

Symbol of speed, agility and protection



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Clinical background

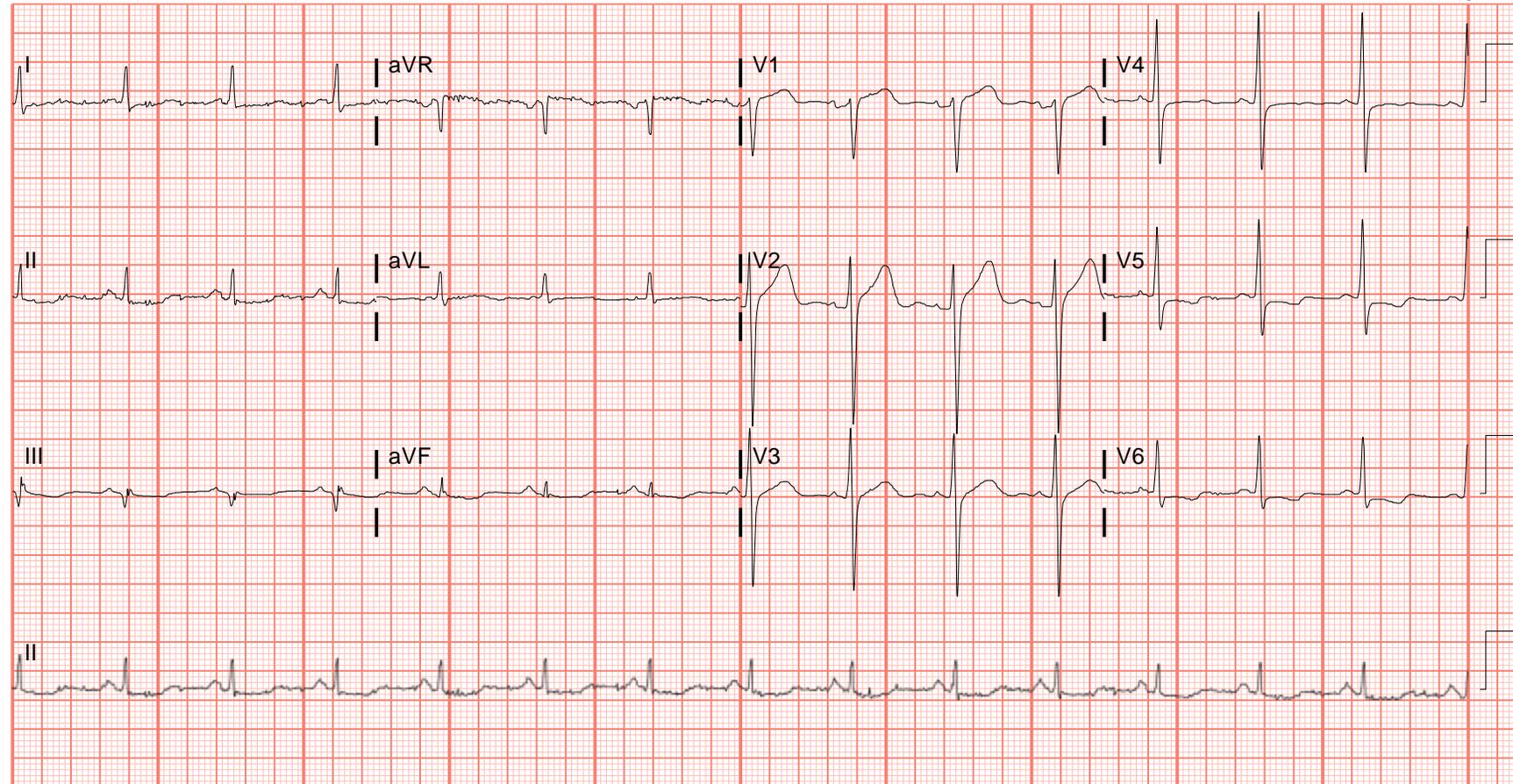
- A 49 years gentleman
- Exertional angina for the last 12month
- Dyslipidaemia and obstructive sleep apnoea on CPAP
- Chronic smoker.
- Clinical Examination Ht.:174.5cm, Wt.: 94.5, BMI: 31
- ECG: SR. LVH

Rate 85 Sinus rhythm
PR 130 Nonspecific repol abnormality, lateral leads
QRSd 94 Borderline ST elevation, anterior leads
QT 370
QTc 440
--Axis--
P 63
QRS 13
T -68

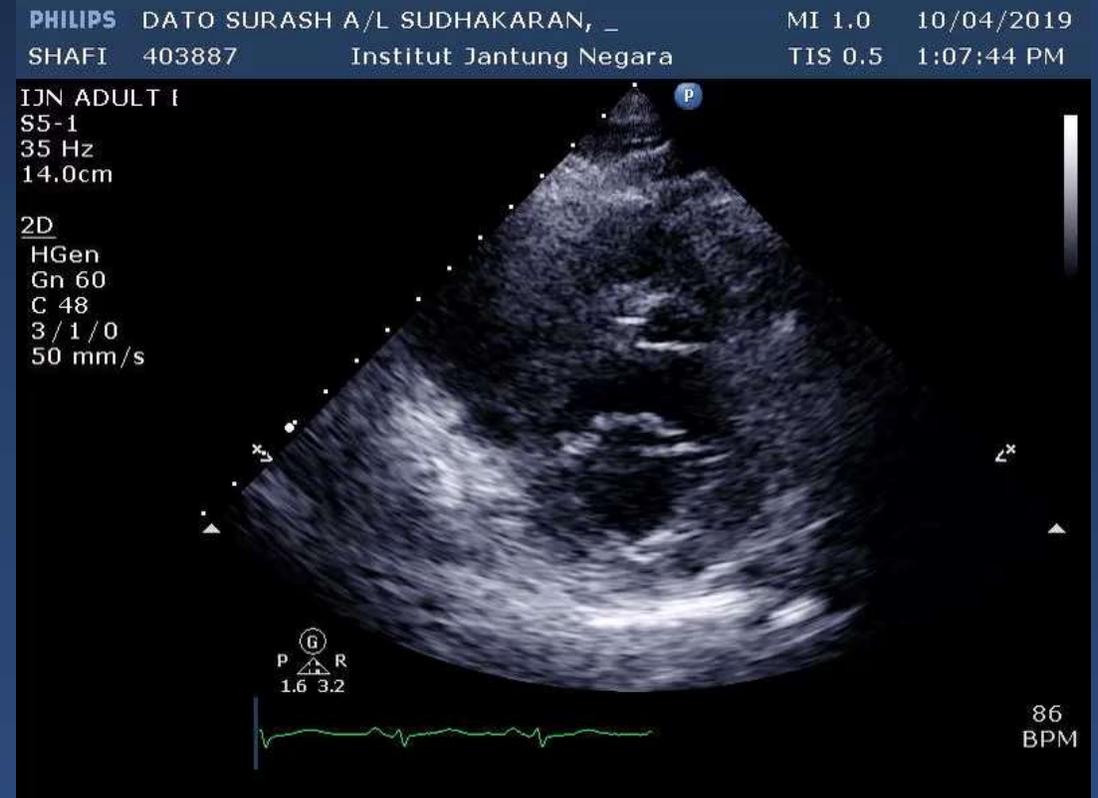
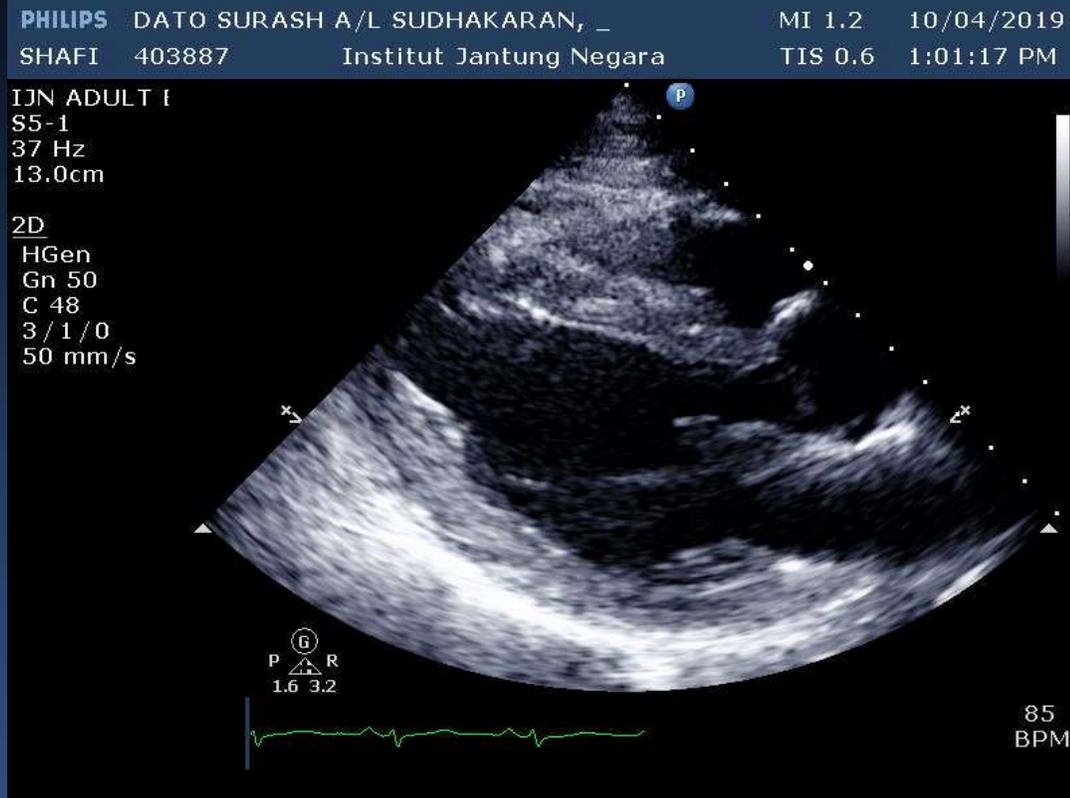
Req Provider:

