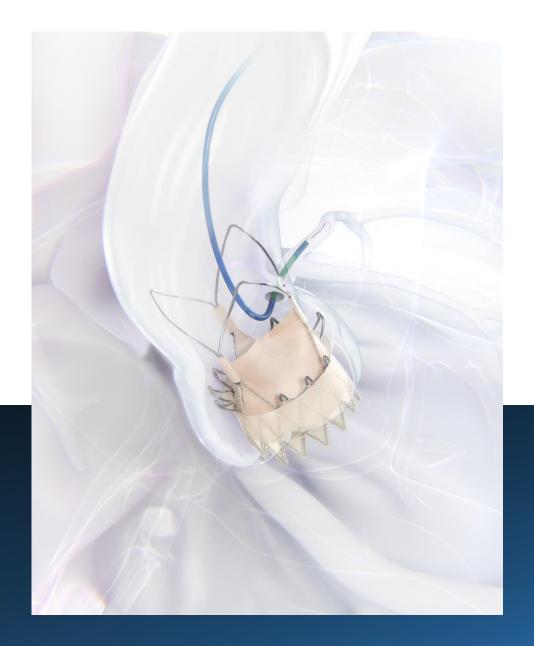
Mastering Commissural Alignment with ACURATE neo2: Significance and Techniques

Hyungdon Kook, MD, PhD Hanyang University Seoul Hospital, Seoul, Korea



Disclosure

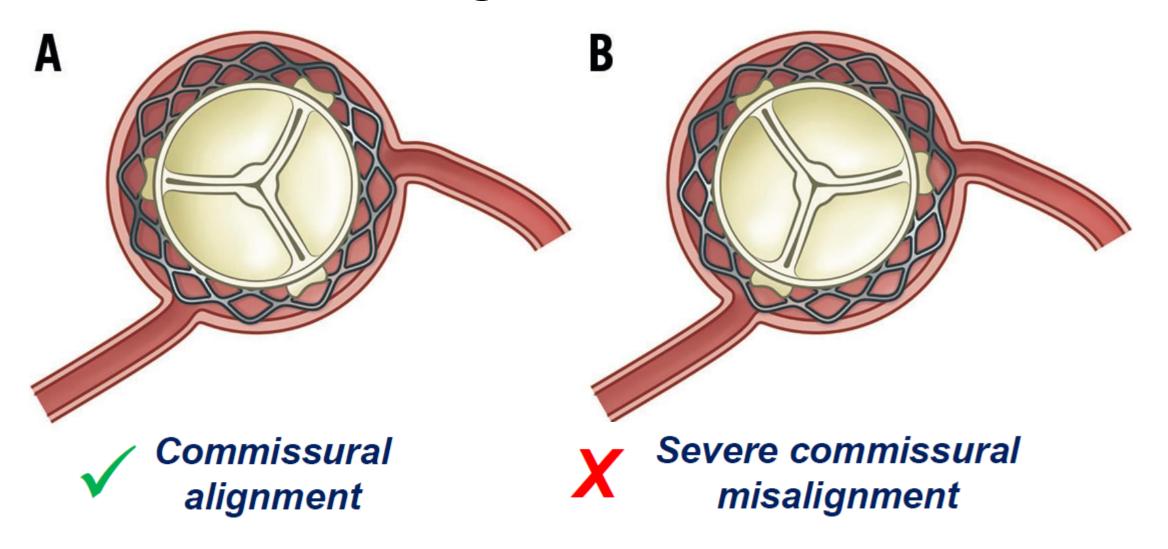
Speaker's name : Hyungdon Kook

Receipt of honoraria or consultation fees:

- Boston Scientific
- Genoss

Regional TAVR proctor of:

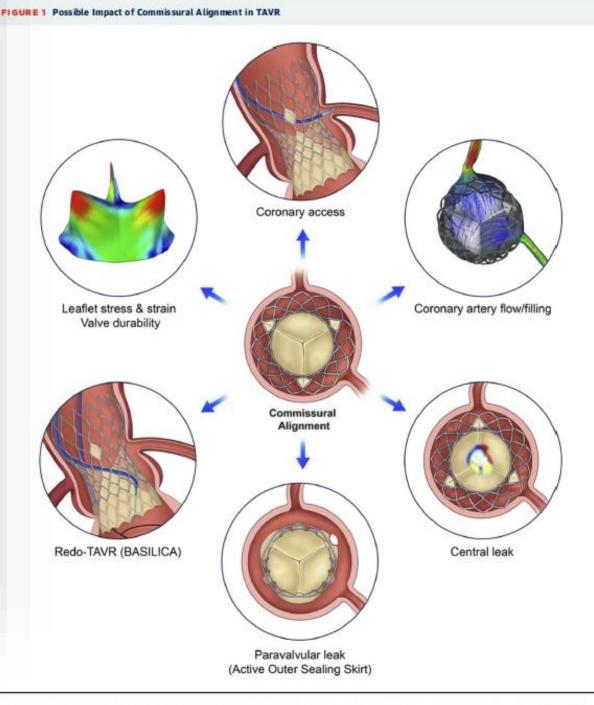
- Edwards Lifesciences
- Medtronic
- Boston Scientific



J Am Coll Cardiol Intv 2021;14:2097–2108

Why does Commissural Alignment matter?

- Coronary access in taller THV
- Reducing risk of coronary obstruction in TAV-in-SAV
- Increase likelihood of redo TAVR by reducing risk of sinus sequestration and coronary obstruction
- Long-term impact on durability? Increased HALT or gradient with misalignment?
- Leaflet modification not feasible if commissural post faces the coronary



Obtaining commissural alignment in TAVR can result in easier coronary access, better coronary artery flow/filling, reduce the risk of mild



Unrestricted coronary access

The largest accessible stent cell area¹

	ACURATE neo2™ Aortic Valve System Small	SAPIEN [™] 3 23 mm	Evolut [™] R 26 mm	NAVITOR 29 mm ²
	489.0 mm ²	32.9 mm ²	15.7 mm ²	68.7 mm ²
7	18.5 mm	4.9 mm	3.9 mm	8.1 mm

1. Meier D et al., Coronary Access Following Redo TAVR. Impact of THV Design, Implant Technique, and Cell Misalignment, JACC CI 2022 https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jcin.2022.05.005 2. NAVITOR measurements on file at BSC. ACURATE neo2"

