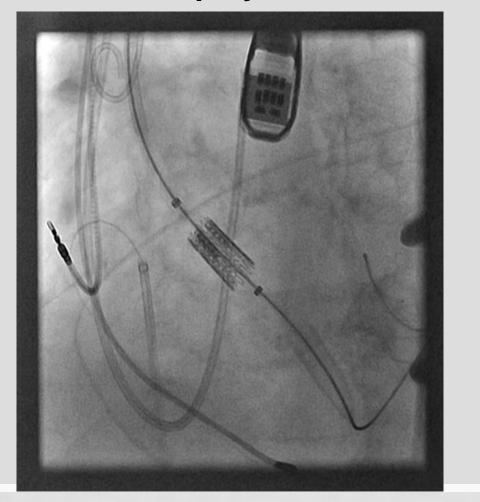


Massive Aortic Regurgitation immediately after TAVR

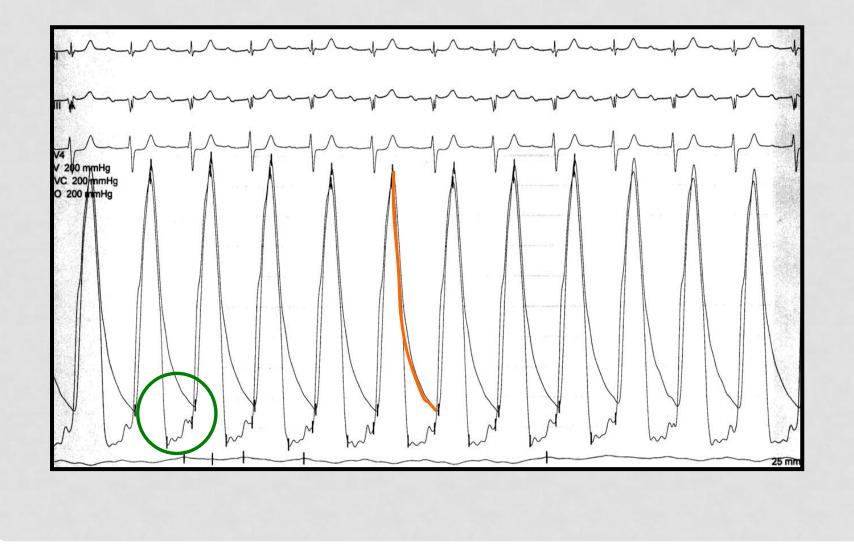
A. Pichard, G. Maluenda, I. Ben-Dor, L. Satler, R. Waksman, S. Goldstein, Z. Wang, MD, P. Corso

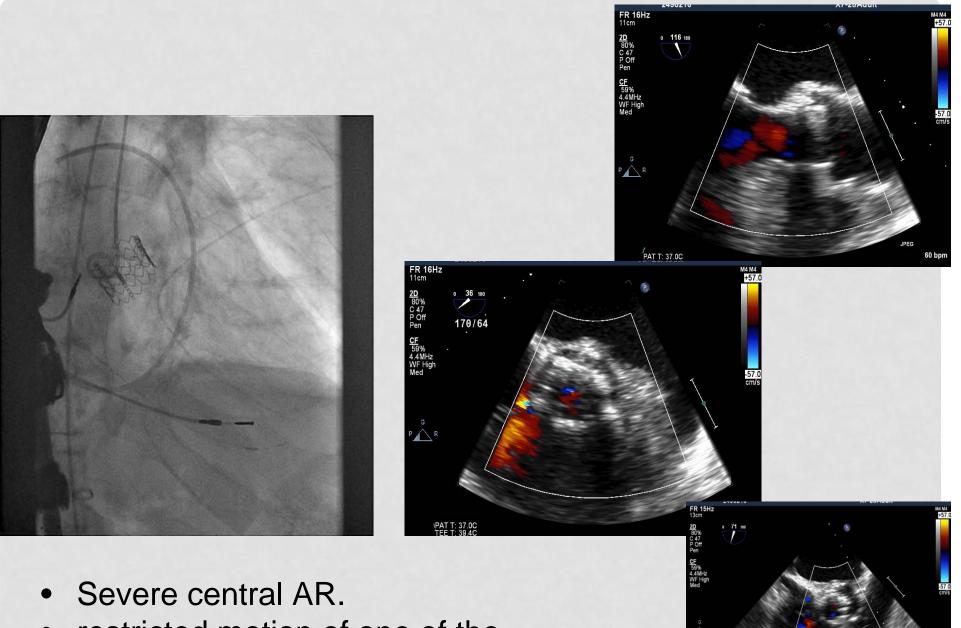
First Case (2007)

