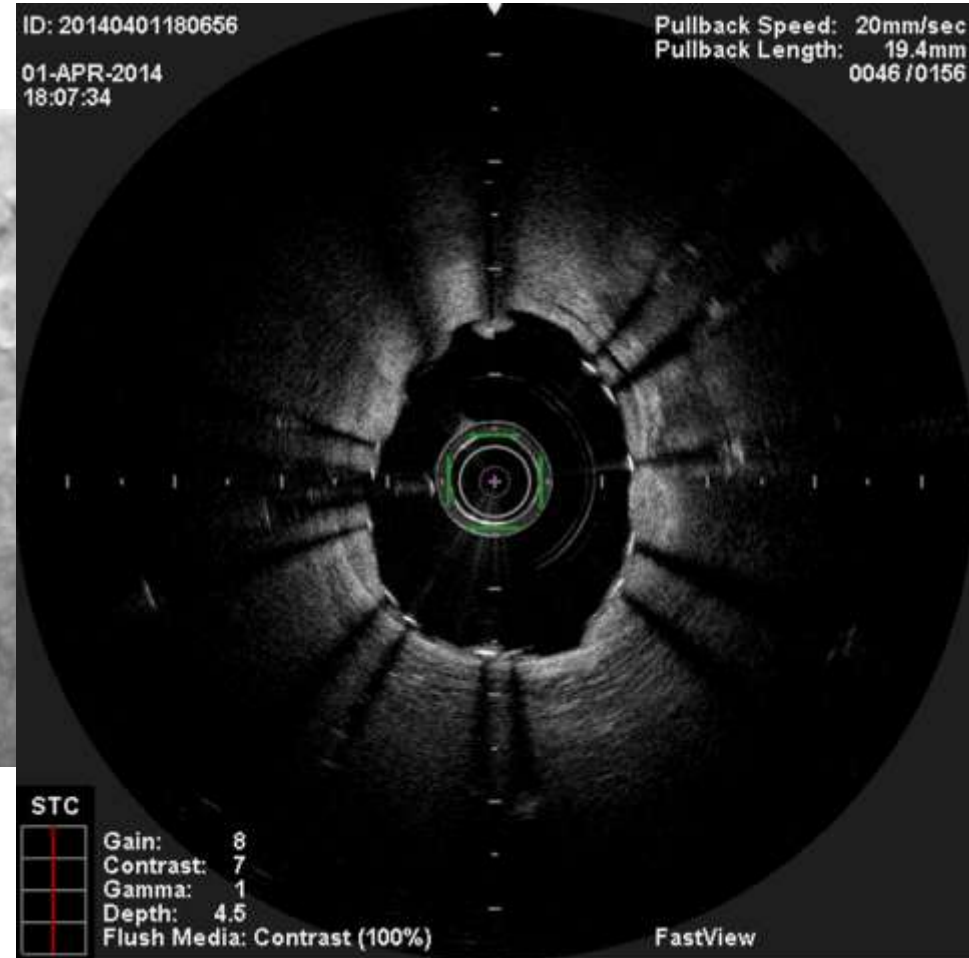
Step by step

- Lesion treated by Ultimaster stent
- 2.5 X 15 mm
- After predilatation with 2.5mm balloon
- Distal lesion become visible in 2d Mg

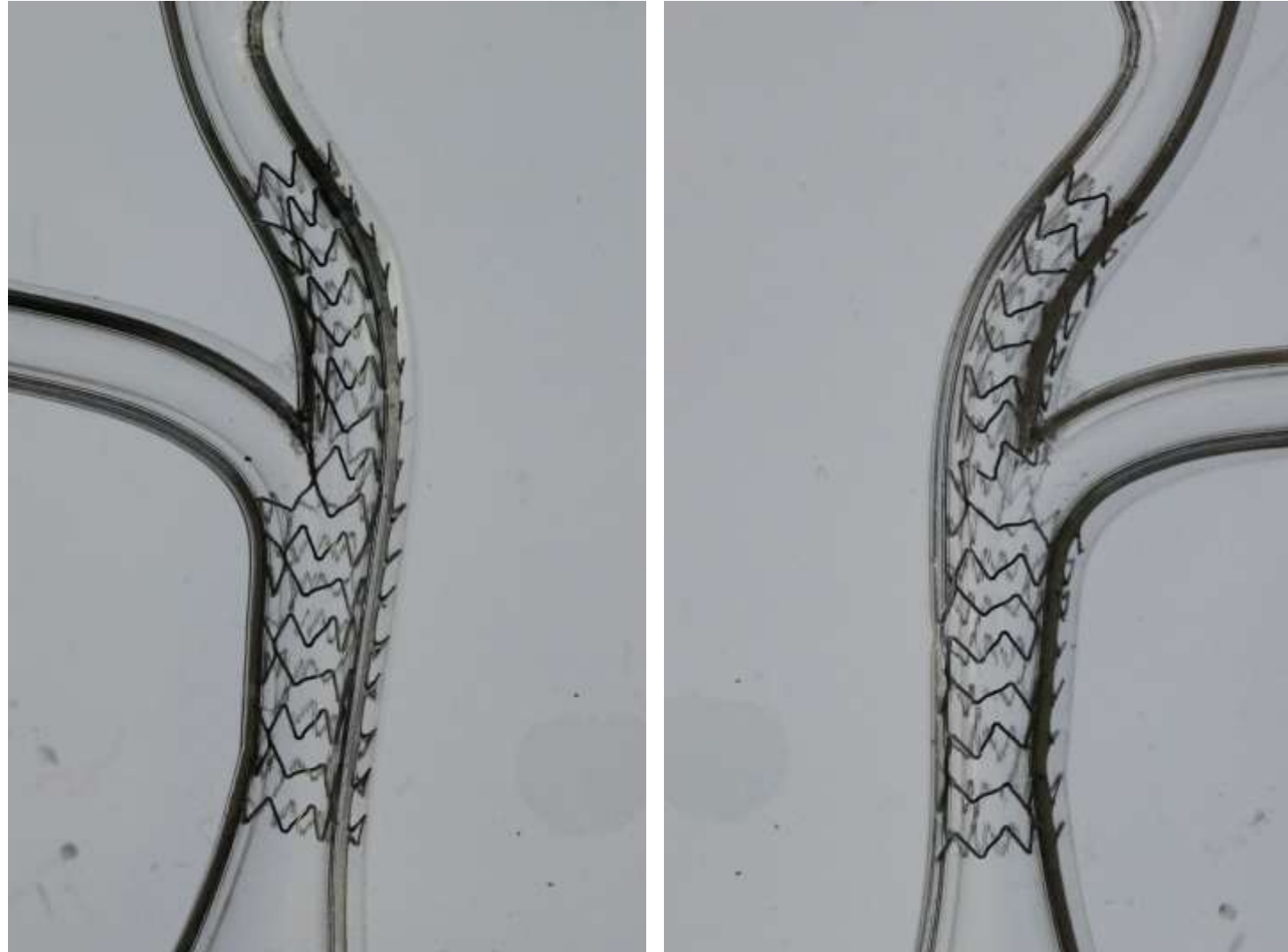
Second lesion was crossed(through the first stent)with a balloon 2.5mm and a second Ultimaster stent 2.5 X 15 mm



Final Cx Result (proximal stent)



Bench test on fractal bifurcation model



Conclusions

- Long term safety/efficacy profile of bioabsorbable polymer biolimus eluting stent is excellent
- Second generation bioabsorbable polymer DES « Ultimaster » combines specific features and early promising results
- Results of the pivotal CENTURY II trial will be presented at Hot Line during EuroPCR 2014