- Abnormal ECG -

Unconfirmed Diagnosis



Echo

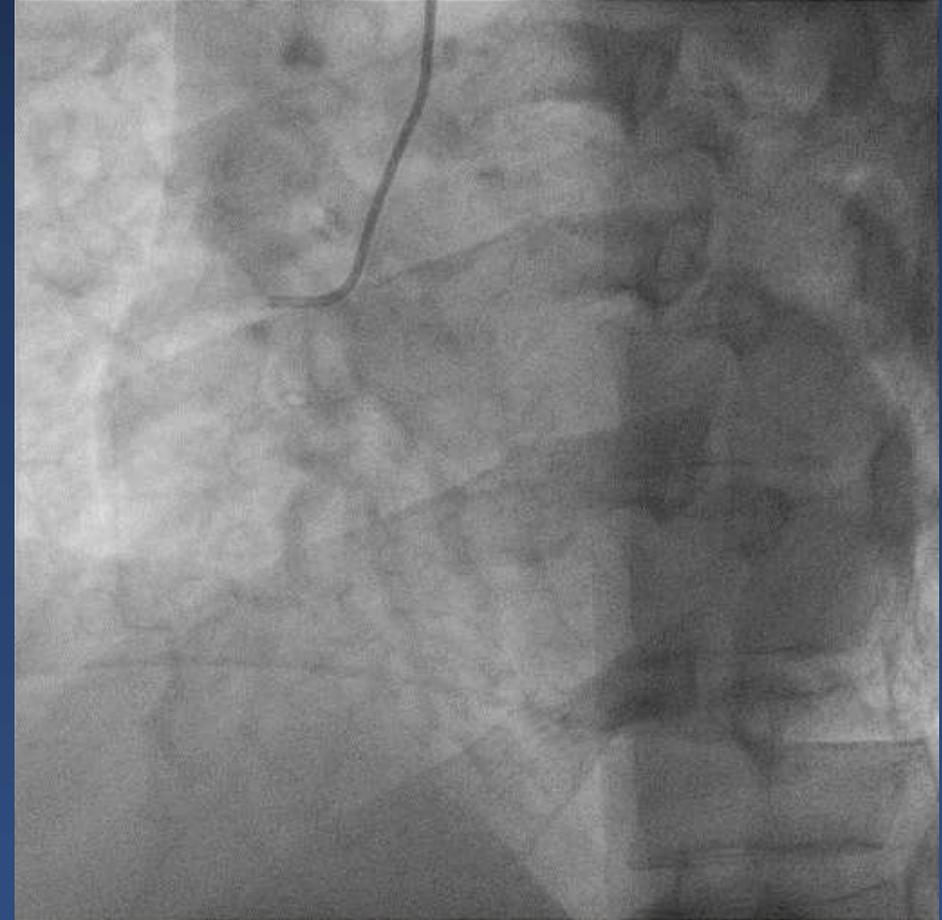
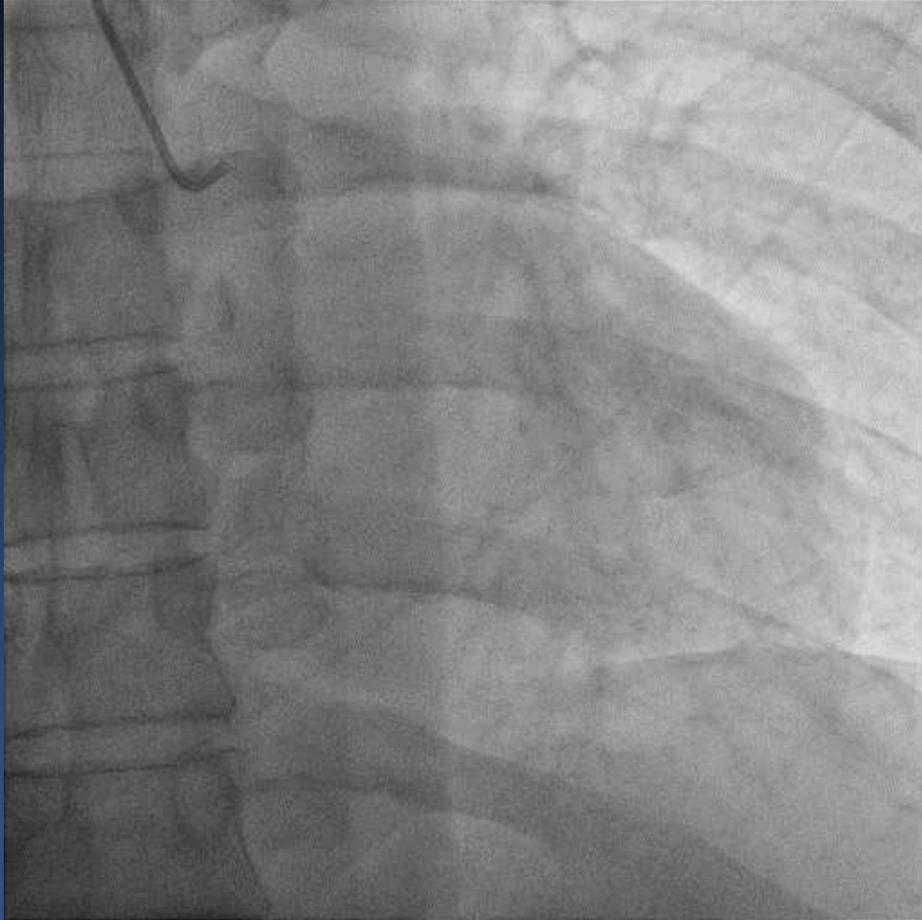