Valve deployment



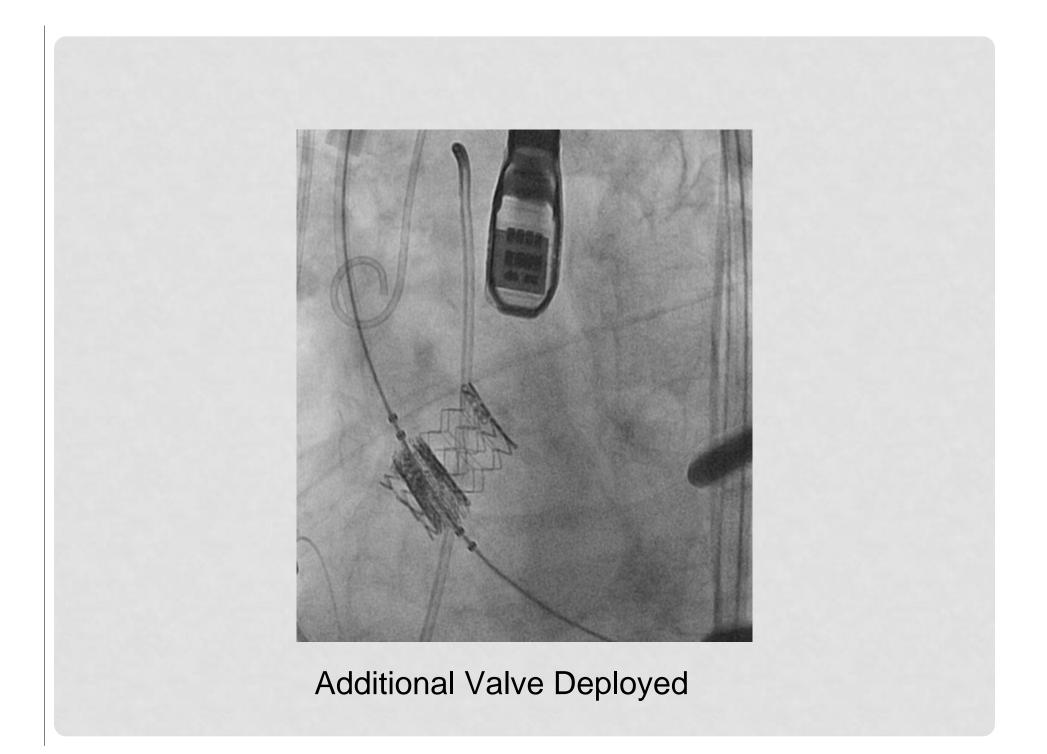
Immediately after Valve implantation: wide open AR



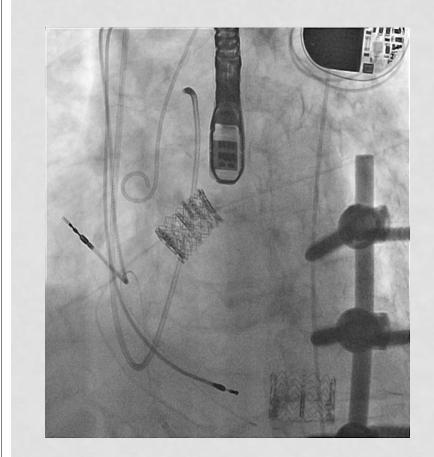


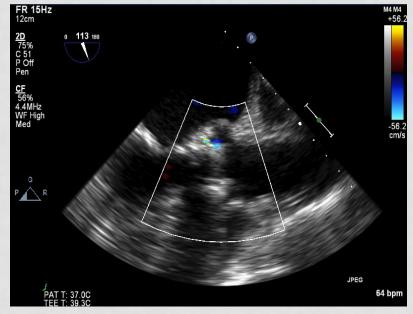
 restricted motion of one of the prosthetic leaflets

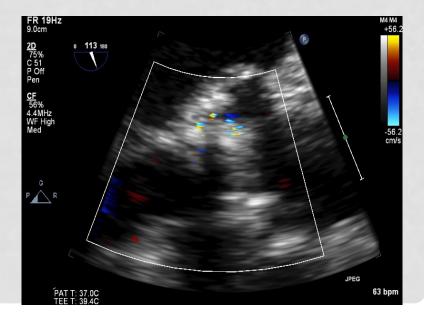
PAT T: 37.0C



Final: trace AR







Second Case (2011)

