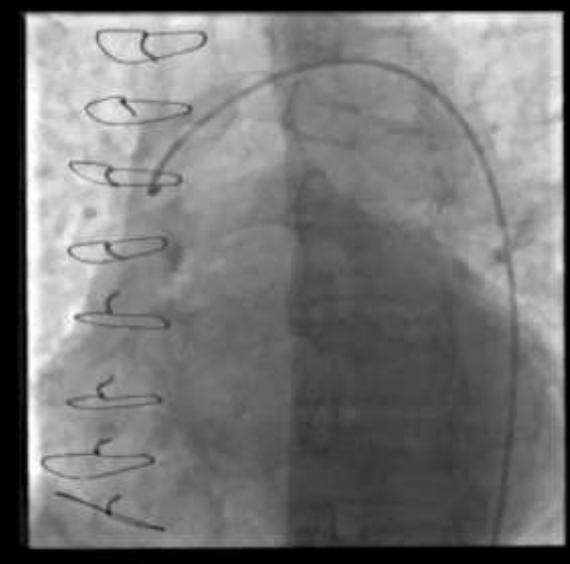


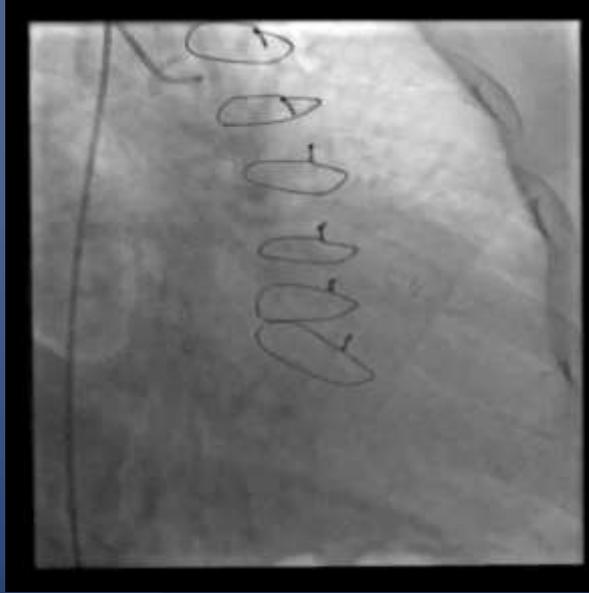
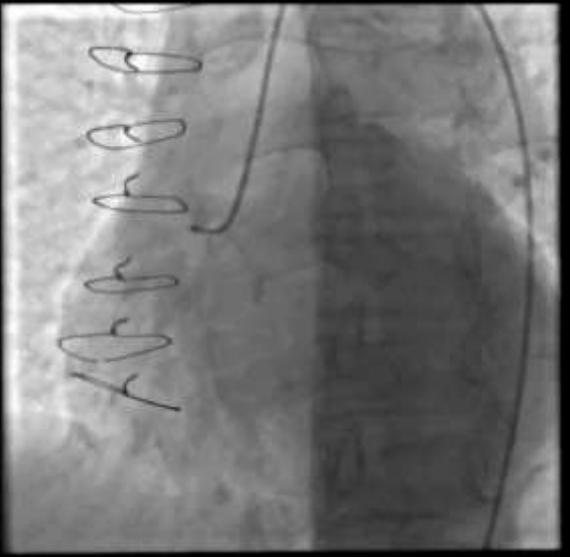
My most challenging retrograde CTO in 2017

DR. CHAN KA CHUN ALAN
ASSOCIATE CONSULTANT
QUEEN ELIZABETH HOSPITAL



52/m
Smoker, hyperlipidemia
IHD with TVD s/p CABG 2006
Default FU since 09,

Admit 2017 for NSTEMI
Echo showed EF 25-30%,
multiple RWMA, no sig MR



- CMRI show viable myocardium in all 3 territories
- CTS→ not a redo candidate
- High risk PCI was planned
- PCI to SVG–LAD (single surviving conduit), + /– LCx Cto trial under hemodynamic support
- Stage PCI to RCA

PCI to SVG-LAD

RRA slender 7Fr EBU 3.5 guide
to LMN

RFA 7Fr JR4 guide to SVG-LAD

LFA for VA ecmo supported

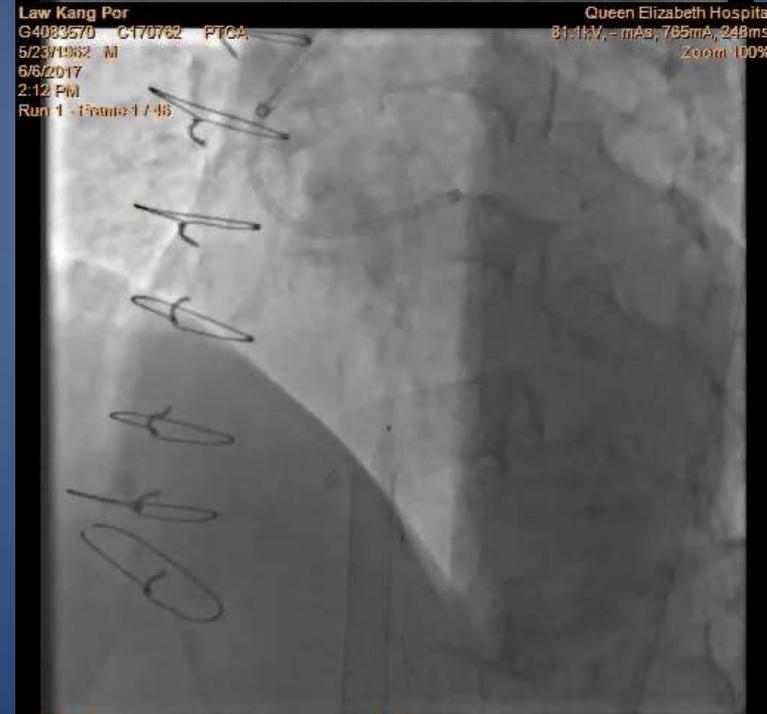
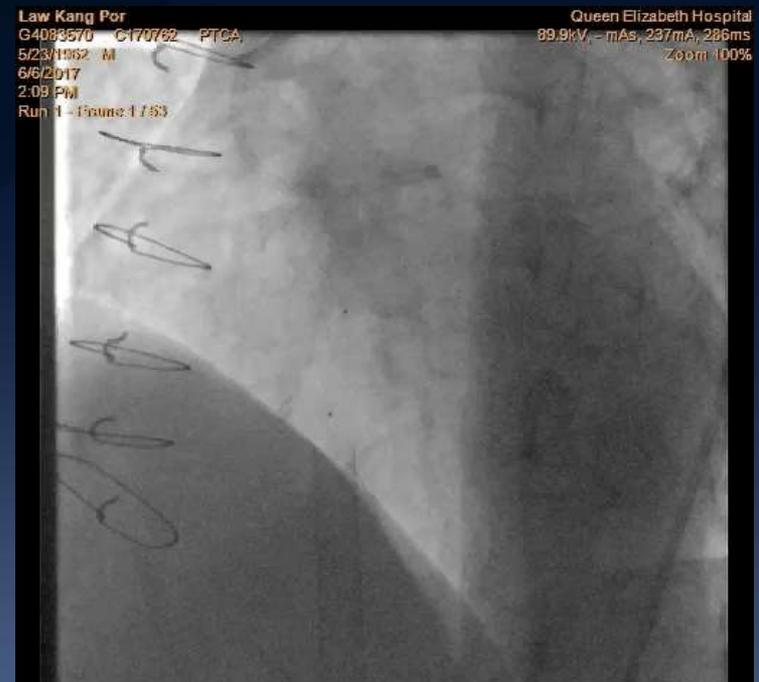
Graft intervention, very high
risk of no reflow