Echo: EF 55%, LVH, multiple areas of RWMA
Stress test : Positive at stage II

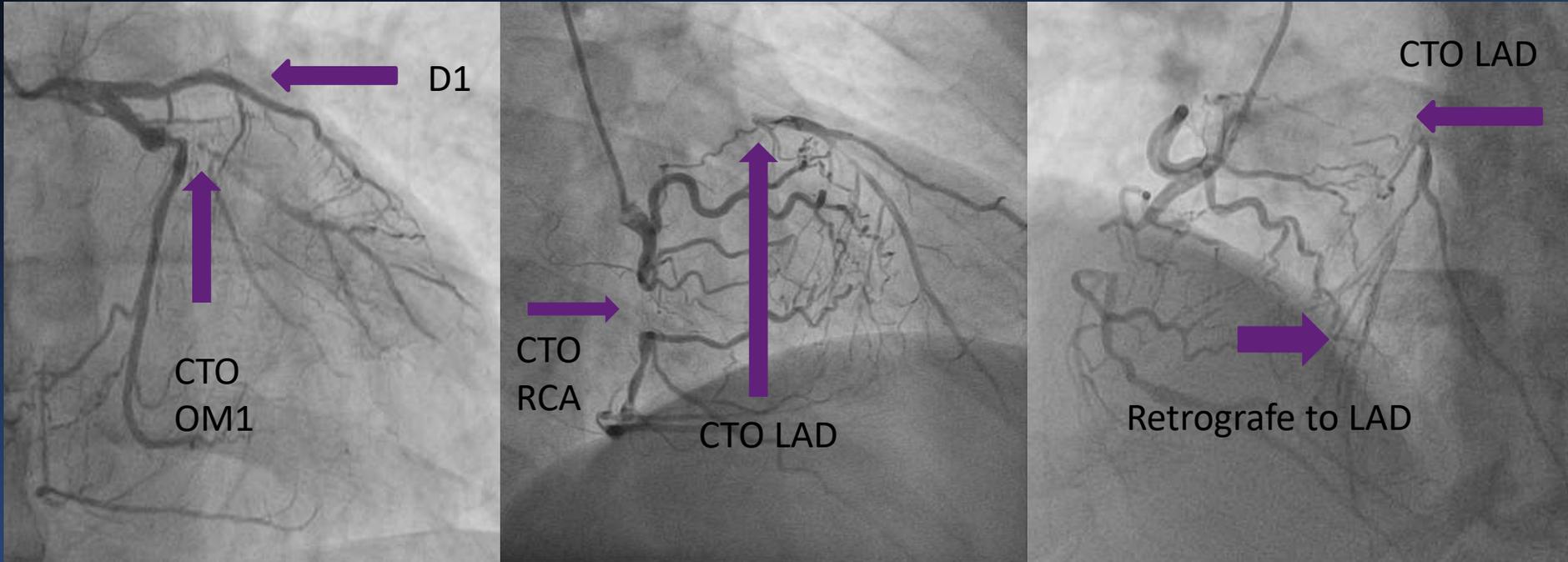
Angiogram:

- LMS: Normal
- LAD: Proximal segment CTO after D1 bifurcation.
- LCX: Mild irregularity.
- OM1: Short CTO at ostium
- RAC: Dominant, mid segment CTO.

Angiogram



Coronary Angiogram finding



Syntax Score

- Syntax Score I (total score for all lesion): 40.4

PCI

- Syntax Score II: 30.3
- PCI 4 years mortality: 7.0%

CABG

- Syntax Score II: 24.0
- CABG 4 year mortality: 4.2%

Treatment recommendation: CABG or PCI.