History

89 year old male AVA 0.6 cm2 Progressive CHF and syncope. Prior Balloon aortic valvulopplasty Prior CABG

Lab

- Creat: 1.6 gm/dl
- Hgb: 12.3 gm/dl
- Hct: 36.8 %

<u>STS</u>15.1%

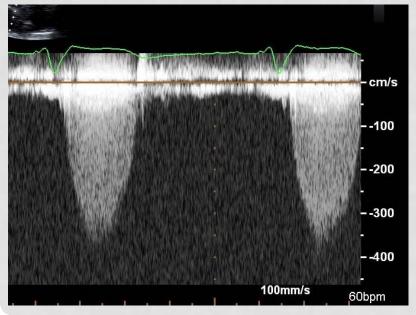
Stress Echo

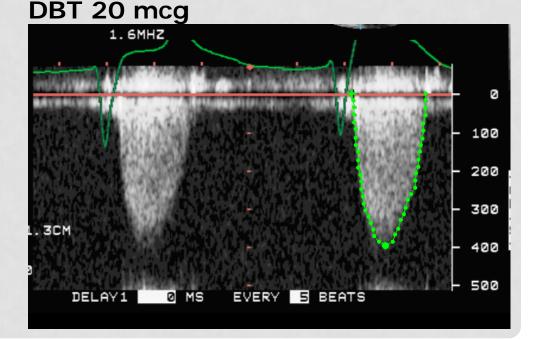
20 mcg of Dobutamine:

- V Max: 4.1 to m/sec
- Mean gradient: 41 mm Hg
- EF: 35%
- Aortic valve area: 0.75 cm²
- Indexed AVA: 0.39 cm²