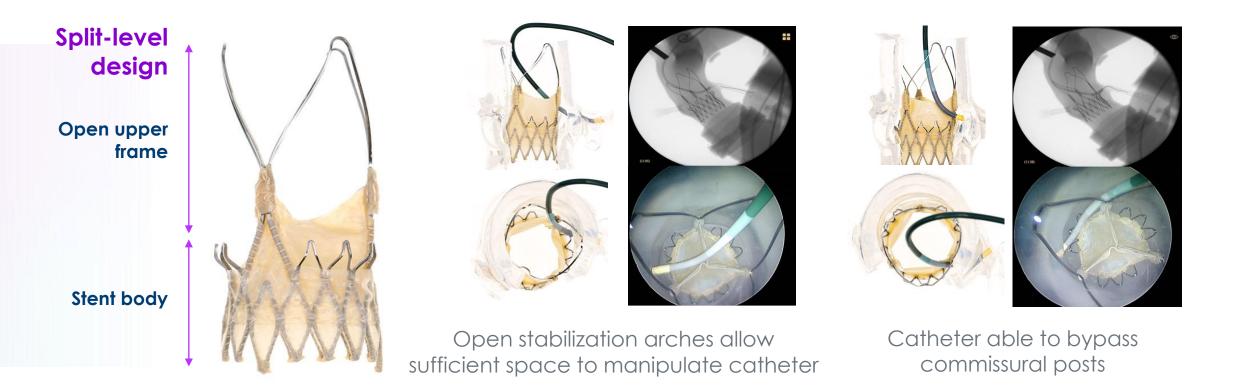
Area

Diameter



Unrestricted coronary access

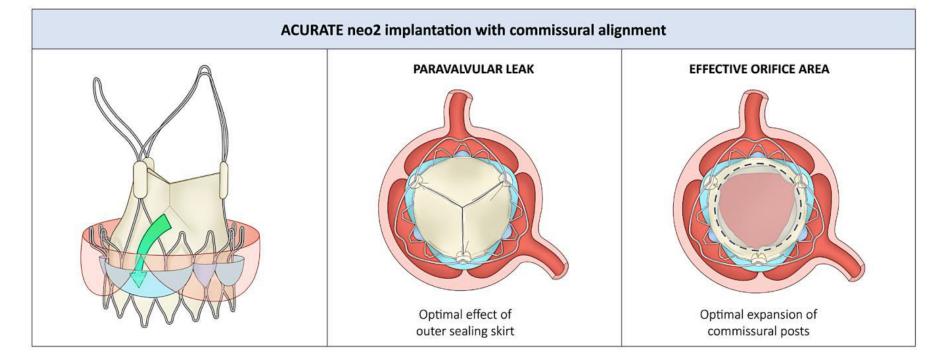
Open upper stabilization arches allow for unique coronary access techniques.

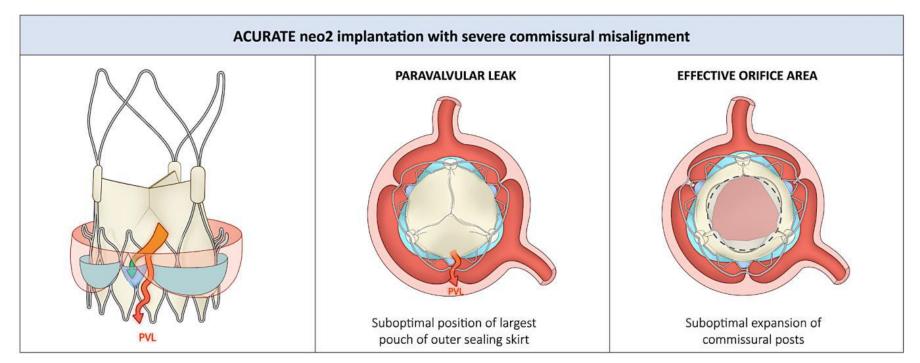




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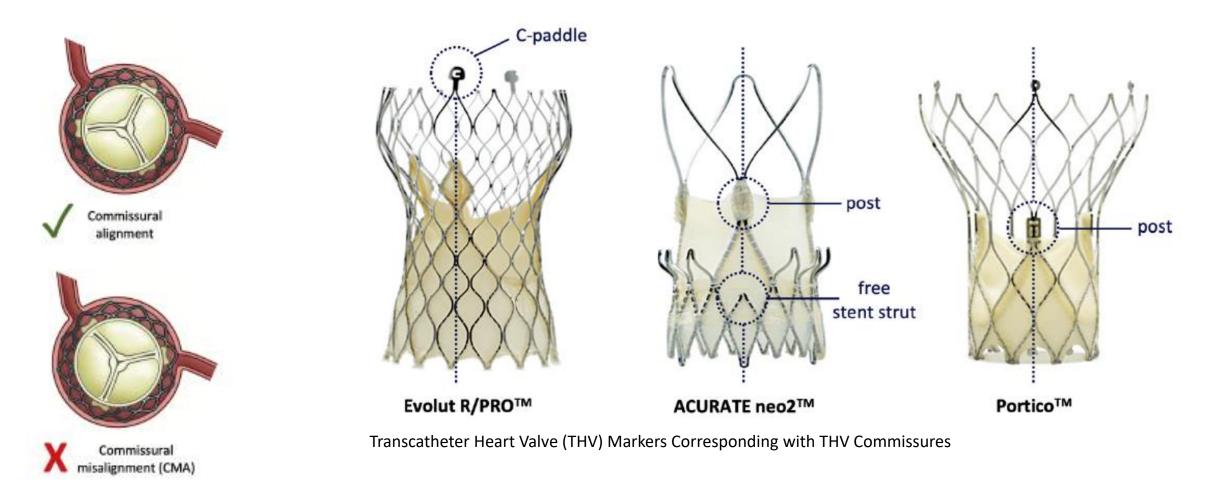
Unrestricted Design



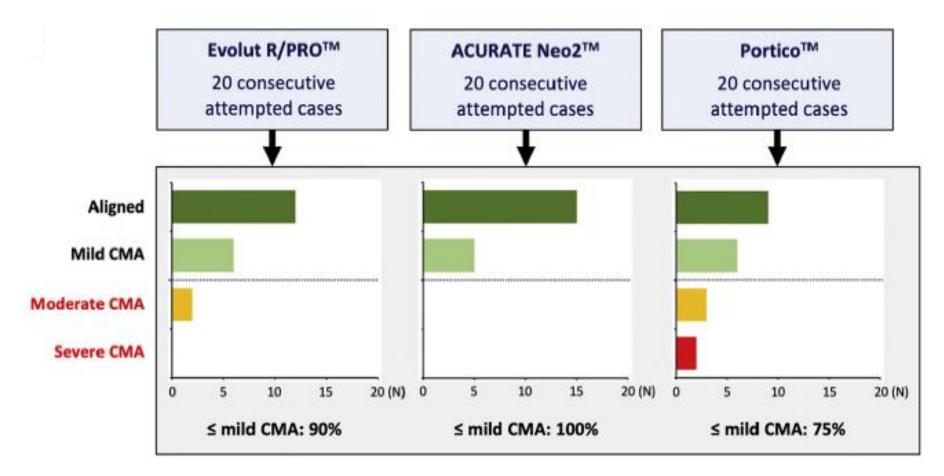


COMALIGN - The Commissural Alignment Study N=60 TAVR patients implanted with Evolut R/Pro, ACURATE *neo2* or Portico

Prospective, commissural alignment study (COMALIGN) testing THV implantation with neo-commissural alignment for 3 different THV platforms. Pre-procedural planning was based on CT scan.



COMALIGN - The Commissural Alignment Study N=60 TAVR patients implanted with Evolut R/Pro, ACURATE *neo2* or Portico



- ACURATE neo2 (n=20): only valve to 100% avoid moderate/severe misalignment and demonstrate 100% optimal rotation.
- Evolut R/PRO (n=20): 10% moderate/severe misalignment and 3 cases of non-optimal rotation.
- <u>Portico (n=20)</u>: 25% moderate/severe misalignment and 5 cases of non-optimal rotation.