Discussed and explained to patient, he opted PCI

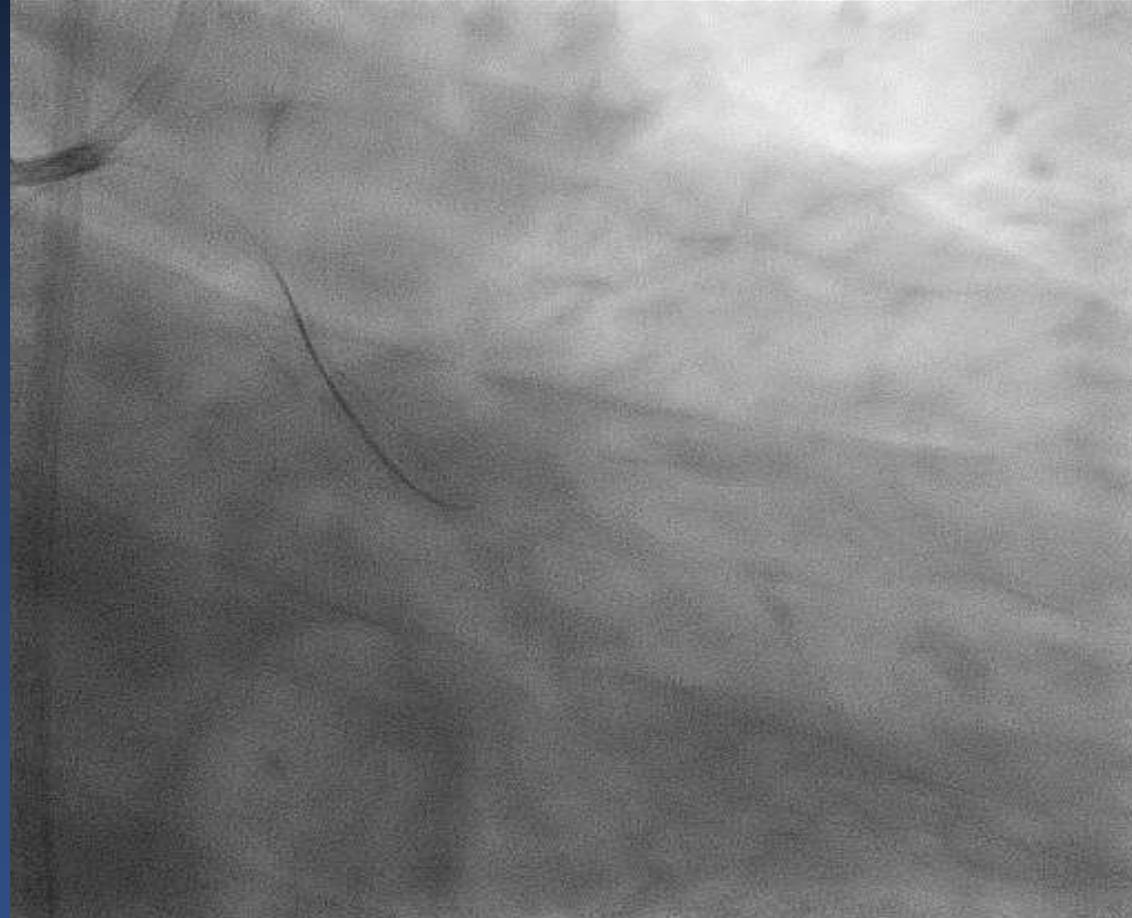
PCI short CTO OM1

PCI LCX/OM1

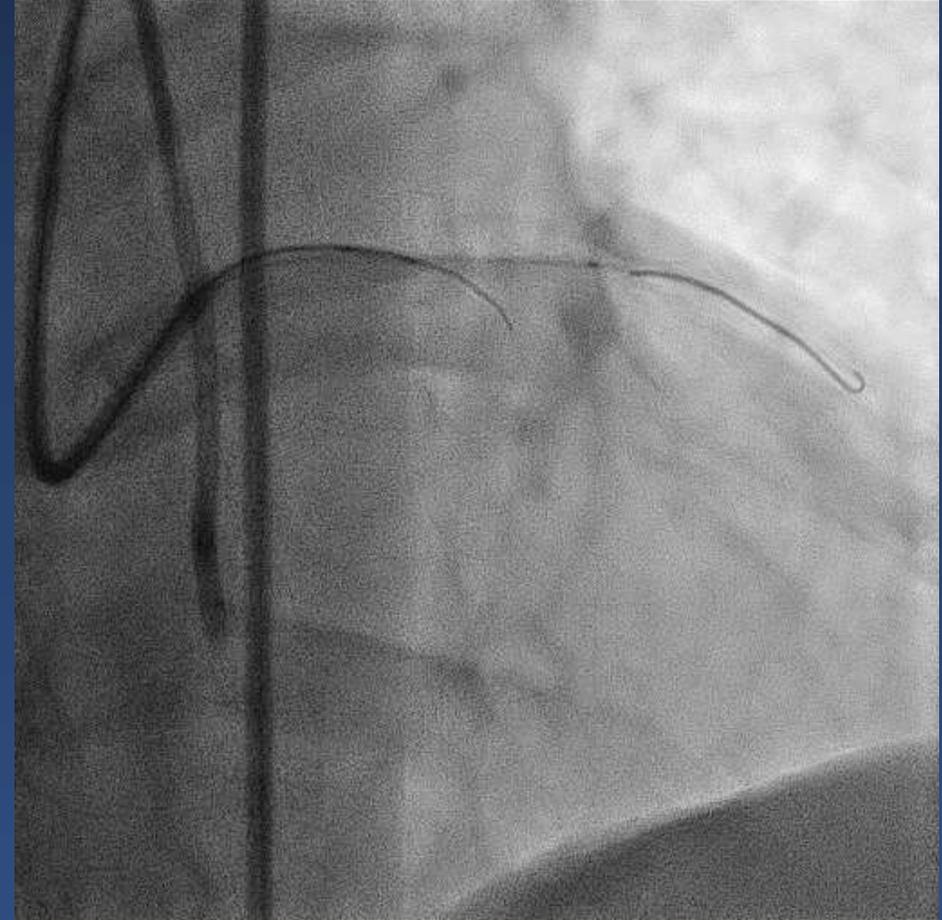
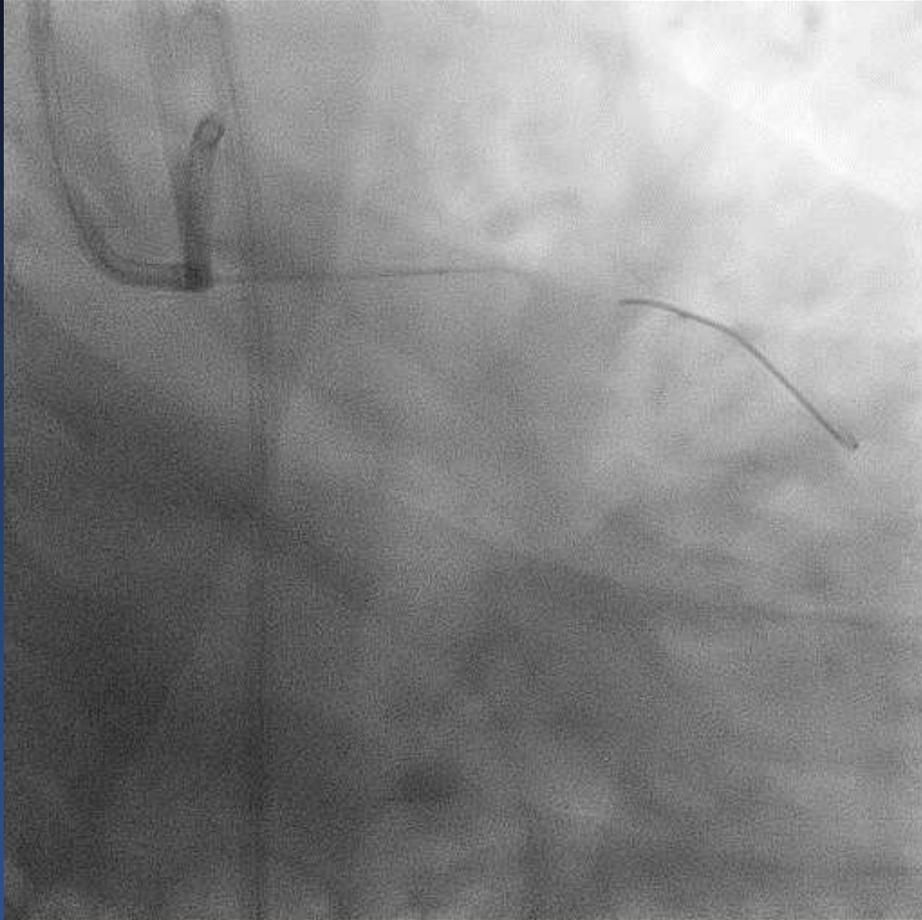
- EBU 3.5 7F, CATHETER
- 2 wires
- Conquest pro 200 in corsair microcatheter
- Cross lesion
- Predilated with 2.5/20mm
- Stent with synergy 2.5×48
- Post dilated with NC 2.5/15 distally & 3.0/8 proximally