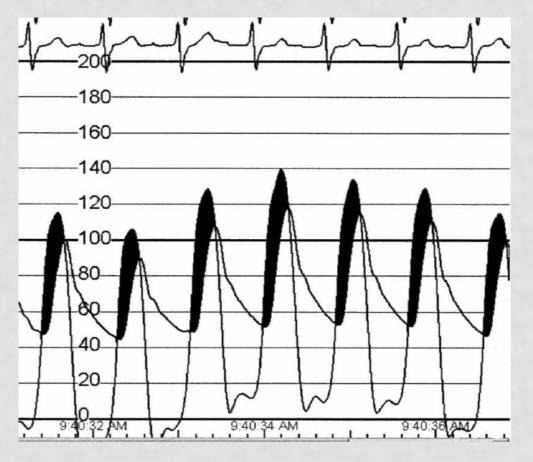
BASELINE

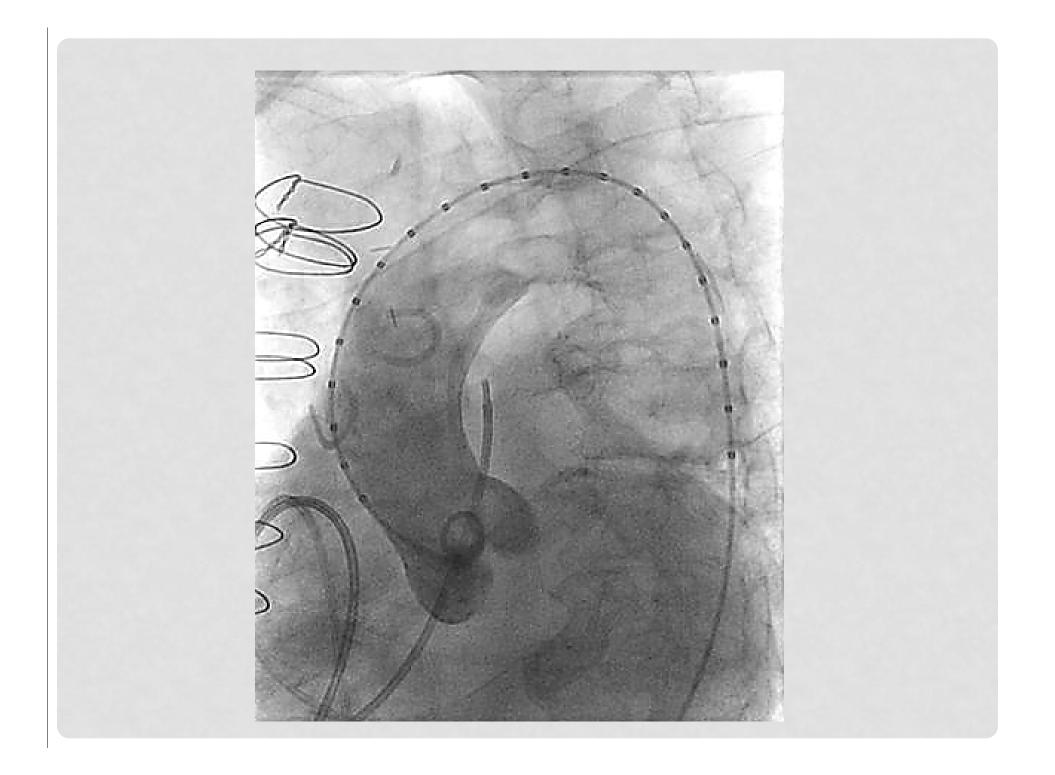


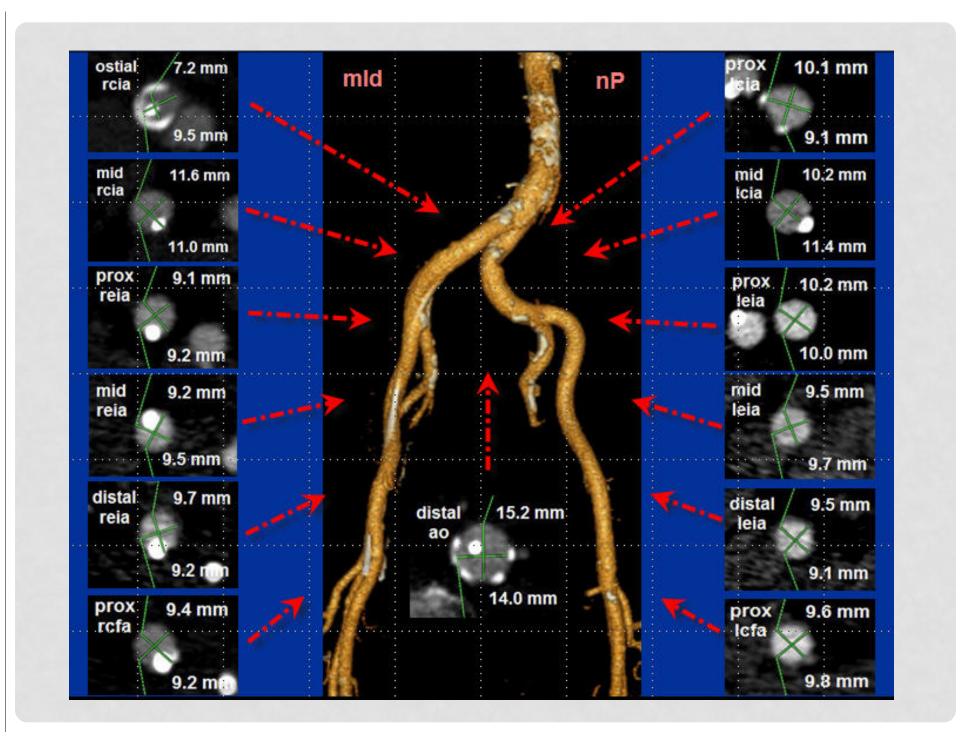


Baseline Hemodynamics

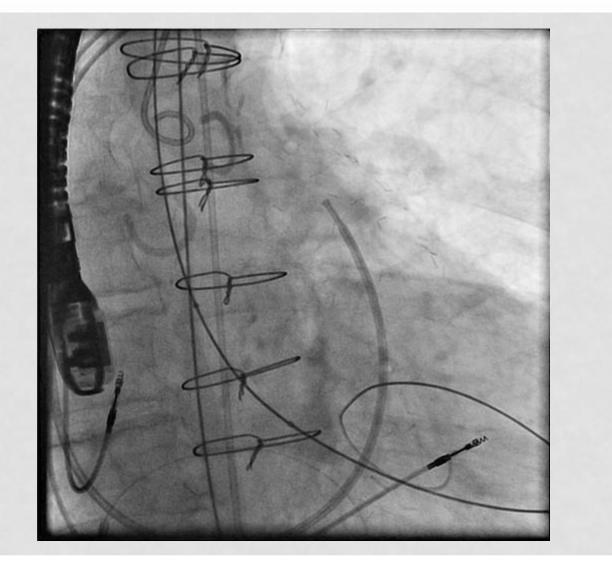
- Mean gradient: 31
 mm Hg
- Aortic valve area:
 0.6 cm²
- CO: 2.9 L/min



