

# CT Algorithm for Optimal TAVR in Asan Medical Center

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# Comprehensive Pre-TAVR CT Evaluation

1. Coronary Disease Status,  
- Avoid Routine Pre-TAVR Angiogram
2. Aortic, Iliac and Femoral Anatomy
3. Suitable Aortic Root Anatomy
4. Device Size Selection by CT measurement

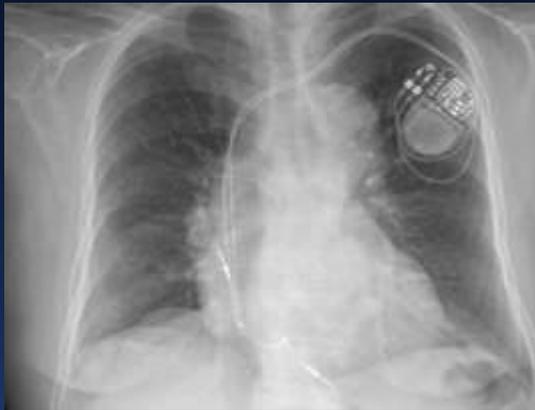
# Optimal CT Acquisition

- ECG gated Chest CTA
  - Prospective or retrospective gating
  - $\leq 0.8$  mm slice thickness
  - 30 or 40% end-systolic phase
- Abdominal/Pelvic CTA
  - Gating not required
  - Slice thickness  $\leq 1.0$  mm

# Sizing Matters

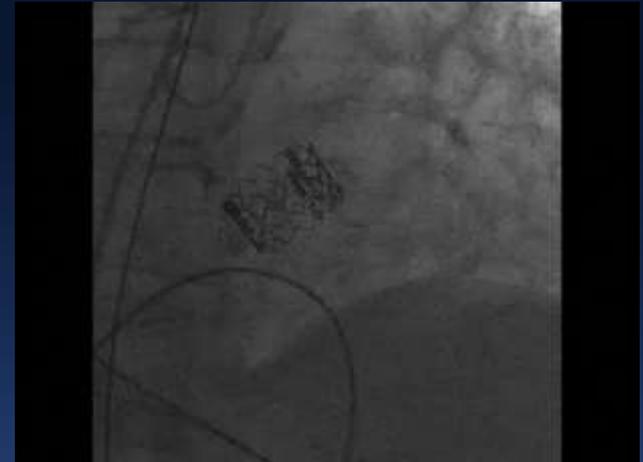
**Oversize**

**Undersize**



**Permanent  
Pacemaker**

**PVL**



**VS.**



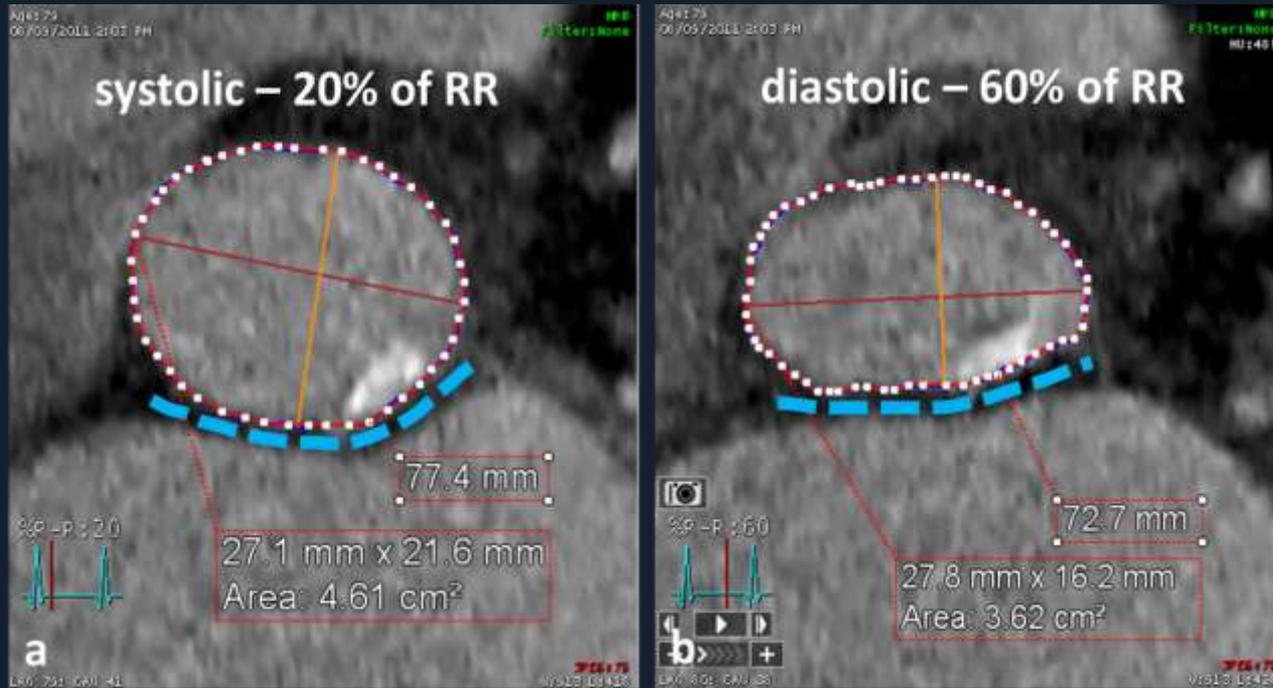
**Annular  
Rupture**

**Embolization**



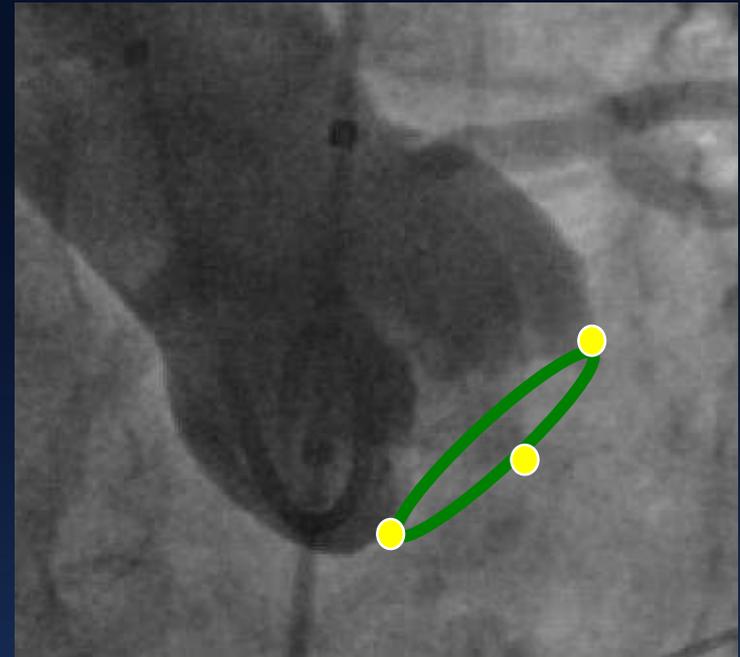
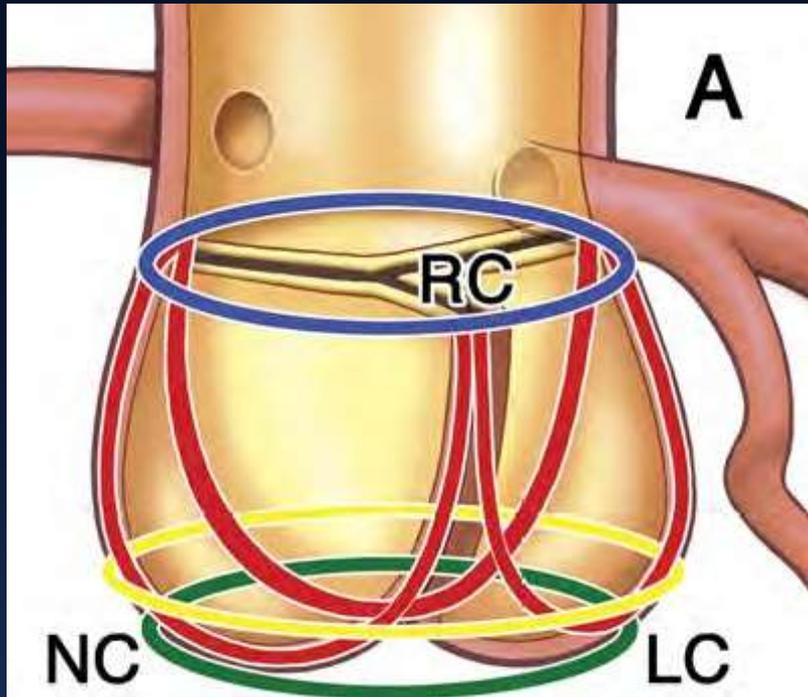
# Annular dynamism

- Annular size changes throughout cardiac cycle  
→ Measurement at end-systolic phase



