# Challenging Case : MitraClip for DMR

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#### **Disclosure**

- Grant support
  - National Evidence-based Healthcare Collaborating Agency, Ministry of Health & Welfare, Republic of Korea
  - Abbott Vascular, Biosensors, Biotronik, Boston Scientific, Daiichi Sankyo, Donga-ST, and Medtronic
- Consulting Fees/Honoraria
  - Abbott Vascular, Amgen, Astra Zeneca, Biosensors, Biotronik, Boston Scientific, Daiichi Sankyo, MSD Korea, Novartis, Pfizer, and Sanofi-Aventis

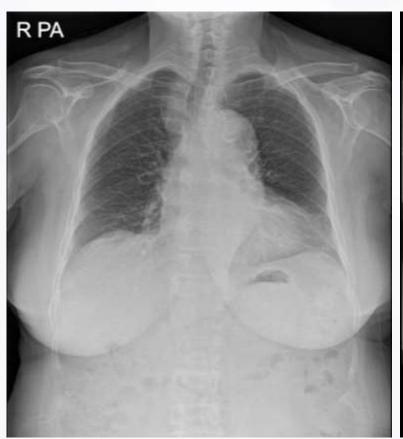


#### **Case: Clinical Information**

- An 80-year-old woman
- Height / Body weight: 149 cm / 51.2 kg
- Known moderate MR due to prolapsed PMVL since 2014
- Recurrent admission due to congestive heart failure since 2021
- HTN
- Chronic renal disease (eGFR 25.2)
- Medical treatment

•	Furosemide 40mg	0.5T	bid
•	Spironolactone 25mg	0.5T	qd
•	Digoxin 0.25mg	0.5 T	qd
•	Apixaban 2.5mg	1 T	bid