Single surviving vessel

Retrograde to both LCX and
PDA

Distal protection device for Graft
intervention

Direct stenting with Self
expanding DES Stentys



LAO 38.1°
Cranial 20.8°

L 115
W 162

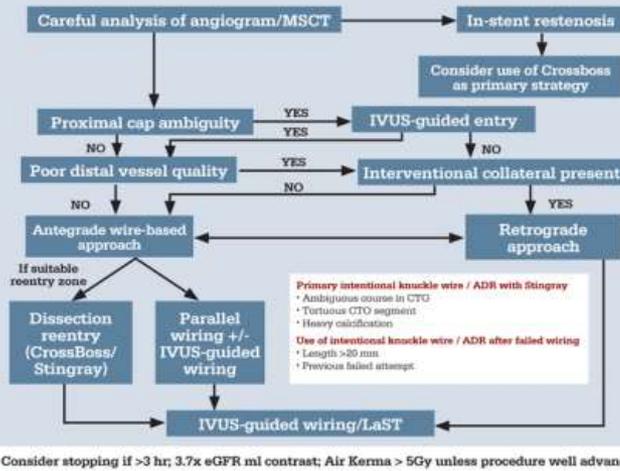
PCI to LCX

JCTO score 3
No stump
Long
Calcification

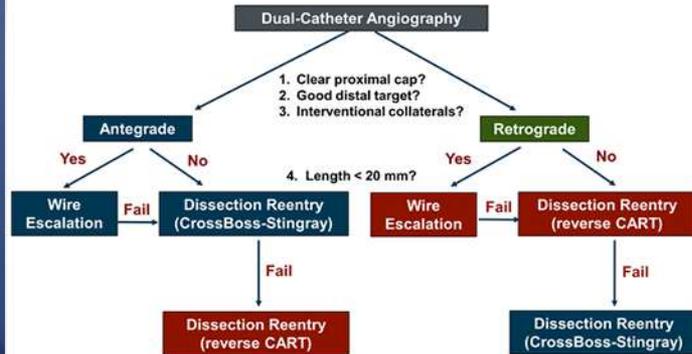
Law Kang Por
G4088570 C170762 PTCA
5/23/1962 M
6/6/2017
2:14 PM
Run 1 - Name: 1/71

Queen Elizabeth Hospital
77.3kV, - mAs, 783mA, 269ms
Zoom 100%

The Asia Pacific Algorithm for CTO Crossing



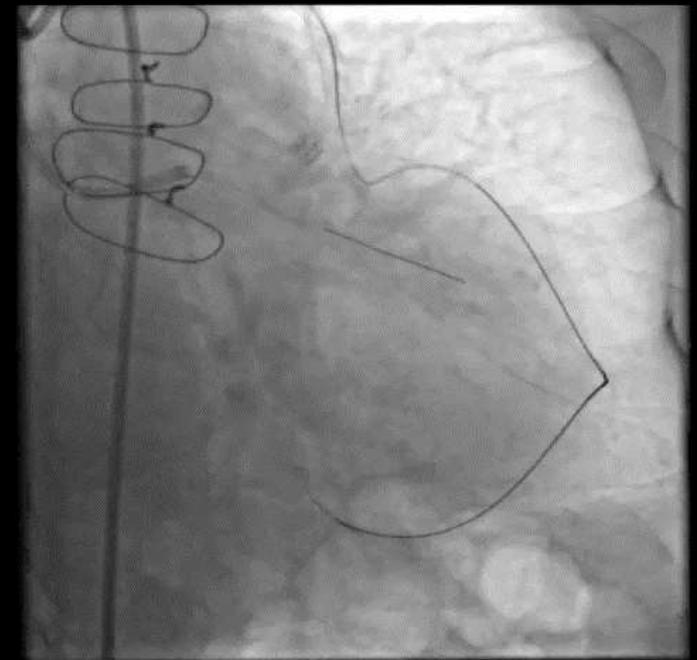
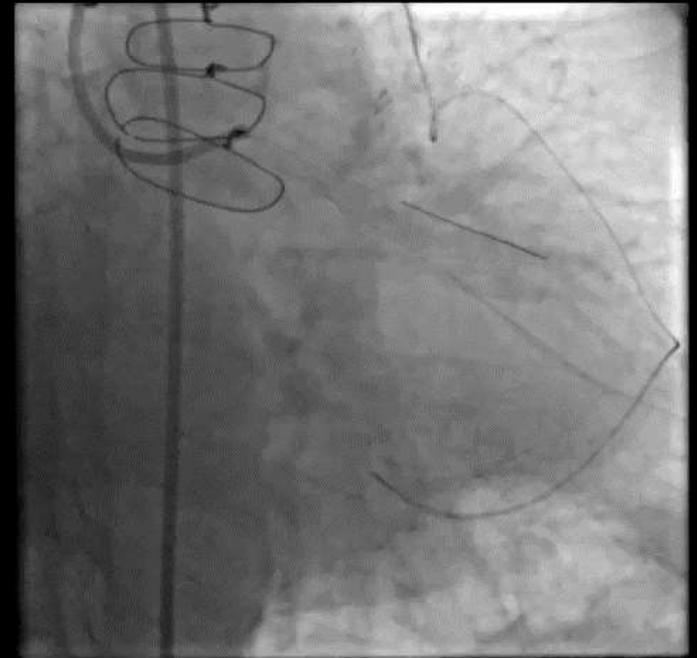
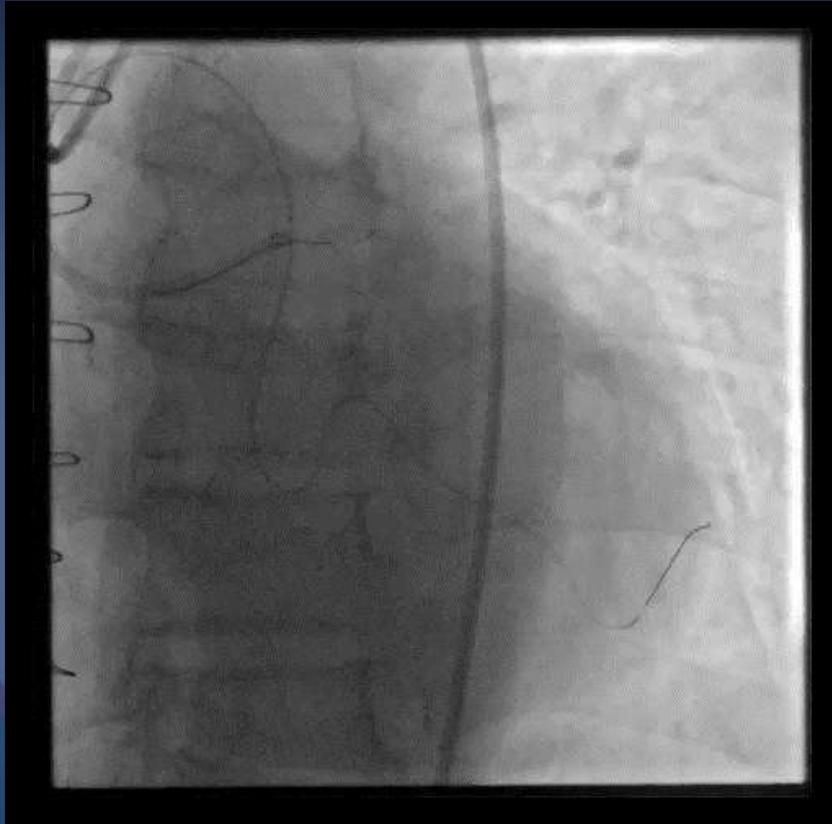
Hybrid Algorithm for CTO PCI Simplifying the Procedure and Equipment



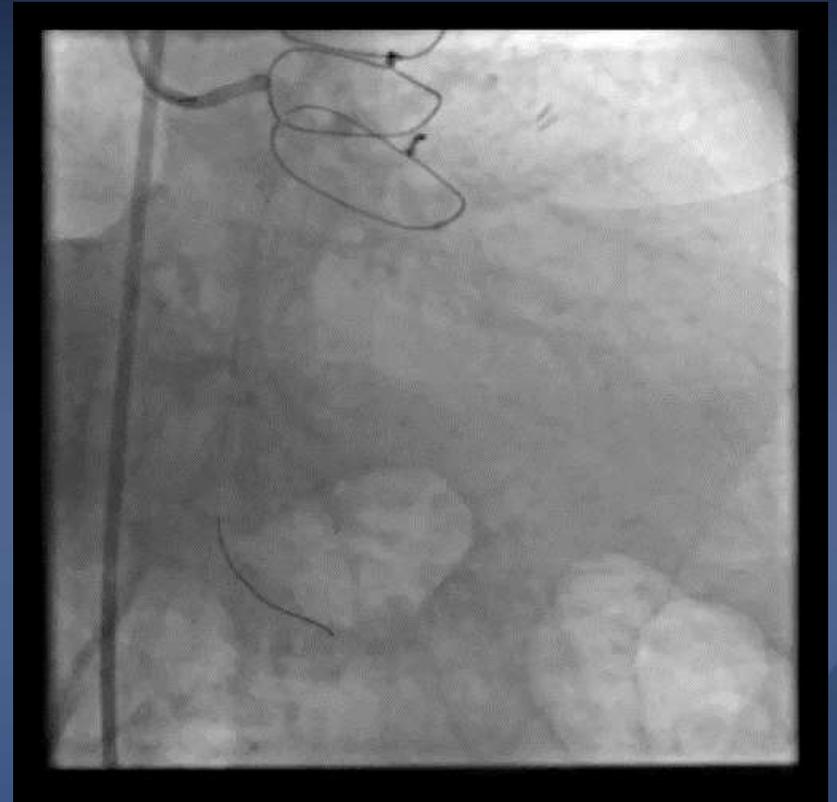
Law Kang Por
G4088570 C170762 PTCA
5/23/1962 M
6/6/2017
2:14 PM
Run 1 - Name: 1/80