# Virtual Basal Ring

## Correct Assessment of Annulus Size



— Sinotubular junction

— Aortic leaflets

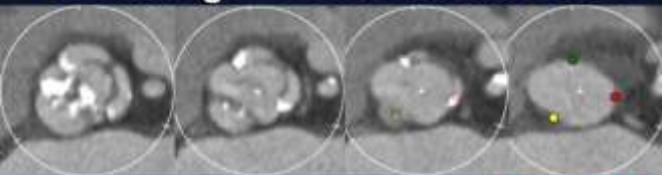
— Aortoventricular junction

— Aortic Annulus  
: virtual ring formed by  
base of AV leaflets

RC = Right coronary cusp; NC = Non-coronary cusp; LC = Left coronary cusp

# AMC Routine CT Measurement

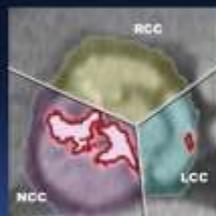
## CT findings – Aortic annulus view



Annulus plane

Aortic Annulus parameters	
Annulus short diameter	17.7 mm
Annulus long diameter	28.4 mm
Annulus mean diameter	21.5 mm
Annulus area	353.0 mm <sup>2</sup>
Annulus area-driven diameter	21.2 mm
Annulus perimeter	68.8 mm
Annulus perimeter-driven diameter	21.9 mm

## CT findings – Aortic Valve Complex



Calcium volume	
NCC	360 mm <sup>3</sup>
RCC	37 mm <sup>3</sup>
LCC	76 mm <sup>3</sup>
Total	473 mm <sup>3</sup>

## CT findings – Coronary Height



Anomalous origin of RCA from LCC

Coronary Height	
LCA	19.5 mm
RCA	13.5 mm

## CT findings – Iliofemoral Angio



## Aortic annulus plane for fluoroscopy

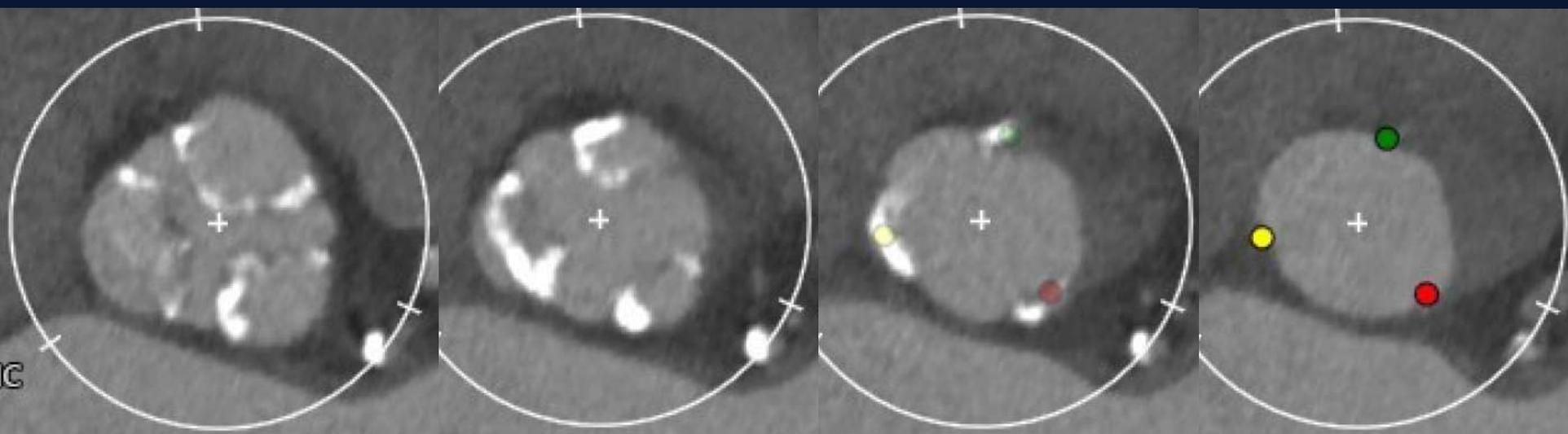


LAO 1  
CAUD 16  
RR-interval 30%

## Sizing for Sapien 3

Size	Area_oversize (%)	Perimeter_oversize (%)
23	115.7	104.1
24	126.0	108.6
25	136.7	113.2
26	146.7	117.7
27	158.2	122.2
28	170.1	126.8
29	183.5	131.6

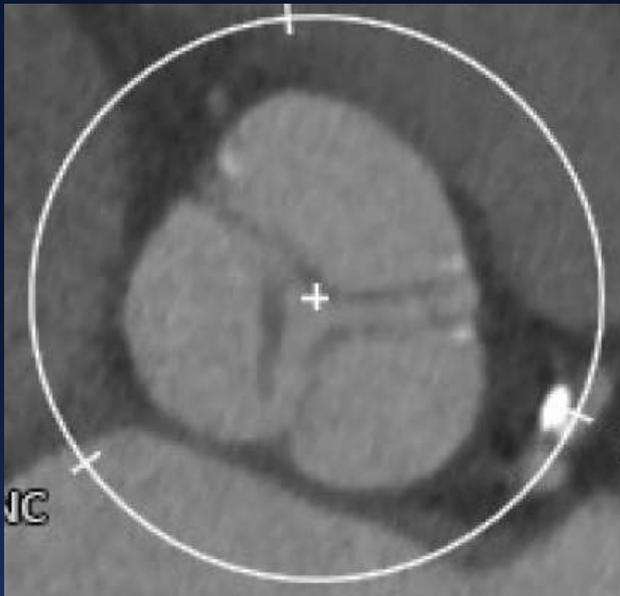
# Aortic Annulus Measurement



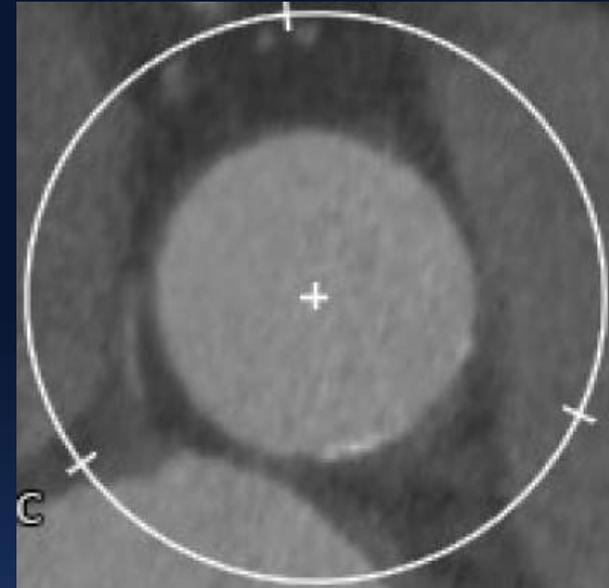
Annulus plane

Aortic Annulus parameters	
Annulus short diameter	21.8 mm
Annulus long diameter	25.6 mm
Annulus mean diameter	23.7 mm
Annulus area	435 mm <sup>2</sup>
Annulus area-driven diameter	23.5 mm
Annulus perimeter	74.5 mm
Annulus perimeter-driven diameter	23.7 mm

# Sinus of Valsalva and STJ size



**Sinus of Valsalva**



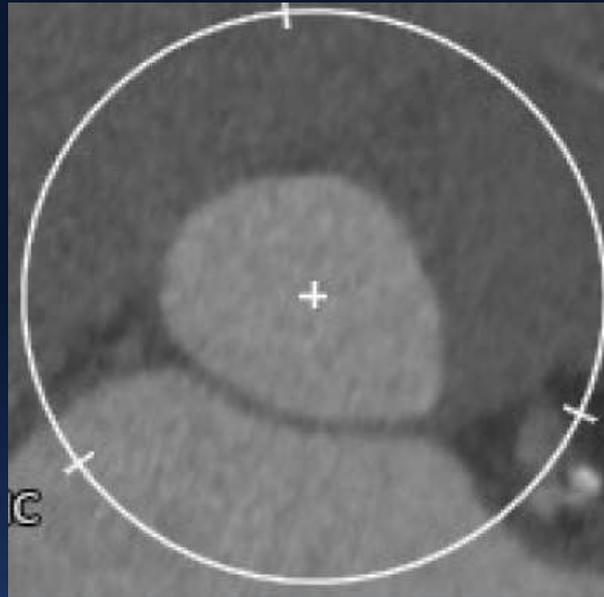
**STJ**

<b>Sinus of Valsalva</b>		<b>STJ</b>	
Area	<b>830 mm<sup>2</sup></b>	Area	<b>630 mm<sup>2</sup></b>
Sinus / Annulus Area Ratio	<b>1.91</b>	STJ/ Annulus Area Ratio	<b>1.45</b>
NCC diameter	<b>30.6 mm</b>	Mean diameter	<b>28.2 mm</b>
LCC diameter	<b>33.5 mm</b>		
RCC diameter	<b>31.0 mm</b>		

Mean Sinus / Annulus Area Ratio **1.83 ± 0.27**

Mean STJ / Annulus Area Ratio **1.49 ± 0.29**

# LVOT size

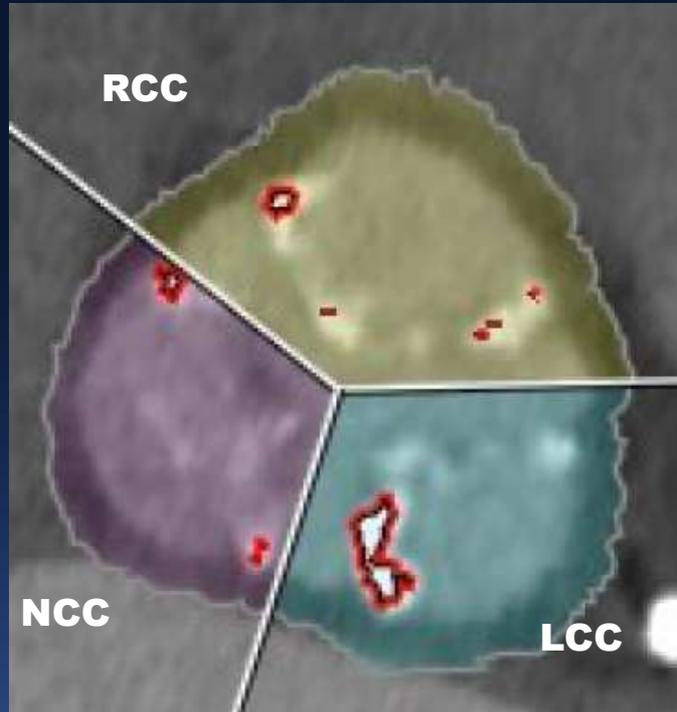


LVOT

LVOT	
Area	417 mm <sup>2</sup>
LVOT / Annulus Area Ratio	0.96
Short diameter	20.7 mm
Long diameter	26.4 mm