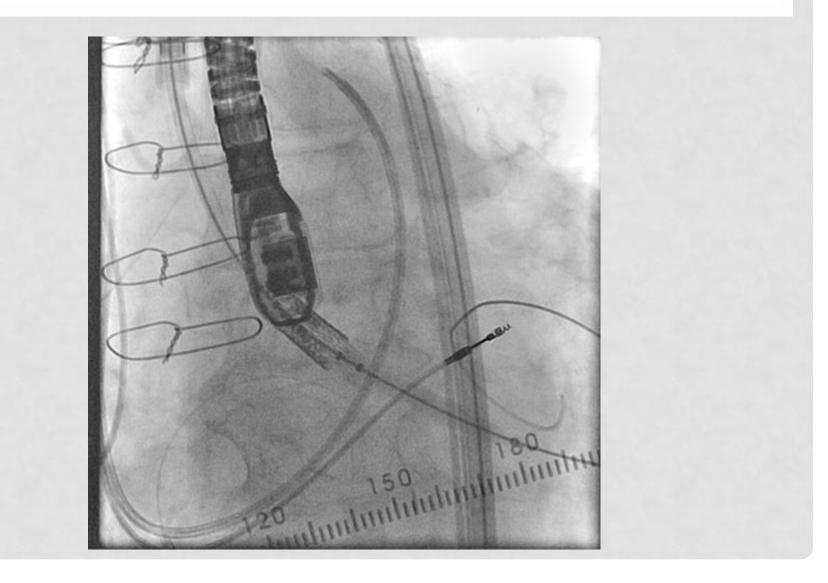




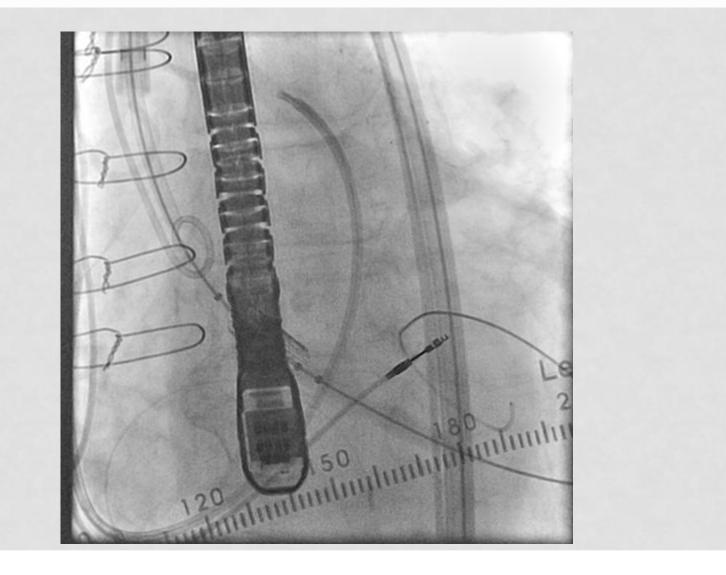
BALLOON VALVULOPLASTY



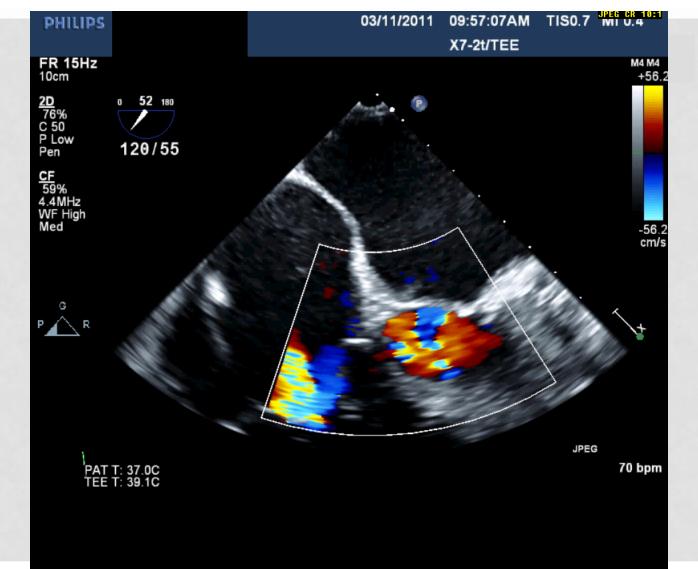
VALVE POSITIONING

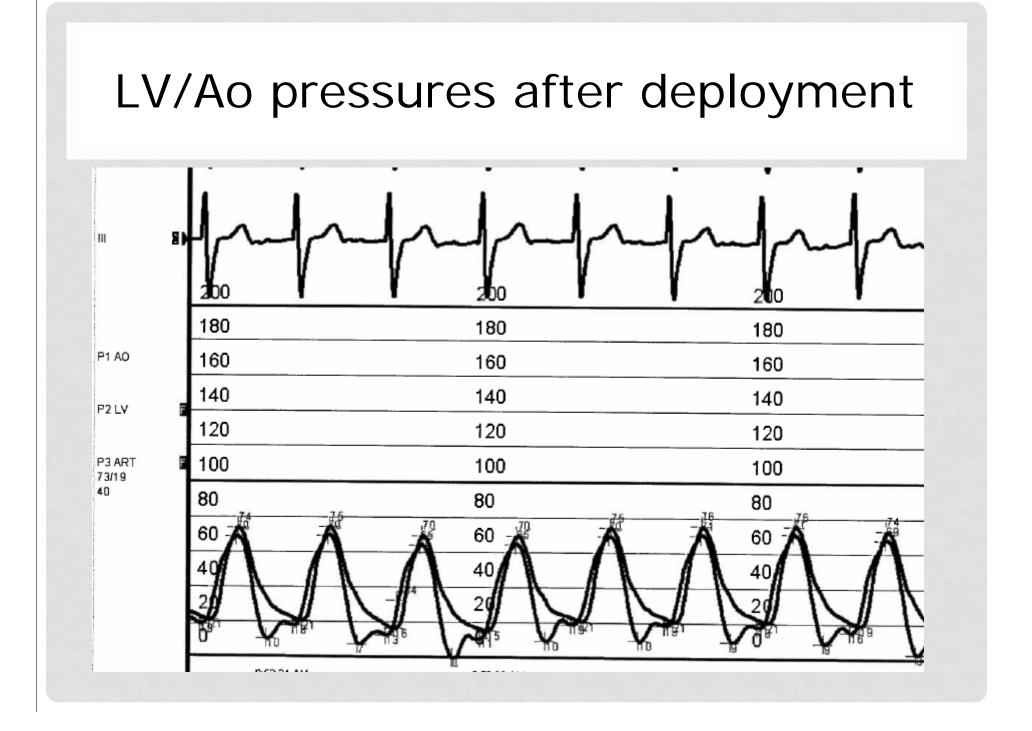


EDWARDS SAPIEN VALVE DEPLOYMENT

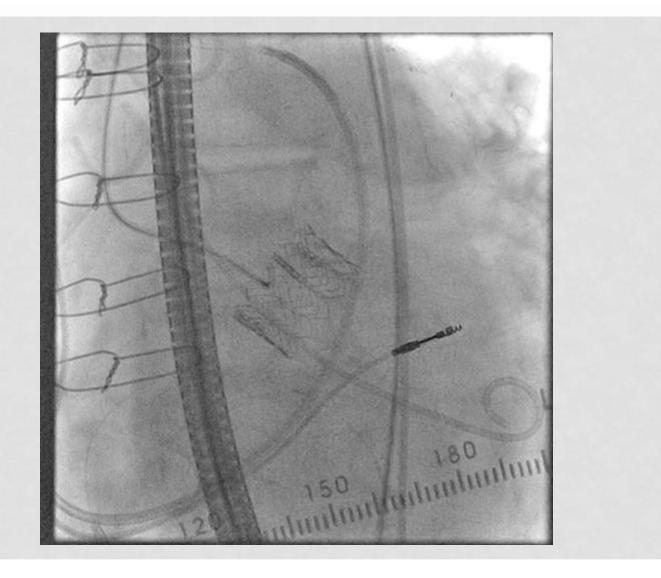


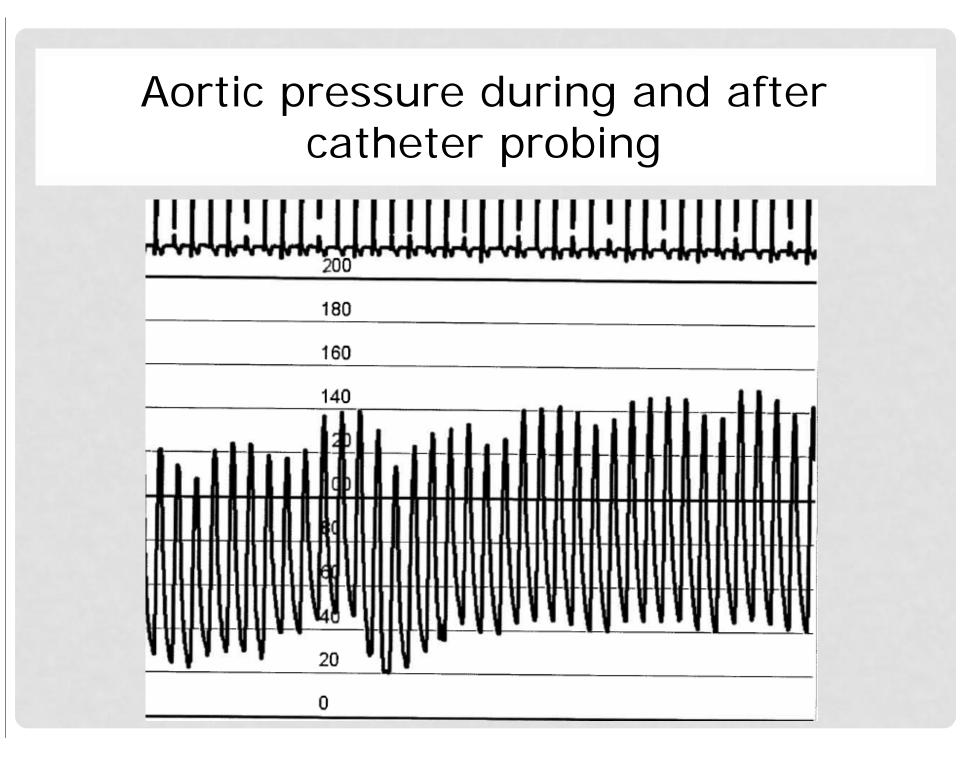
