# Successful mitral Valve-in-Valve using TAVR THV in a patient with severe MR due to bioprosthetic valve failure

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#### **Brief Case Summary**

- Female / 82 YO
- C.C: Medically refractory dyspnea (NYHA IV)
- STS PROM 17.843%
  - s/p MVR(Hancock II 27mm),
     AVR(Hancock II 21mm) [17YA]
  - Severe MR, HFpEF, pAF
  - CKD Stage IV
  - 148 cm 37.2 kg BSA 1.26m<sup>2</sup>

#### Clinical Frailty Scale\*



I Very Fit — People who are robust, active, energetic and motivated. These people commonly exercise regularly. They are among the fittest for their age.



2 Well – People who have no active disease symptoms but are less fit than category 1. Often, they exercise or are very active occasionally, e.g. seasonally.



3 Managing Well – People whose medical problems are well controlled, but are not regularly active beyond routine walking.



4 Vulnerable – While not dependent on others for daily help, often symptoms limit activities. A common complaint is being "slowed up", and/or being tired during the day.



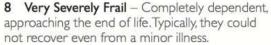
5 Mildly Frail — These people often have more evident slowing, and need help in high order IADLs (finances, transportation, heavy housework, medications). Typically, mild frailty progressively impairs shopping and walking outside alone, meal preparation and housework.



6 Moderately Frail – People need help with all outside activities and with keeping house. Inside, they often have problems with stairs and need help with bathing and might need minimal assistance (cuing, standby) with dressing.



7 Severely Frail – Completely dependent for personal care, from whatever cause (physical or cognitive). Even so, they seem stable and not at high risk of dying (within ~ 6 months).





9. Terminally III - Approaching the end of life. This category applies to people with a life expectancy <6 months, who are not otherwise evidently frail.

#### Scoring frailty in people with dementia

The degree of frailty corresponds to the degree of dementia. Common **symptoms in mild dementia** include forgetting the details of a recent event, though still remembering the event itself, repeating the same question/story and social withdrawal.

In moderate dementia, recent memory is very impaired, even though they seemingly can remember their past life events well. They can do personal care with prompting.

In severe dementia, they cannot do personal care without help.

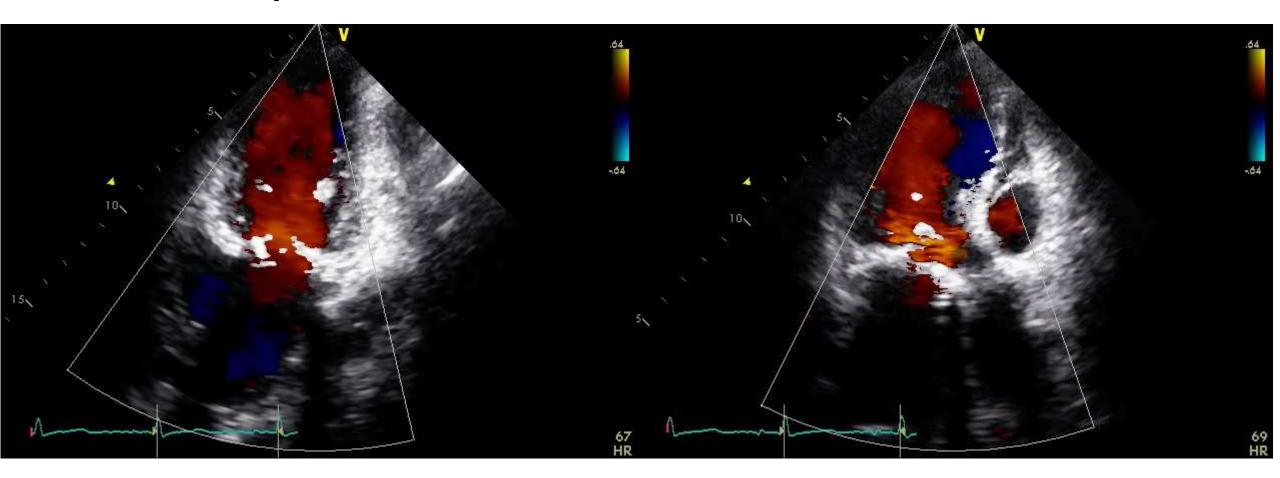
- I. Canadian Study on Health & Aging, Revised 2008.
- K. Rockwood et al. A global clinical measure of fitness and frailty in elderly people. CMAJ 2005;173:489-495.

