



TAVR Explant

-The next Challenging Issue in the lifetime TAVR management-

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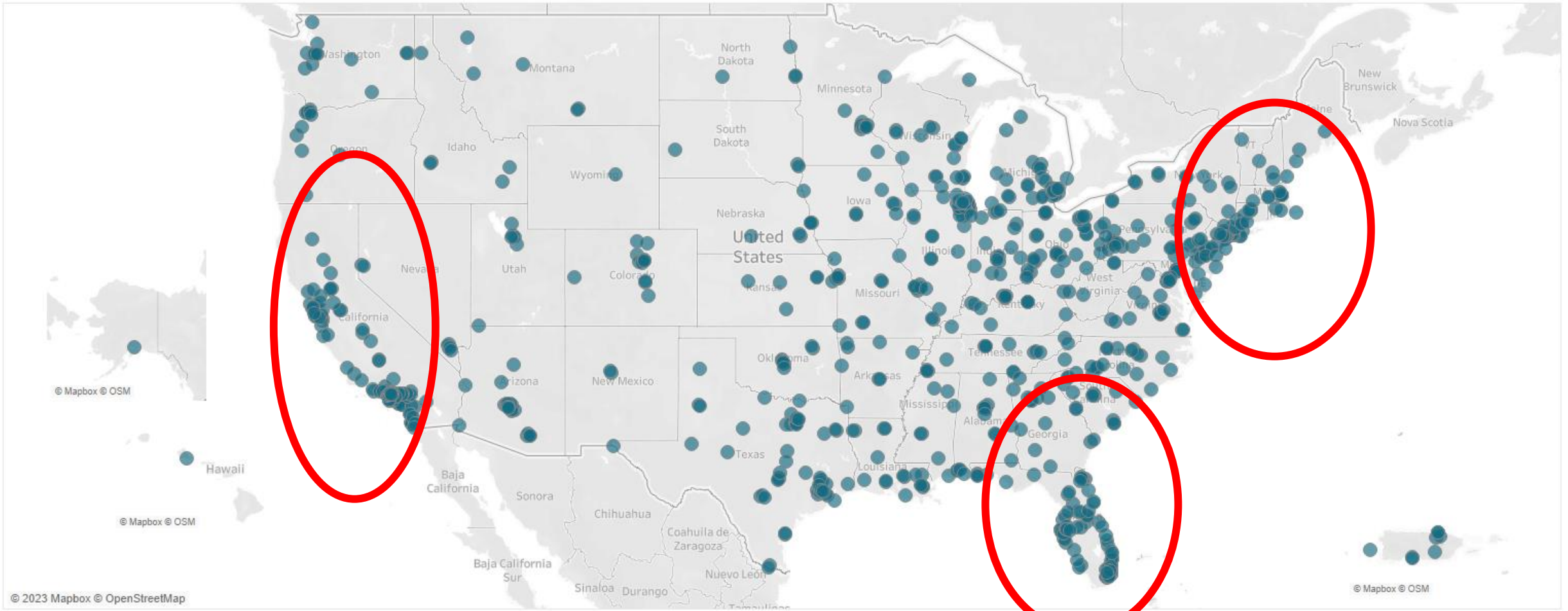
Disclosure

- Advisory Board, Consultant- Edwards Lifesciences, Abbott
- Consultant, Speaker- Medtronic

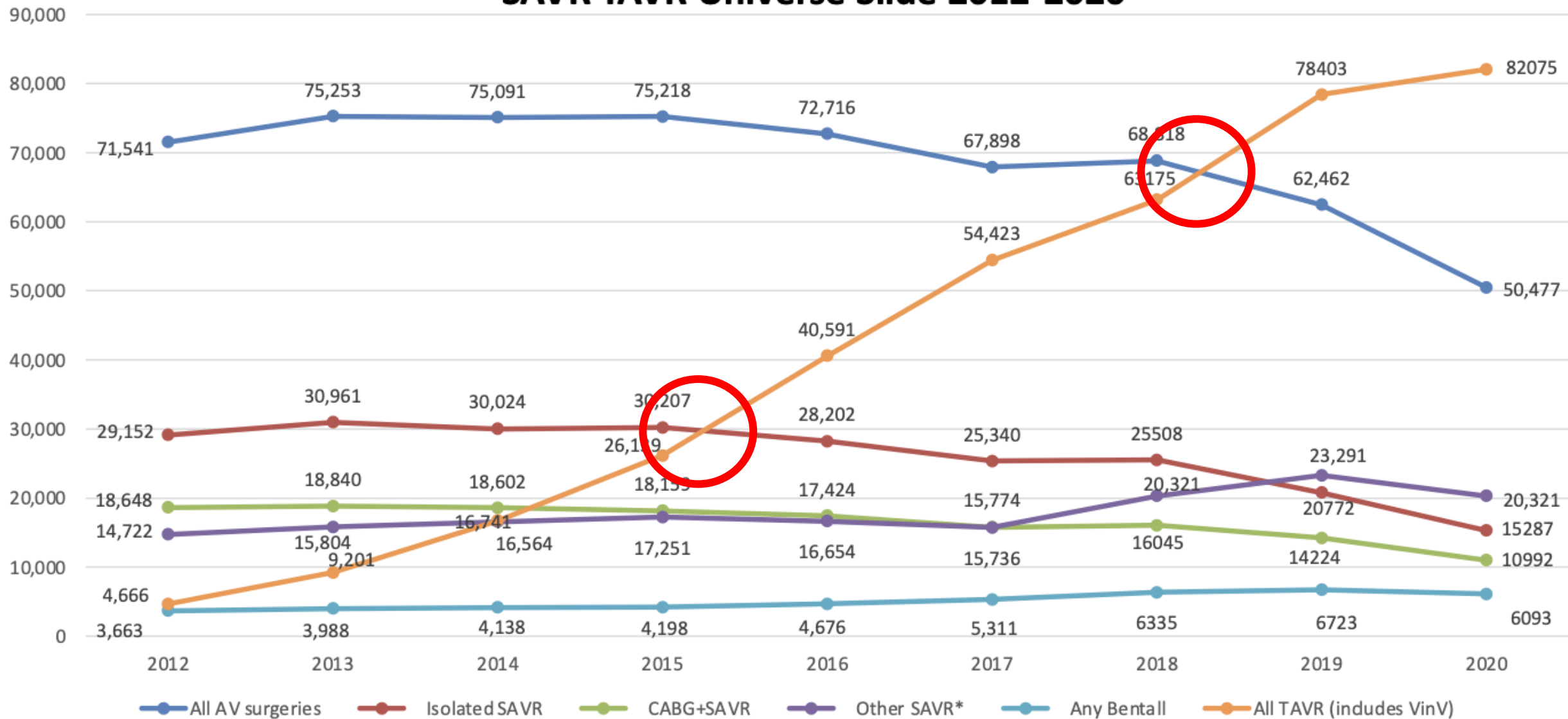
TVT Registry Participants Across the United States