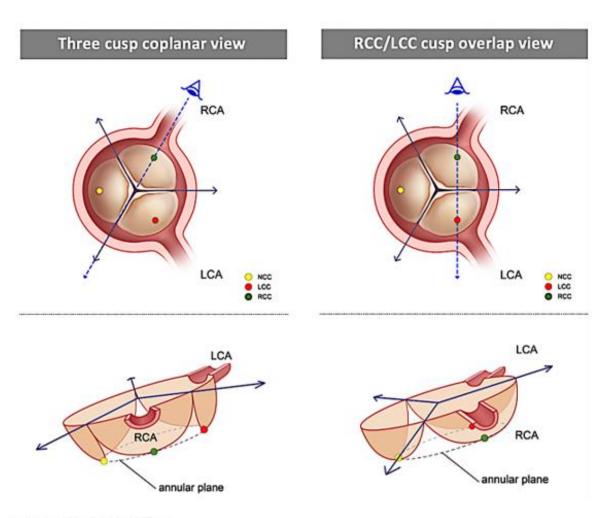




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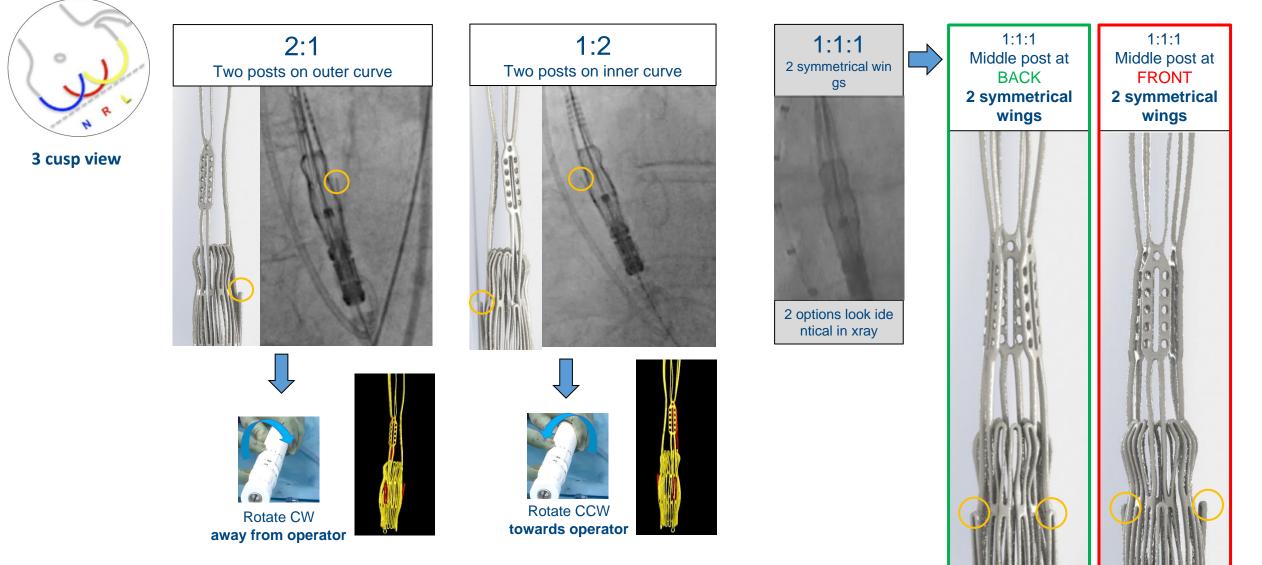


Understanding commissural orientation from different fluoroscopic projections



S^{Boston} Scientific Step 2: ALIGN Step 1 : INSERT Step 3: CONFIRM Step 4: IMPLANT **3 Cusp View** Cusp Overlap **3 Cusp View** (ACURATE *neo2* marker at top of pigtail) 1:2 1:1:1 2:1 OR OR 6 o'clock After alignment, allow handle to rotate back slowly in In cusp overlap one free cradled hands cell should be on the inner **Rotate CCW** No rotation **Rotate CW** curvature **Proceed to Step 3** towards operator away from operator Position handle with Rotate front part of the handle until two free cells are symme **Proceed with ACURATE** trical visible in 3 cusp view If incorrect - Rotate either safety button at neo2 6 o'clock CW or CCW and revert to Most cases alignment achieved between 0.5 and 1.5 handle implantation steps facing down step 2 rotations (180° to 540°)





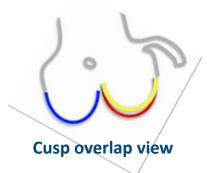
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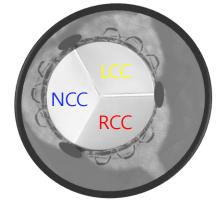
Aligned in 3 cusp view

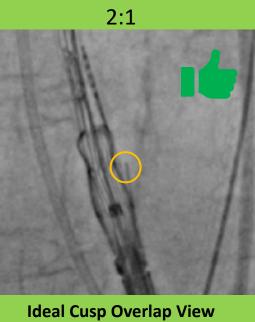
Misaligned

Confirmation

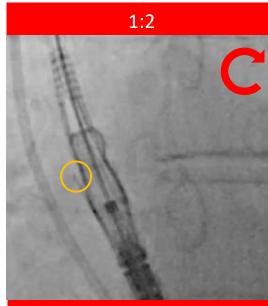






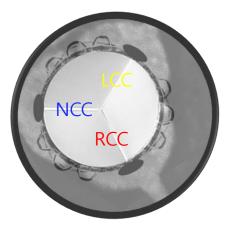


Ideal Cusp Overlap View Wing points at RCC/LCC native commissure



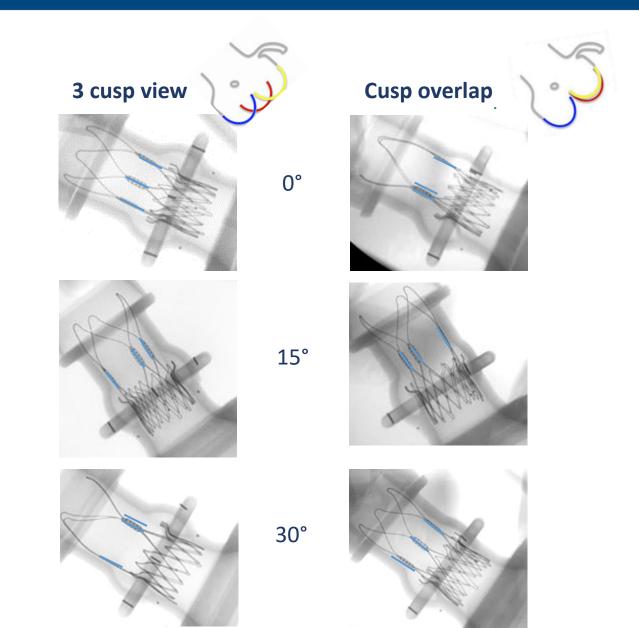
Misaligned Cusp Overlap View Wing points at NCC

Verify correct rotational position If rotation required use information from 3 cusp view to go CW or CCW