## **Chest X-ray**

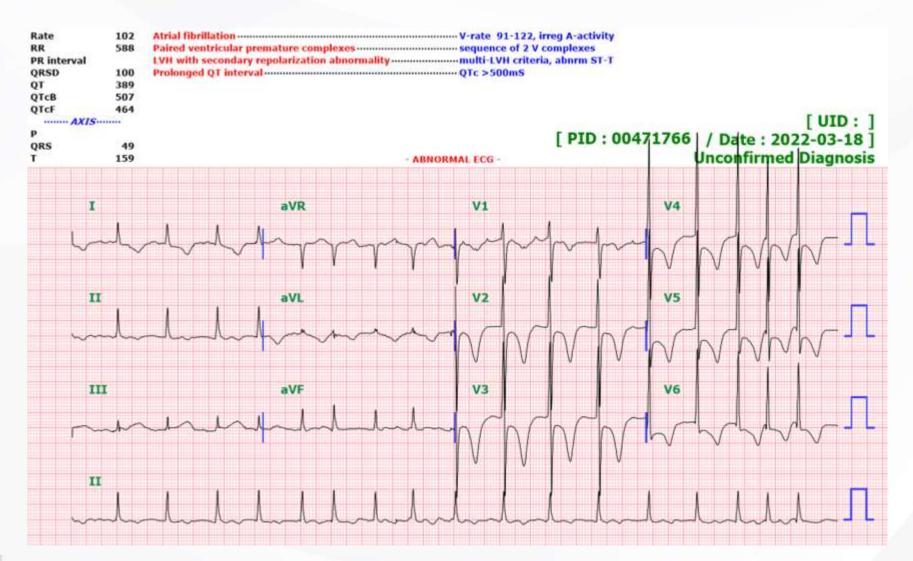






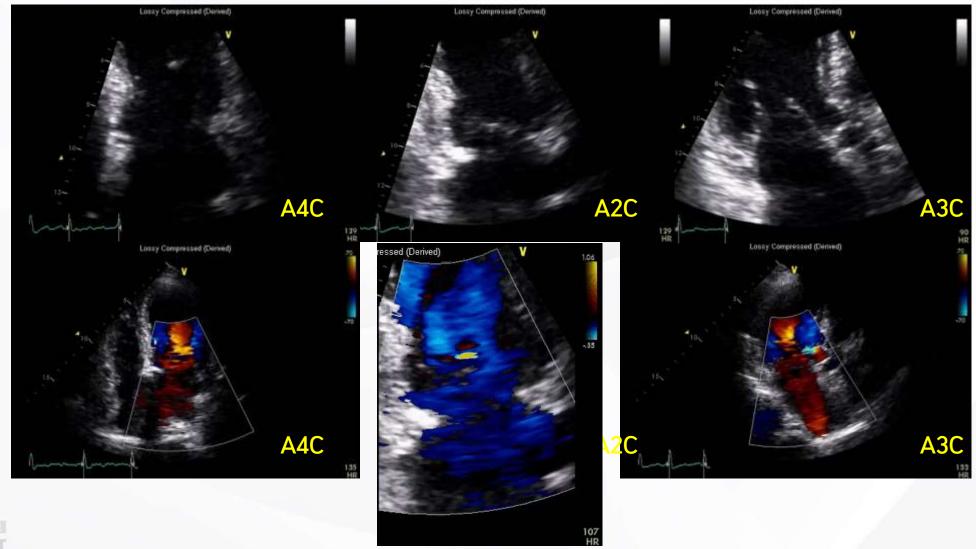
2014/12/26 2019/07/08 2022/03/15

#### **ECG:** Atrial fibrillation



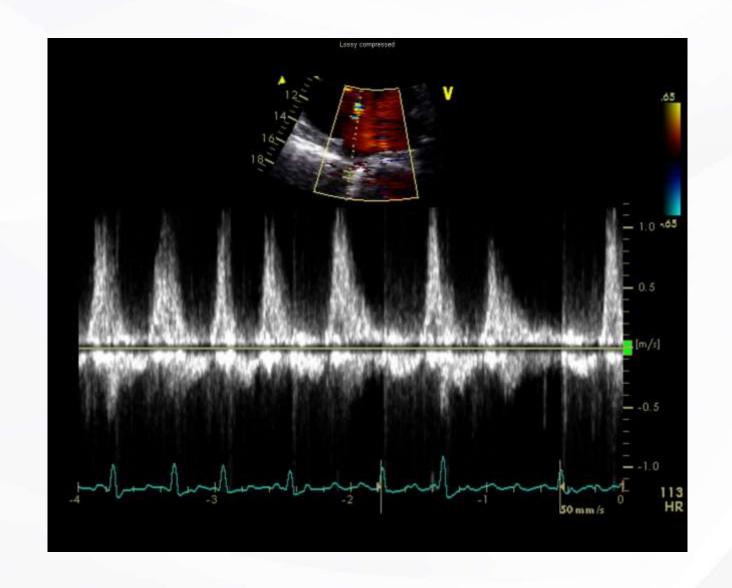


## **Echocardiography: pre-TTE**





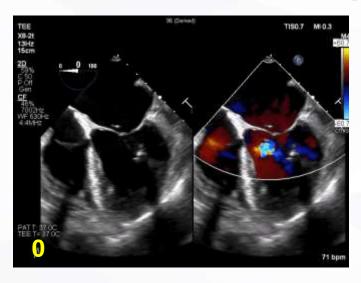
# **Echocardiography: pre-TTE (PVFR)**



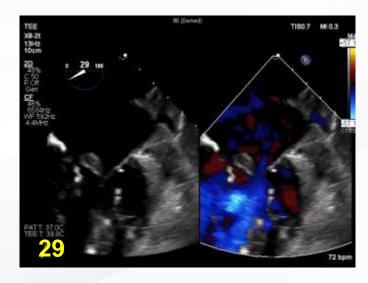


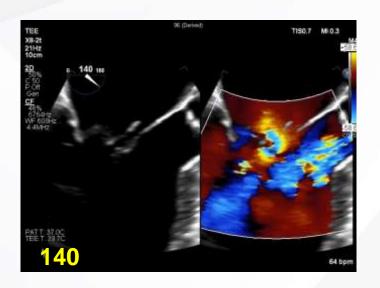


## **Echocardiography: pre-TEE**



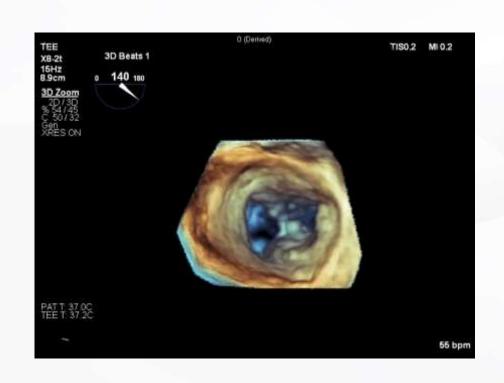


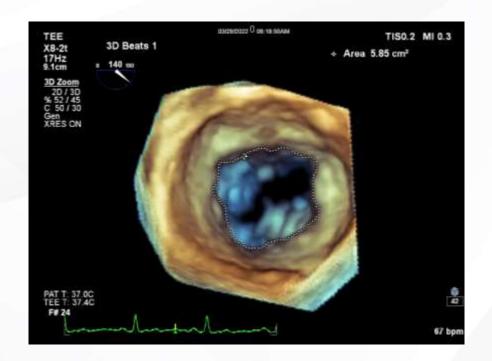




#### **Echocardiography: pre-TEE (3D)**

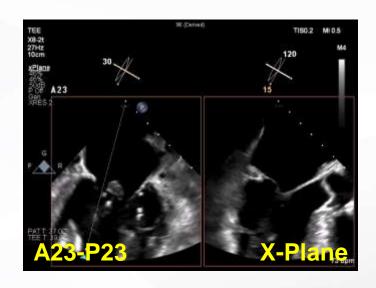
MV area by  $3D = 5.85 \text{ cm}^2$ MV mean PG = 2.13 mmHg