823 Site Participants as of April 2023

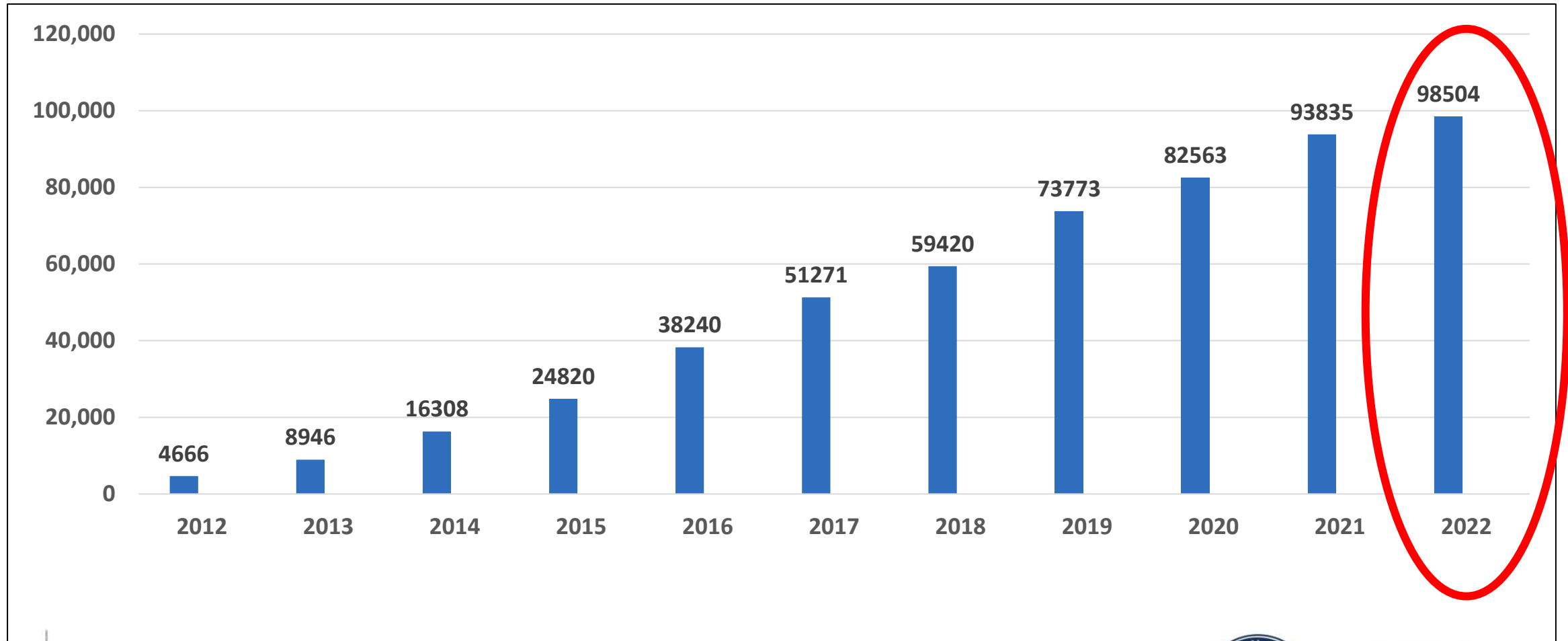
CA	FL	TX	PA	OH	IL	NY	MI	LA	IN	AZ	MO	WI	GA	NJ	NC	VA	TN	AL	WA	SC	KY	MN	MA	CO	OR	IA	OK	KS	CT	AR	PR	MS	MD	NV	UT	NE	WV	MT	ID	NH	ND	SD	NM	ME	DE	HI	DC	AK	WY	VT	RI	
89	72	63	44	34	34	33	30	22	20	20	19	18	18	17	17	16	16	16	15	14	14	13	13	12	11	10	9	9	9	9	8	8	8	8	7	6	6	5	5	5	4	4	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1



SAVR TAVR Universe Slide 2012-2020



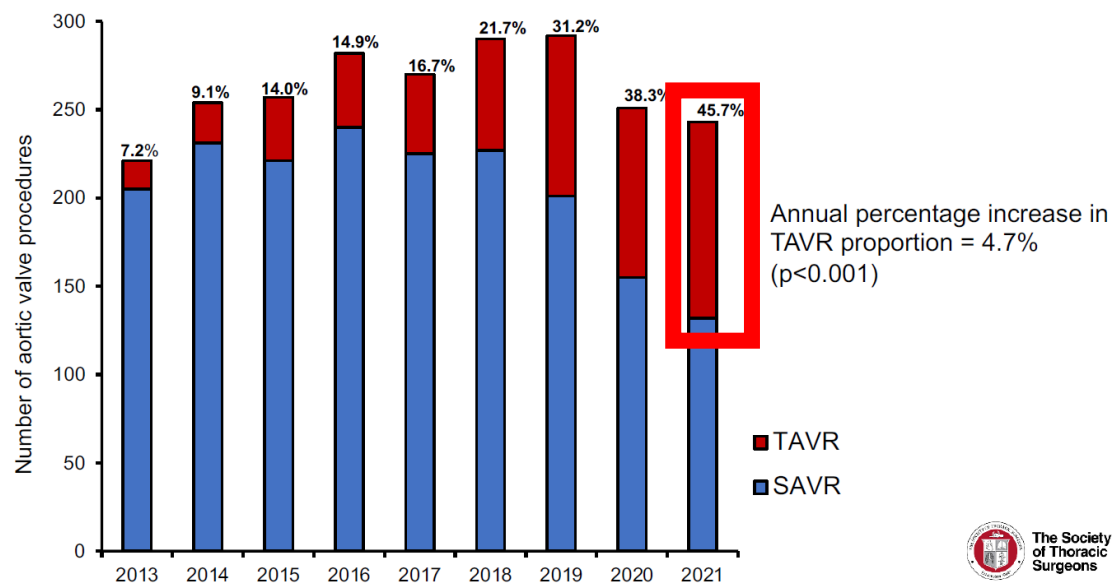
Commercial TAVRs Submitted to TVT Registry