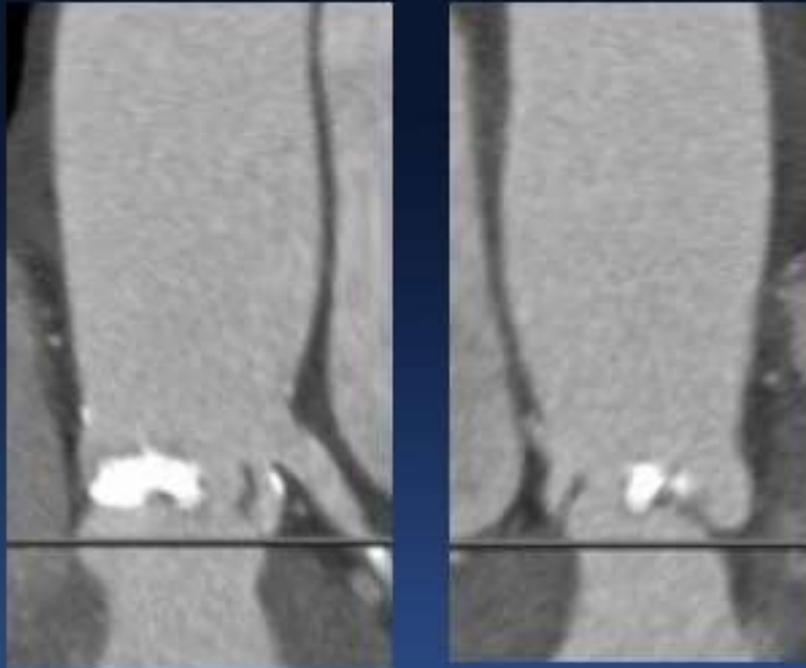
Mean LVOT / Annulus Area Ratio  $0.95 \pm 0.12$

# Degree of Calcium



Calcium volume	
NCC	84 mm <sup>3</sup>
RCC	62 mm <sup>3</sup>
LCC	48 mm <sup>3</sup>
Total	194 mm <sup>3</sup>

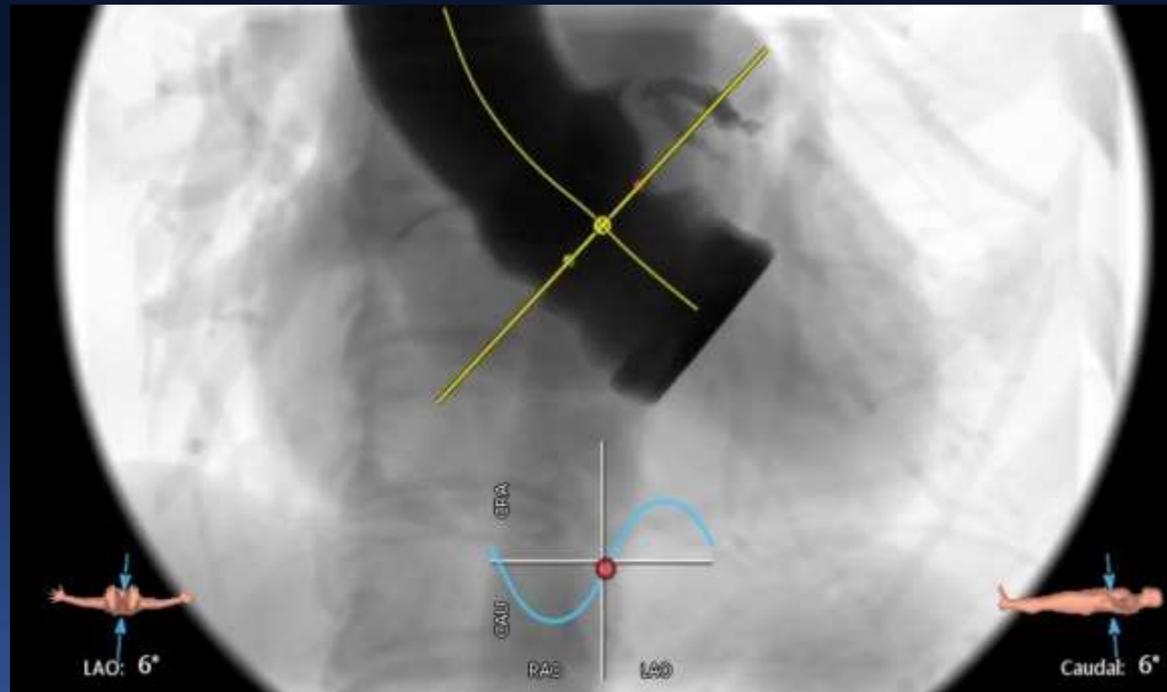
# Coronary Height



**Anomalous  
origin of RCA  
from LCC**

Coronary Height	
LCA	10.5 mm
RCA	13.5 mm

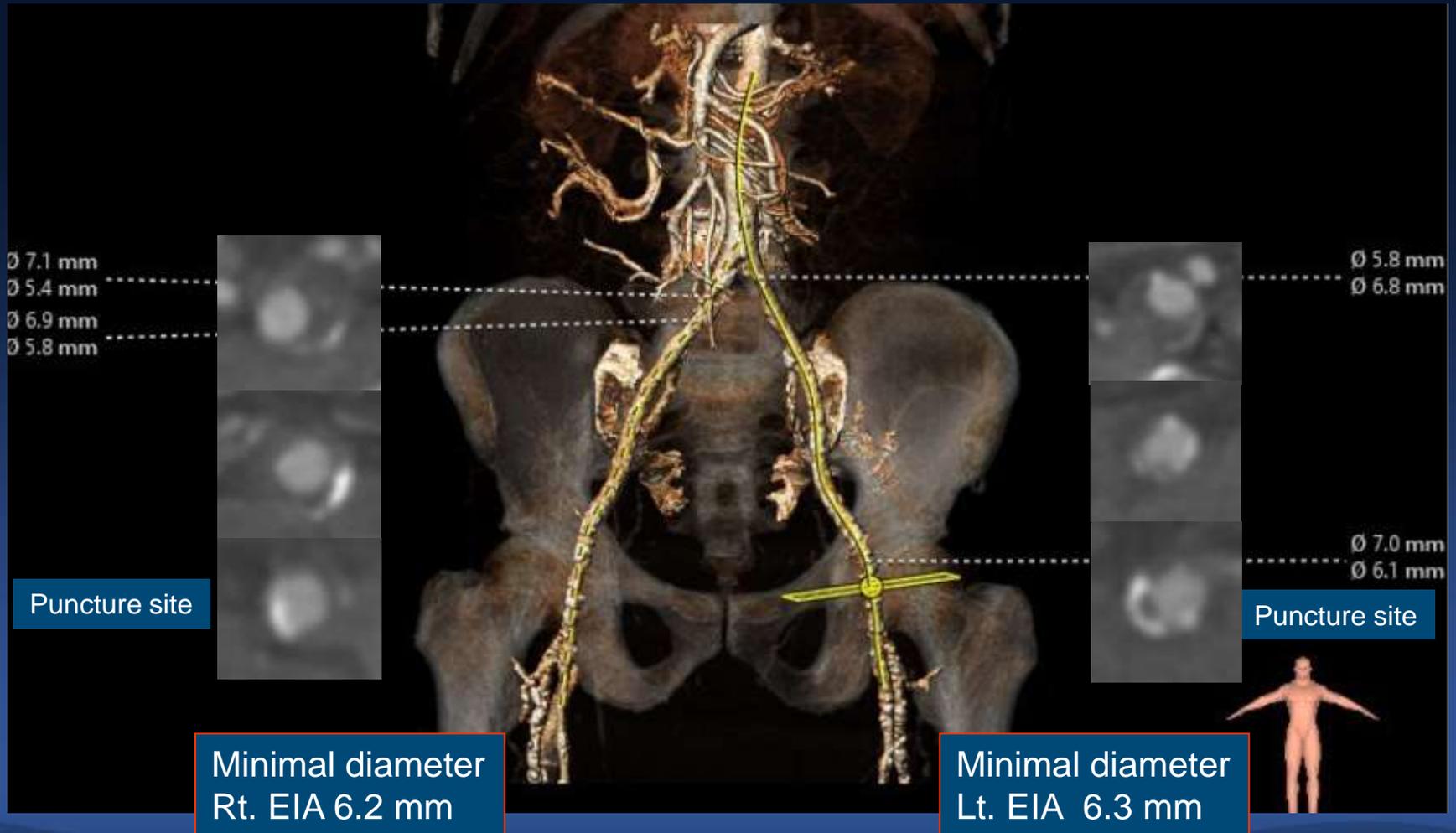
# CT Aortography



- Right coronary
- Non-coronary
- Left coronary

**LAO 6**  
**CAUD 6**  
**RR-interval 30%**

# Ileofemoral Angiogram



# Valve Type Selection in AMC

- **Size Matters:** Select valve with size in the “Safety Zone”
- **Prefer SAPIEN 3**
  - Less annular/subannular calcification
  - Annulus eccentricity (less eccentric)
- **Prefer EVOLUT R**
  - Severe heart failure (avoid rapid ventricular pacing)
  - Heavy calcification
  - Low coronary height (<10 mm)
  - Smaller peripheral vessel diameter (<5.5 mm)