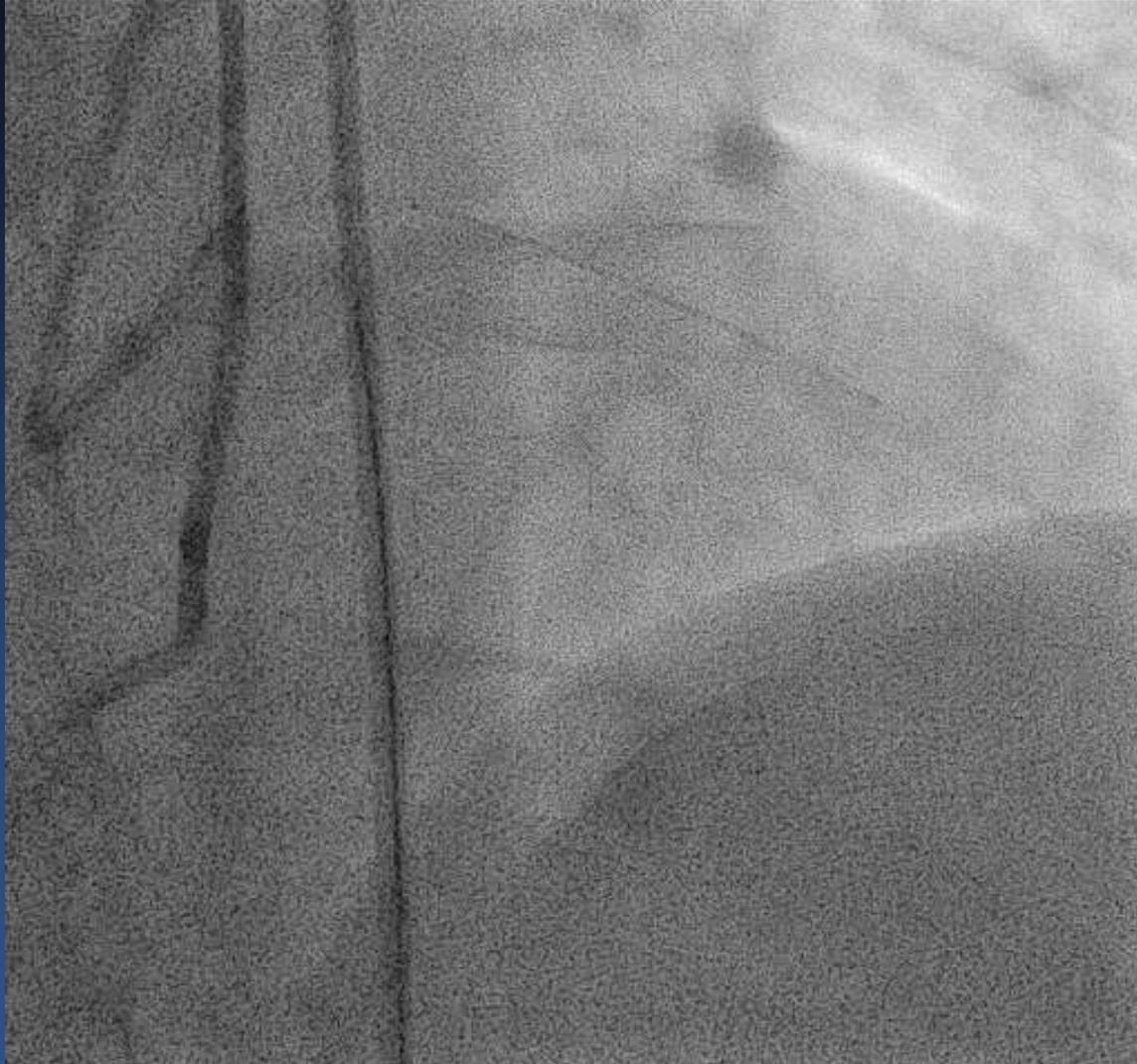
Final Result PCI OM1



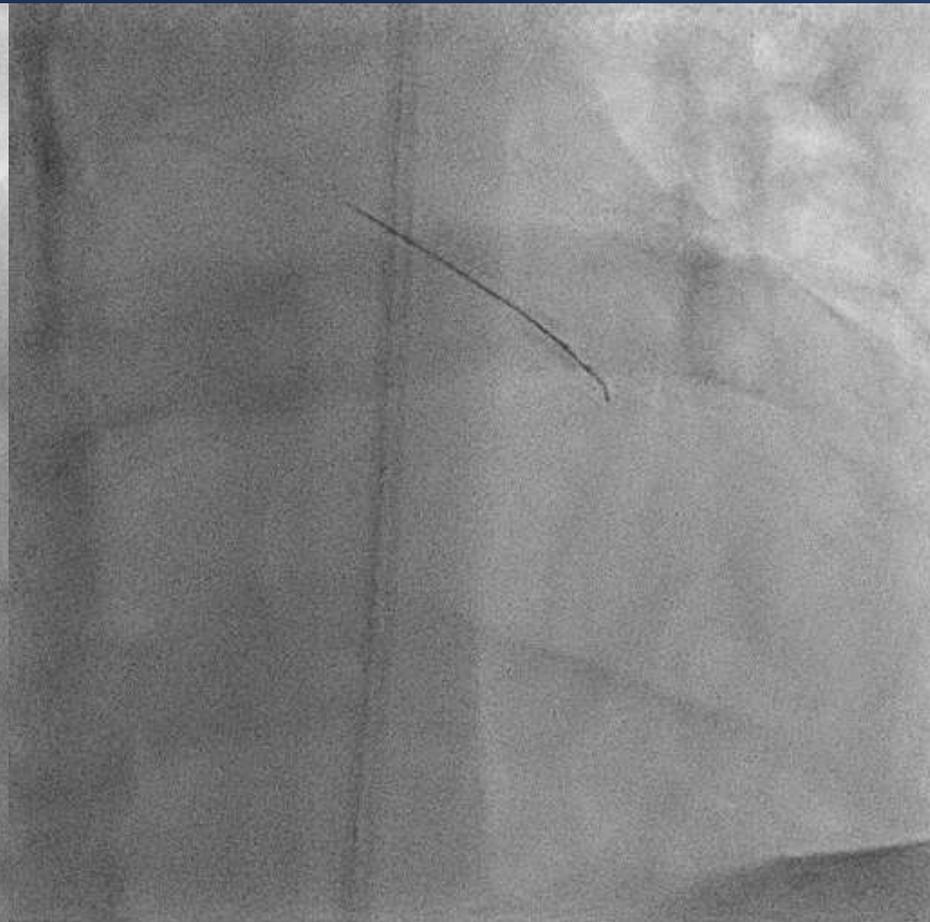
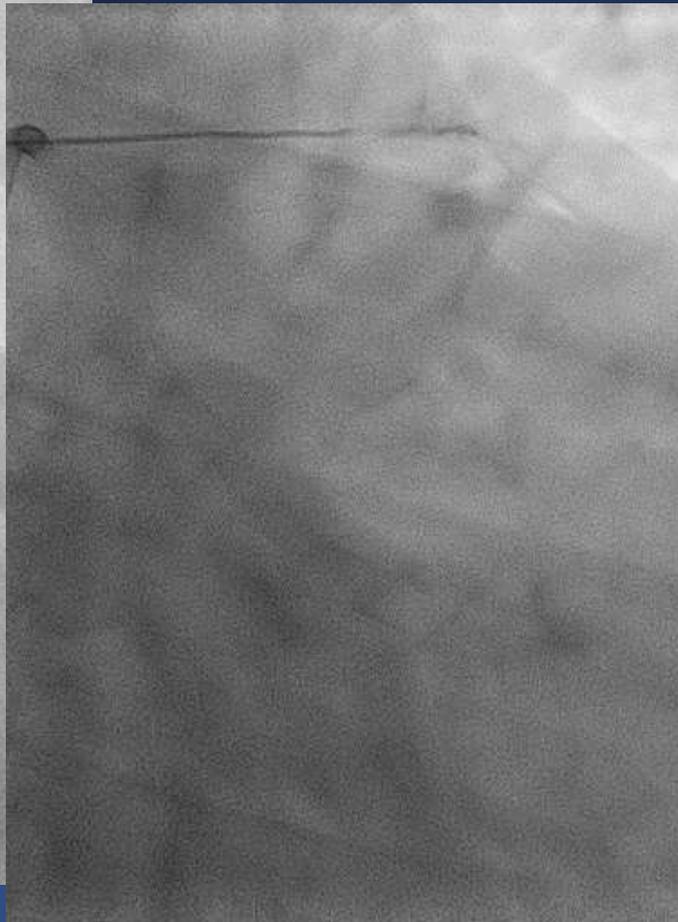
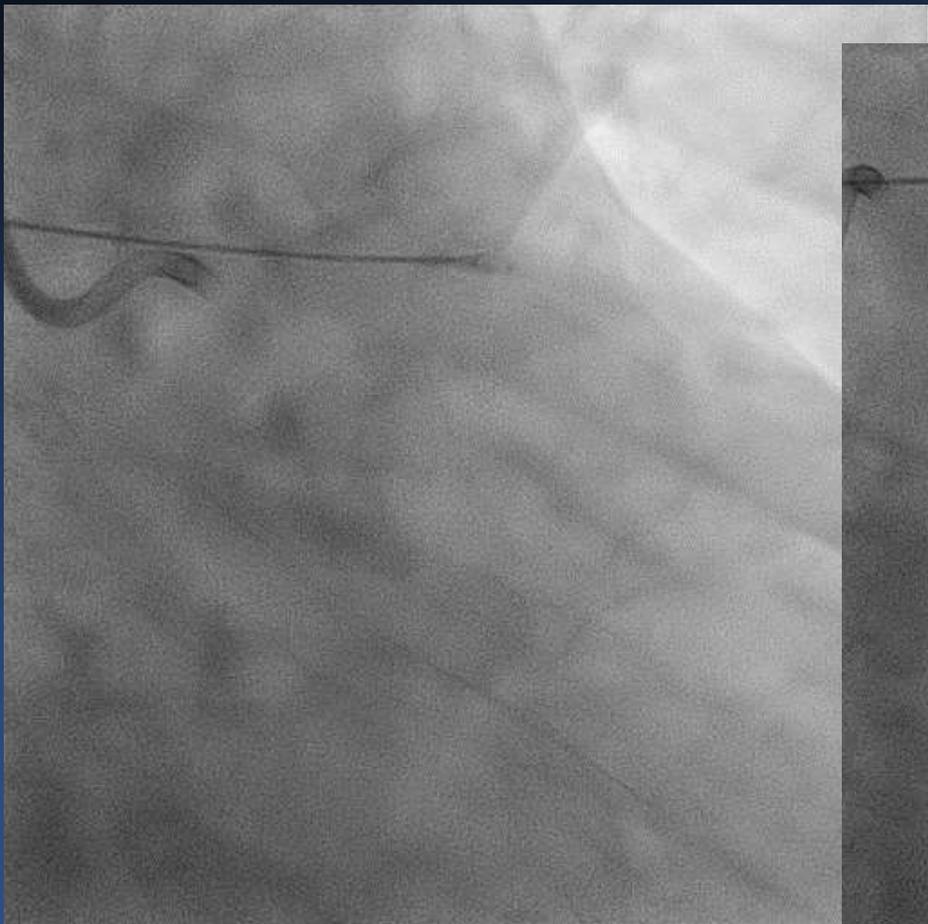
IVUS guided PCI LAD