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#### Transthoracic echocardiography

#### Mitral valve, post-MVR status



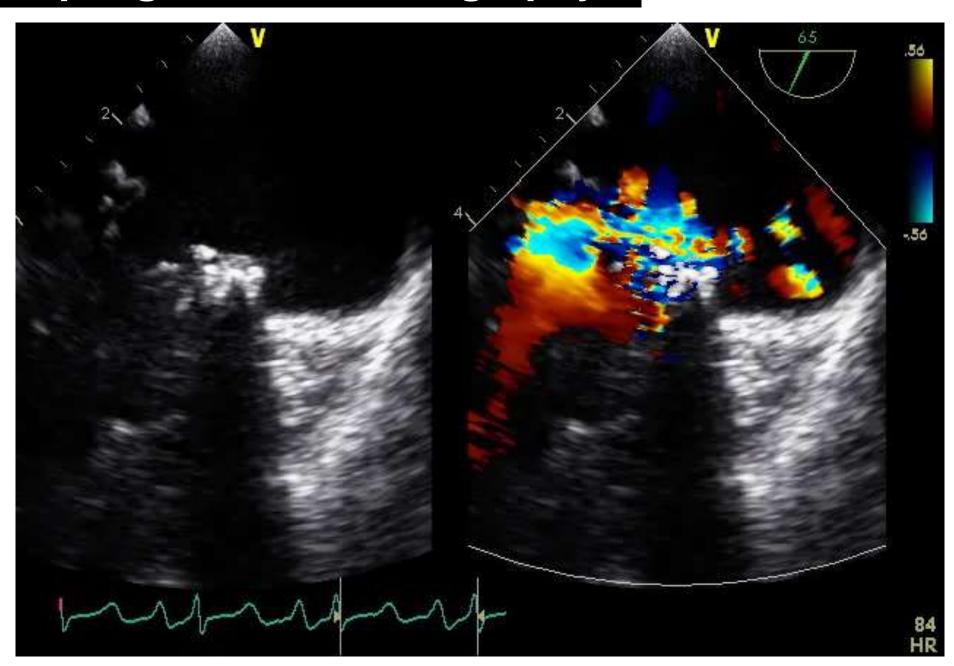
**PISA = 5.9mm** 

**X Aortic valve, post-AVR status** 

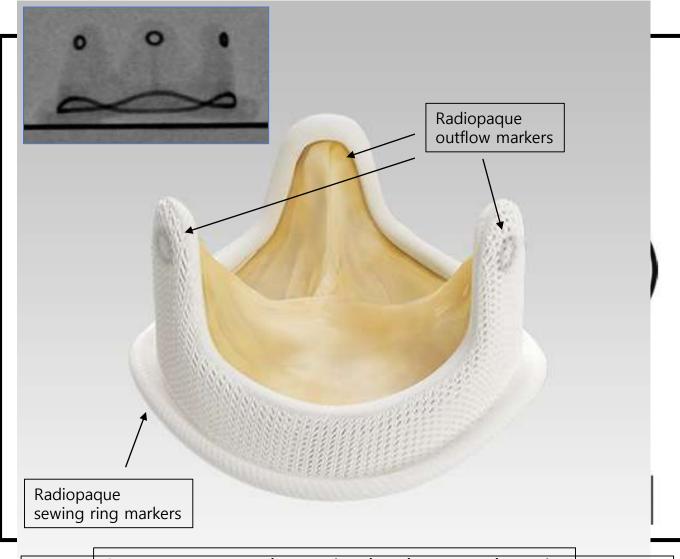
Peak Velocity = 2.21 m/sec

Peak/Mean pressure gradient = 19/8 mmHg

## Transesophageal echocardiography



### Valve-in-Valve Sizing



Internal diameter is agkificanity as malker, then the led size.