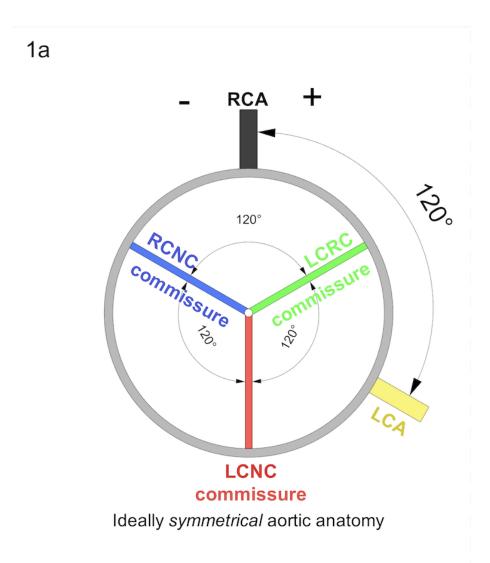


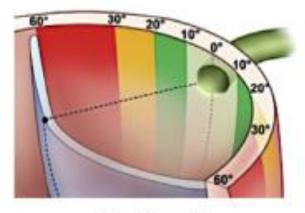
Commissural alignment after THV implantation



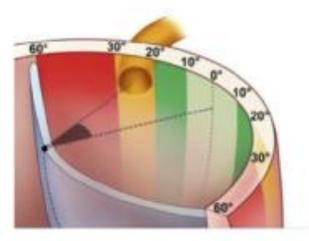


LIMITATIONS: variations in coronary eccentricity





Centered



Moderate eccentricity

AN2 Case with Commisural Alignment M/82

NYHA II-III Dyspnea

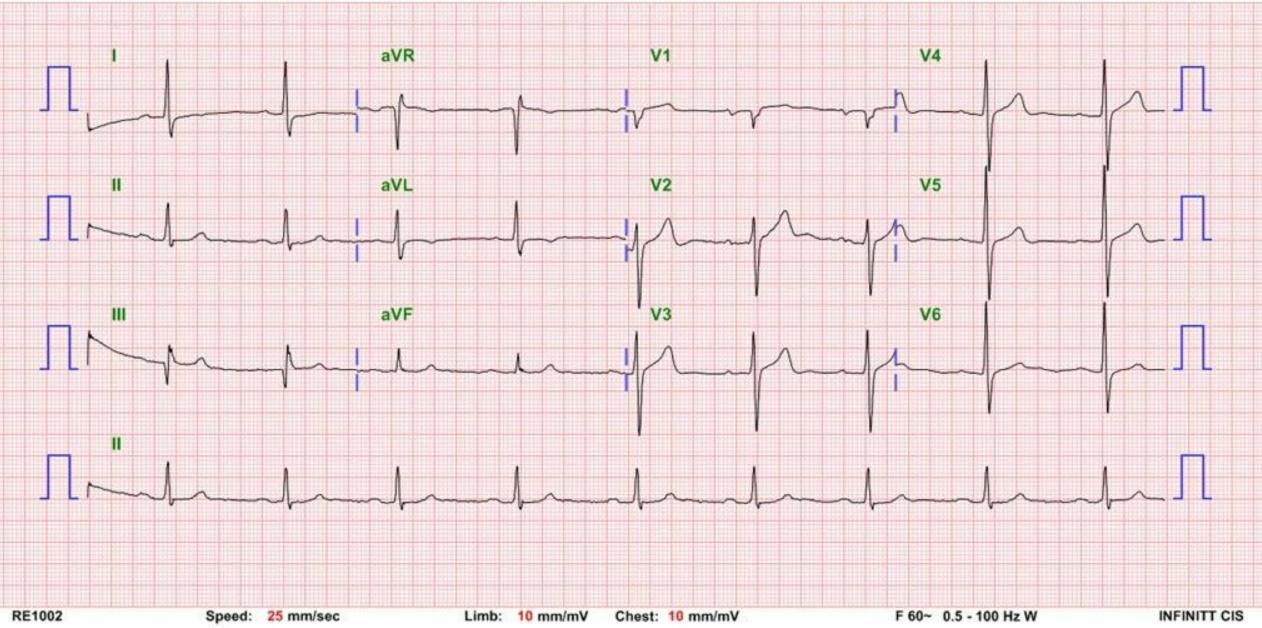
DM/HTN/DL/CKD Stage 3

h/o old MI, stroke

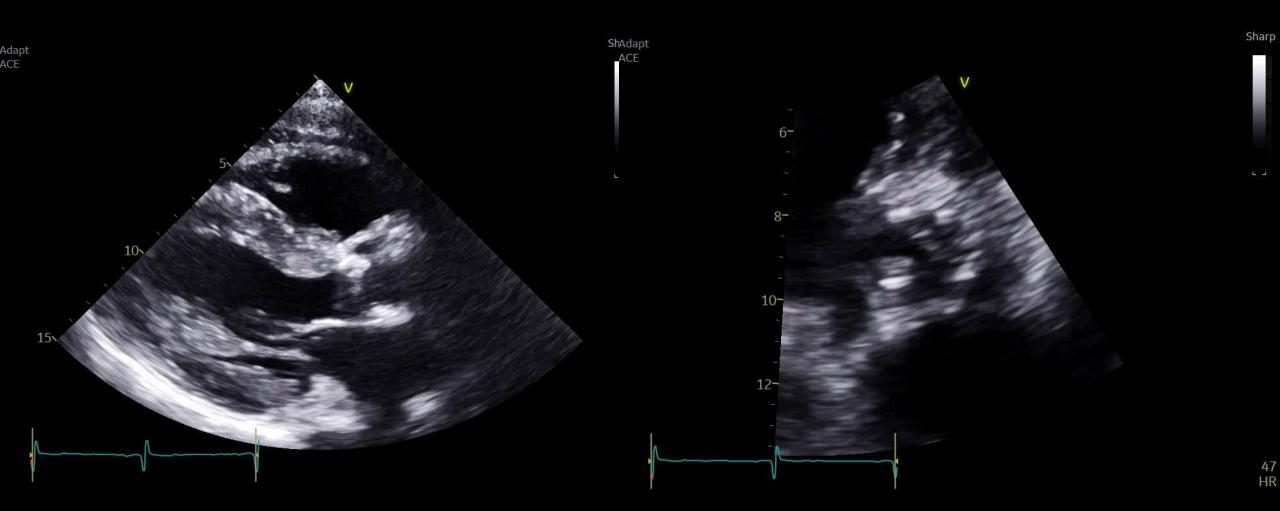
s/p PCI at mRCA and osLCX [14]

STS PROM (%) 7.77

Pre-TAVR ECG



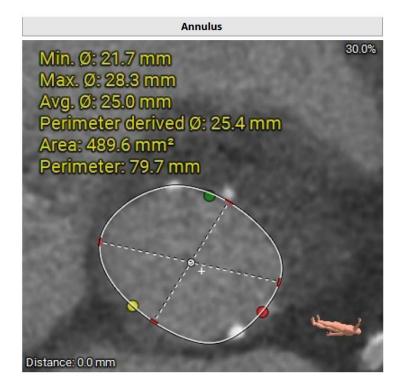
Pre-TAVR TTE

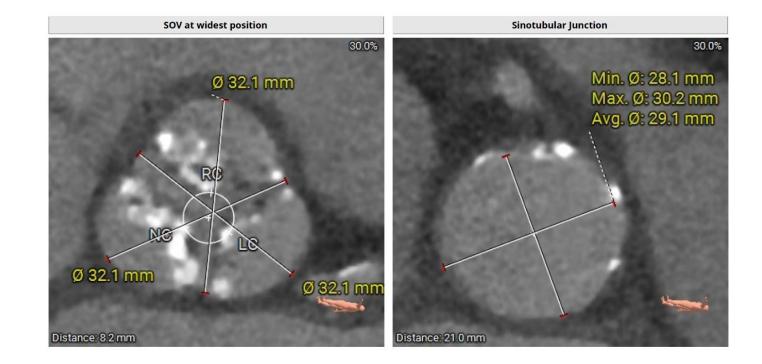


Pre-TAVR TTE

Sharp **Hemodynamic parameters** 20 Tricuspid AS EF (%) 71.9% Stroke volume index 57.9ml/m² AVA (cm²) 0.80 Mean pressure **59.6** gradient (mmHg) Peak velocity (m/sec) **4.85**