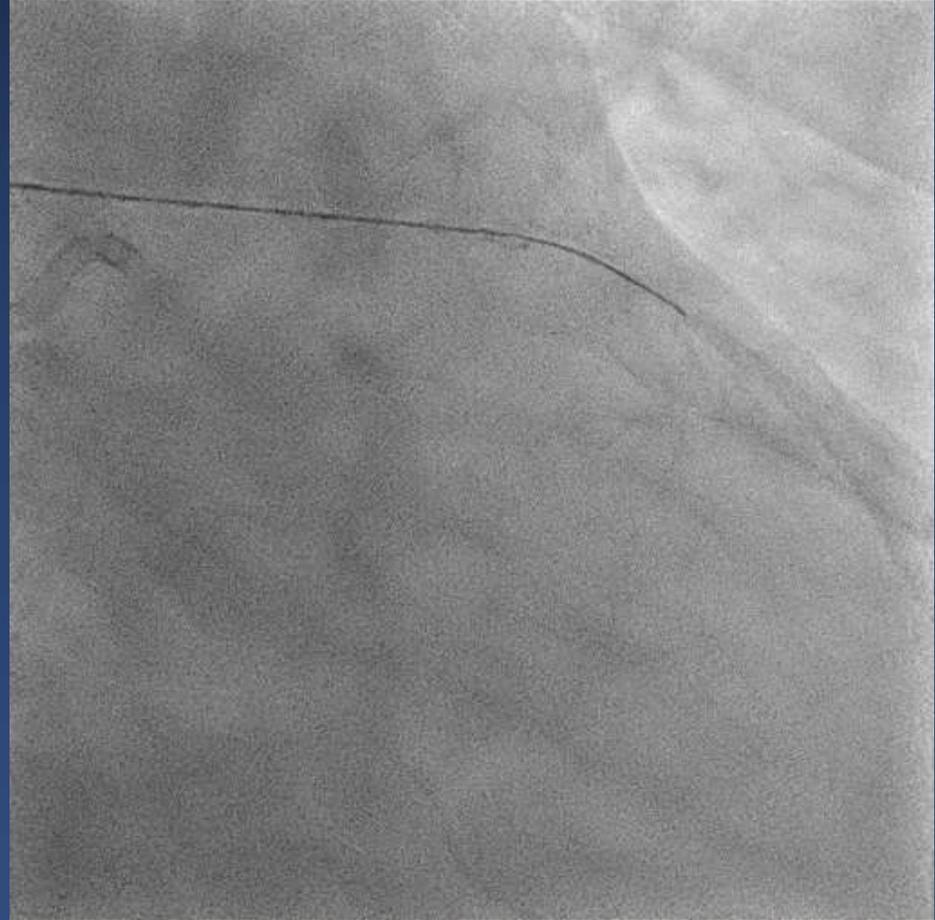
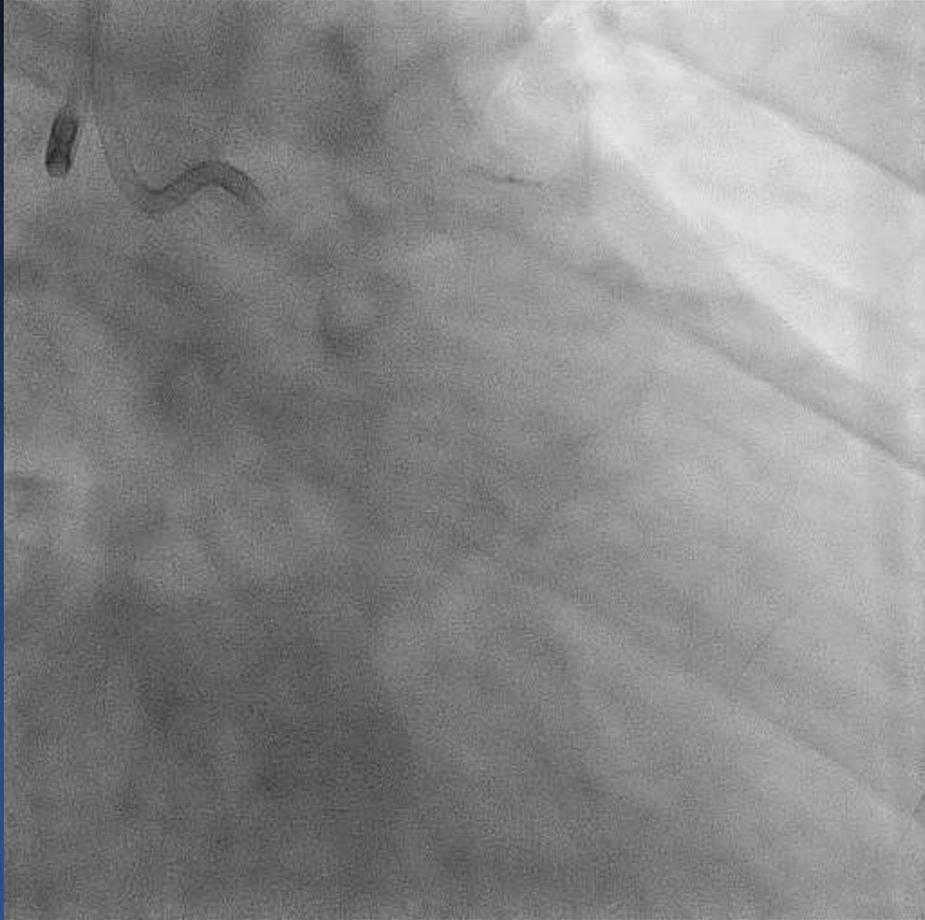