Queen Elizabeth Hospital
79.9kV, - mAs, 783mA, 480ms
Zoom 100%

PCI to LCX



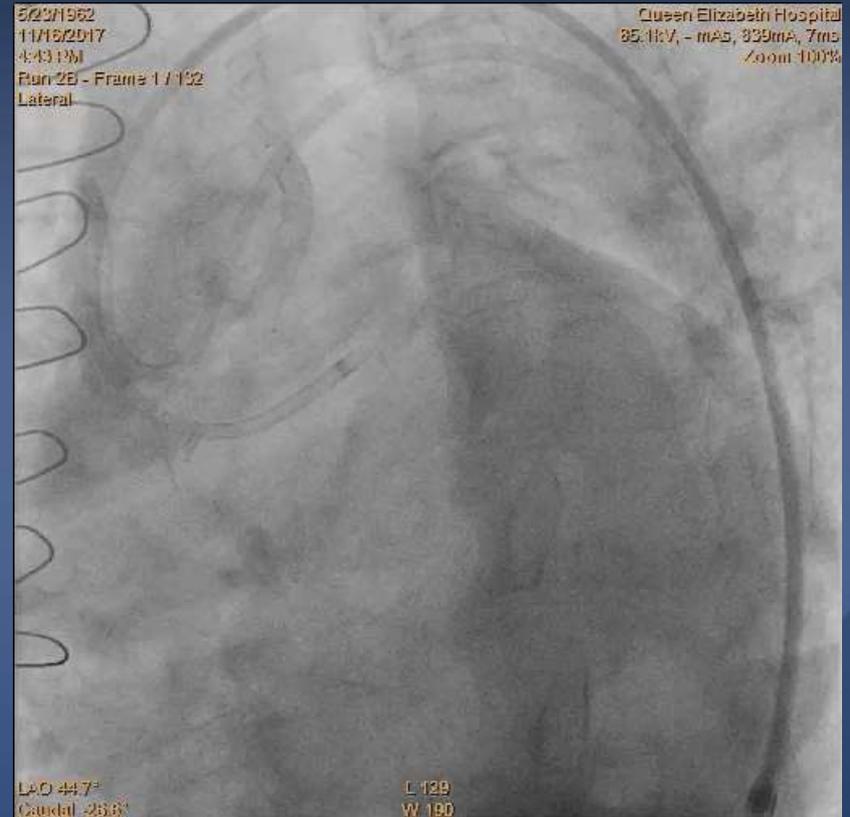
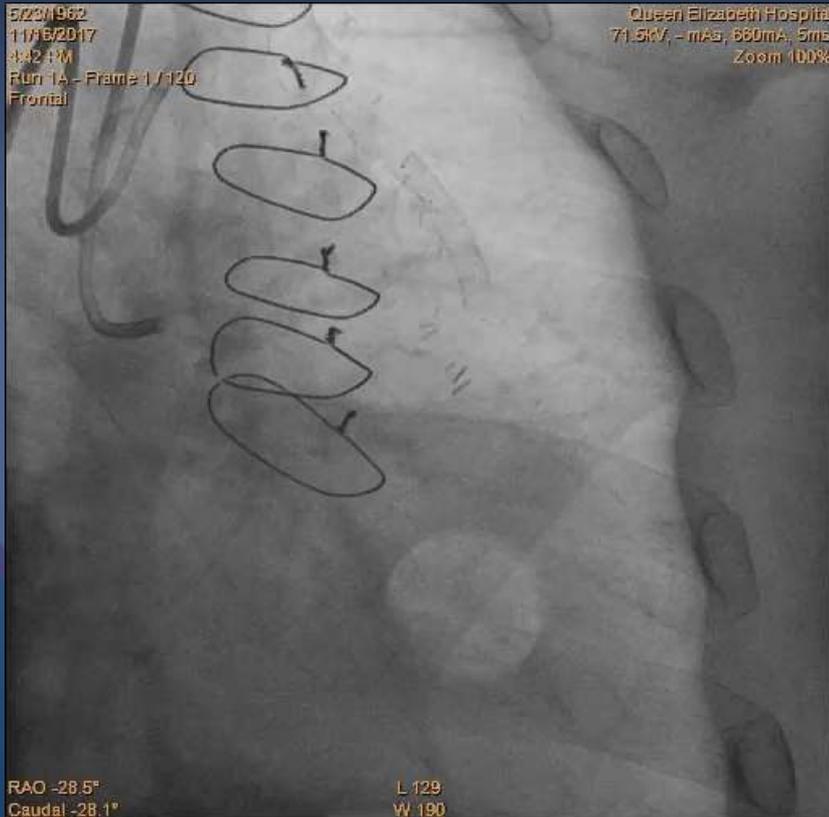
- Trial of LCX CTO failed
 - Not use 90cm short guiding despite 150 cm long caravel was used
 - JR guide no support



Retry LCX CTO

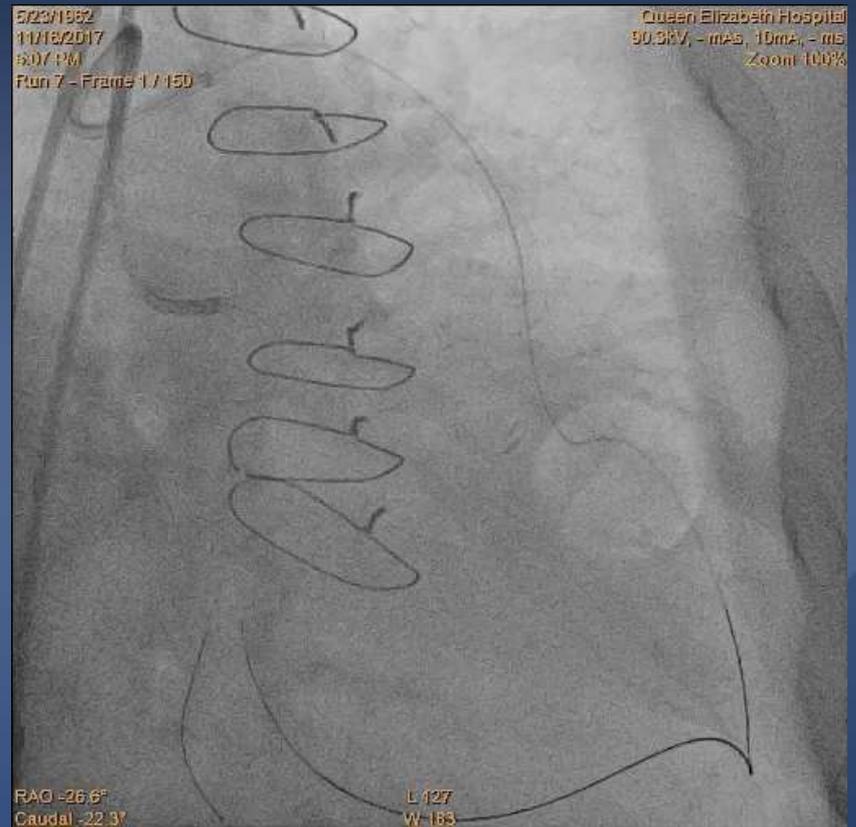
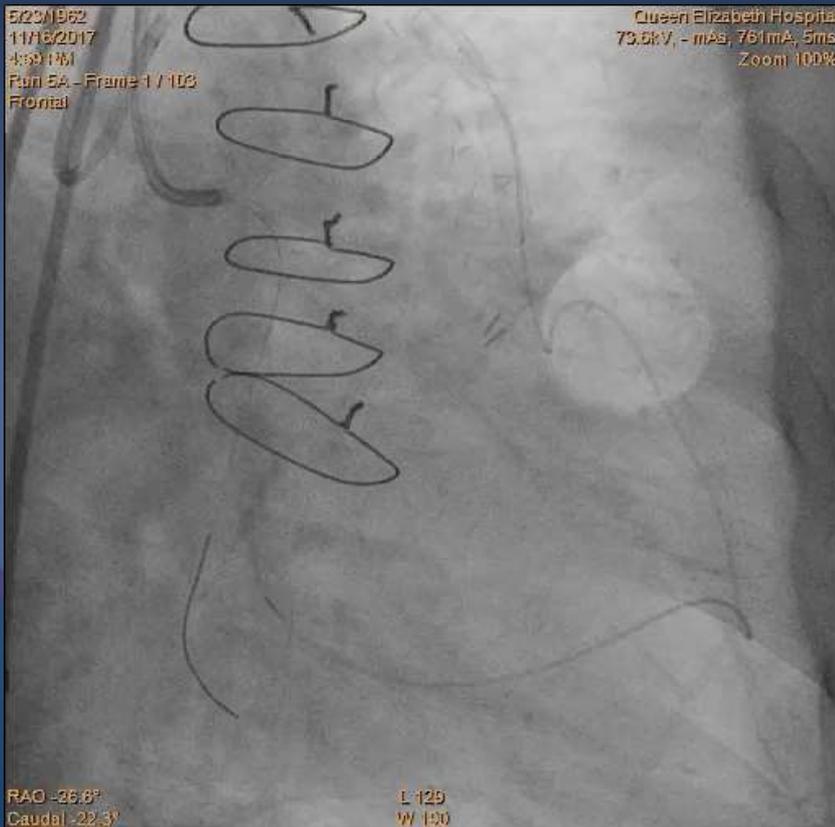
Bil femoral approach