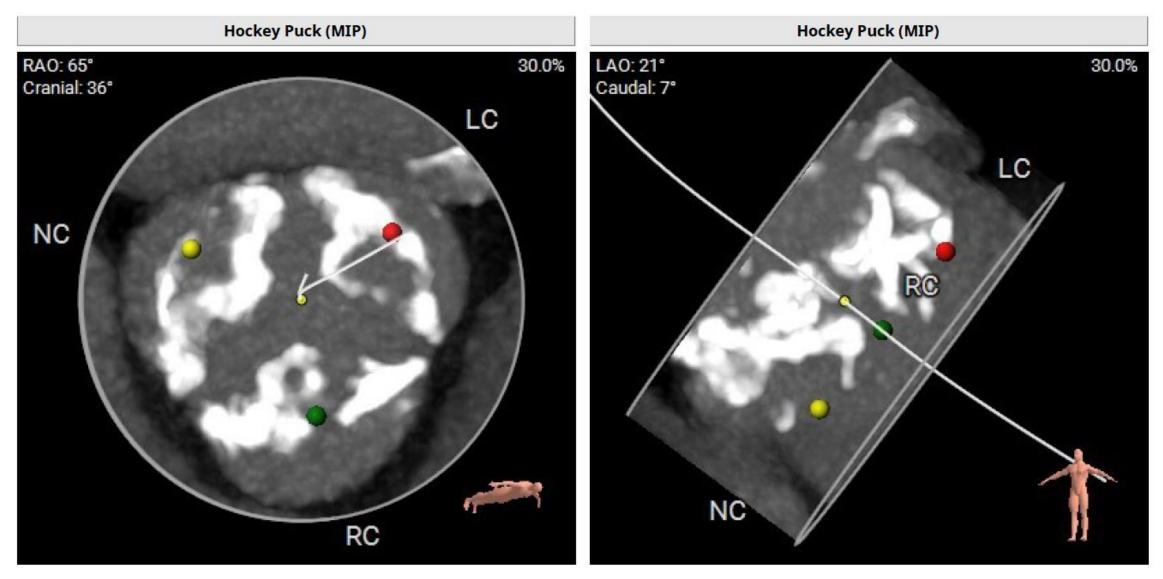
CT measurement



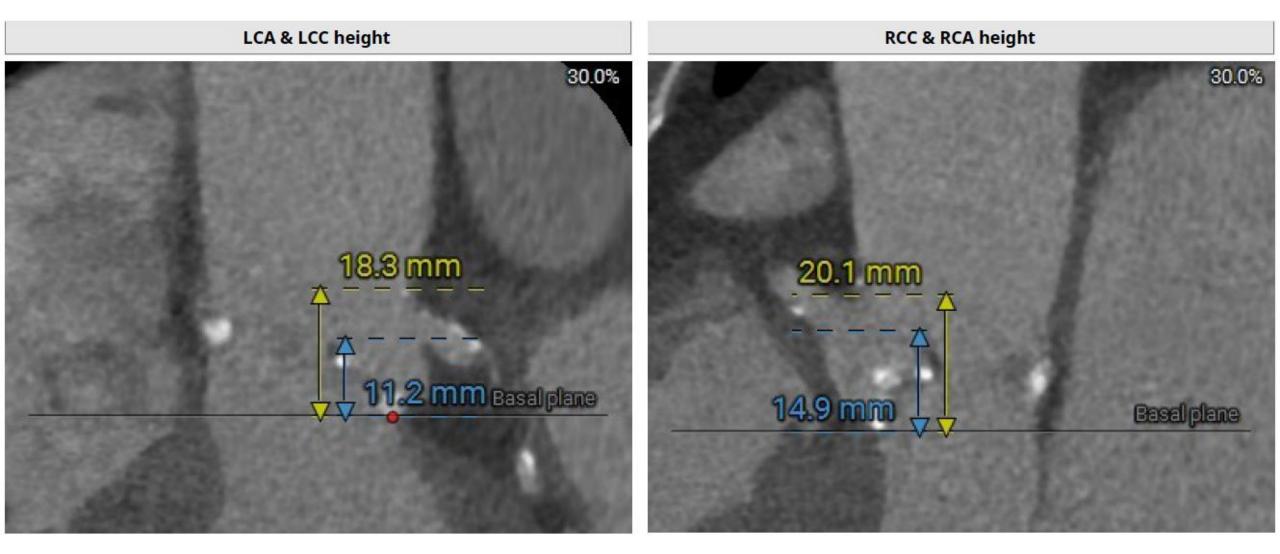


Valve Size	S – 23 mm	M – 25 mm	L – 27 mm
Aortic annulus diameter*	21 mm ≤ annulus ≤ 23 mm	23 mm < annulus ≤ 25 mm	25 mm < annulus ≤ 27 mm
Aortic annulus perimeter	66 mm ≤ annulus ≤ 72 mm	72 mm < annulus ≤ 79 mm	79 mm < annulus ≤ 85 mm

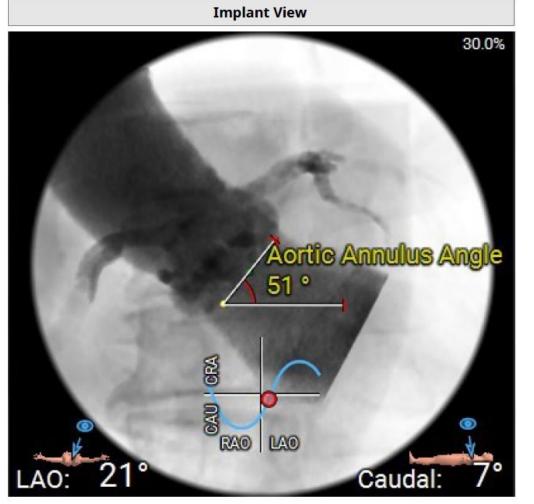
CT measurement: Total calcium 1245 mm³ (TH 452HU)