# S3 Device Sizing Algorithm

# S3 Area Oversizing Based on the CT

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**15%, Cutoff**

# Predictors of PPM implantation

	Odds Ratio [95% CI]	p-value
Age (per 10 years)	2.65 (1.24 – 5.64)	0.011
RBBB	4.38 (1.70 – 11.32)	0.002
Older-generation valves	3.47 (1.26 – 9.57)	0.016
Annulus area oversizing by CT (per 1%)	1.02 (1.003 - 1.04)	0.024

# Predictors of PVL $\geq$ moderate

	Odds Ratio [95% CI]	p-value
Total amount of annulus calcium by CT (per 100 mm <sup>3</sup> )	1.26 (1.10 – 1.45)	0.001

# *Optimal Cut-off* of CT variables

	Cut-off	Outcome	AUC	Sensitivity / Specificity
Annulus area oversizing	115 %	PPM	0.72	0.85 / 0.51
Total amount of annulus calcium	400 mm <sup>3</sup>	PVL	0.70	0.50 / 0.68

# S3 Area Oversizing Based on the CT

**15%, Cutoff**

*Low Calcification  
(Ca volume < 400 mm<sup>3</sup>)*

*15%~20%, then Overfill*

*Heavy Calcification  
(Ca volume > 400 mm<sup>3</sup>)*

*10%, then Overfill*

*Bicuspid AS and  
Heavy Calcification*

*0%, then Overfill*

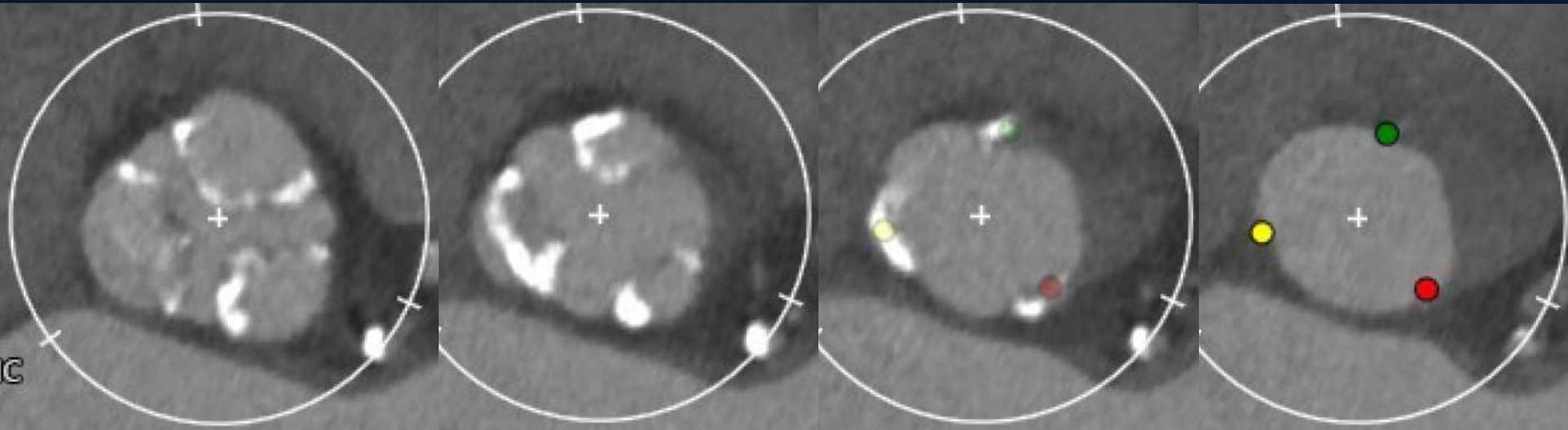
*Small LVOT or  
Sinus Valsalva*

*10%, then Overfill*

# Adjusting S3 Sizing By Balloon Volume (Over or Under filled)

22 mm	- 1cc
23 mm	
24 mm	+ 1cc
25 mm	- 2cc
26 mm	
27mm	+ 2cc
28mm	- 3cc
29 mm	
30 mm	+ 3cc

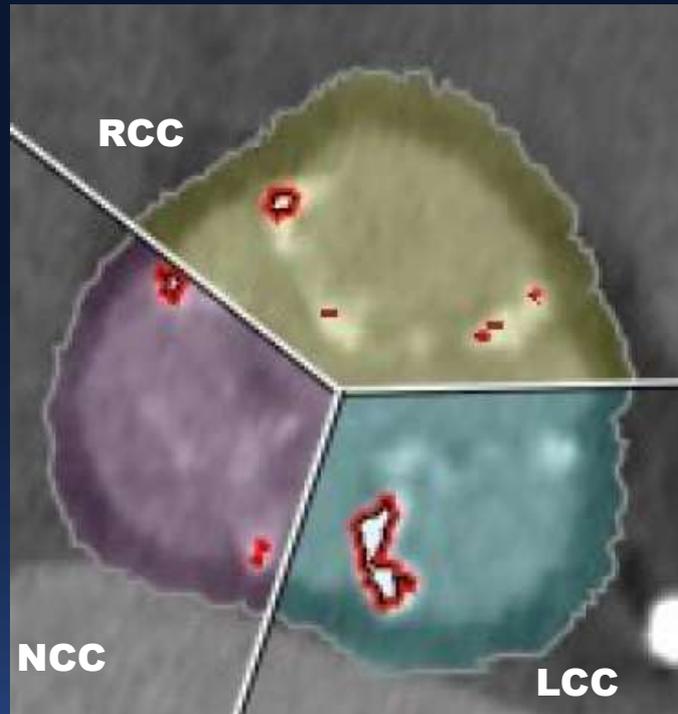
# Case 1



Annulus plane

Aortic Annulus parameters	
Annulus short diameter	21.8 mm
Annulus long diameter	25.6 mm
Annulus mean diameter	23.7 mm
Annulus area	435 mm <sup>2</sup>
Annulus area-driven diameter	23.5 mm
Annulus perimeter	74.5 mm
Annulus perimeter-driven diameter	23.7 mm

# Calcium Amount



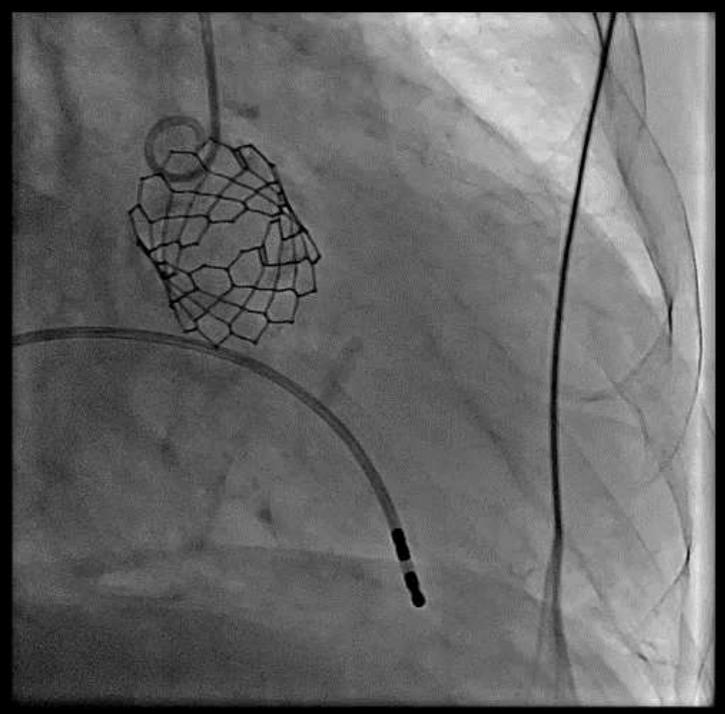
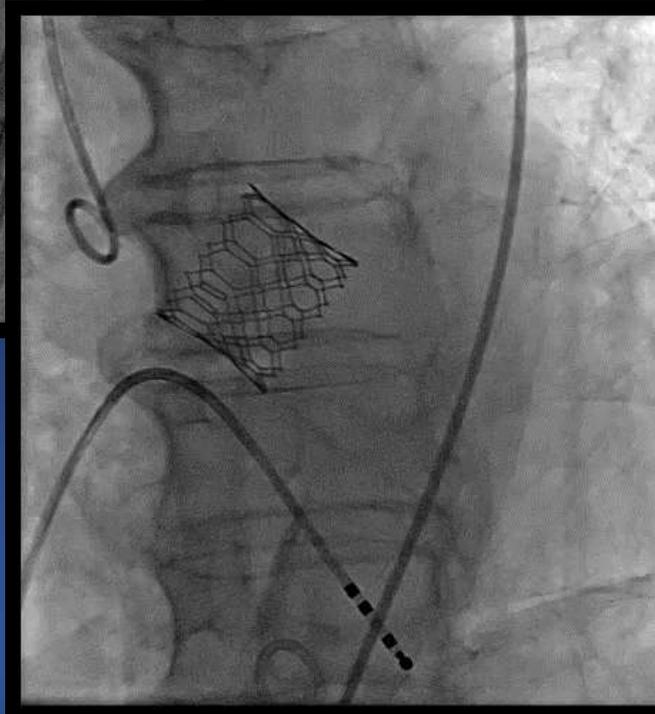
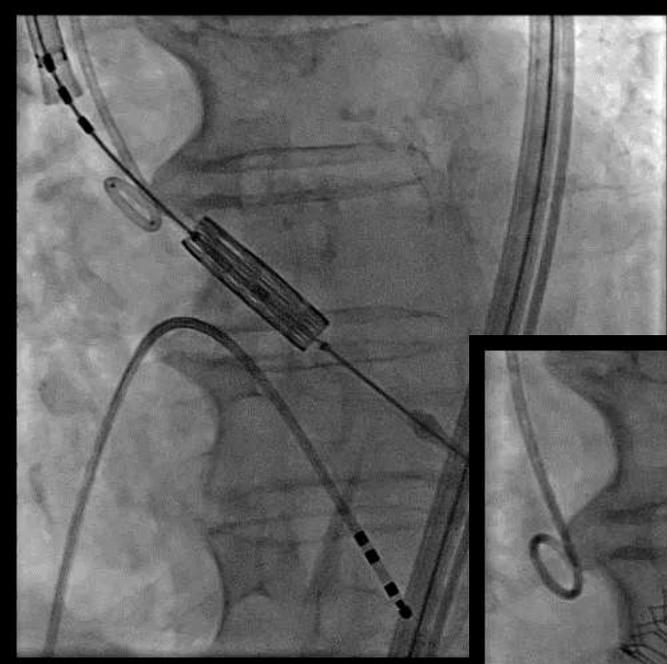
Calcium volume	
NCC	84 mm <sup>3</sup>
RCC	62 mm <sup>3</sup>
LCC	48 mm <sup>3</sup>
Total	194 mm <sup>3</sup>