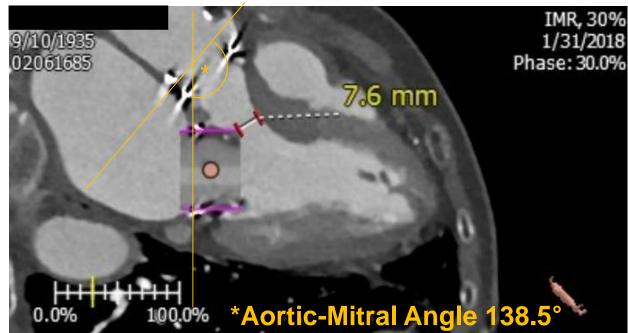
Valve Label Size	Valve Type/Model (Manufacturer)	Sewing Ring External Diameter, mm	Stent Outer Diameter, mm	Stent Internal Diameter, mm
24	Soprano EE 🛜 21:58	9% 🗀	27	23.7
25	Magna (I		23	22
	Perimou		23	22
	Mosaic Valve In	1/2/17/2	23	20.5
		vaive	25	22.5
	Mitroflow Mitral		25.1	21
	Trifecta (		25	N/A
	Epic/Bib Supported by NIHR Biom	edical Research	25	23
	Epic Sup Centre at Guys' and St.		25	25
26	Soprano Foundation Trust a		29	25.6
27	Magna (I		27	26
	Perimou		27	26
	Mosaic/1 Developed by Mr. Vinaya	k (Vinnie) Bapat	27	24
	Mosaic L company UBQO I		27	24
	Mitroflov		27.3	22.9
	Trifecta (	a e v	27	N/A
	Epic/Bio			27
	Epic Sup			27
28	Soprano	HAV.	98.77	27.6
29	Magna (I Enter			28
	Perimou		∧itral .	28
	Mosaic/Hancock II (Medtronic)	39	29	26
	Mosaic Ultra/Hancock II Ultra (Medtronic)	34	29	26 24.7
	Easy way: VIV App available in App store!			
	Trifecta (St. Jude Medical)	35	29	N/A
	Epic/Biocor (St. Jude Medical)	N/A	29	27
	Epic Supra (St. Jude Medical)	N/A	N/A	N/A

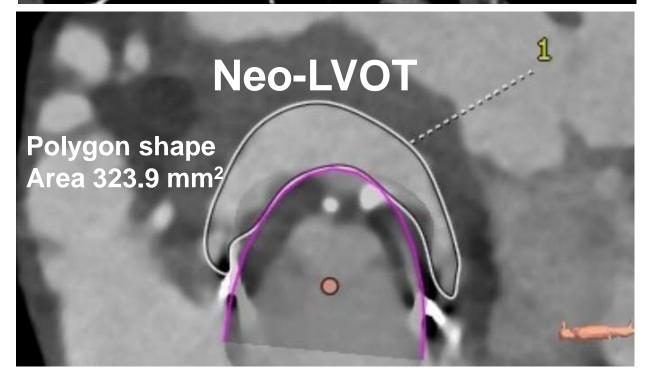
J Am Coll Cardiol 2011;58:2196–209 J Am Coll Cardiol 2015;66:2019–37





Surgical Valve True ID*	SAPIEN 3 Transcatheter Heart Valve Size	
16.5-19 mm	20 mm	
18.5-22 mm	23 mm	
22-25 mm	26 mm	
25-28.5 mm	29 mm	