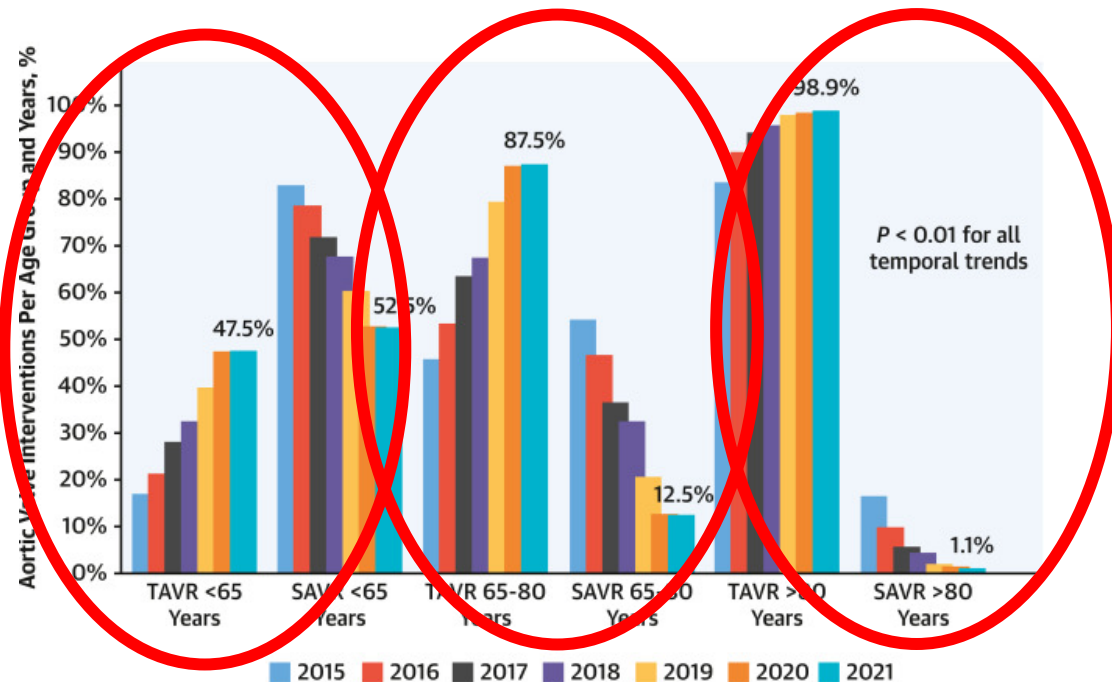
TAVR Usage in Younger Patients

STS
2024

Results – Procedural Trends

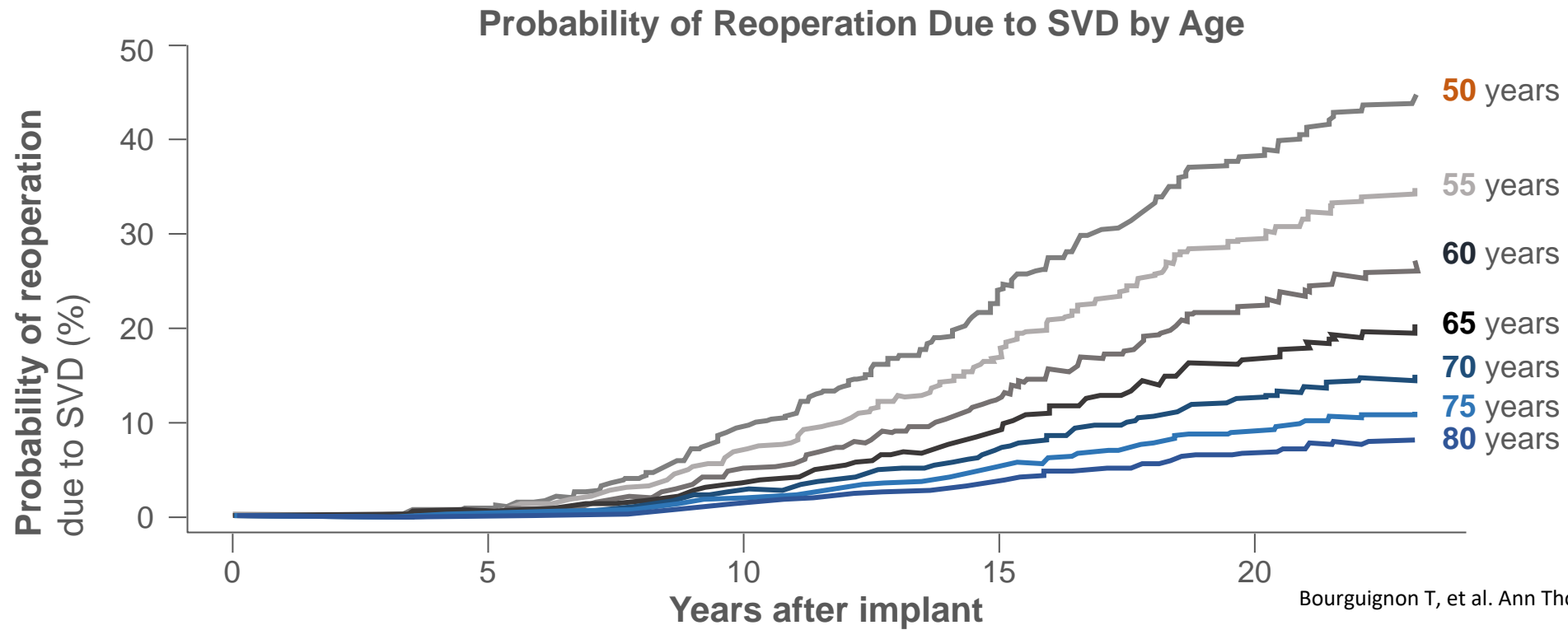


Malas et al. STS 2024



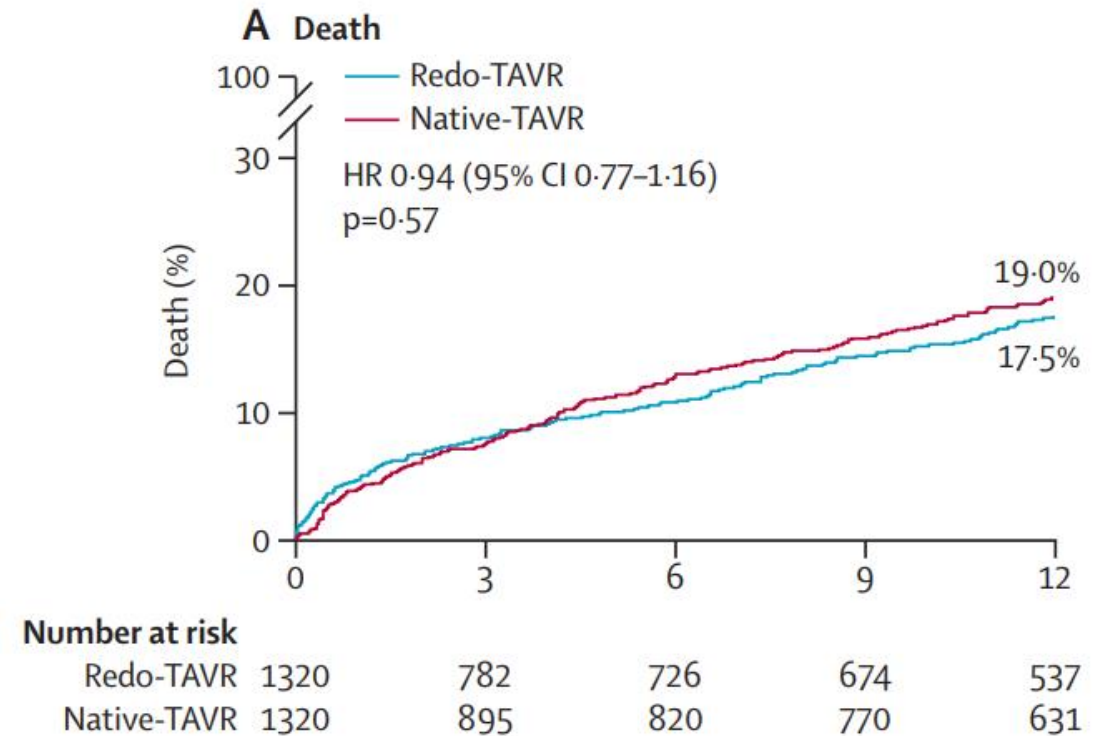
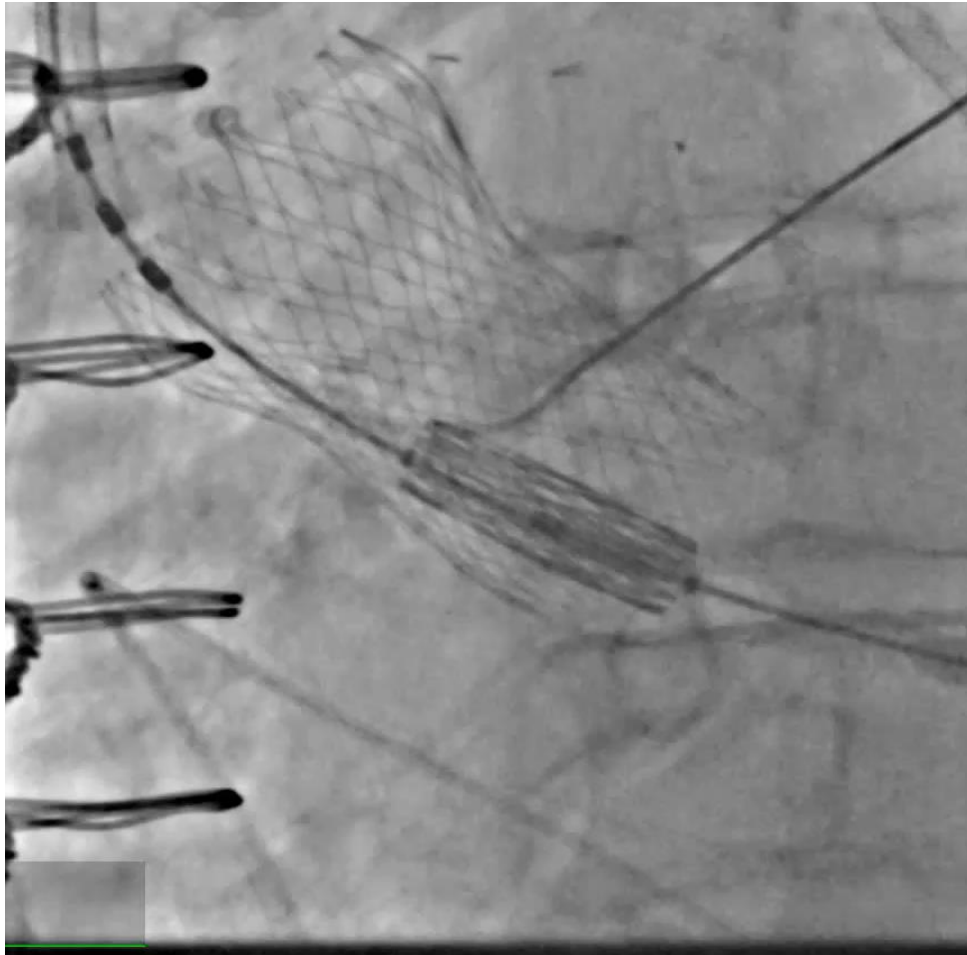
Sharma et al. JACC 2022