Patient developed severe hypotension and massive central AR noted on TEE



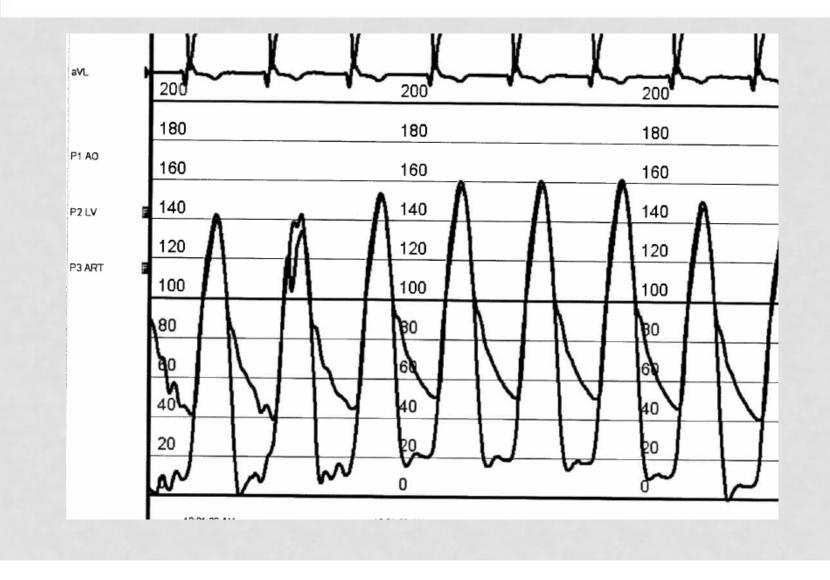


Multipurpose catheter manipulation of implanted valve





LV/Ao pressures after AR resolved



Clinical Course

 AR was resolved after catheter probing with normalization of hemodynamics.

 Patient was discharge 4 days after TAVR with trivial AR on echo. All leaflets moving normally.

TEACHING POINTS

- Massive central AR is uncommon after TAVR, and can be related to valve dysfunction, usually due to a "frozen" leaflet
- Catheter probing of the "frozen" leaflet can restore normal excursion and avoid the need for a second valve.