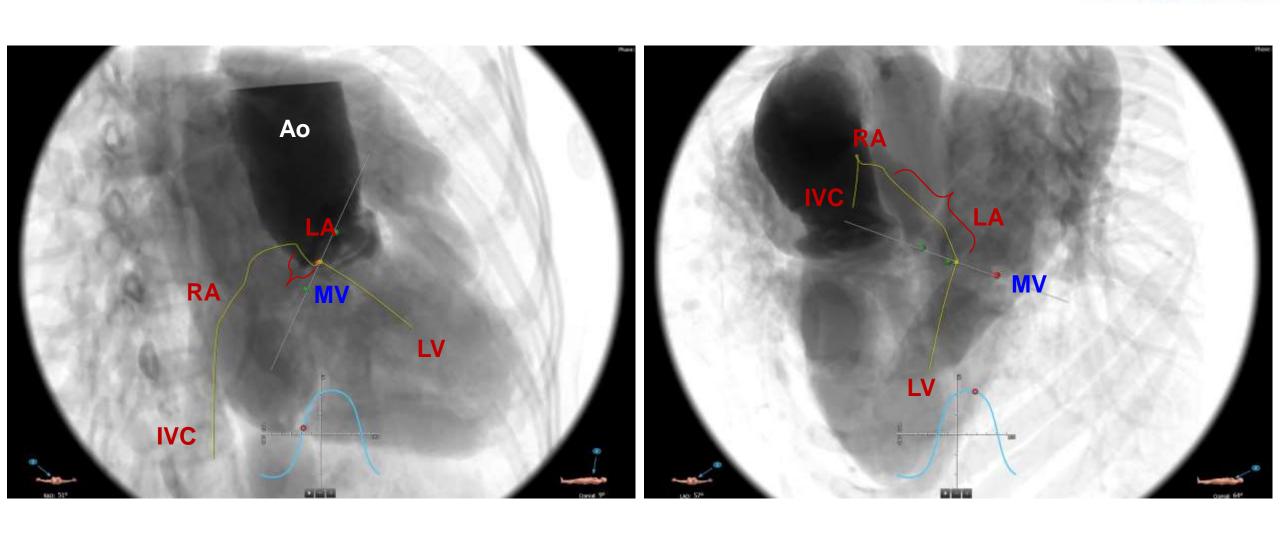




### Optimal angle: Prediction of wire and device path

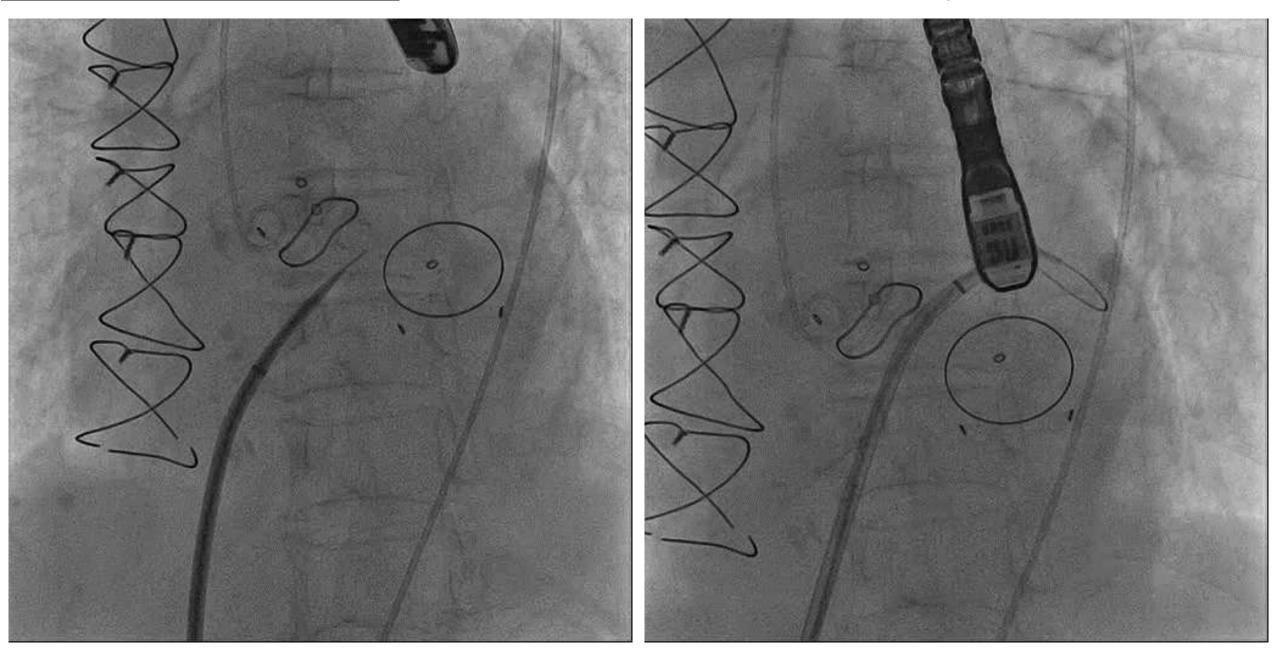


3mensio Structural Heart



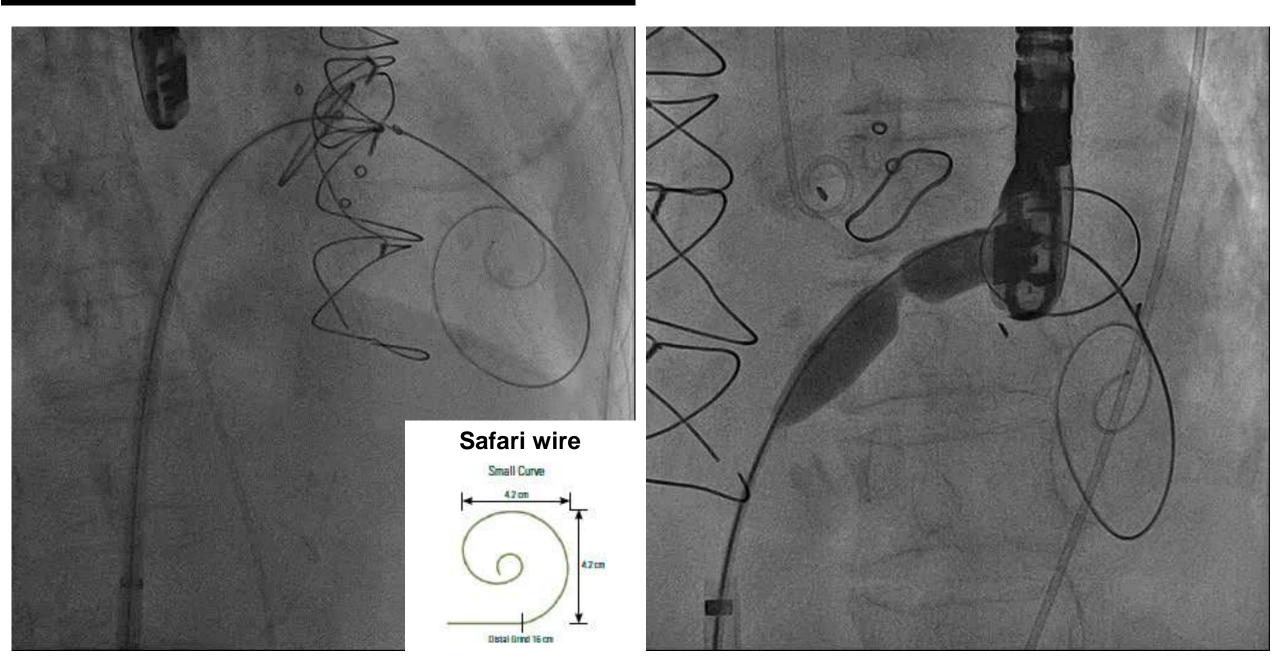