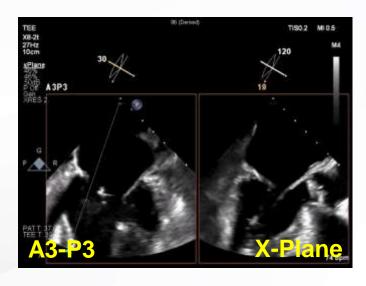


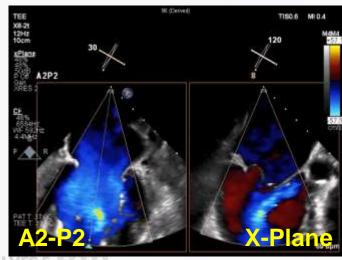


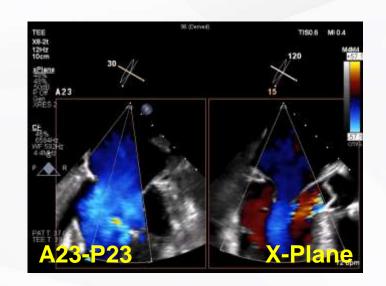
#### Echocardiography: pre-TEE (2 → 3)

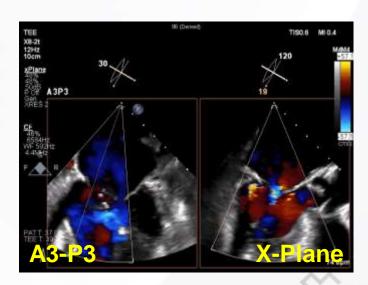






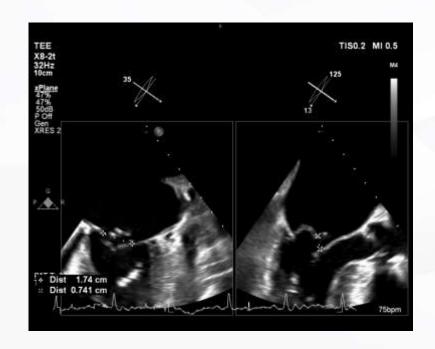




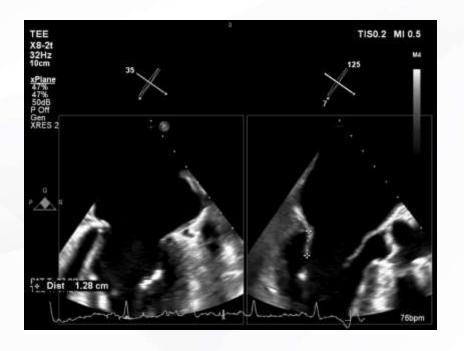


#### **Echocardiography: Feasibility**

Flail width = 1.74 cm Flail gap = 0.74 cm



PMVL length = 1.28 cm



### **Surgical Risk**

STS score 9.110%

EuroSCORE 15.66%

STS Adult Cardiac Surgery Database Version 4.20

#### RISK SCORES

Procedure: Isolated MVR

CALCULATE

Risk of Mortality: 9.110%

Renal Failure: 3.917%

Permanent Stroke: 4.252%

Prolonged Ventilation: 27.278%

DSW Infection: 0.063%

Reoperation: 11.874%

Morbidity or Mortality: 33.790%

Short Length of Stay: 10.039%

Long Length of Stay: 15.287%

Patient-	related factors		Cardiac-related factors			
Age (years)	80	0	Unstable angina <sup>6</sup>	No 🕶	0	
Gender	Female 🕶	.3304052	LV function	Good 🕶	0	
Chronic pulmonary disease <sup>1</sup>	No 🕶	0	Recent MI <sup>7</sup>	No 🗸	0	
Extracardiac arteriopathy <sup>2</sup>	No 🕶	0	Pulmonary hypertension <sup>8</sup>	Yes 🕶	.7676924	
Neurological dysfunction <sup>3</sup>	No 🕶	0	Operatio	Operation-related factors		
Previous Cardiac Surgery	No 🕶	0	Emergency <sup>9</sup>	No 🗸	0	
Creatinine > 200 µmol/ L	No 🗸	0	Other than isolated CABG	Yes 🕶	.5420364	
Active endocarditis <sup>4</sup>	No 🗸	0	Surgery on thoracic aorta	No 🕶	0	
Critical preoperative state <sup>5</sup>	No 🗸	0	Post infarct septal rupture	No 🕶	0	
Logistic V EuroSCORE	15.66 %					