AL1 90cm, EBU 3.5



Same position where we failed

Retrograde XT-A then Gaia 2nd



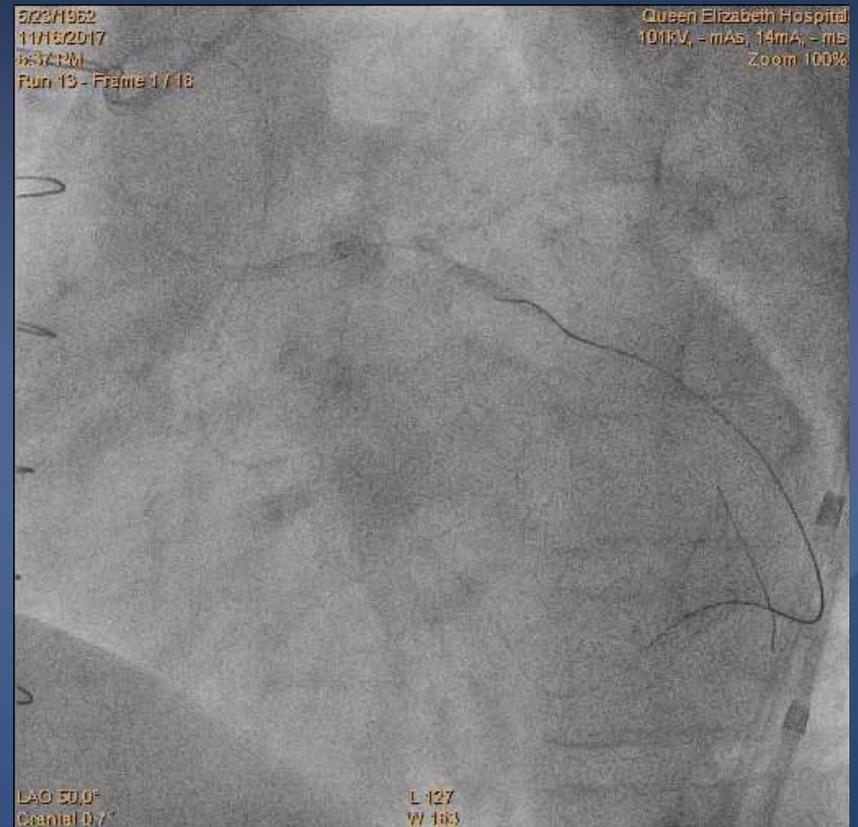
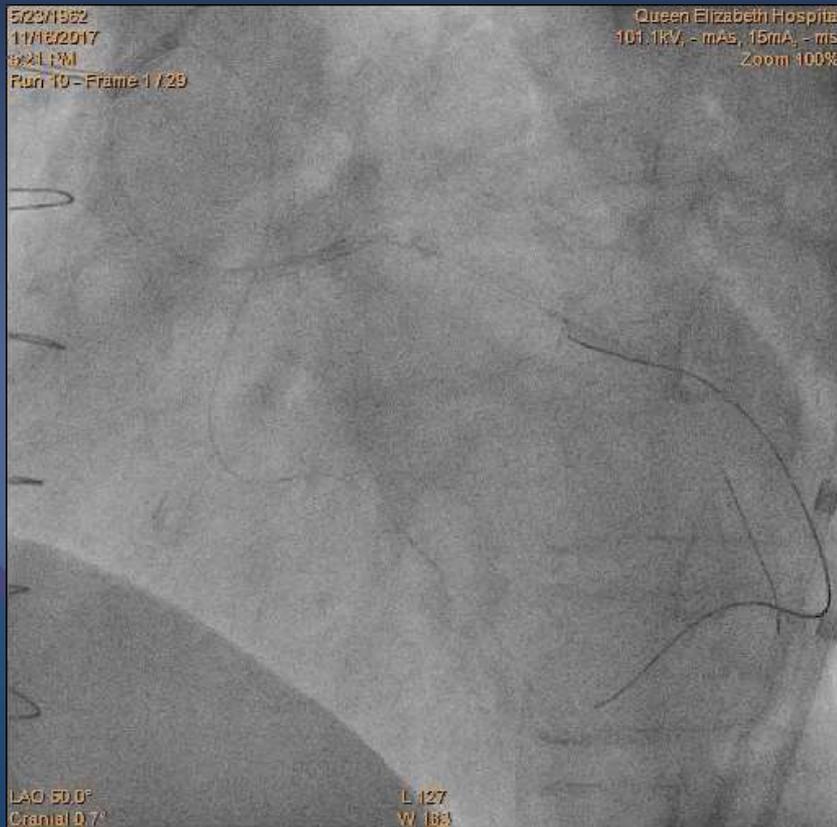
Retrograde knuckle with XT



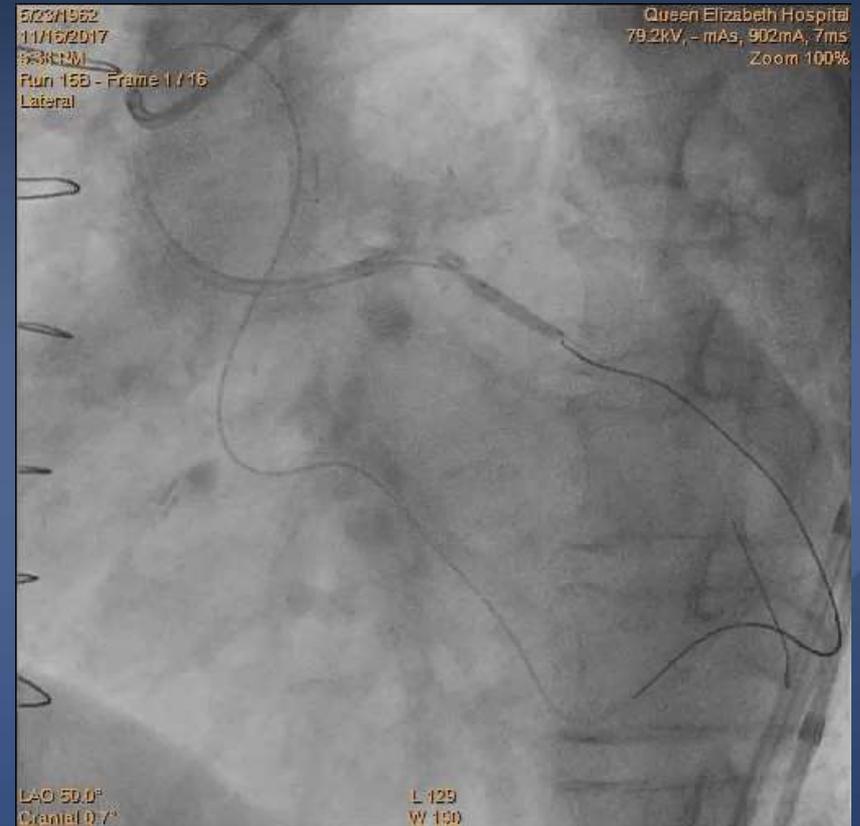
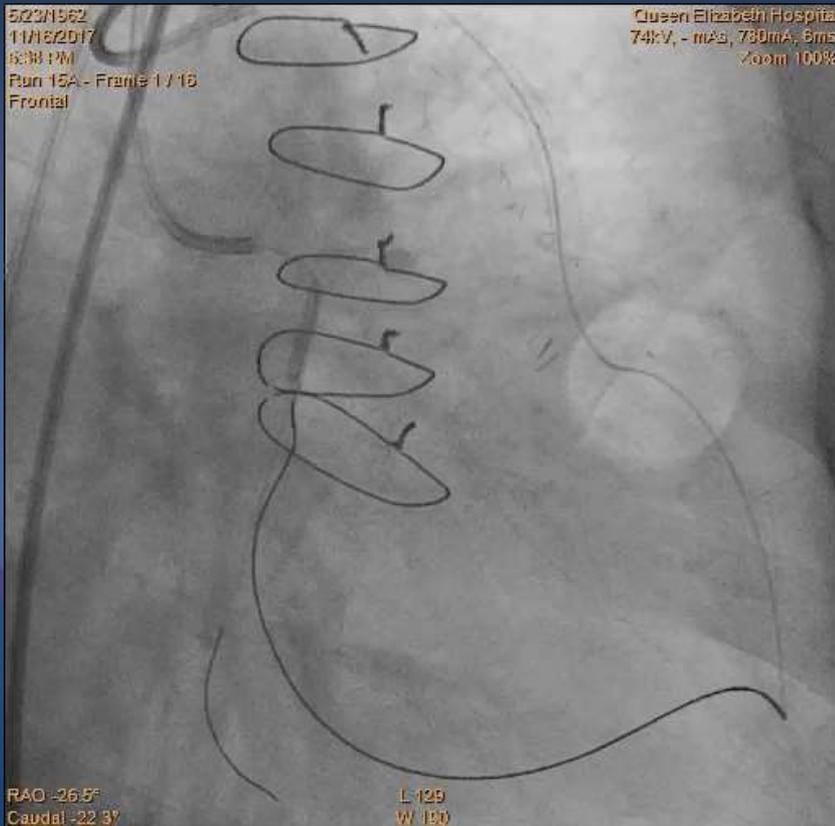
Gaia 2nd in mLCX subintimal plane