# Septal puncture

SL1 sheath/dilator with Brockenbrough needle



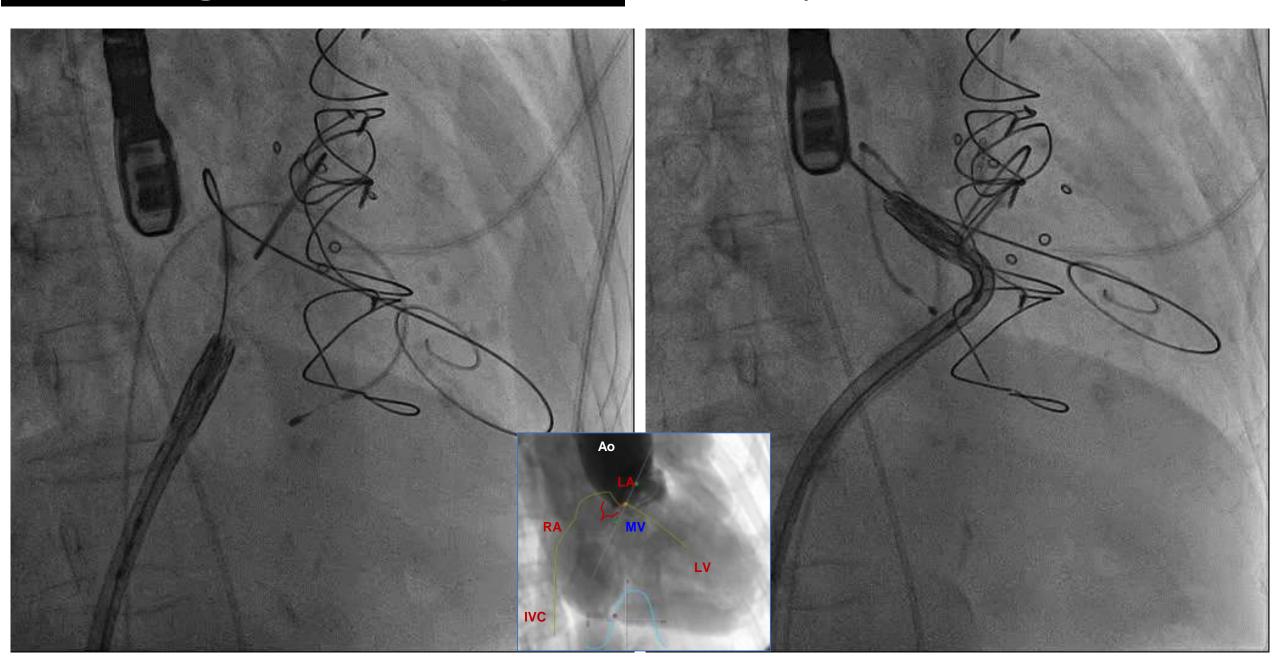
### Interatrial balloon dilatation

#### Balloon: Mustang 12.0mm