# I choose S3 26mm and 1cc Underfill

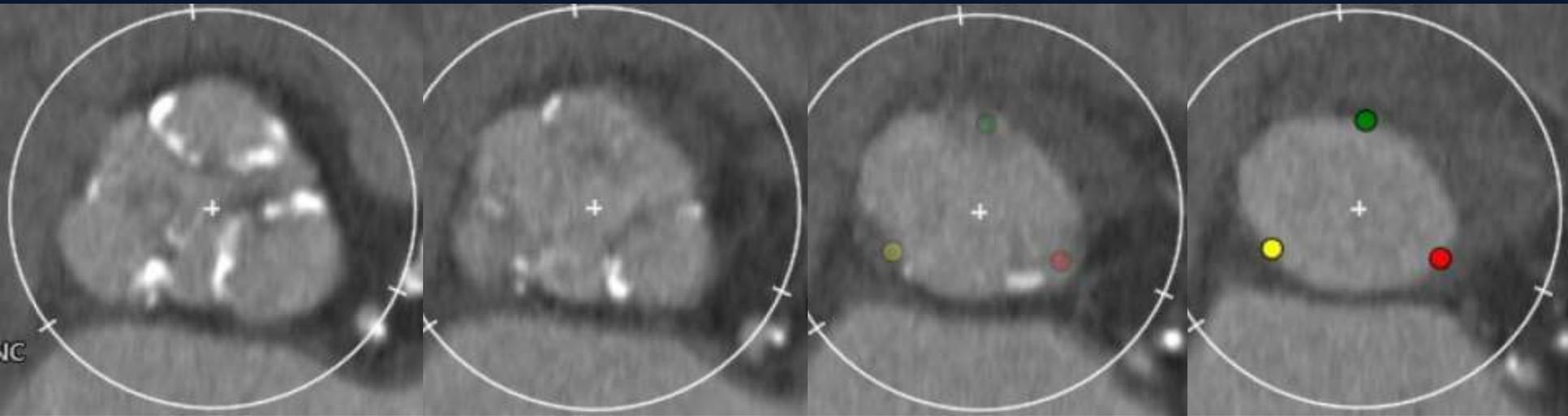
Size	Area_oversize (%)	Perimeter_oversize (%)
23	94.0	95.9
24	102.4	100.1
25	111.1	104.2
26	119.3	108.4
27	128.7	112.6
28	138.4	116.7
29	149.2	121.2

# S3 26mm and 1cc Underfill

Trivial PVL



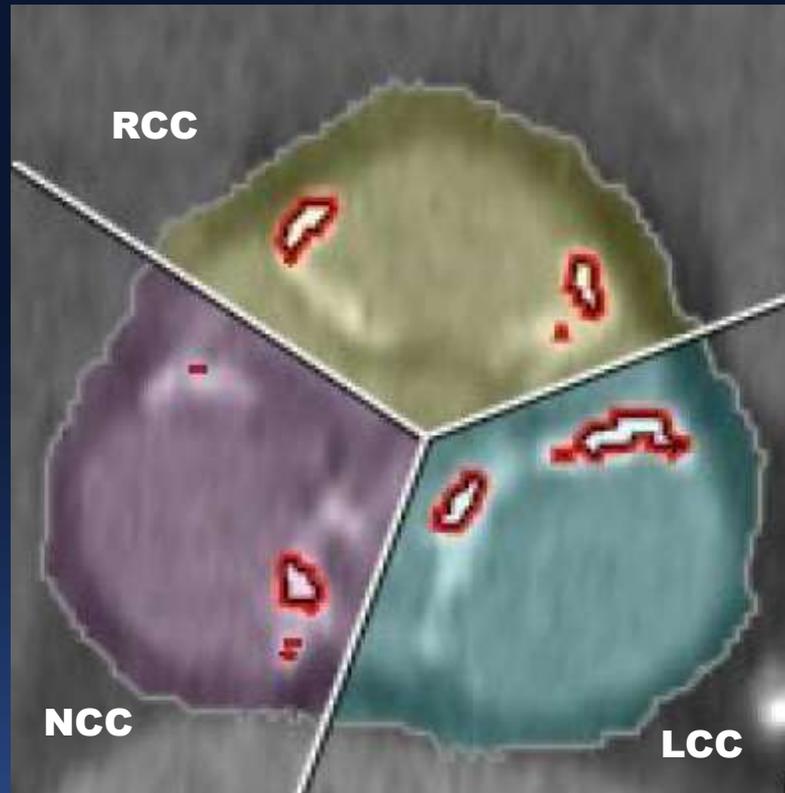
# Case 2



Annulus plane

Aortic Annulus parameters	
Annulus short diameter	22.0 mm
Annulus long diameter	28.2 mm
Annulus mean diameter	24.6 mm
Annulus area	474 mm <sup>2</sup>
Annulus area-driven diameter	24.6 mm
Annulus perimeter	78.5 mm
Annulus perimeter-driven diameter	25.0 mm

# Calcium Amount

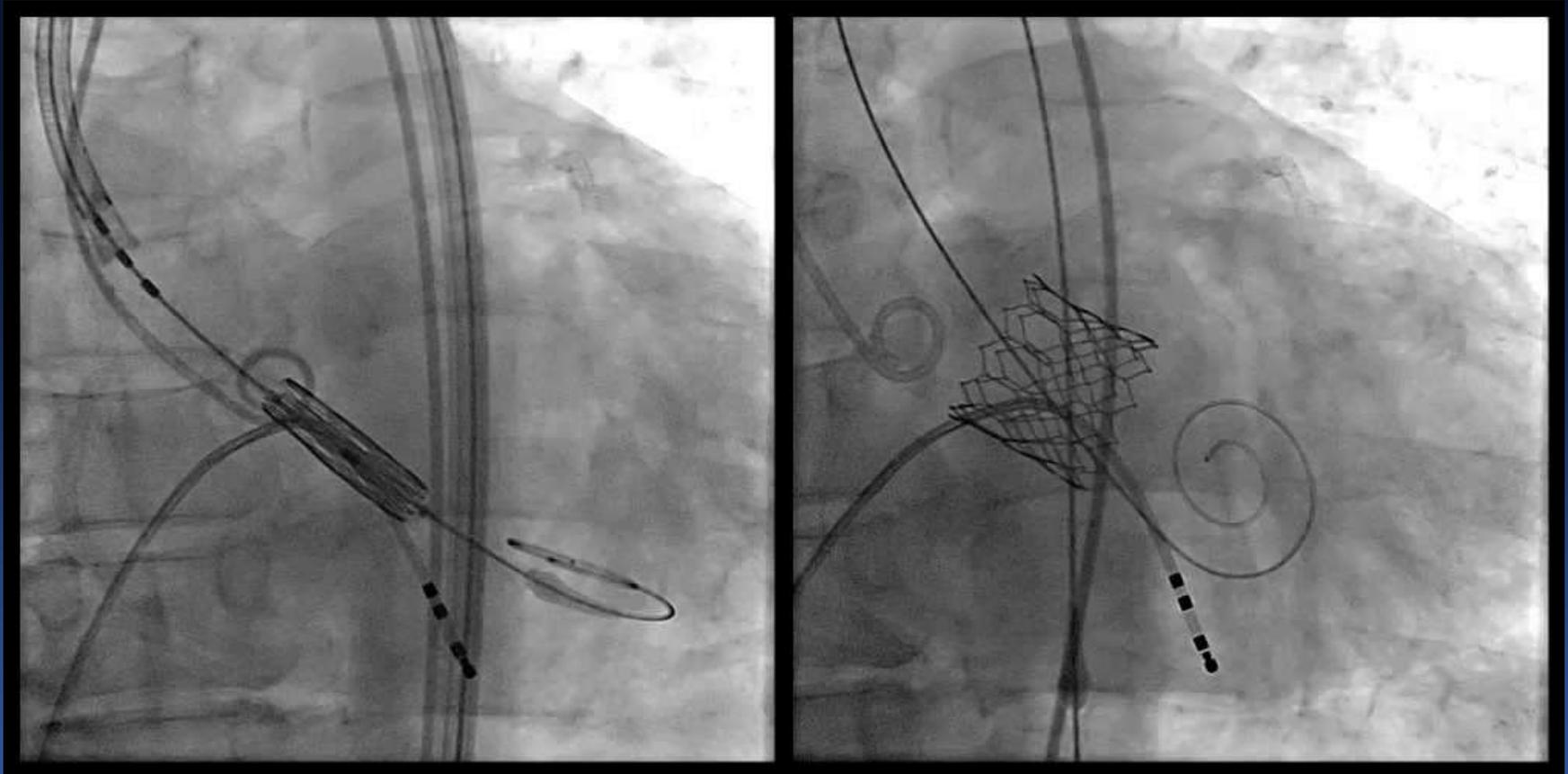


Calcium volume	
NCC	22 mm <sup>3</sup>
RCC	48 mm <sup>3</sup>
LCC	68 mm <sup>3</sup>
Total	138 mm <sup>3</sup>