Reverse CART



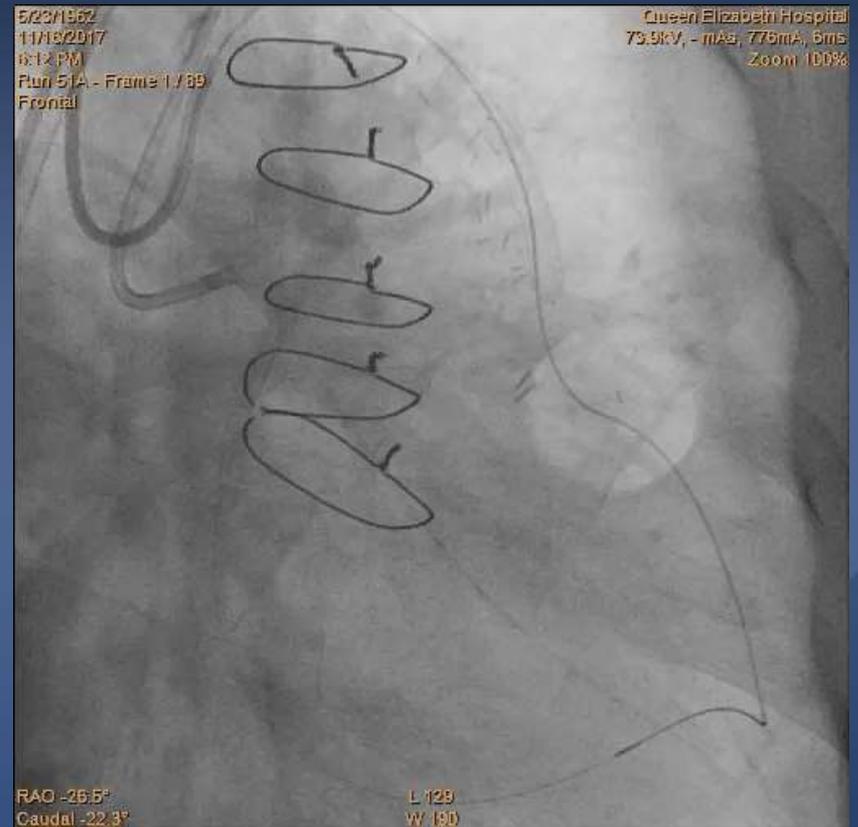
End balloon wiring technique



Externization

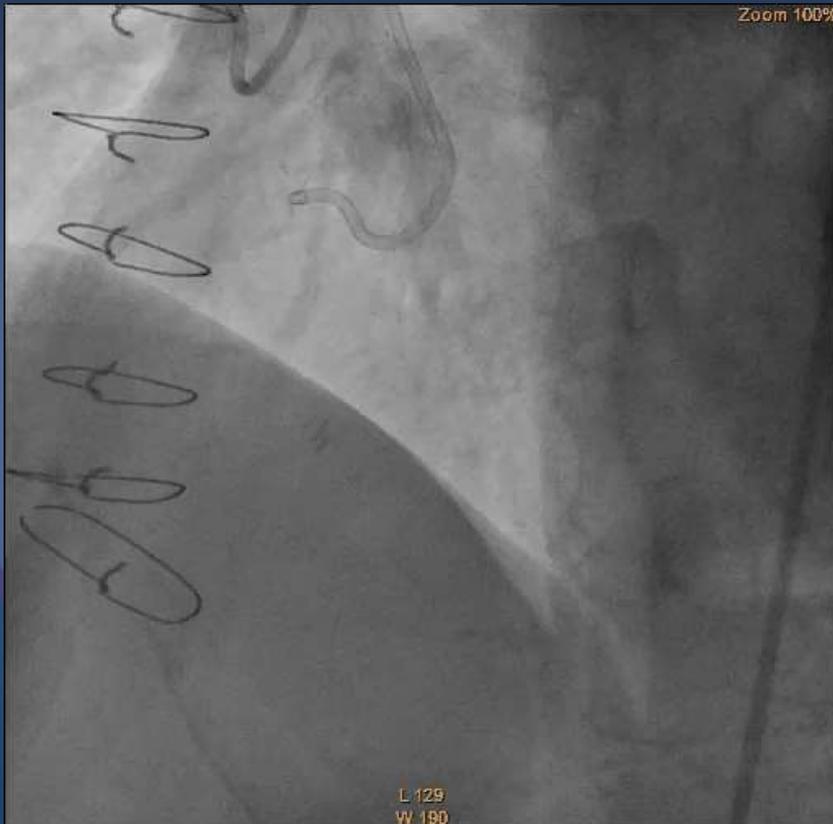


IVUS guided 3 overlapping DES

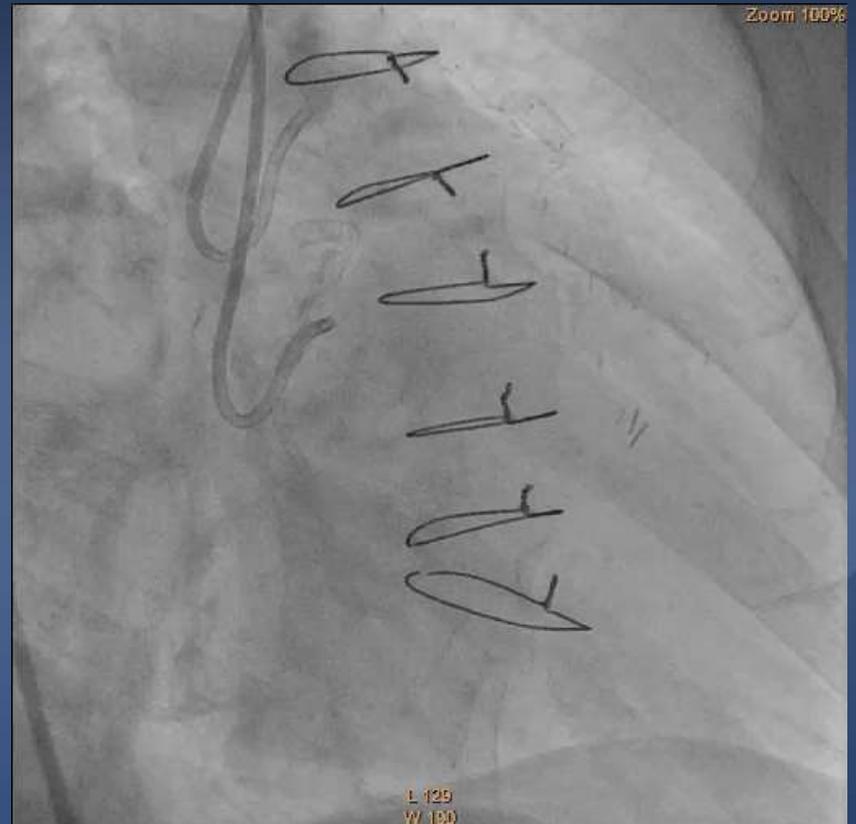


Stage PCI to RCA CTO

RRA slender ,7Fr AL1 SH to RCA



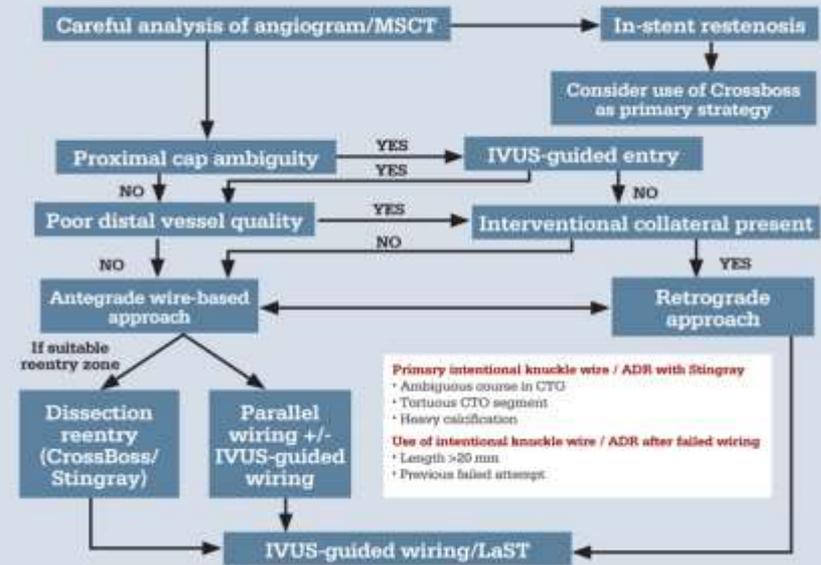
RFA 7F AL1 90cm to SVG



RCA CTO

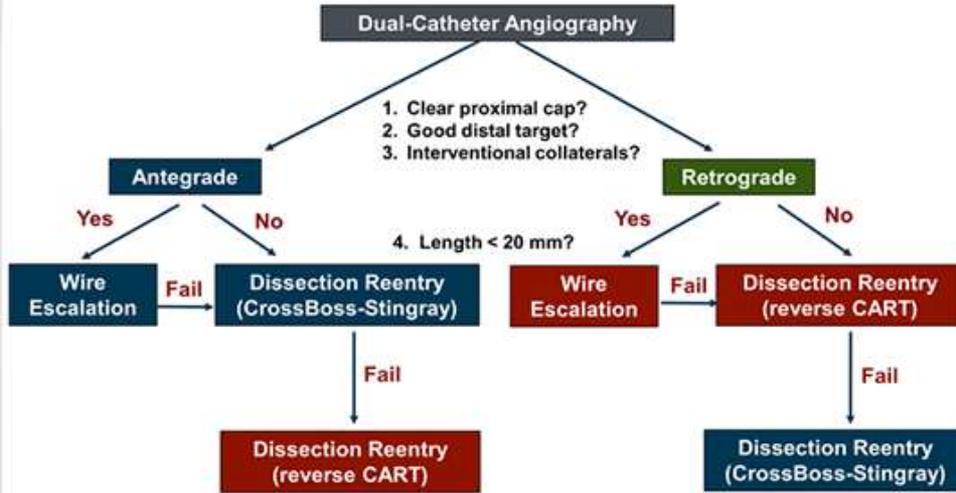
- J CTO score 3
- Long
- Calcification
- Bend
- Interventional collateral+