Choice of Bioprosthetic valve



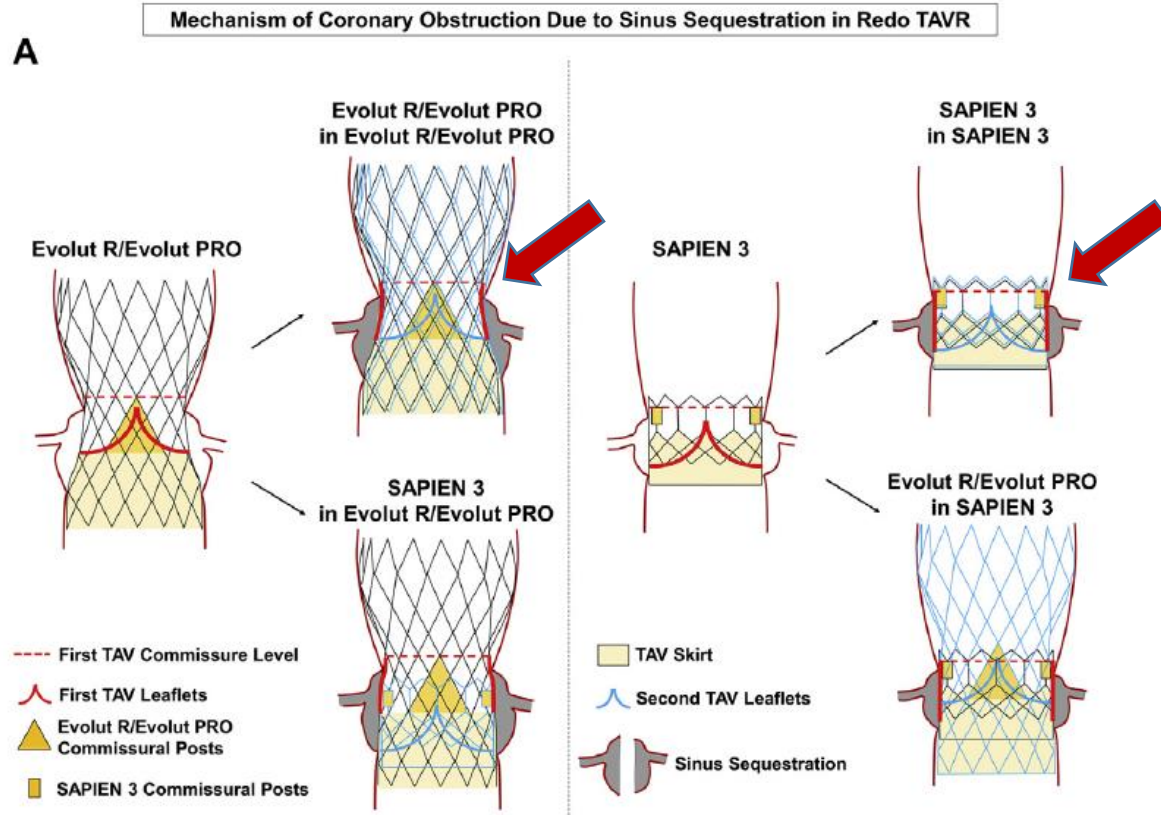
The younger the faster the valve fails

TAV-in-TAV



Makkar, Thourani et al. Lancet 2023

Issue with TAV-in-TAV: Sinus Sequestration

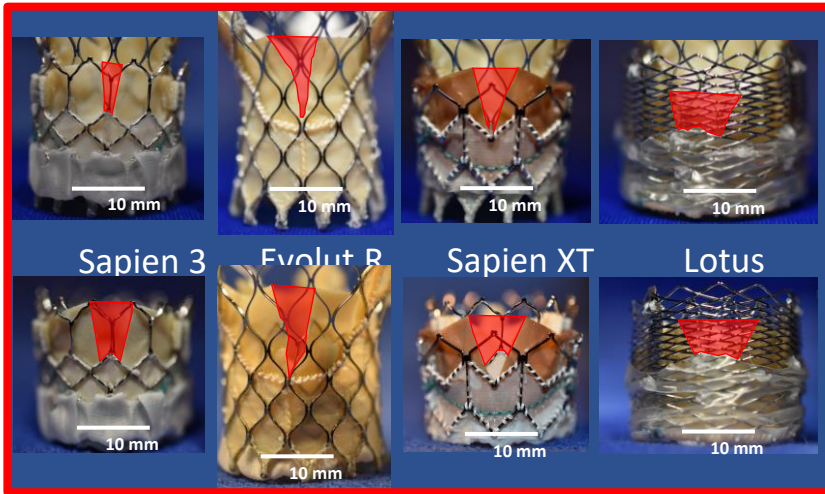


Ochiai et al. JACC int 2020

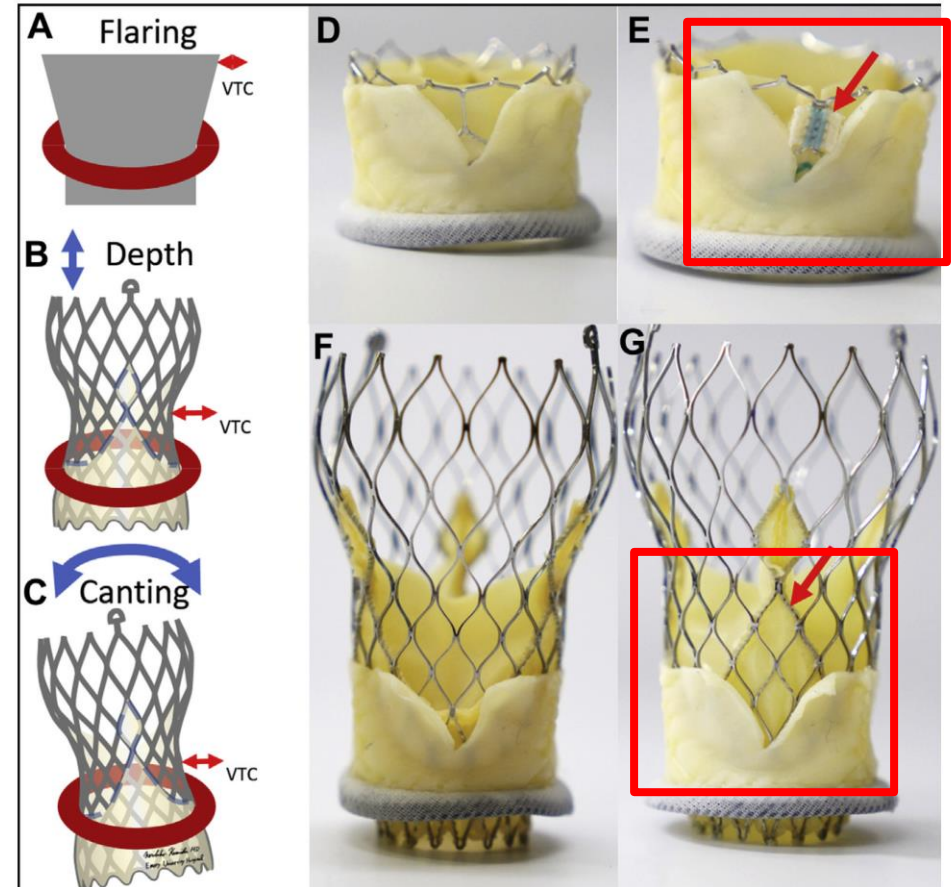
	SAPIEN 3/ULTRA N = 72	EVOLUT R/PRO N = 26	ACURATE NEO N = 39
TAV-in-TAV feasible (40.9%)	CA above RP 68.1%	CA above RP 19.2%	CA above RP 5.1%
TAV-in-TAV theoretically feasible (27.7%)	CA above RP – VTA > 2 mm 8.3%	CA above RP – VTA > 2 mm 42.3%	CA above RP – VTA > 2 mm 53.8%
TAV-in-TAV unfeasible (31.4%)	CA above RP – VTA ≤ 2 mm 23.6%	CA above RP – VTA ≤ 2 mm 38.5%	CA above RP – VTA ≤ 2 mm 41.1%

Fovino LN, et al. J Am Heart Assoc. 2020.

Just BASILICA?



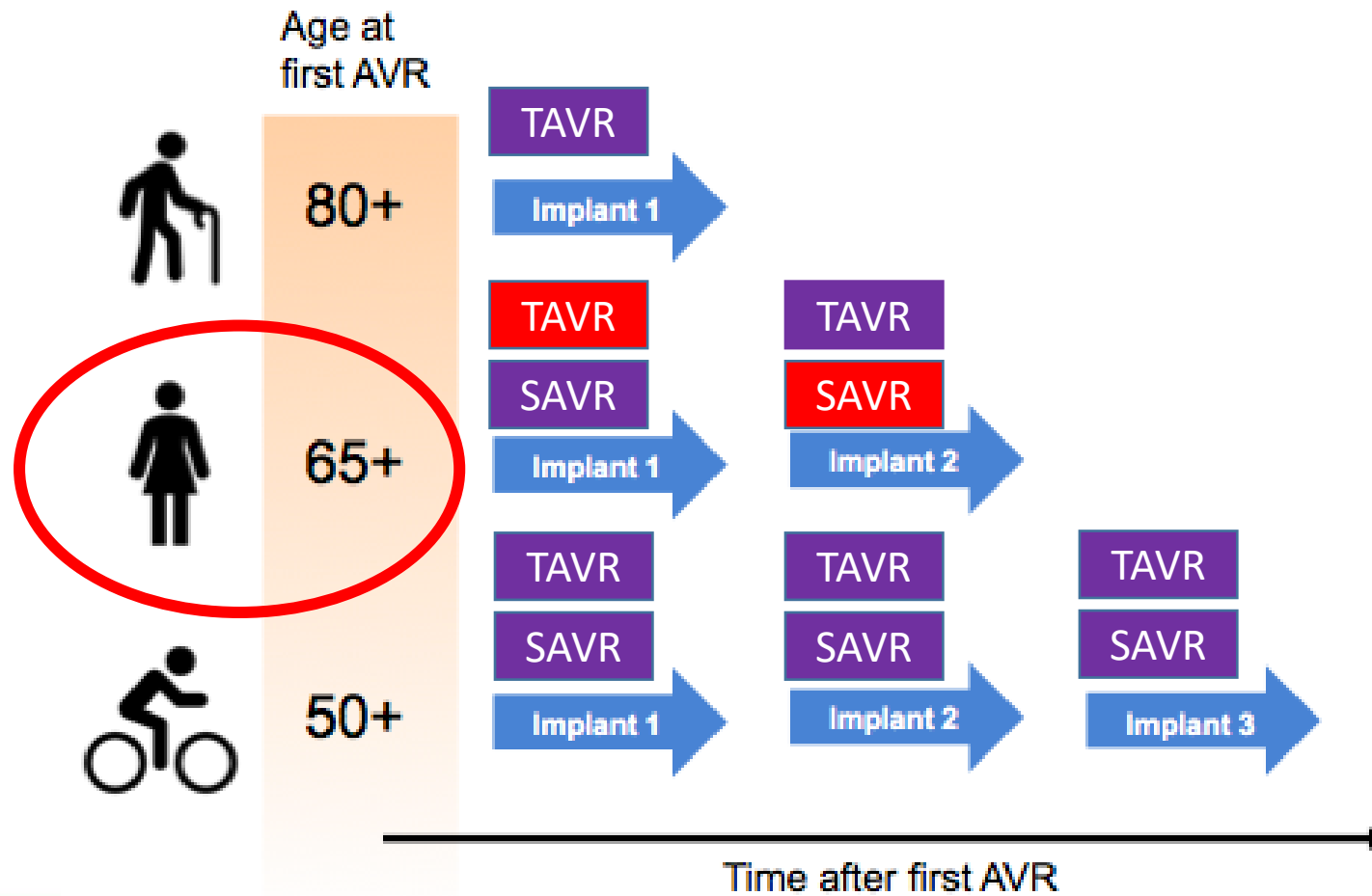
Degenerated Valve	Splay Angle (degrees, min/max)	Slit width maximum (mm)	Slit height (mm)	Splay area free of TAVR skirt (mm ²)
Evolut R implanted in prior TAVR				
Sapien 3 23mm	11	3	14	12
Evolut R 23mm	16 / 52	7	12	29
Sapien XT 23mm	34	6	9	26
Lotus 25mm	59	10	10	37
Sapien 3 implanted in prior TAVR				
Sapien 3 23mm	22	6	14	32
Evolut R 23mm	19 / 34	6	12	33
Sapien XT 23mm	49	8	9	30
Lotus 25mm	56	11	11	41