# S3 26mm (9.5% Oversizing)

Size	Area_oversize (%)	Perimeter_oversize (%)
23	86.3	91.0
24	94.0	95.0
25	102.0	98.9
26	109.5	102.8
27	118.1	106.8
28	127.0	110.7
29	136.9	115.0

# S3 26 mm (9.5% Over sizing)

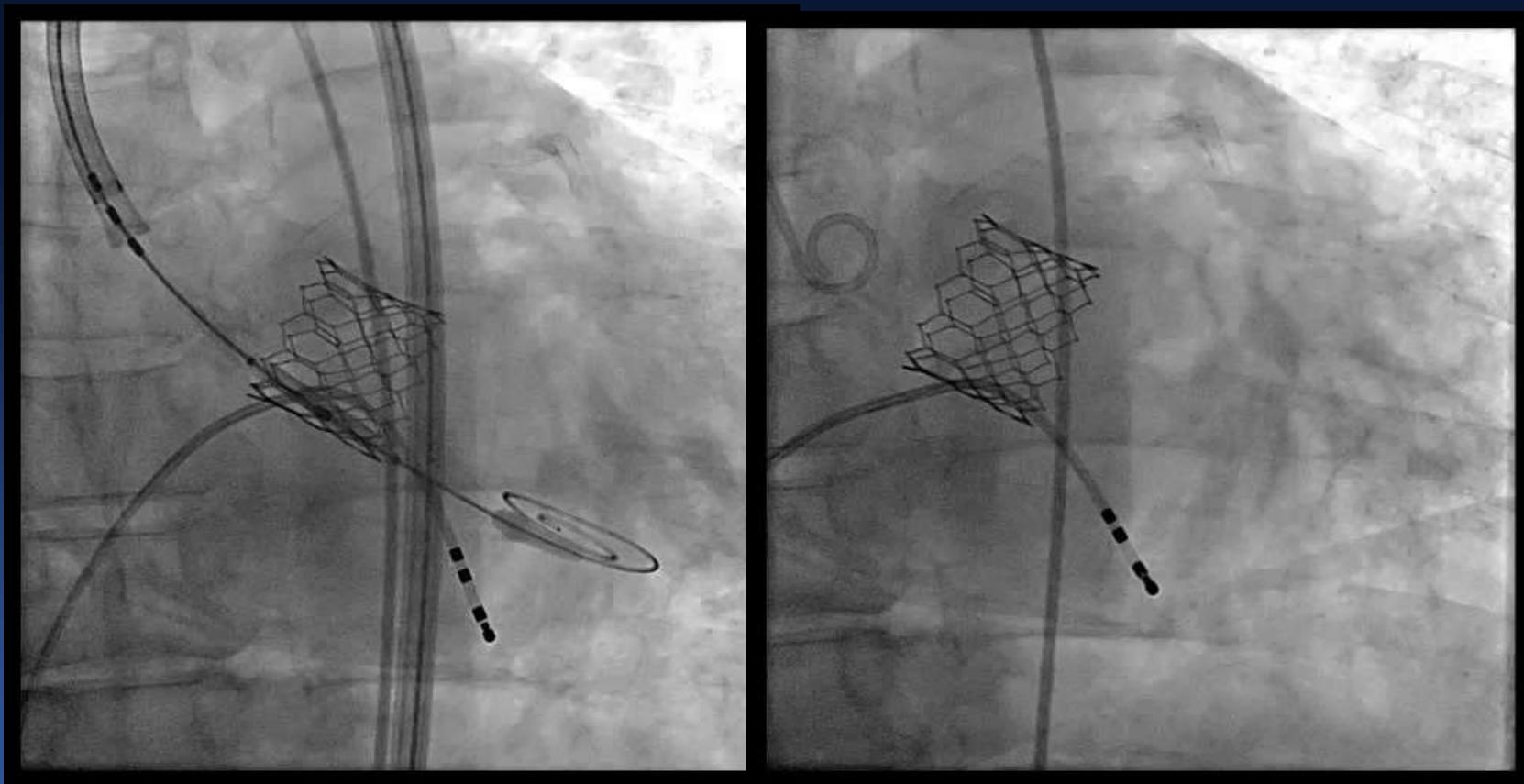


Moderate to Severe PVL

# Post-dilatation with +2cc Overfill (18% Oversizing)

Size	Area_oversize (%)	Perimeter_oversize (%)
23	86.3	91.0
24	94.0	95.0
25	102.0	98.9
26	109.5	102.8
27	118.1	106.8
28	127.0	110.7
29	136.9	115.0

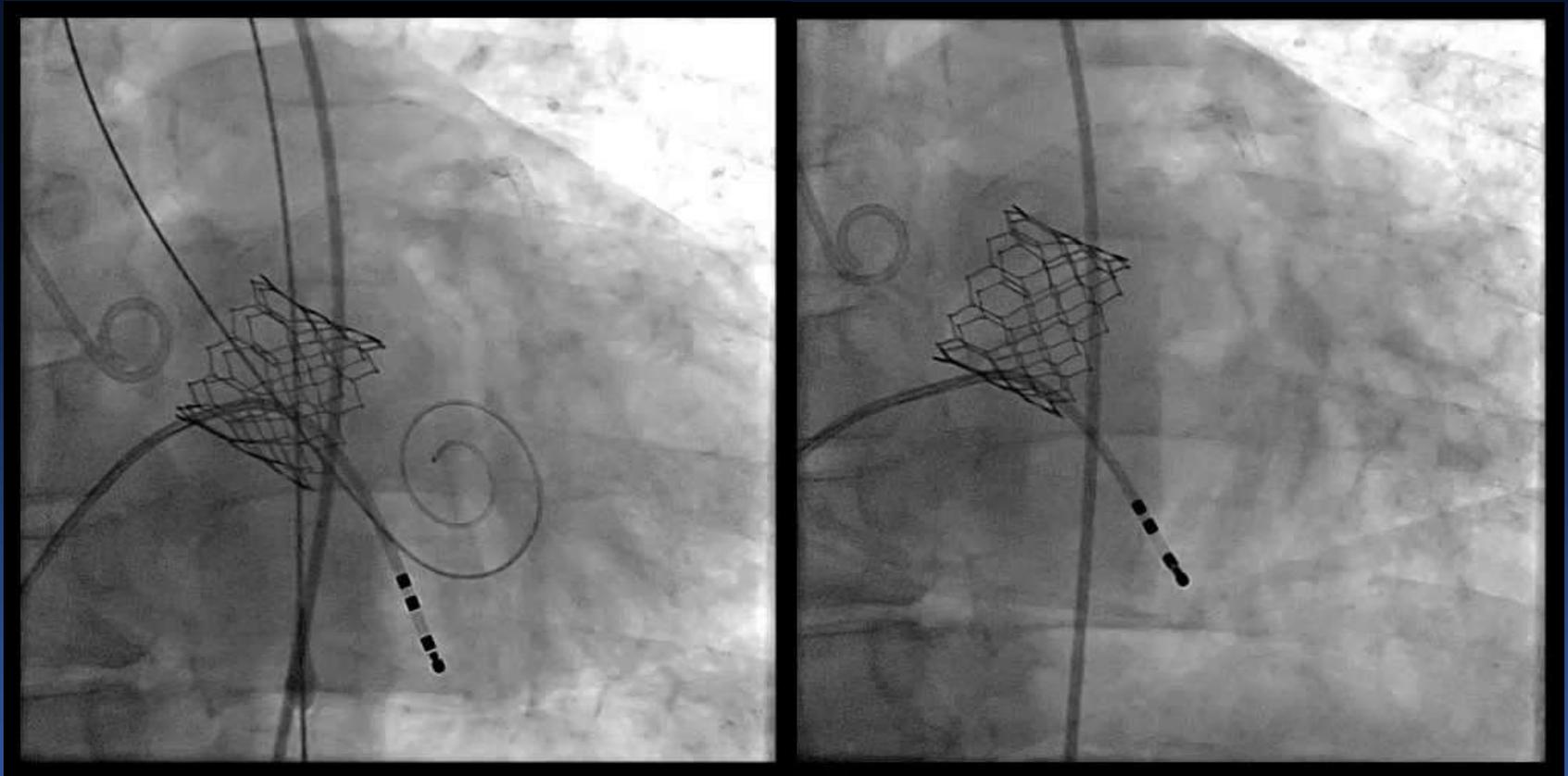
# Post-dilation with +2cc Overfill (18% Oversizing)