Cross boss

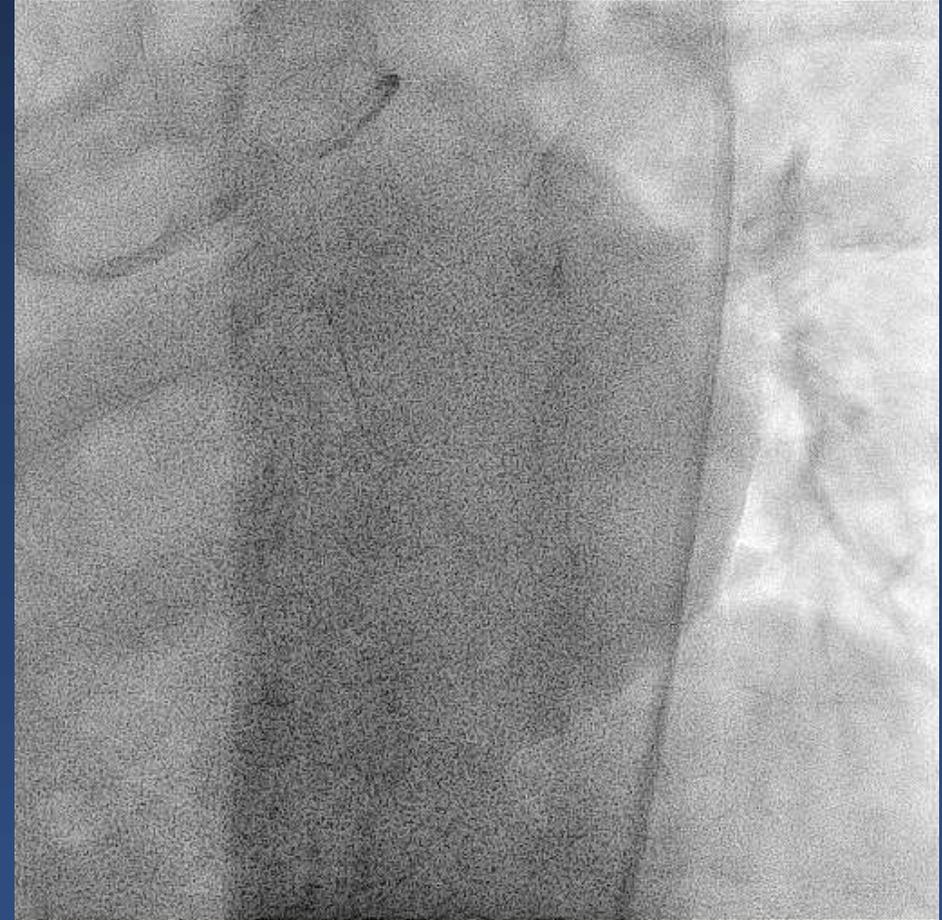
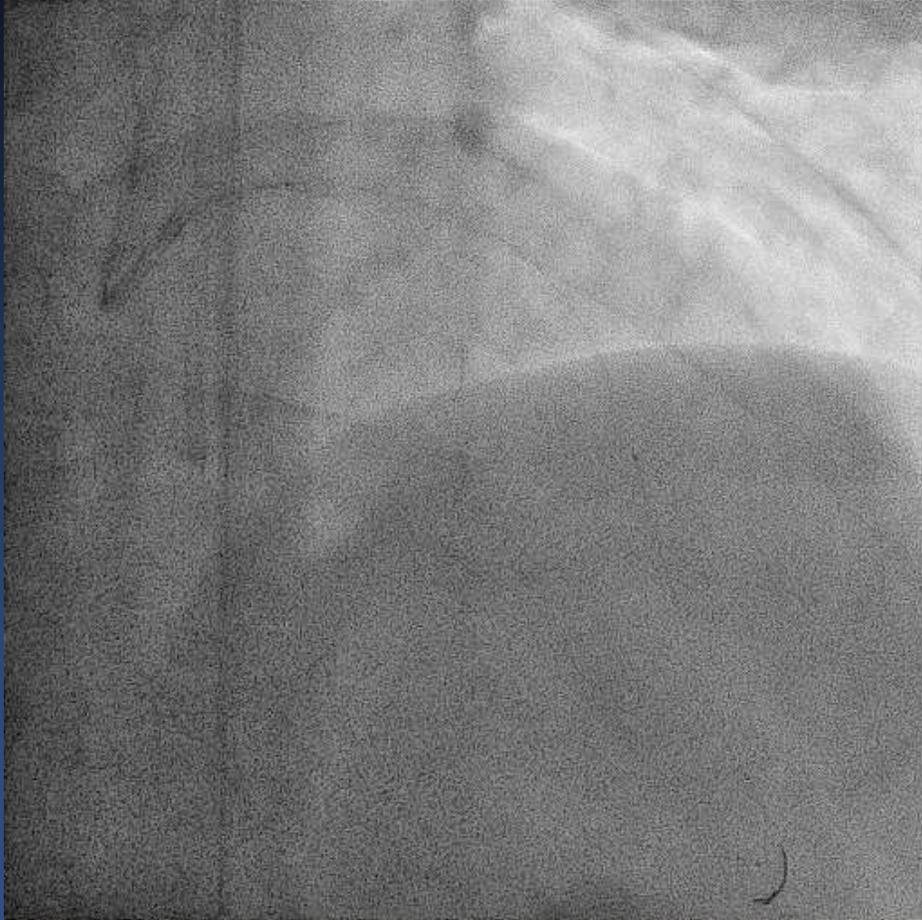