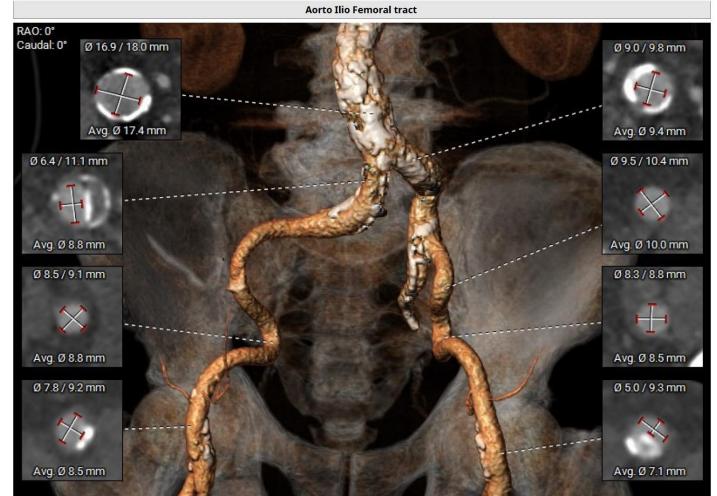


CT measurement



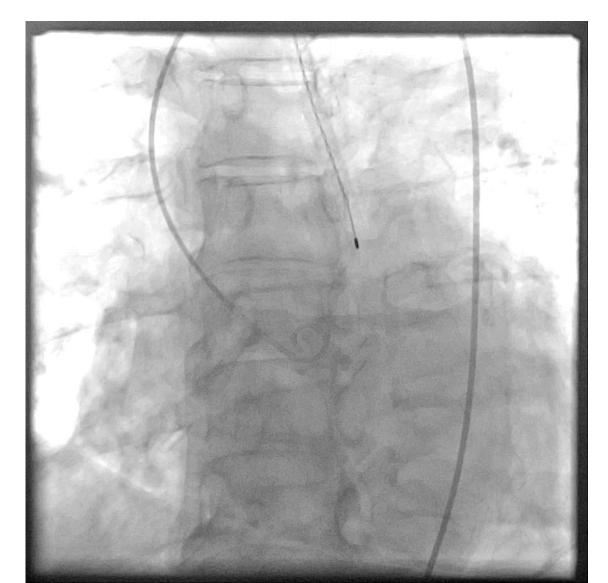
CT measurement



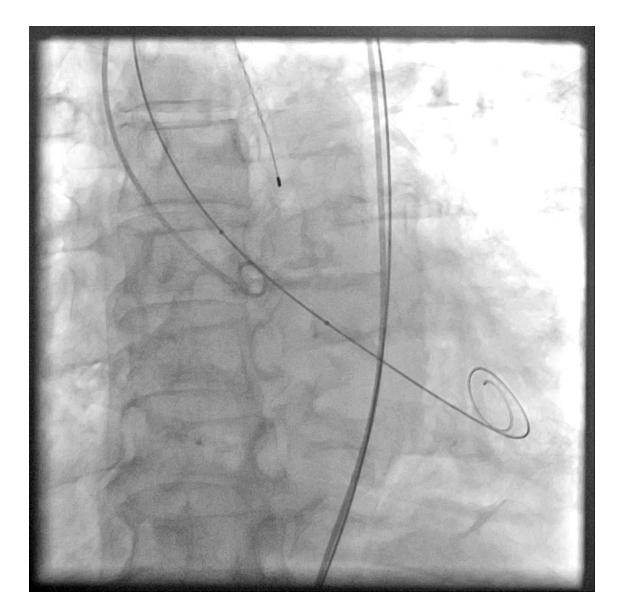


Cerebral embolic protection and aortography



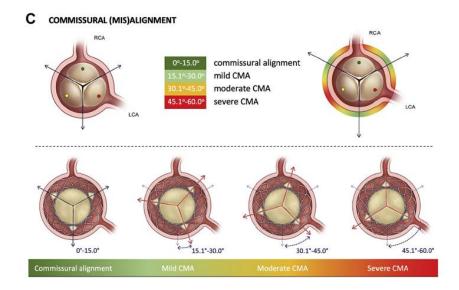


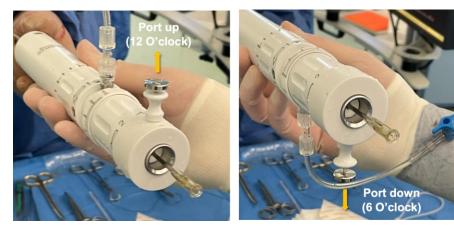
Pre-dilation: 24mm balloon under 180 BPM wire pacing

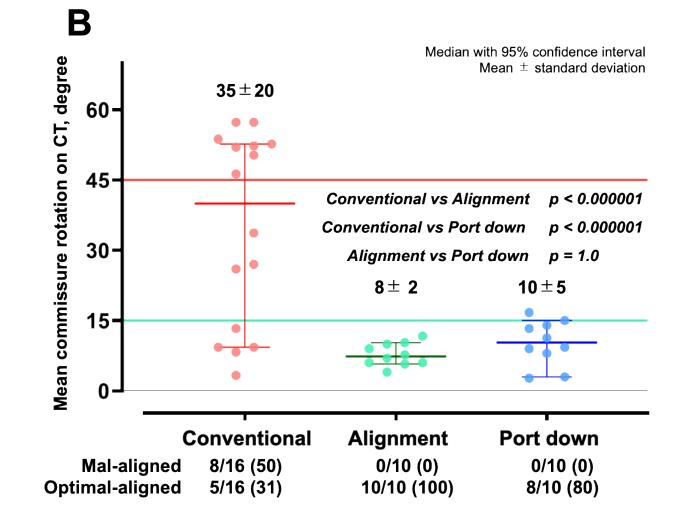


The Very First Step: flush port facing 6 o' clock

can avoid ≥moderate commissural misalignment in 100% cases using this method only