- Stump+/-
- Distal cap end at bifurcation
- Strategy
 - AWE
 - Retrograde

The Asia Pacific Algorithm for CTO Crossing



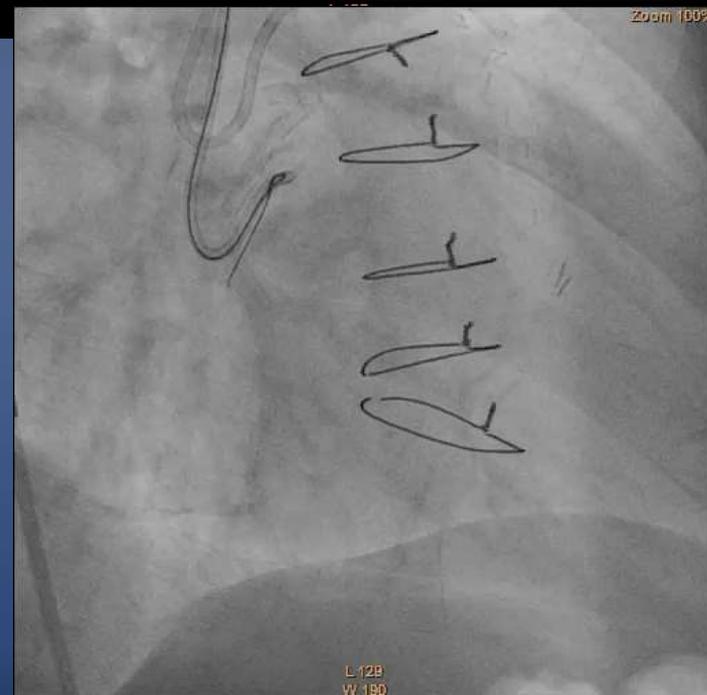
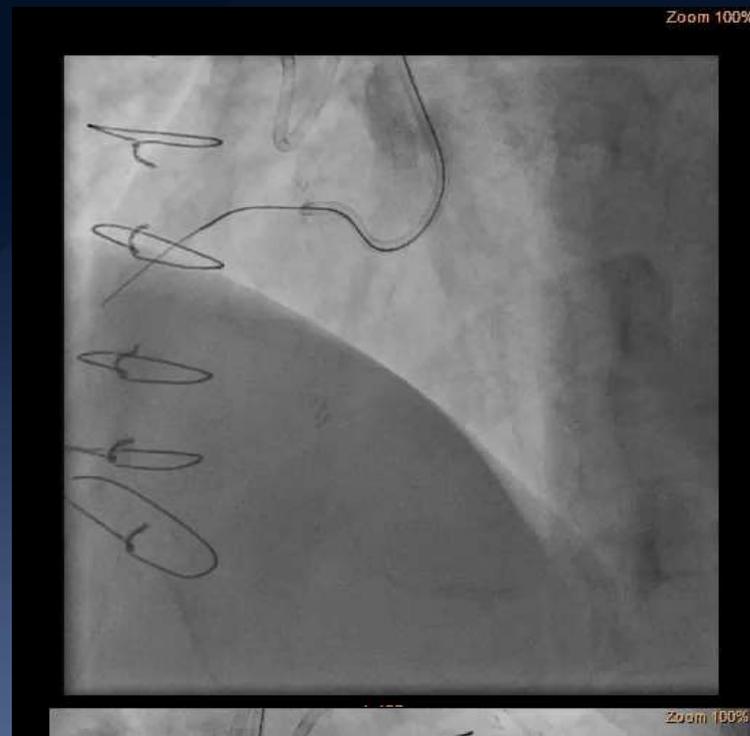
Consider stopping if >3 hr, 3.7x eGFR ml contrast; Air Kerma > 5Gy unless procedure well advanced

Hybrid Algorithm for CTO PCI Simplifying the Procedure and Equipment

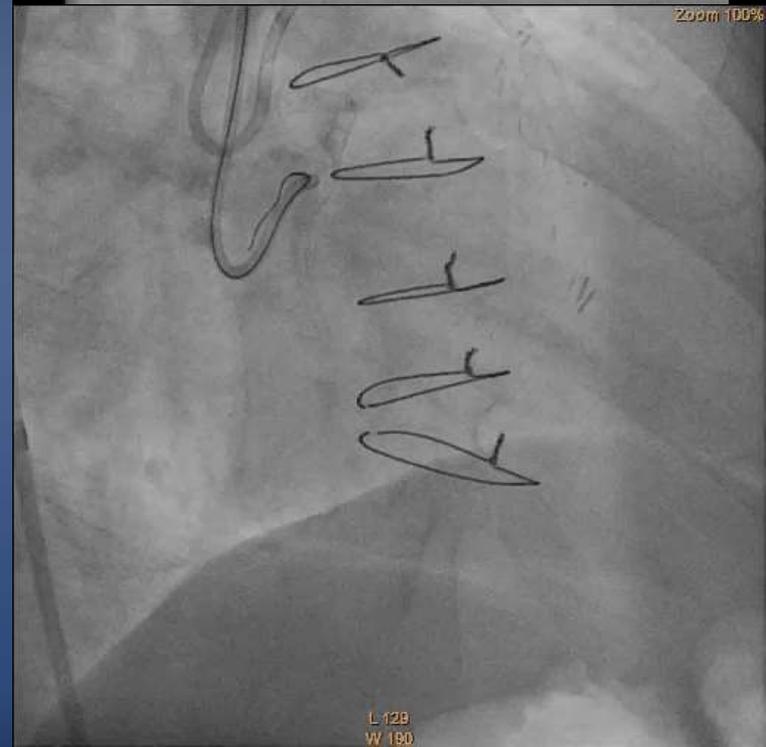
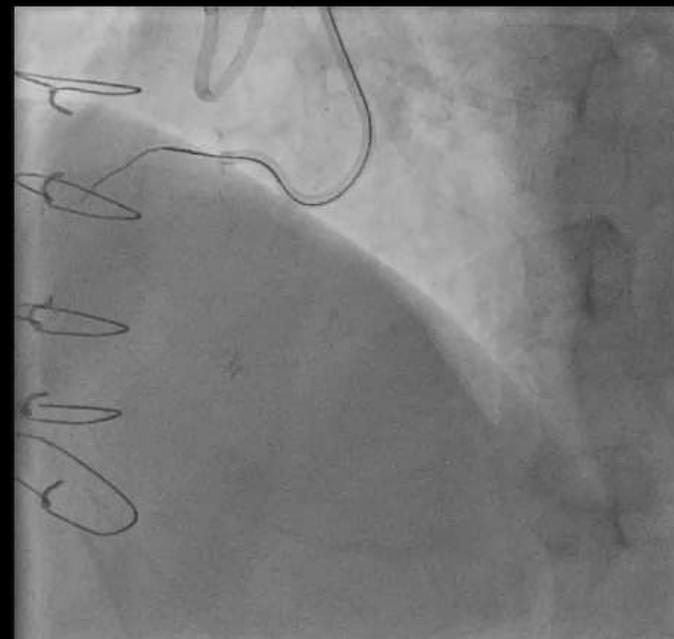