Stingrey balloon





IVUS & sten LAD



Placing stent at LAD ostium
Synergy 3.0×48 & 3.5x48

PCI CTO LAD

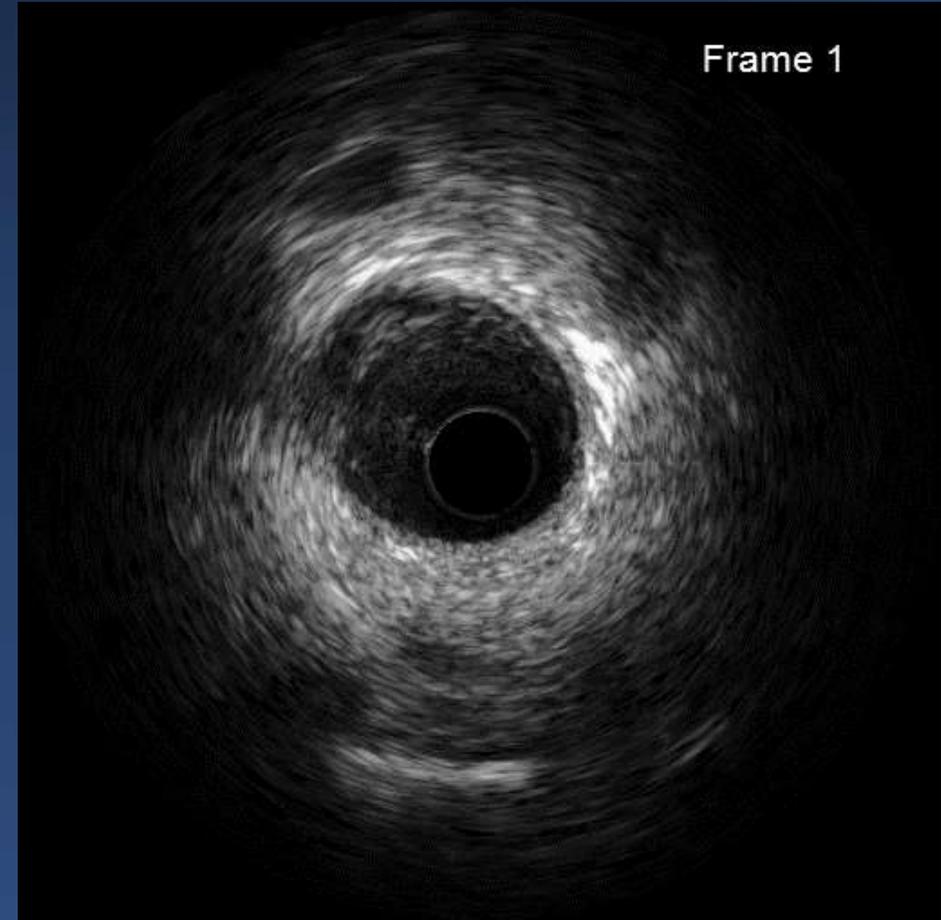
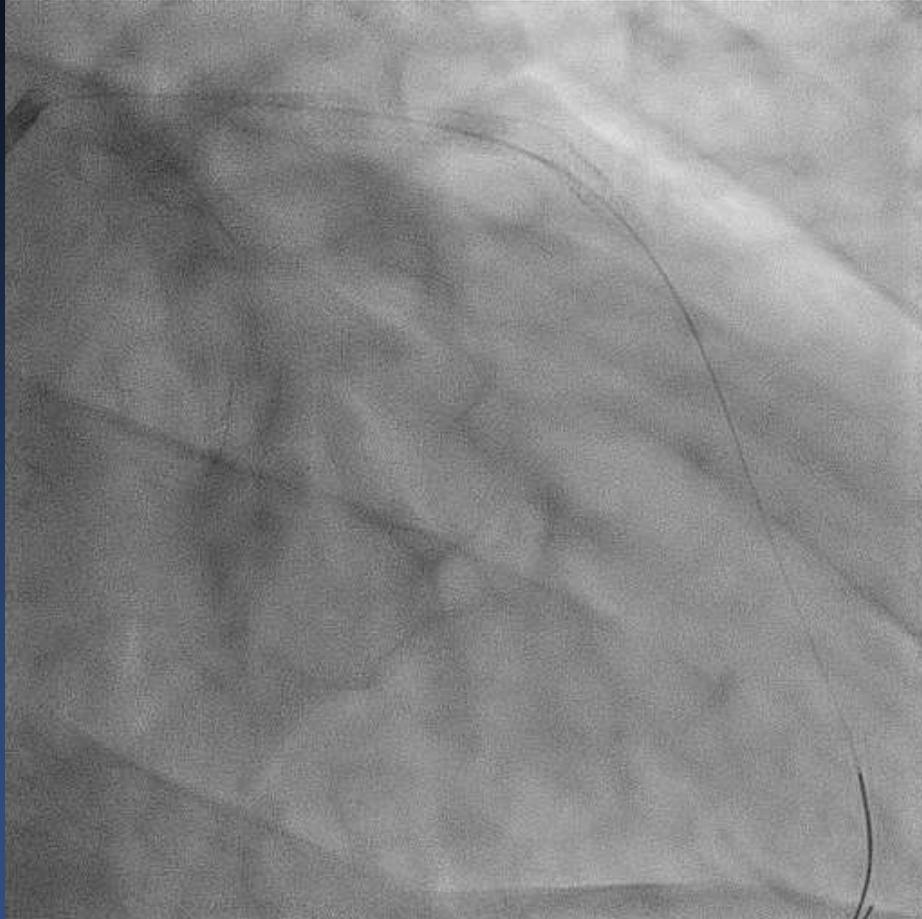


Change wire to sion blue
wire.
Predilated with 2.5/15

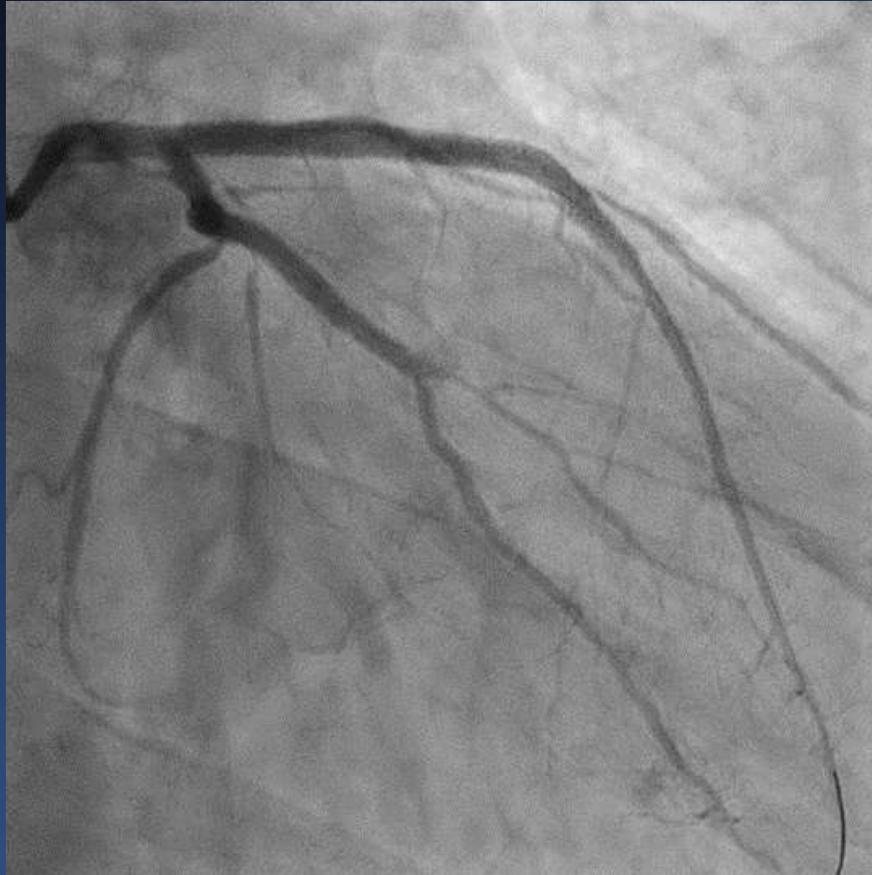


Placing stent at LAD ostium
Synergy 3.0×48 & 3.5x48

Final result



IVUS LAD post stent



Good Final result



IVUS post PCI, stent well opposed

Discussion Points

- CTO angioplasty is recommended for ischemic symptoms relief.
- Outcomes of CTO PCI has improved with the advancements in equipment and techniques.
- IVUS is useful identify lesion detail & vessel size and post- PCI is required to evaluate stent setting and ensure optimum stent expansion.

Conclusion/Take-home Message

- The use of advanced equipment will shorten procedure time, and lowers radiation and contrast dose, as well as it reduces complications and makes complex procedure easy & simple.
- If the initially selected crossing strategy fails, efficient change to an alternative crossing technique increases the likelihood of eventual PCI success.