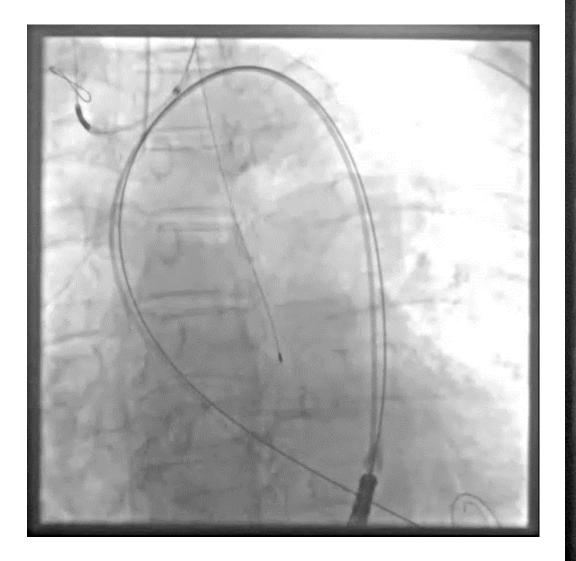


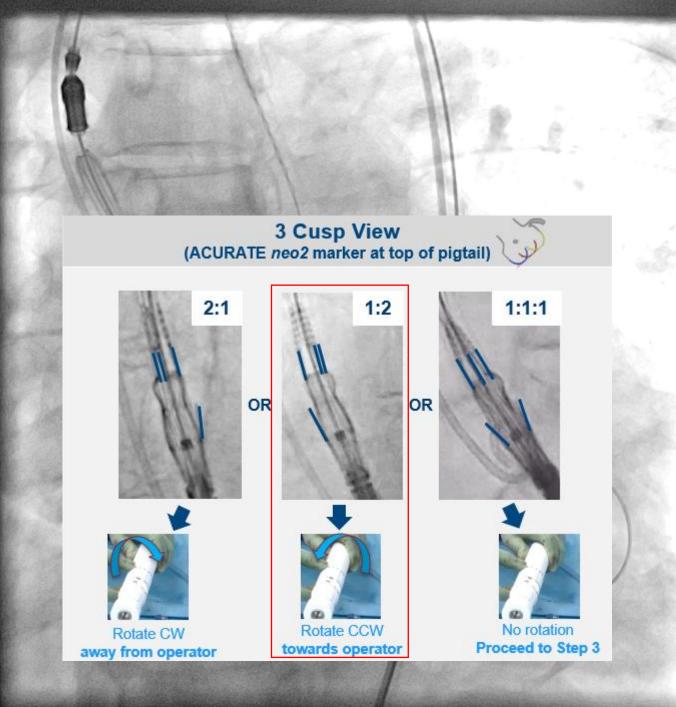




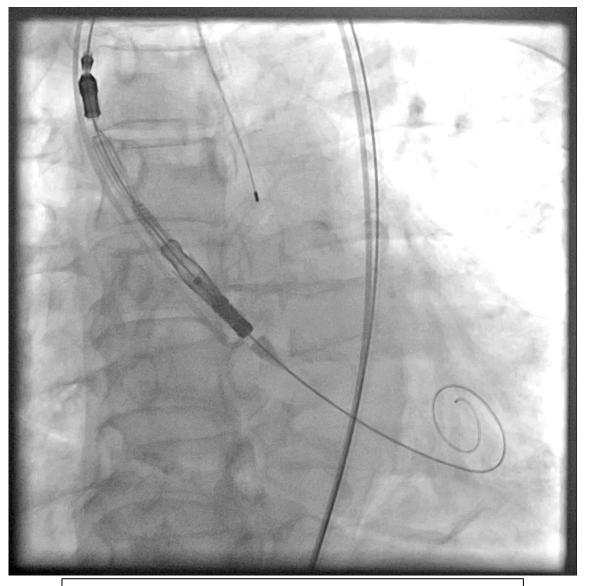
Abdel-Wahab M and Kitamura M (manuscript in preparation)

Accurate neo2 27mr

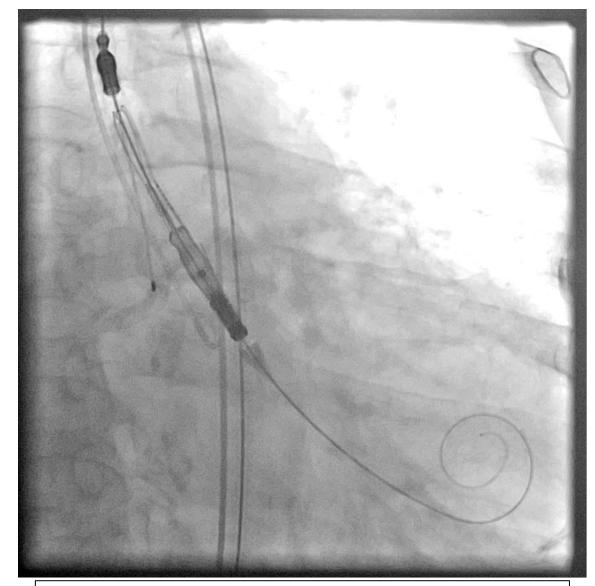




Achieving Commissural Alignment: <1 minute

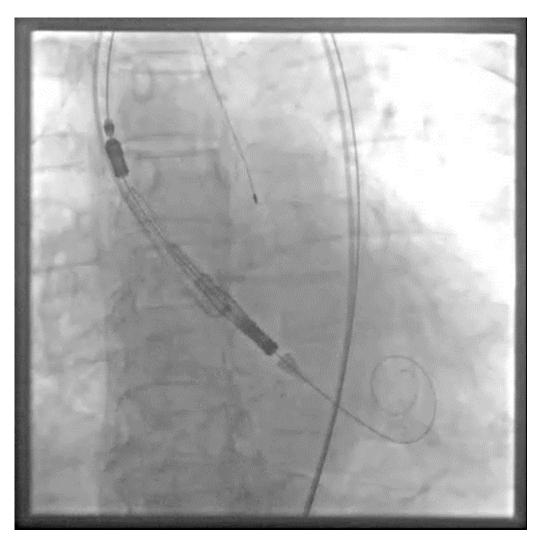


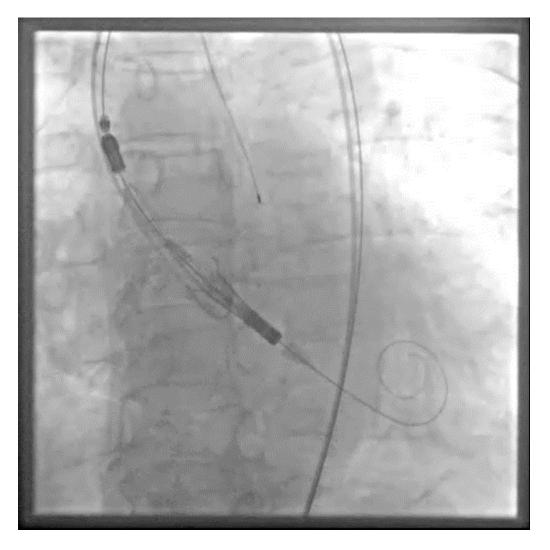
3 cusp view: 2 free cells symmetrically visible



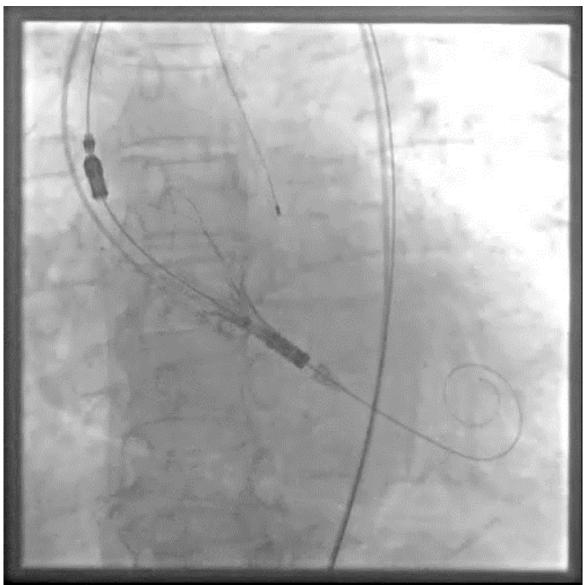
Cusp overlap view: 1 free cell on the inner curvature