Brilakis ES, et al. JACC Cardiovasc Interv. 2012;5:367-379.^[4]

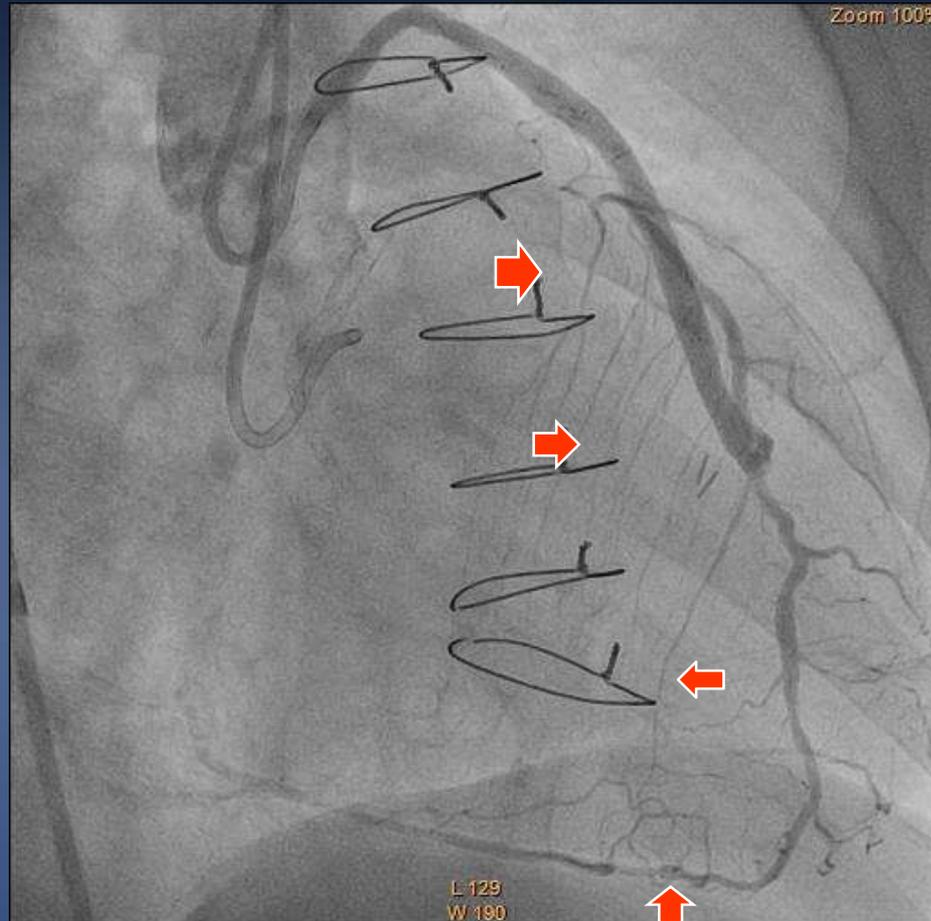
Antegrade Turnpike LP XT-A



Step up to Gaia 3rd



Possible retrograde channel



Runthrough GW



Angulated septal origin



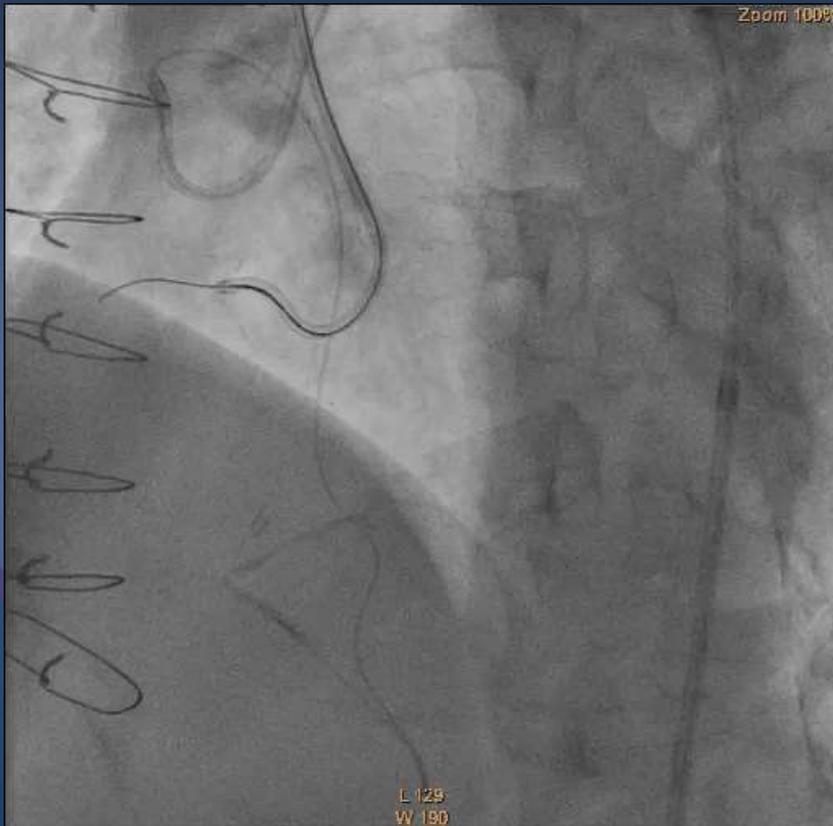
Tip injection



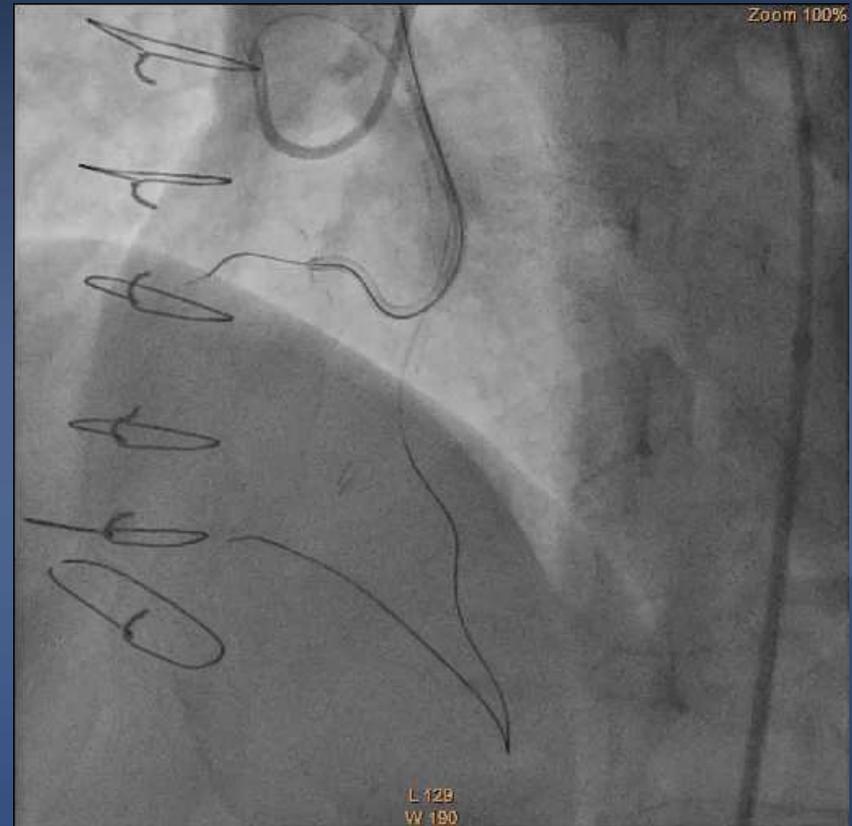