X 40mm



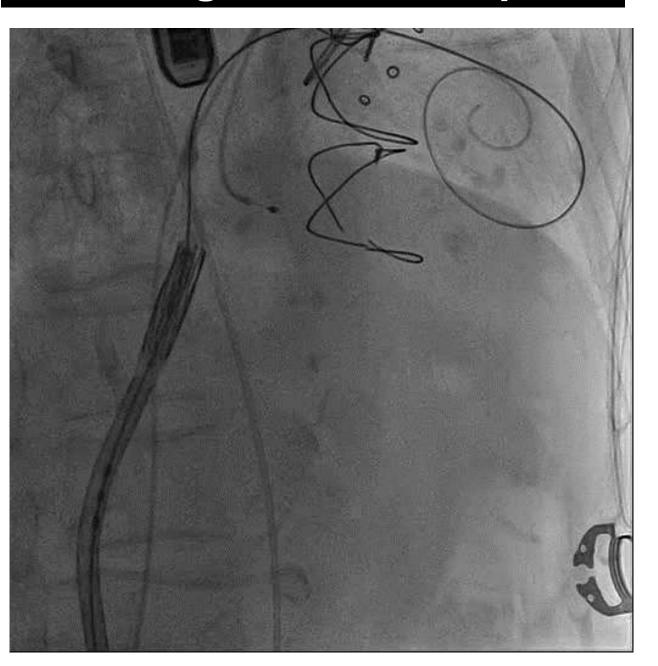
## **Crossing inter-atrial septum**

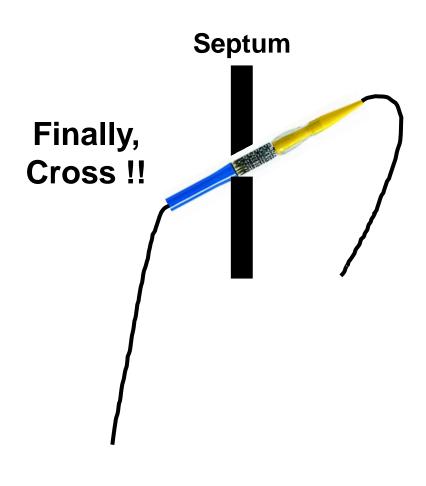
26mm Sapien 3 THV



## **Crossing inter-atrial septum**