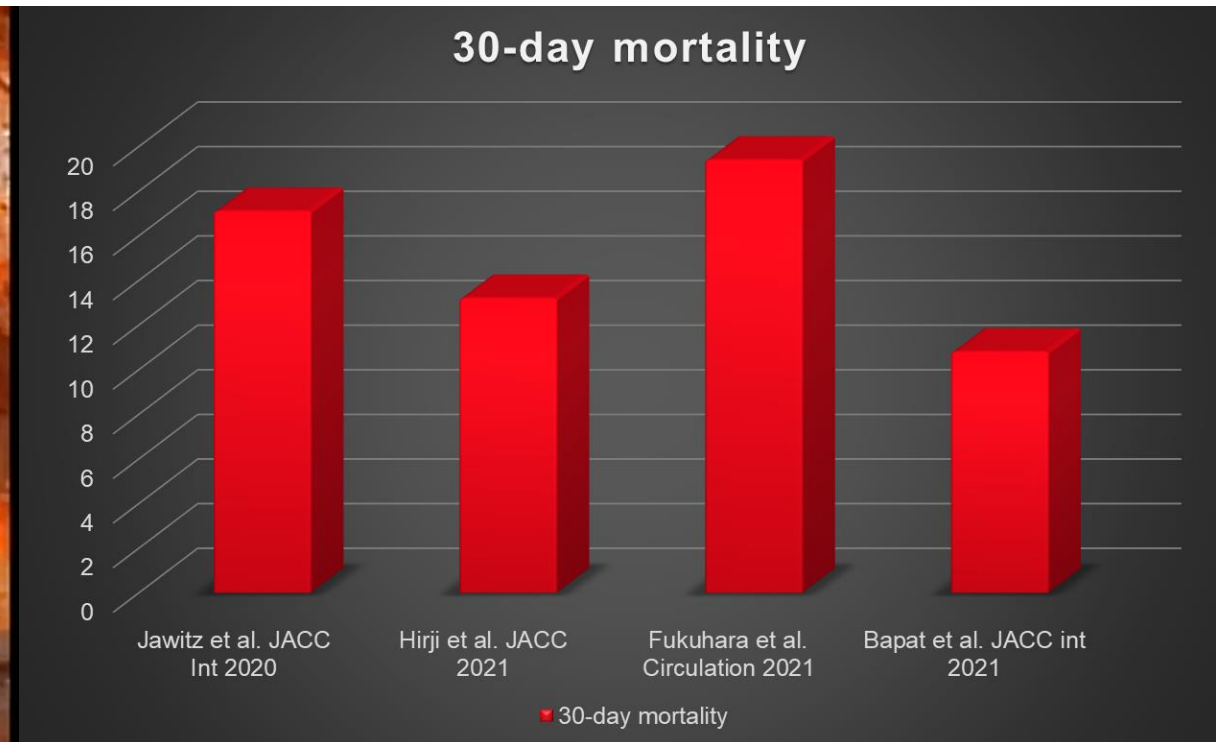
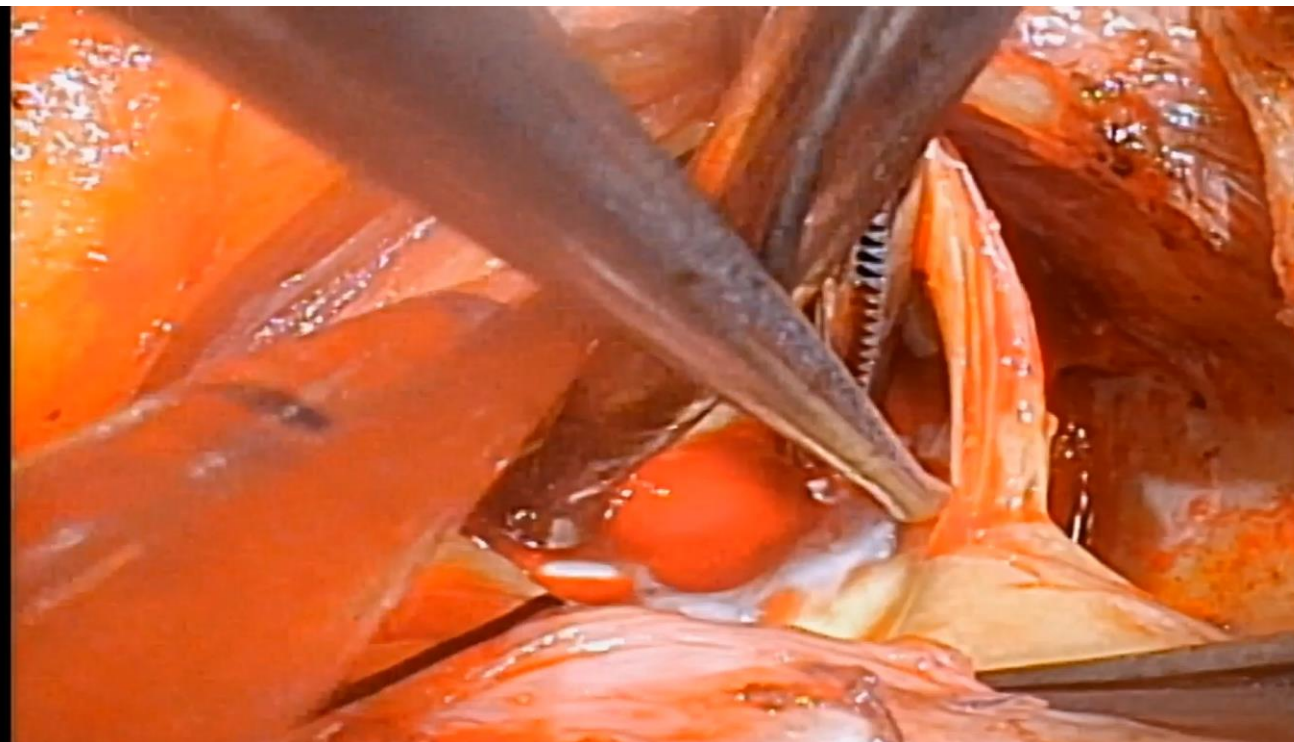
Khan et al. JACC int 2020