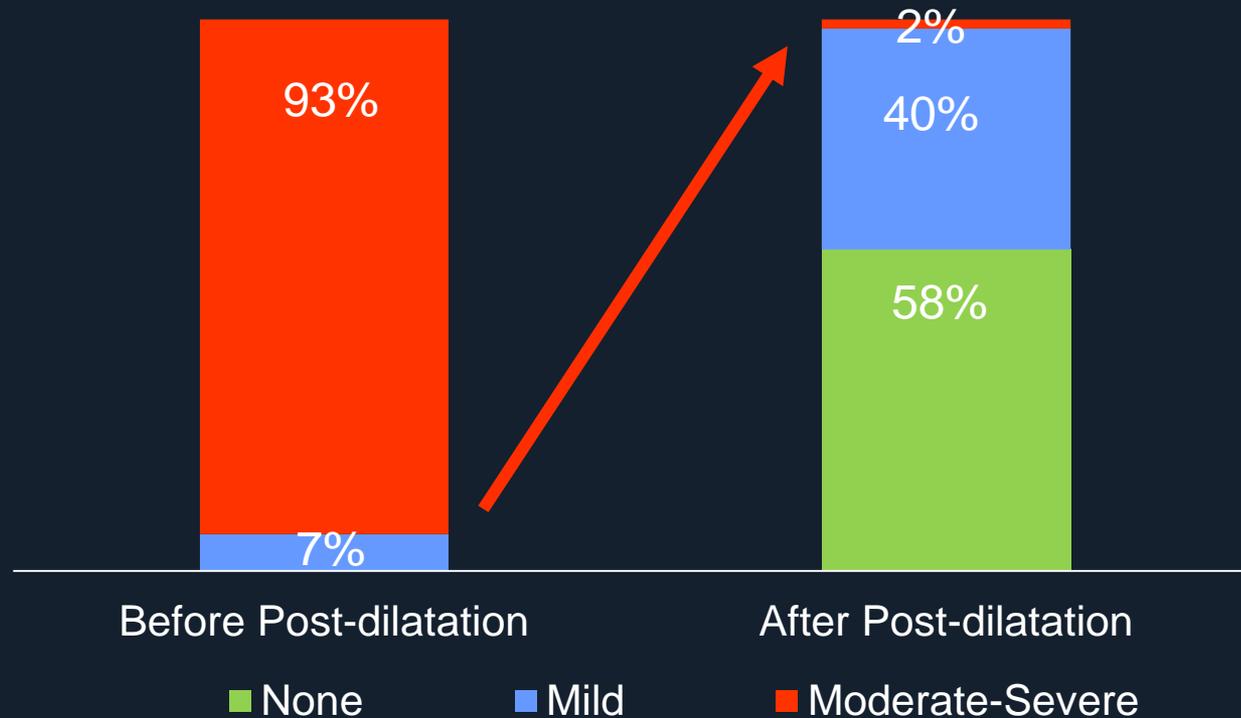
Trivial PVL

**S3 26 mm  
(9.5% Oversizing)**

**+2cc Overfill Post-Dilation  
(18% Oversizing)**



# PVL After Post-Dilatation (Sapien 3, n=60)



# Case 3, Bicuspid AV



Annulus plane

Aortic Annulus parameters	
Annulus short diameter	26.0 mm
Annulus long diameter	28.6 mm
Annulus mean diameter	27.3 mm
Annulus area	589 mm <sup>2</sup>
Annulus area-driven diameter	27.4 mm
Annulus perimeter	86.5 mm
Annulus perimeter-driven diameter	27.5 mm

# Calcium Amount

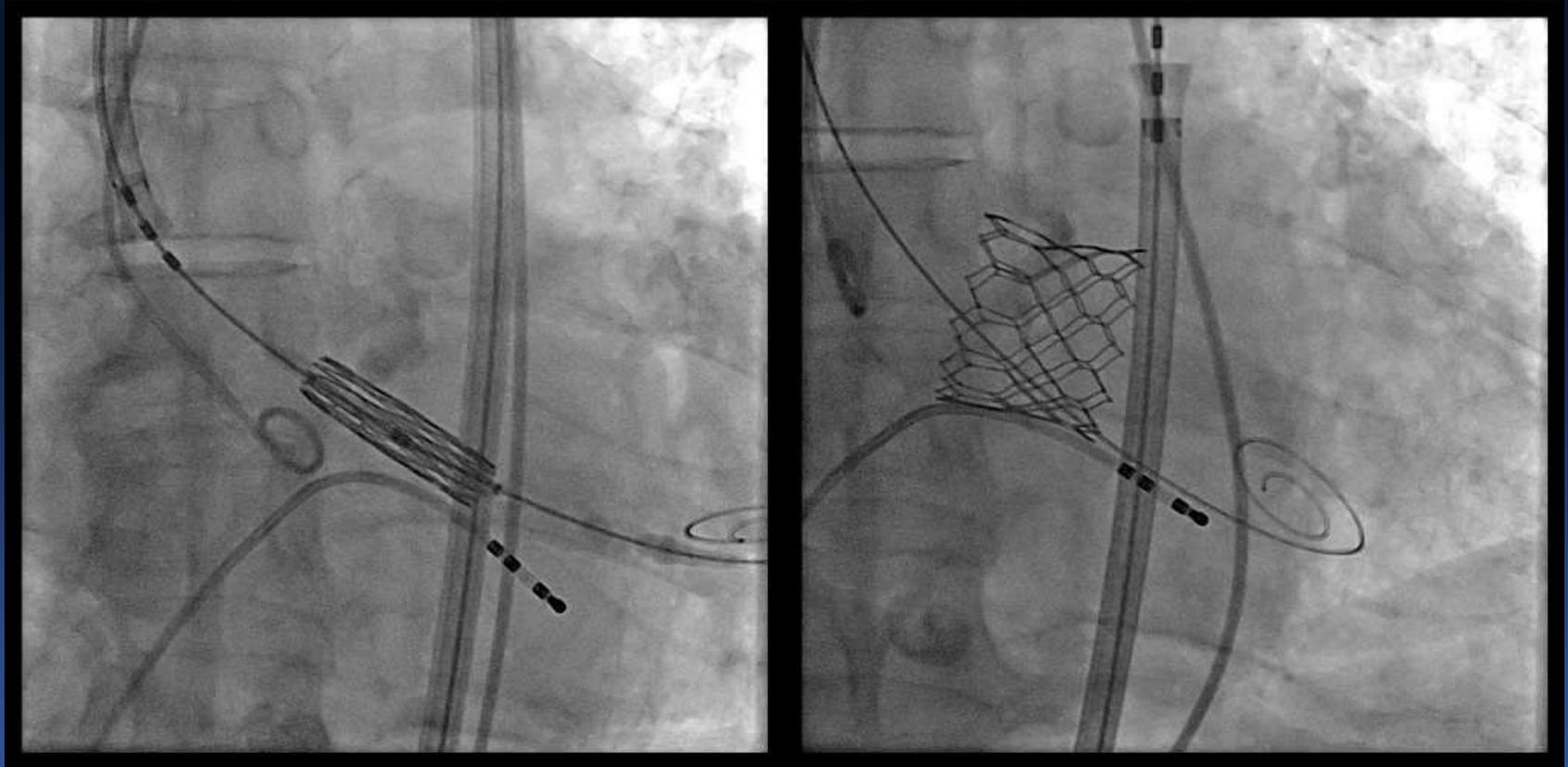


Calcium volume	
RCC	616 mm <sup>3</sup>
LCC	48 mm <sup>3</sup>
Total	664 mm <sup>3</sup>

# S3 29mm with -3cc Underfill (2% Oversizing)

Size	Area_oversize (%)	Perimeter_oversize (%)
24	75.6	86.2
25	82.0	89.8
26	88.1	93.3
27	95.0	96.9
28	102.2	100.5
29	110.2	104.4
30	117.9	108.0