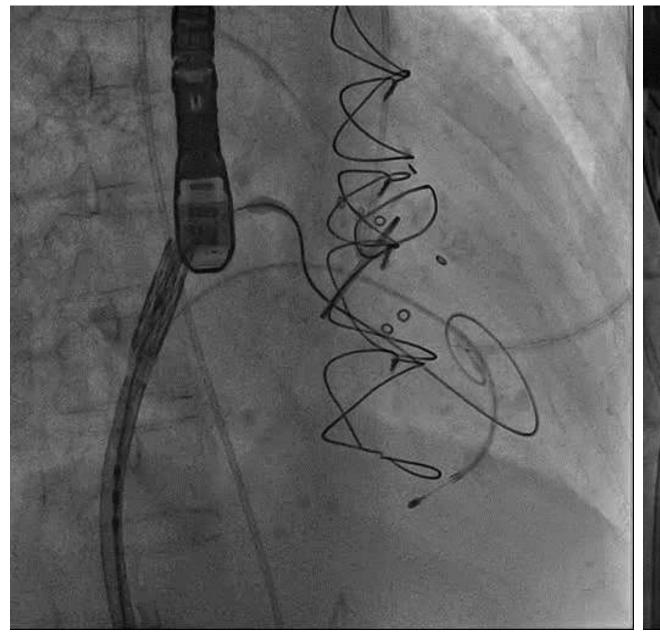
26mm Sapien 3 THV

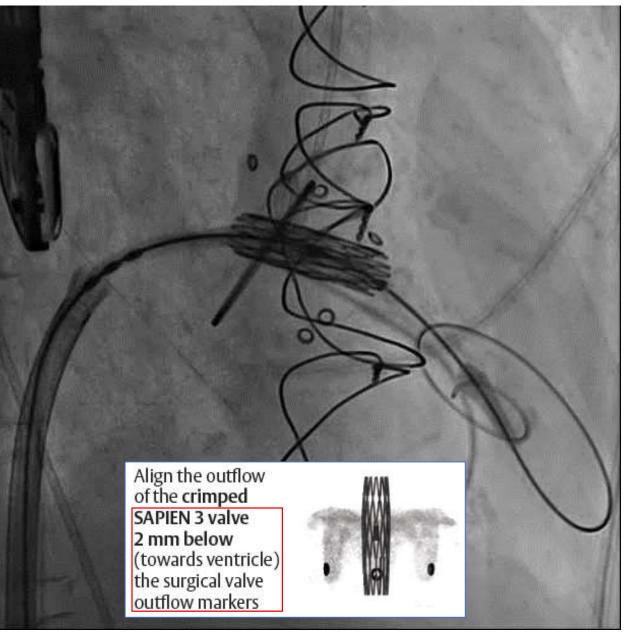




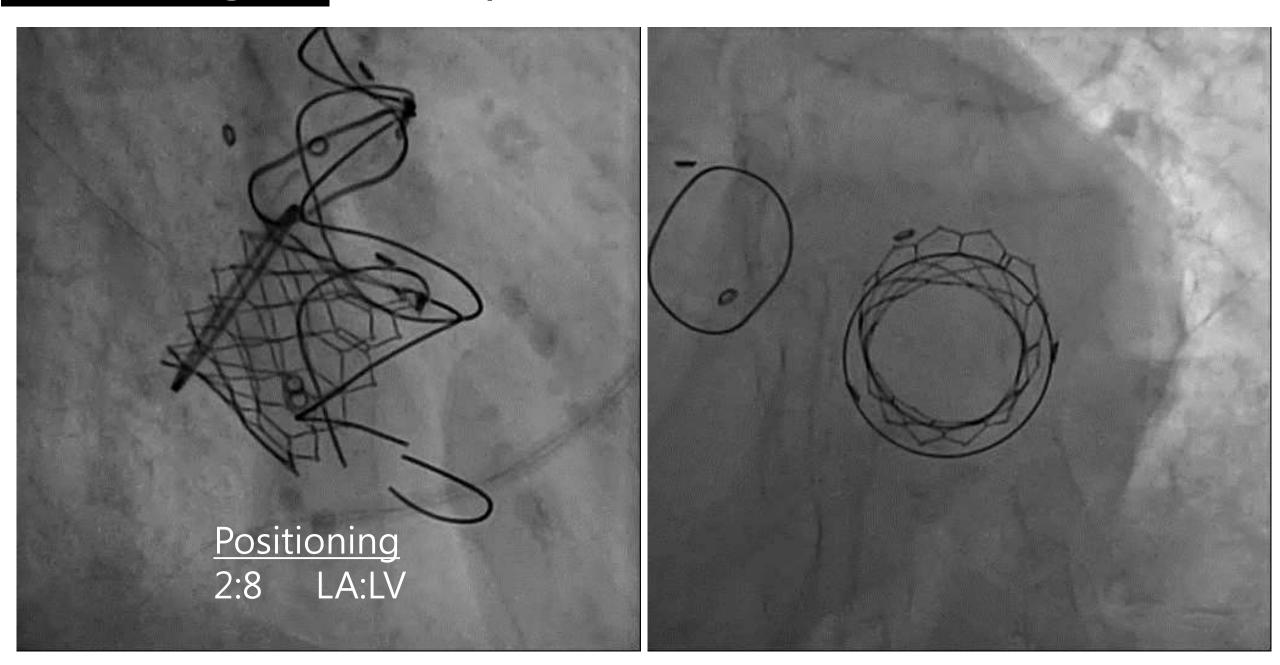
## Crossing inter-atrial septum and VIV implantation