Lederman RJ et al. JACC Int 2020

Last Resort- TAVR Explant



TAVR Explant is reported to have high mortality



These are non-old, non-high-risk patients

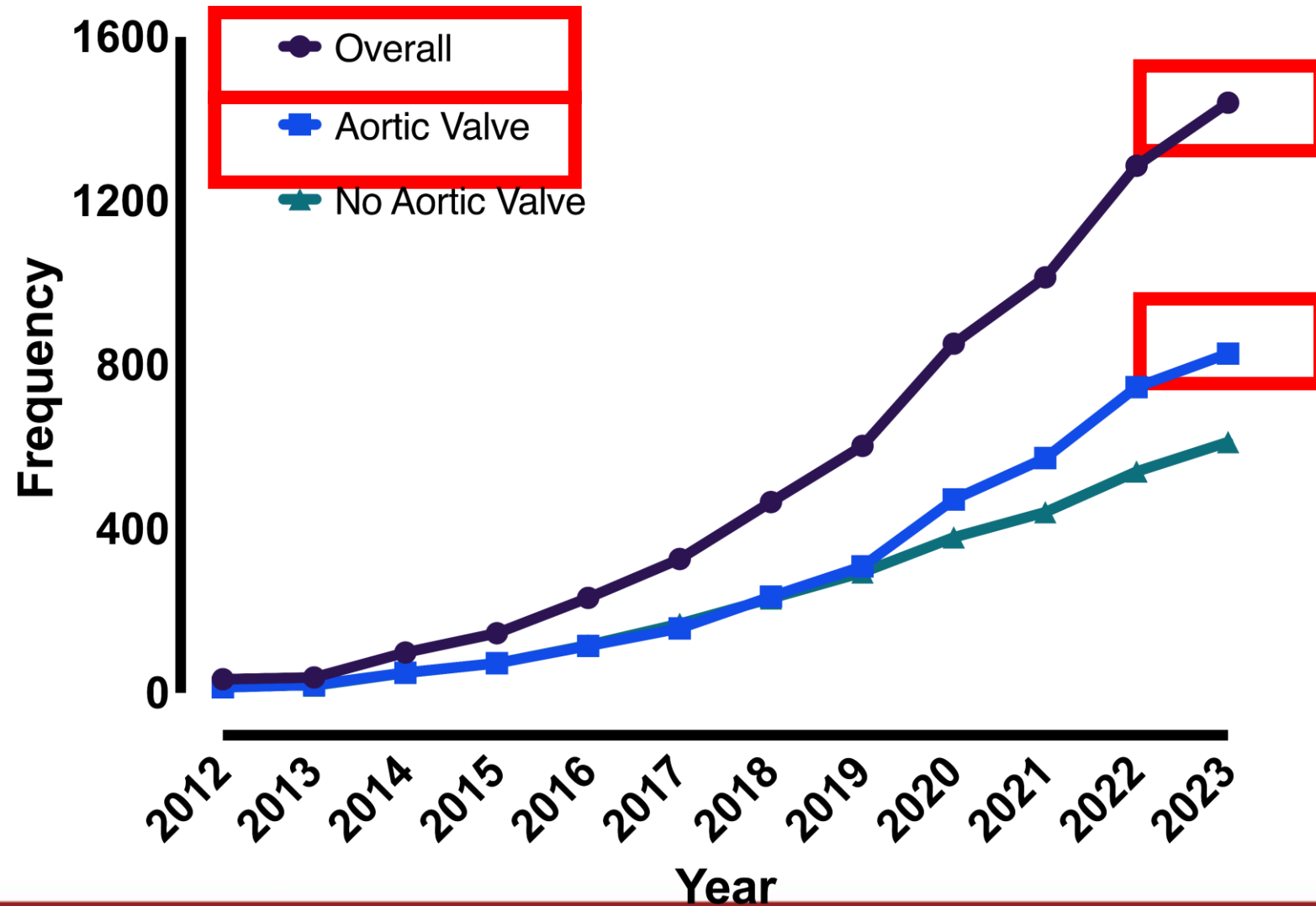
Variables expressed as N (%) or Mean [Stdev]	
Age (Years)	72.4 [10.3]
Female	78 (35)
Frailty	68 (31.1)
Coronary Artery Disease	117 (52.5)
Stroke	37 (16.6)
Porcelain Aorta	16 (7.2)
Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction (%)	50.7 [12.2]
Prior Permanent Pacemaker/ICD	49 (22)
Prior PCI	66 (29.6)
Previous Cardiac Surgery	93 (41.7)
Previous Valve in Valve TAVR	
STS-PROM at Original TAVR	4.8 [4.7]
Euro-SCORE II at Original TAVR	7.8 [9.8]
Risk Stratification at Original TAVR	
Low	45 (28)
Intermediate	61 (37.9)
High	41 (25.5)
Extreme	14 (8.7)

Bapat et al. JACC Int 2021

	TAVR Requiring Surgical Explantation (N=227)	TAVR Not Requiring Explantation (N=132,288)	P-Value
Age, (mean, SD)	73.7 (8.9)	81.7 (8.1)	0.001
≥85 yo, (%)	18 (7.9)	55,693 (42.1)	0.001
Women, (%)	80 (35.2)	62,181 (47.0)	0.001
Dyslipidemia, (%)	156 (68.7)	91,153 (68.9)	0.947
Hypertension, (%)	186 (81.9)	110,211 (83.3)	0.598
Diabetes, (%)	118 (52.0)	58,806 (44.5)	0.023
PVD, (%)	29 (12.8)	17,897 (13.5)	0.837
Stroke or TIA, (%)	14 (6.2)	10,998 (8.3)	0.332
Anemia, (%)	114 (50.2)	67,780 (51.2)	0.791
COPD, (%)	69 (30.4)	34,323 (25.9)	0.128
CKD, (%)	100 (44.1)	63,901 (48.3)	0.137