#### **Case Summary**

- Severe eccentric MR d/t PMVL prolapse
  - 1) Morphology
    Prolapse with chordae rupture (Location: mainly P2 and P3)
    Annulus calcification (+): especially medial annulus
  - 2) Measurement

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Flail width = 1.74 cm, Flail gap = 0.74 cm, PMVL length = 1.28 cm, MV mean PG = 2.13 mmHg, MV area by 3D = 5.85 cm<sup>2</sup>
PISA radius = 1.25 cm / MV ERO = 73.4 mm<sup>2</sup> / MR RV = 62.37ml
Pulmonary vein systolic reversal flow (+) at both pul. vein (Right > left) RV systolic pressure: 50.6 mmHg
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- Recurrent admission due to heart failure
- High risk for surgery



#### **Treatment Plan**

- Transcatheter edge-to-edge repair
- Device selection
  - XTW at maximal jet flow (A2-P2), then NTW at A3-P3 vs.
  - XT at A3-P3, then XTW or XT at A2-P2





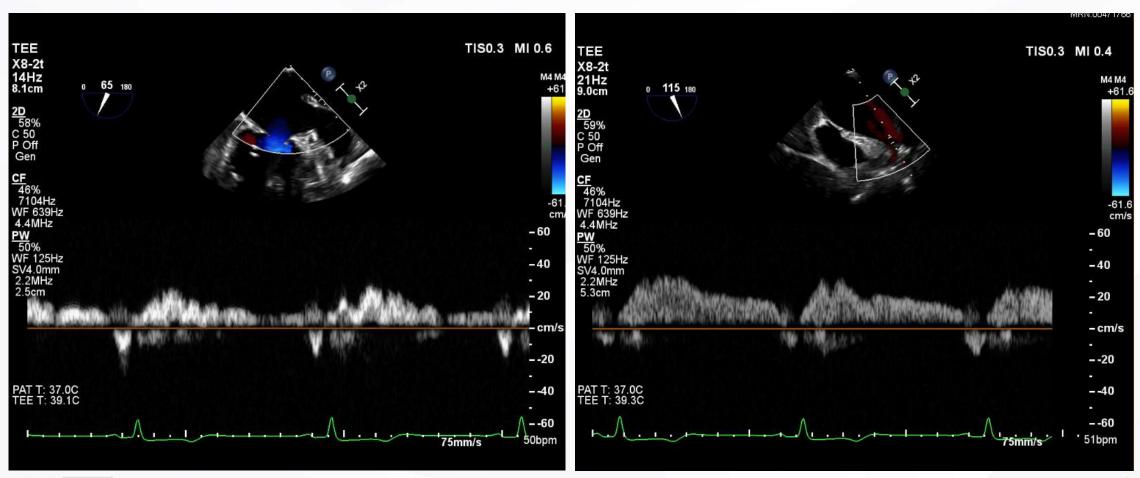
#### **Post TEE**







### Post TEE: pulmonary venous flow

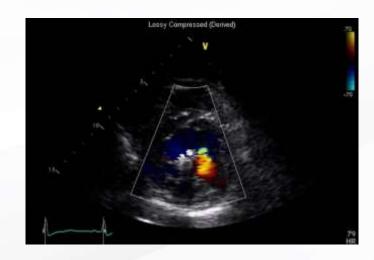


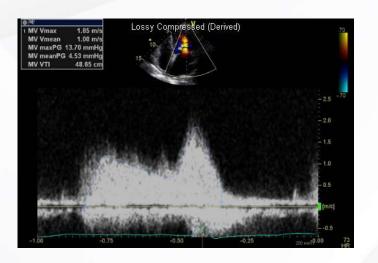


## **Echocardiography: post TTE**





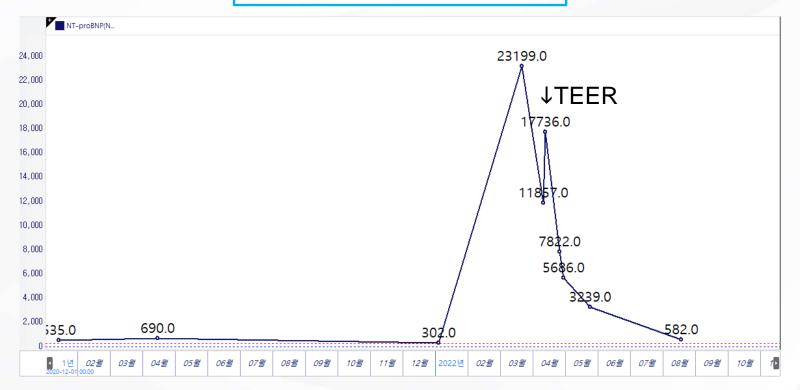




#### Clinical course

- Symptom improvement
- No further hospitalization

#### Change of NT-proBNP







## **Chest X-ray**