# S3 29mm with -3cc Underfill (2% Oversizing)

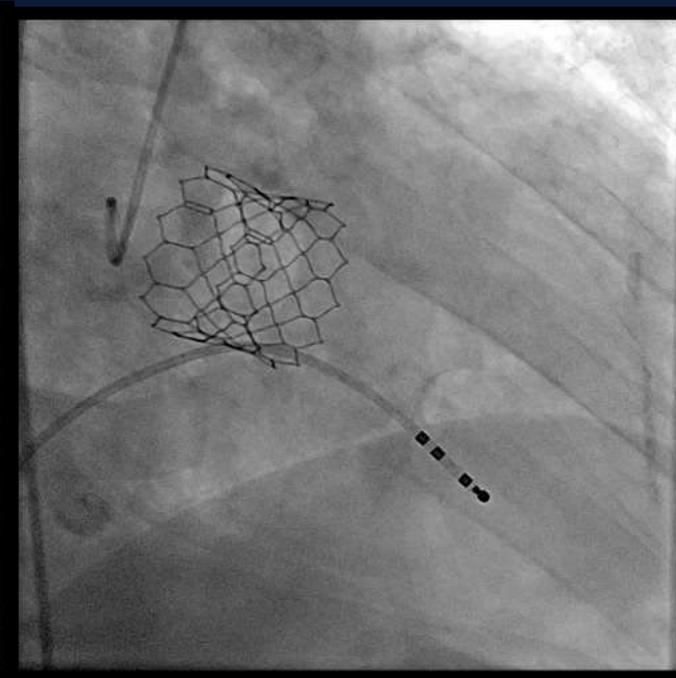
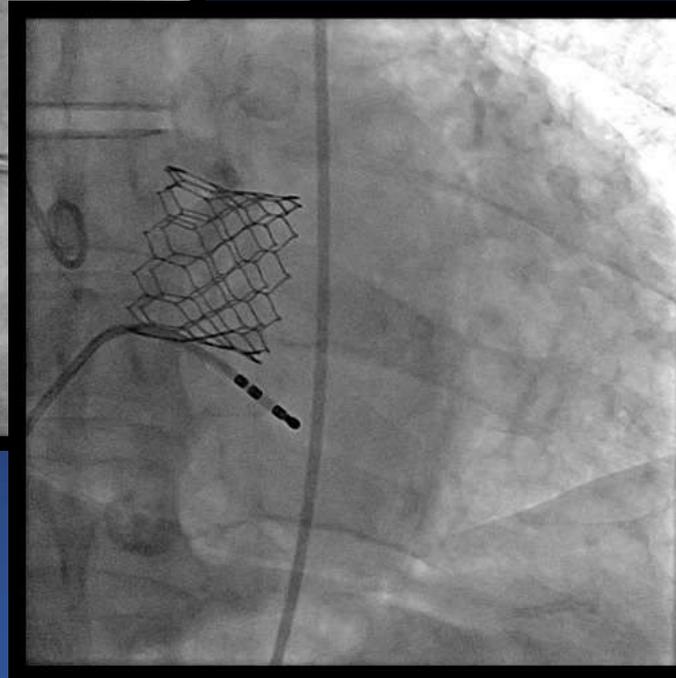
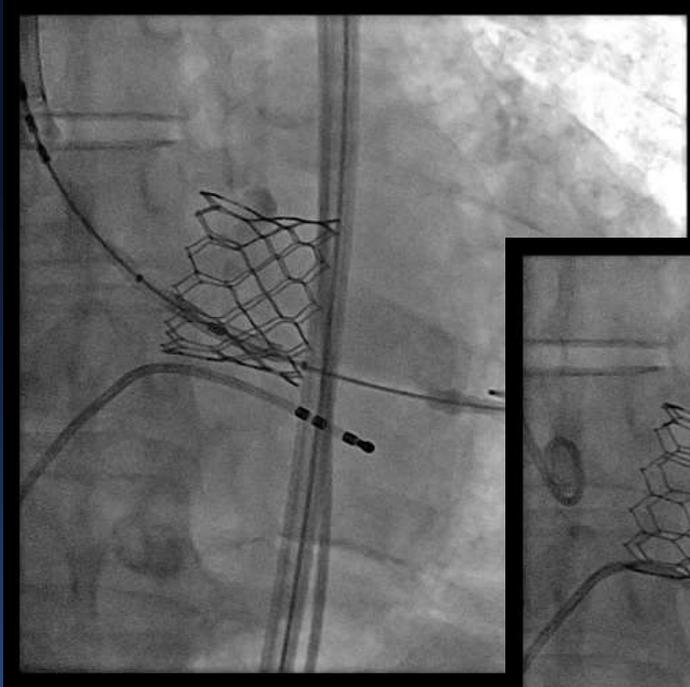


Moderate PVL

# Post-dilation with +3cc Overfill (10% Oversizing)

Size	Area_oversize (%)	Perimeter_oversize (%)
24	75.6	86.2
25	82.0	89.8
26	88.1	93.3
27	95.0	96.9
28	102.2	100.5
29	110.2	104.4
30	117.9	108.0

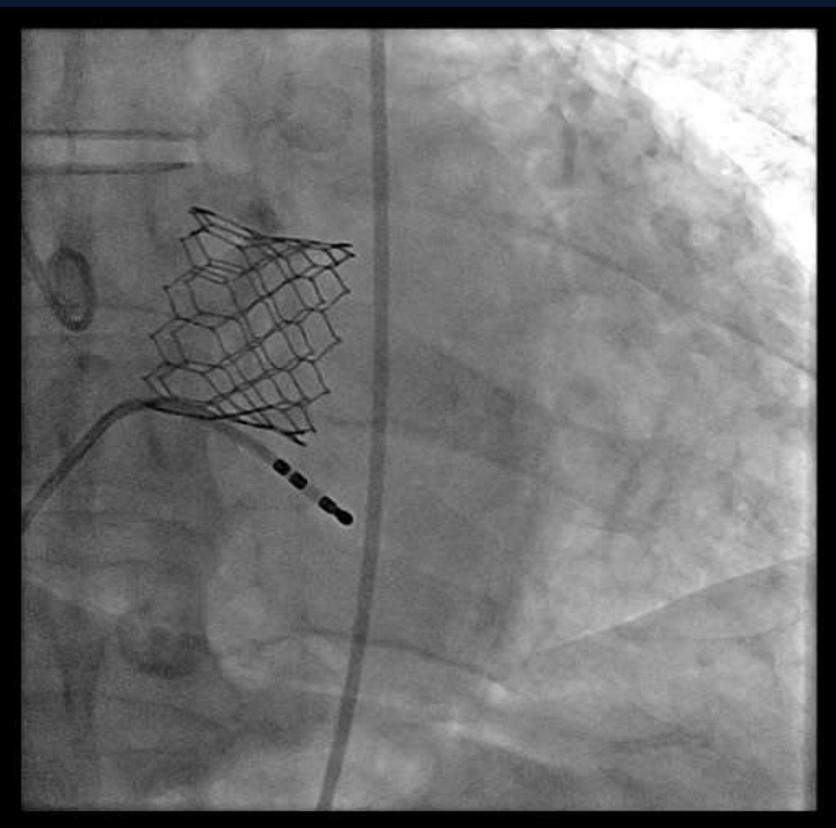
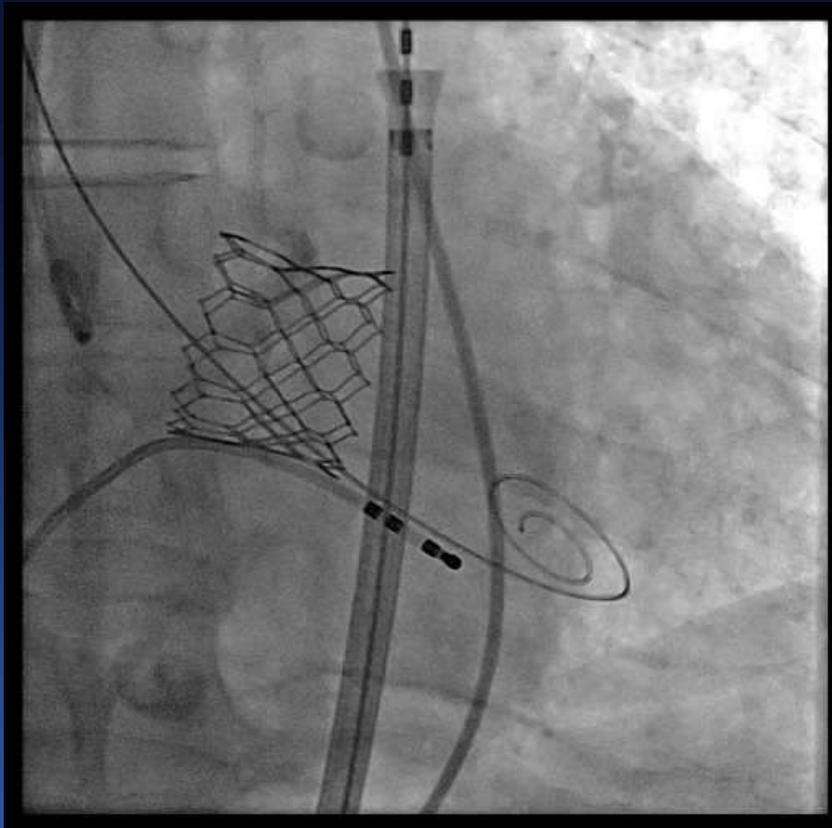
# Post-dilation with +3cc Overfill (10% Oversizing)



Mild PVL

**S3 29 mm -3cc Underfill  
(2% Oversizing)**

**+3cc Overfill,  
29 mm Nominal  
(10% Oversizing)**



**We Can Make A Difference !**

# Outcomes of TAVR

## Standard Performance (VARC-2\*) for High-Risk AS patients (@ 30 days)

		AMC Total (n=465)	New valves (n=246)	S3 (n=183)
• All-cause mortality	< 3%	2.6%	1.2%	1.6%
• Major (disabling) strokes	< 2%	1.9%	0.4%	0%
• Major vascular complications	< 5%	2.2%	0.4%	0%
• New permanent pacemakers	< 10%	7.7%	4.1%	3.3%
• Mod-severe PVR	< 5%	9.5%	4.1%	2.2%

# S3 Area Oversizing Based on the CT

**15%, Cutoff**

*Low Calcification  
(Ca volume < 400 mm<sup>3</sup>)*

*15%~20%, then Overfill*

*Heavy Calcification  
(Ca volume > 400 mm<sup>3</sup>)*

*10%, then Overfill*

*Bicuspid AS and  
Heavy Calcification*

*0%, then Overfill*

*Small LVOT or  
Sinus Valsalva*

*10%, then Overfill*



**Thank You !!**

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