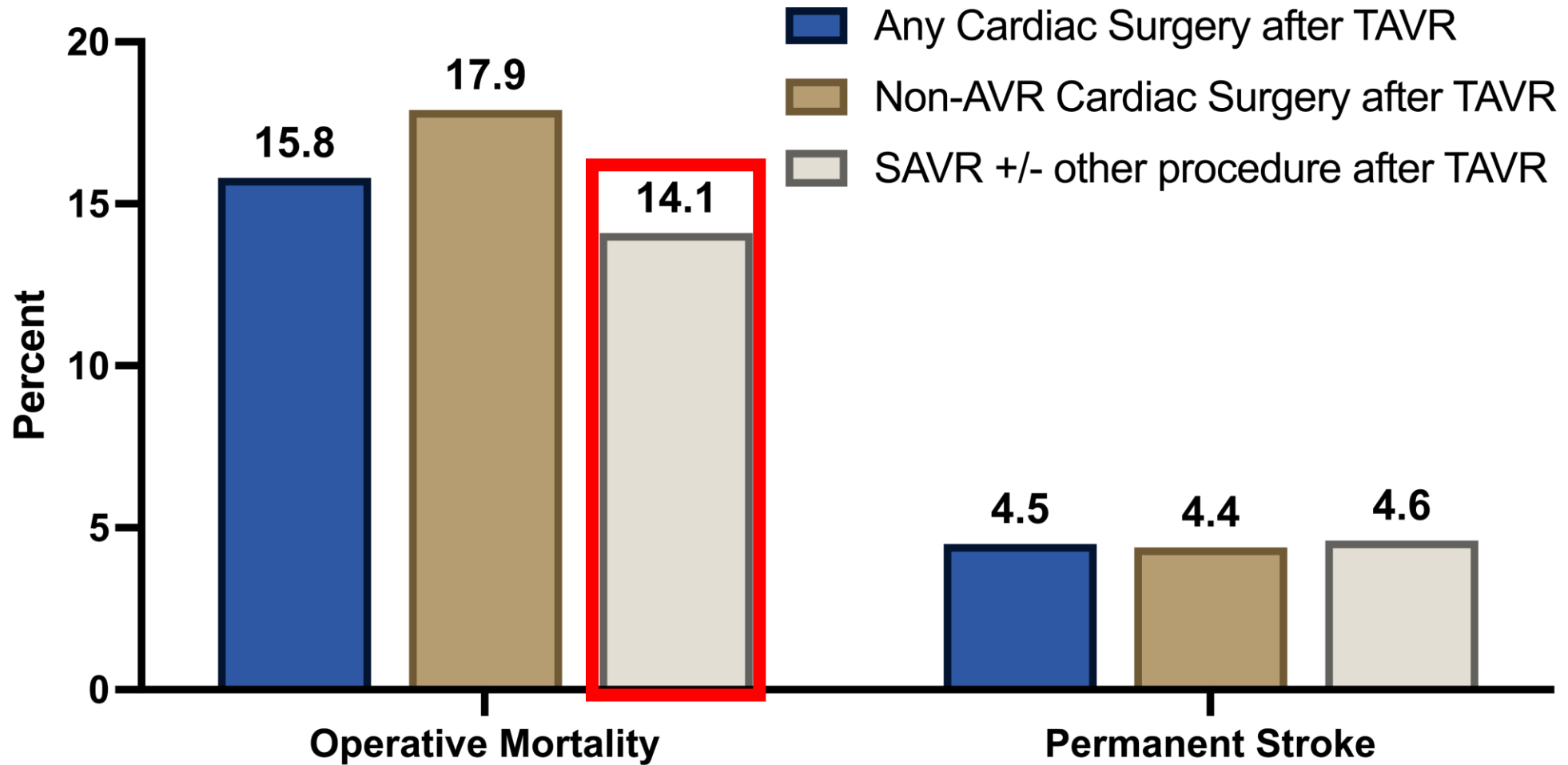
Hirji, Kaneko et al. JACC 2021

Latest data on TAVR Explant from STS Database



Bowdish et al. STS 2024

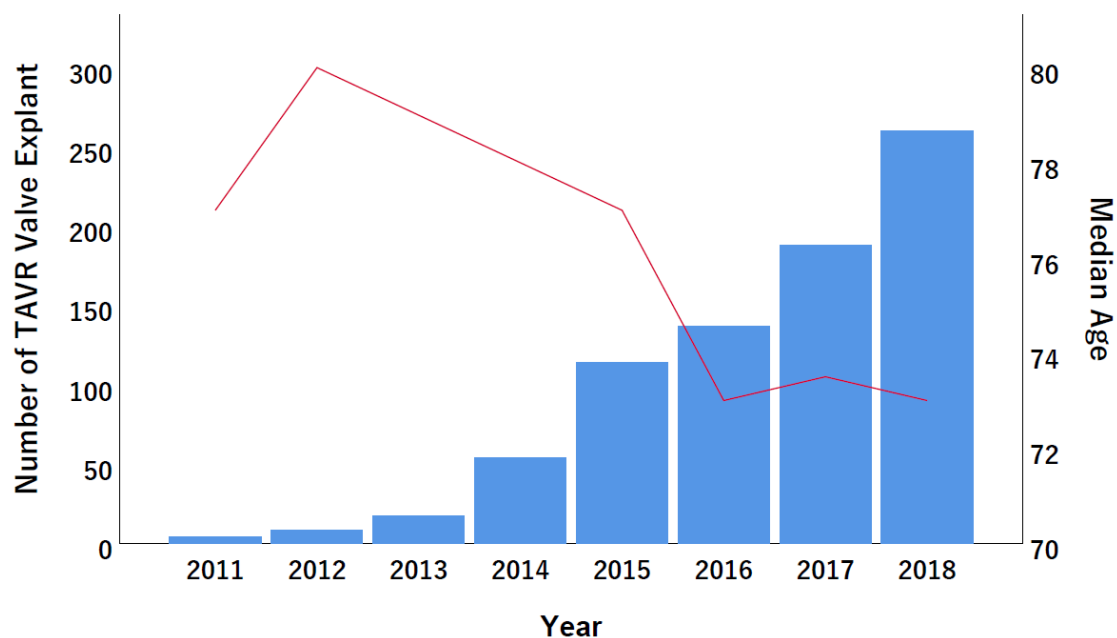
Latest data on TAVR Explant



Bowdish et al. STS 2024

Why is the mortality so high?

TAVR Explant is done by only a small number of surgeons

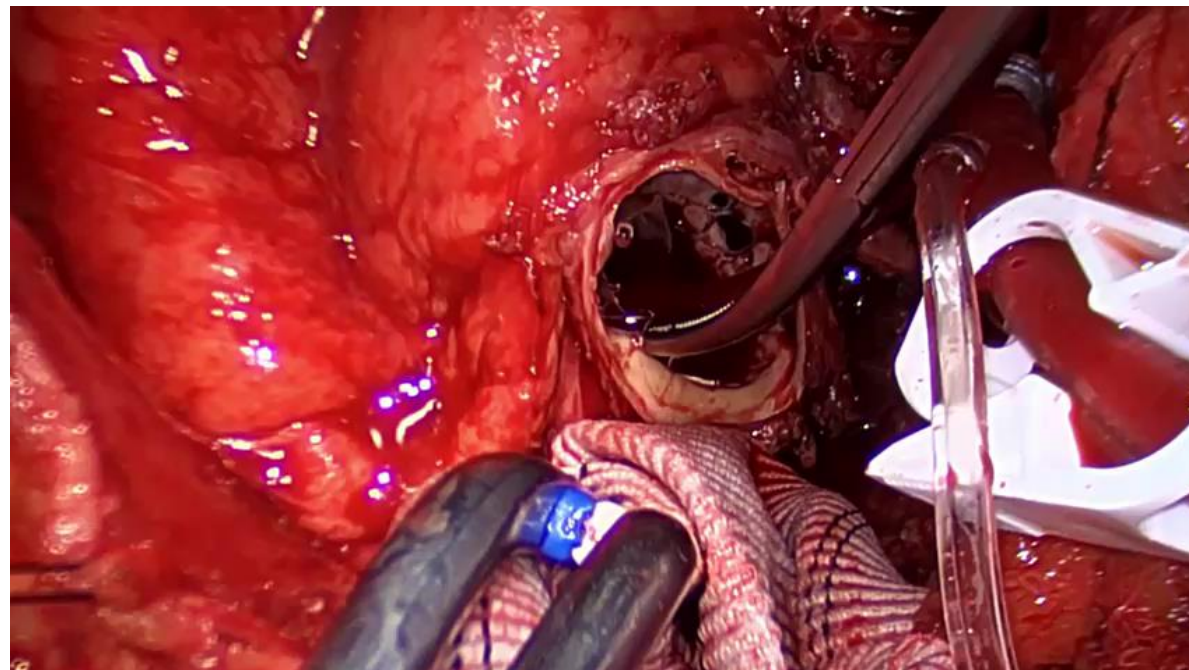
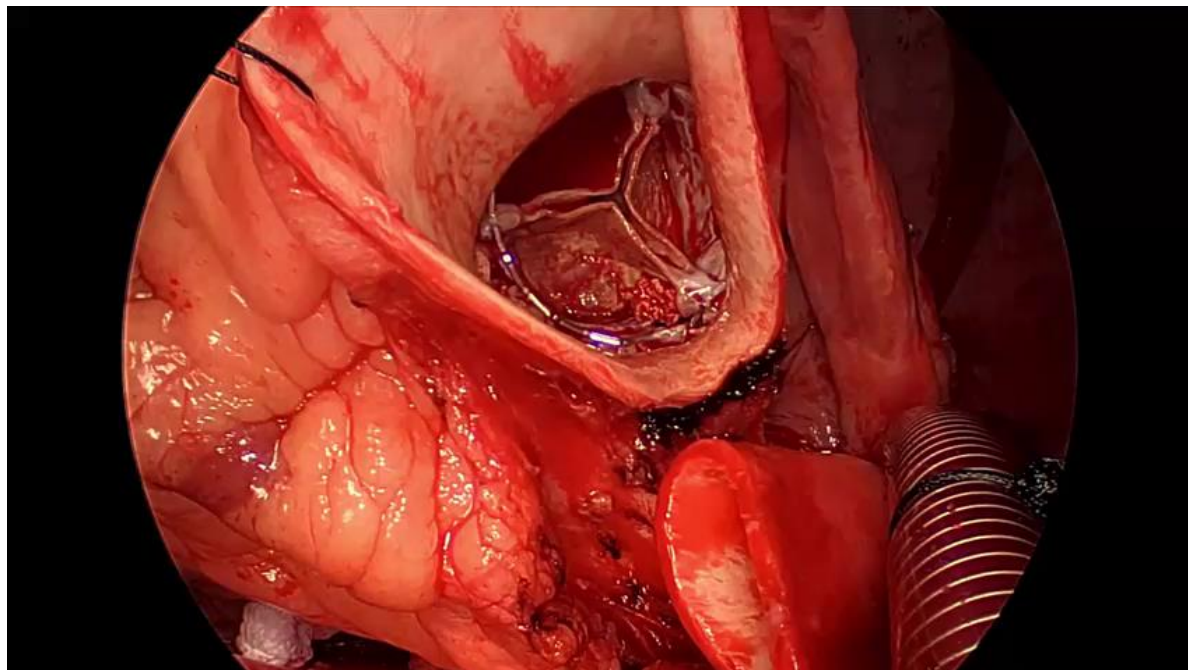


TAVR Explant from 2011-2018 performed by

- 483 surgeons
 - Median 1.0 case per surgeon [IQR 1.0–2.0]
- 313 centers
 - Median 1.0 case per center [IQR 1.0–3.0])

Fukuhara et al. Circulation 2020

Techniques for TAVR Explant



TAVR Explant Education

Home > Upcoming Meetings & Webinars > TAVR Explant: The Fastest Growing Cardiac Surgery Procedure

EVENT CATEGORY:
ON-DEMAND WEBINARS, ADULT CARDIAC GLOBAL GRAND ROUNDS WEBINARS


TAVR EXPLANT: THE FASTEST GROWING CARDIAC SURGERY PROCEDURE

ADULT CARDIAC
AATS
Global Grand Rounds Webinars

Date: [REDACTED]
Location: [REDACTED]
REGISTRATION: [REDACTED]