Nominal Pr.

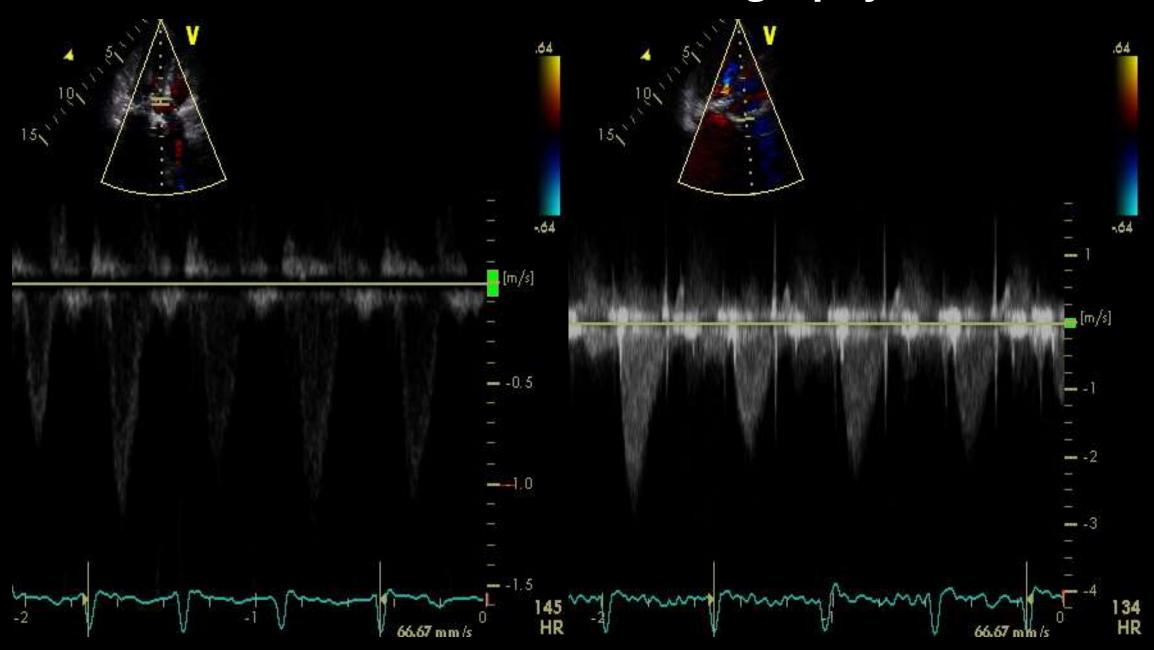




#### 26mm Sapien 3 Valve-in-Valve, Procedure time 144 mins



## Transthoracic echocardiography



#### Conclusions

- Mitral VIV using balloon-expandable TAVR THV is a feasible solution for mitral bioprosthetic failure with appropriate anatomy.
- Proper sizing and accurate deployment positioning are crucial for procedural success.
- 3. For successful device delivery and implantation, **co-axiality** should be achieved.
  - wire management, delivery system flexion, buddy wire technique, telescoping
- 4. Post-procedural **LVOT obstruction** is the Achilles' heel but can be prevented.
  - meticulous pre-procedural evaluation with imaging modalities: CT, TEE, 3D printing

# THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!