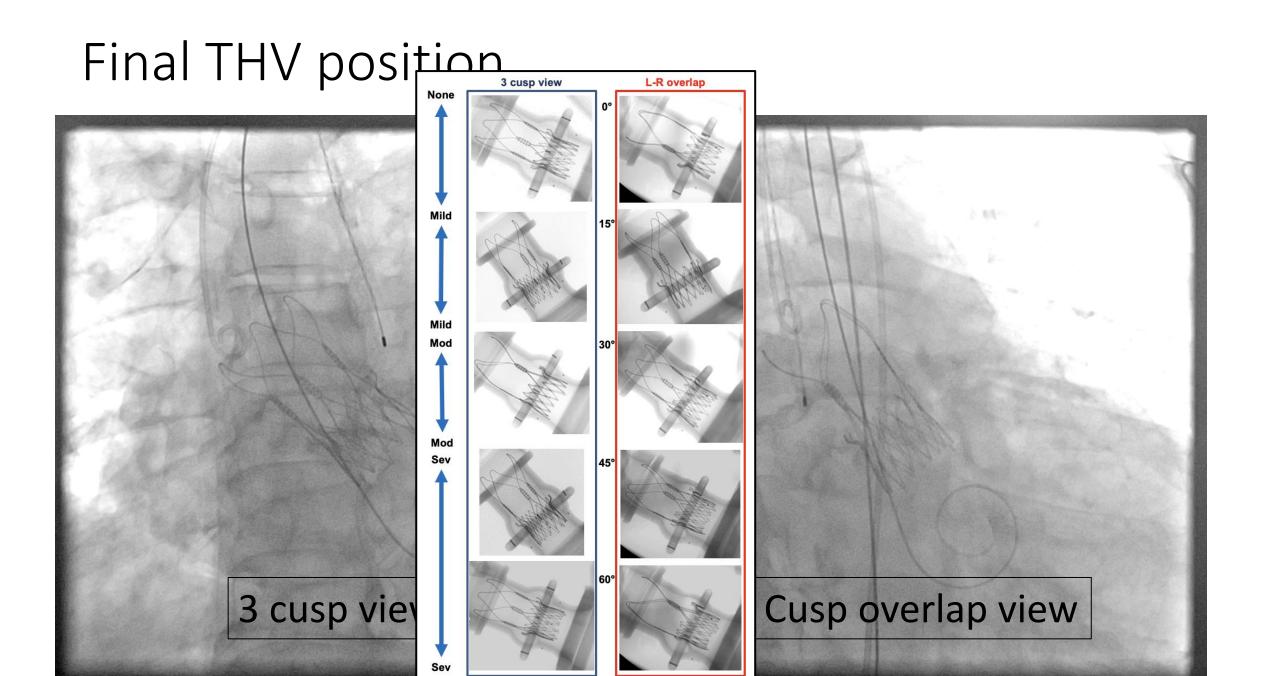
Classical ACURATE neo2 implantation : Step 1a and 1b



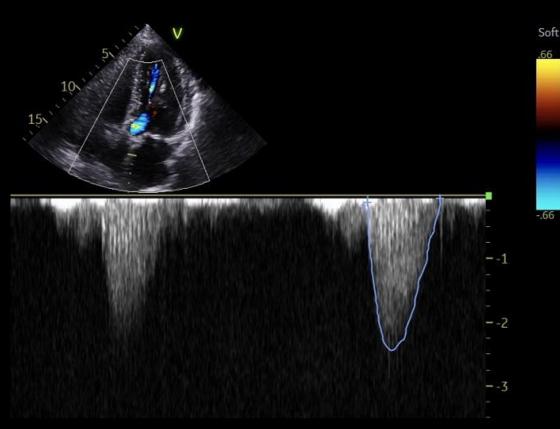


Classical ACURATE neo2 implantation: Step 2

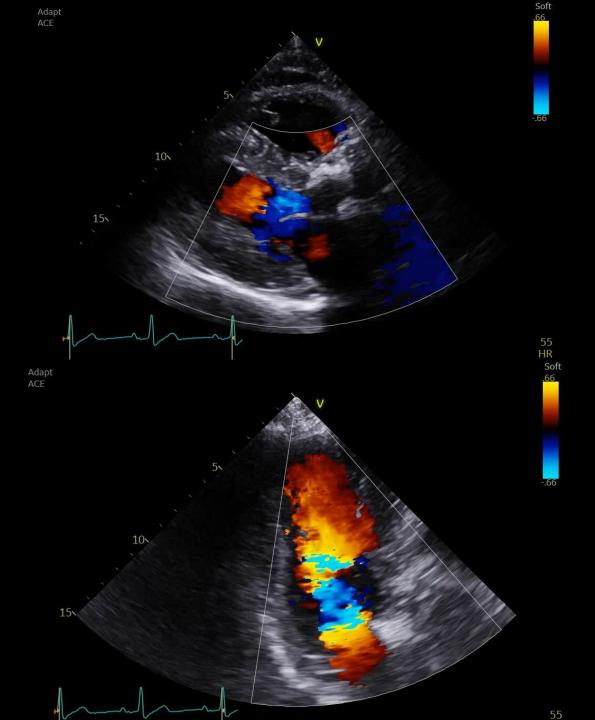




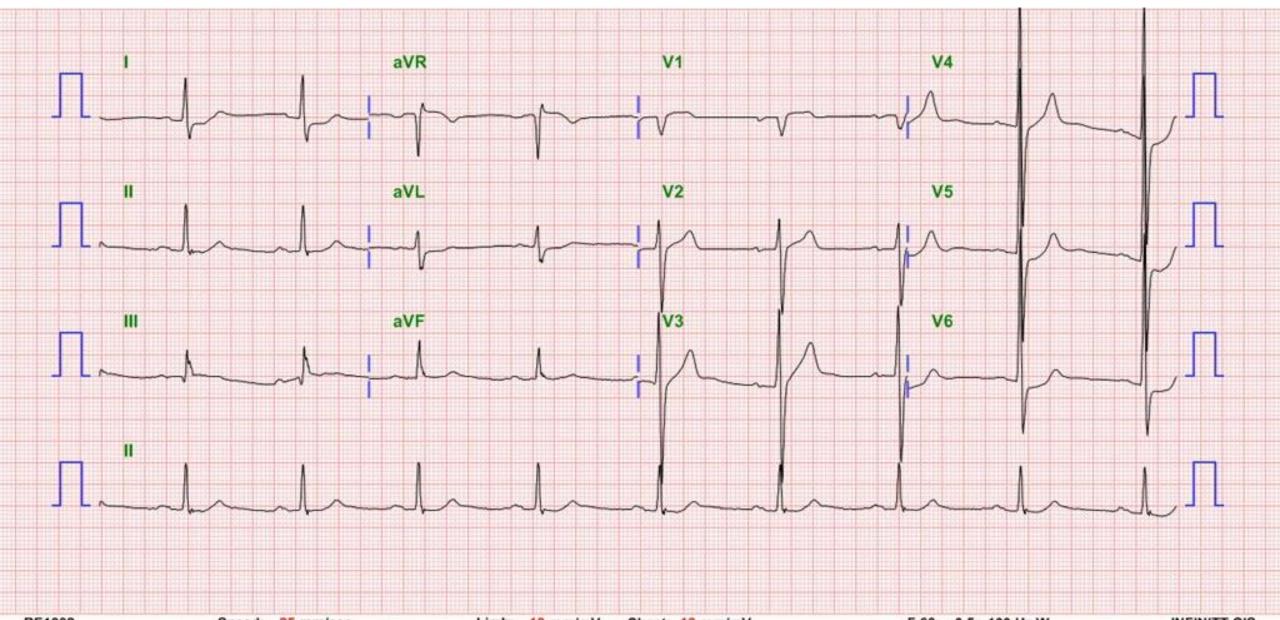
Post-TAVR TTE



55 HR



Post-TAVR ECG



Discharge home on POD #2

PA