The Journal of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery

JTCVS



TAVR Explant: The Fastest Growing Cardiac Surgery Procedure

9:41 Redo TAV

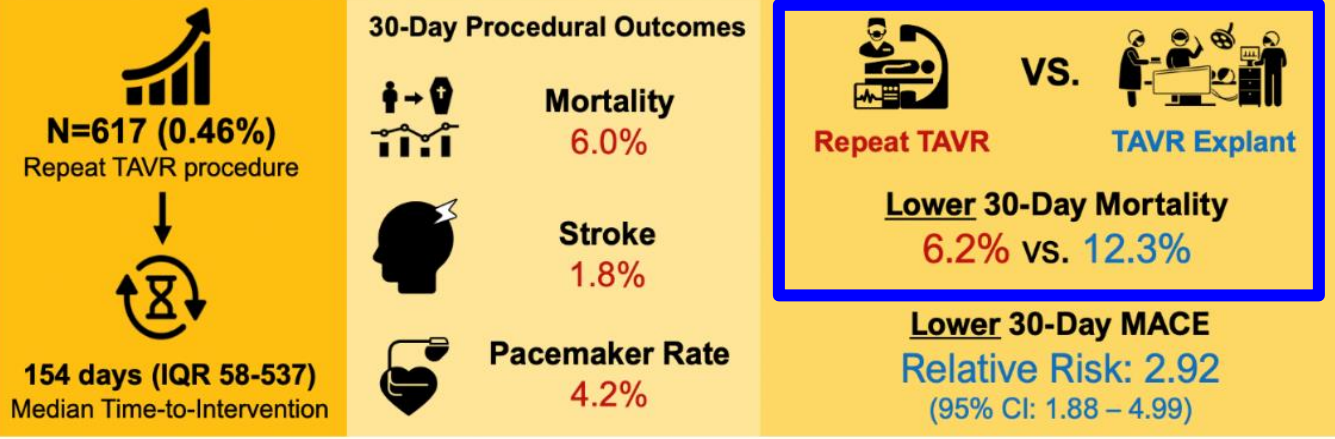
- Redo-TAV CT Planning
- Procedural Guide
- Blank CT Summary Report
- Procedure Data & Outcome
- Terminology
- Coronary Access after Redo-TAV
- Valve-Specific Resources
- TAV Explant**
- Additional Resources
- More

↓ Redo-TAV CT Planning Chart

TAV-in-TAV vs TAVR Explant

Contemporary Repeat Transcatheter Aortic Valve Replacement Outcomes in the United States

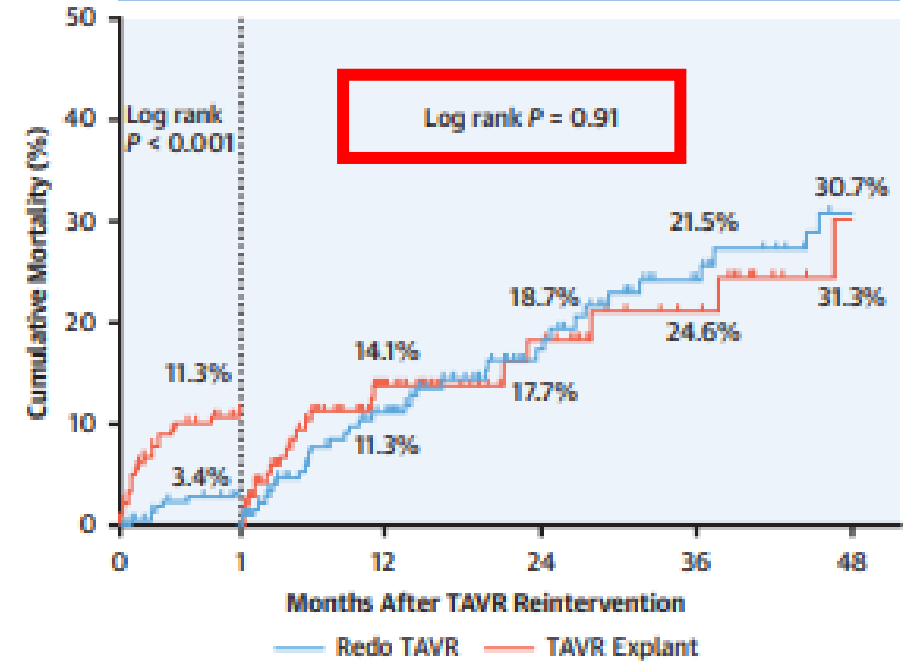
Fee-For-Service Medicare Beneficiaries Nationally Representative, Multicenter Analysis N= 133,250 patients 2012 - 2017



Repeat TAVR can be performed with acceptable 30-day mortality and may be considered as a potential option in appropriate patients

Percy, Kaneko et al. JACC int. 2021.

Landmark Analysis: Redo vs Explant TAVR

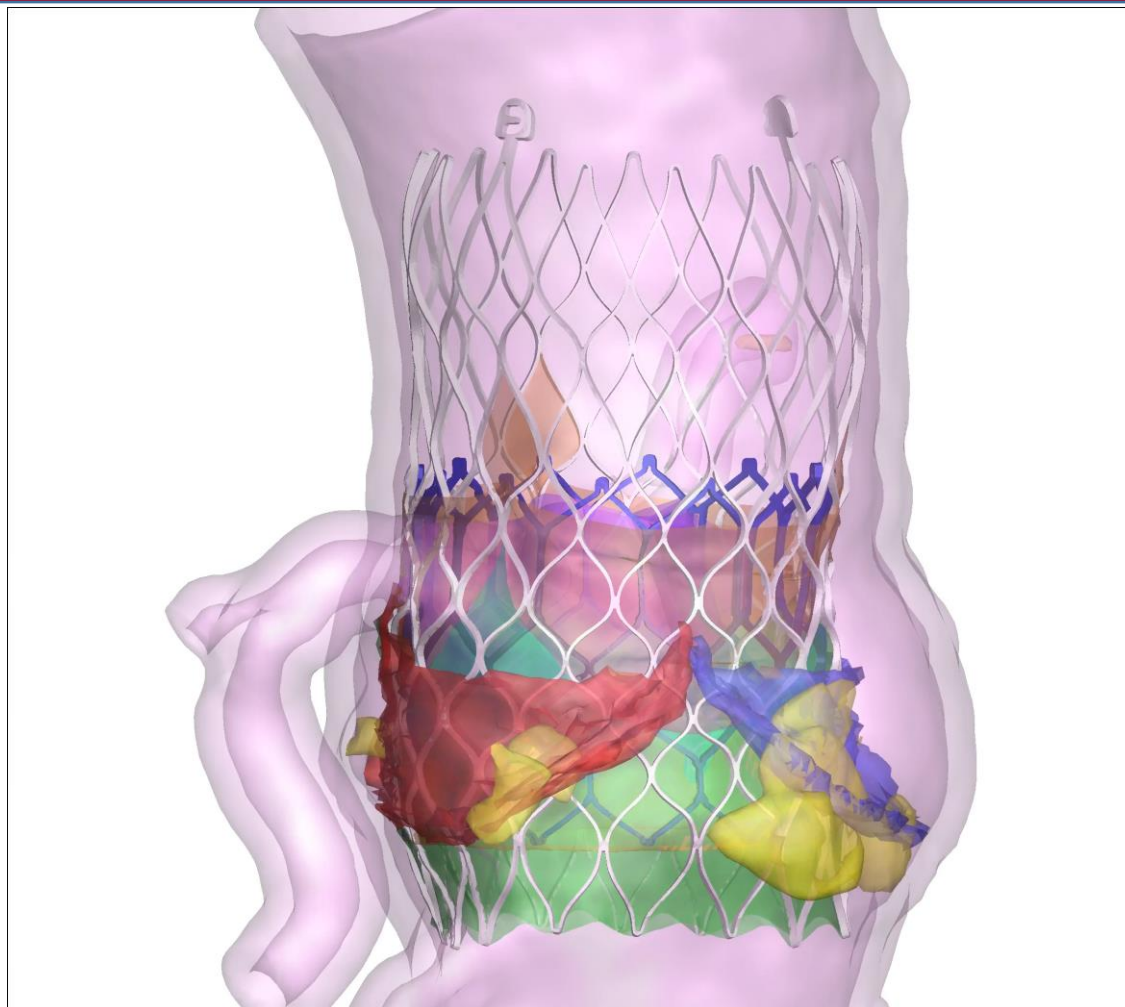


Tang et al. JACC Int 2023

“My” Prediction about TAVR Explant

1. Outcomes will improve to 30-day mortality of 5-6%?
2. Complex Explant (multi-valves, >10yrs) will be done in High Level Valve Centers.
3. The need for root replacement/aortic replacement will decrease.
4. Annual Echo surveillance and early referral will be critical
5. The volume will be higher than Repeat SAVR

Importance of Lifetime Management



Provided by Dasi Simulations

Tackle the problem of Lifetime management together