Sion GW



Try XT-A , fail to enter distal cap



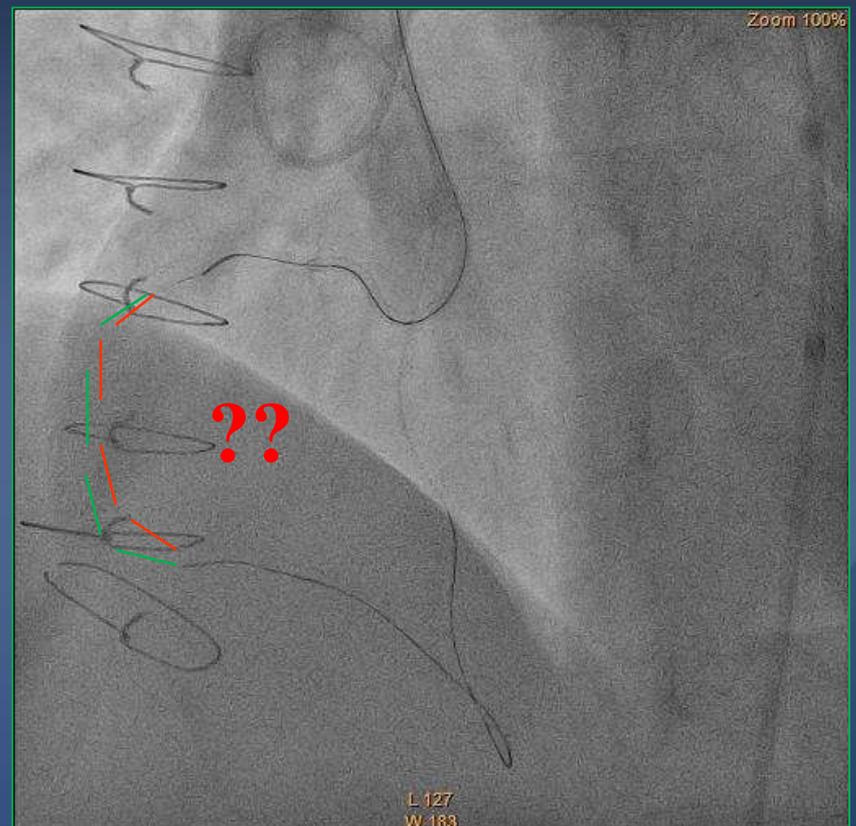
STEP up to Gaia 3rd and able to puncture into cTO



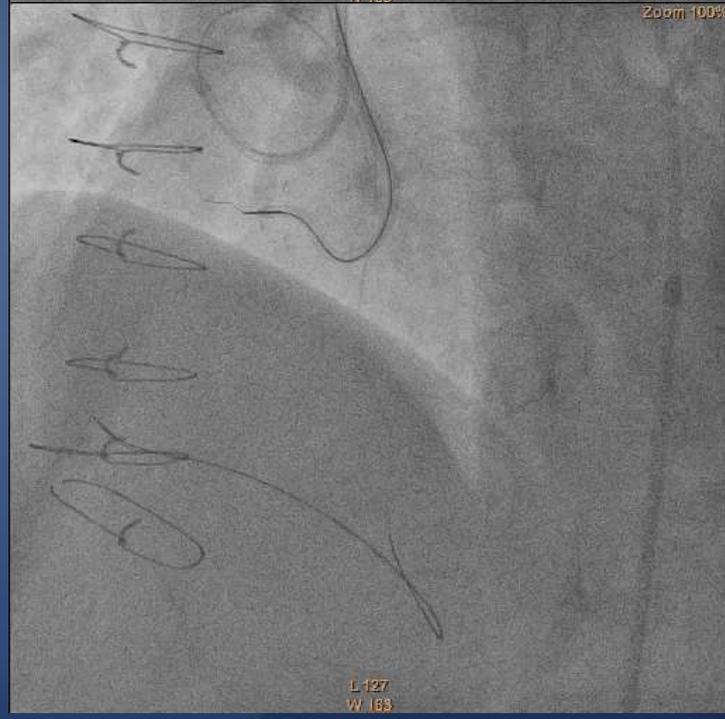
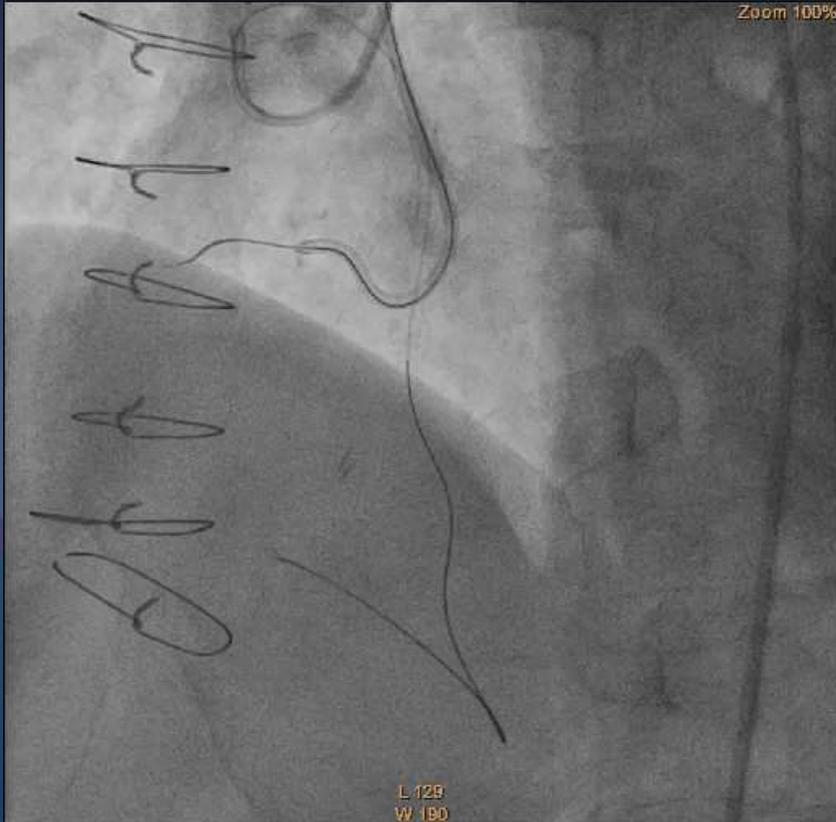
Further advancement
difficult



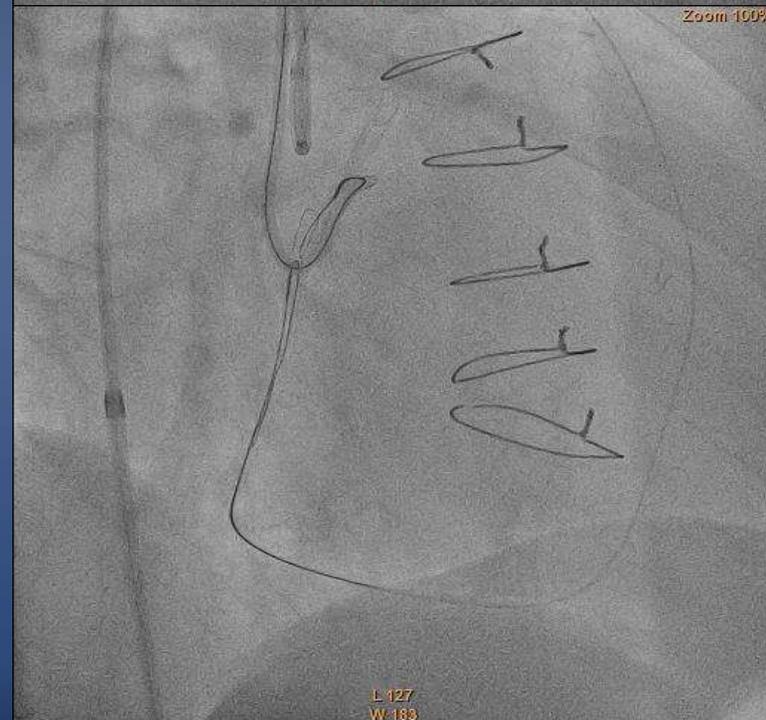
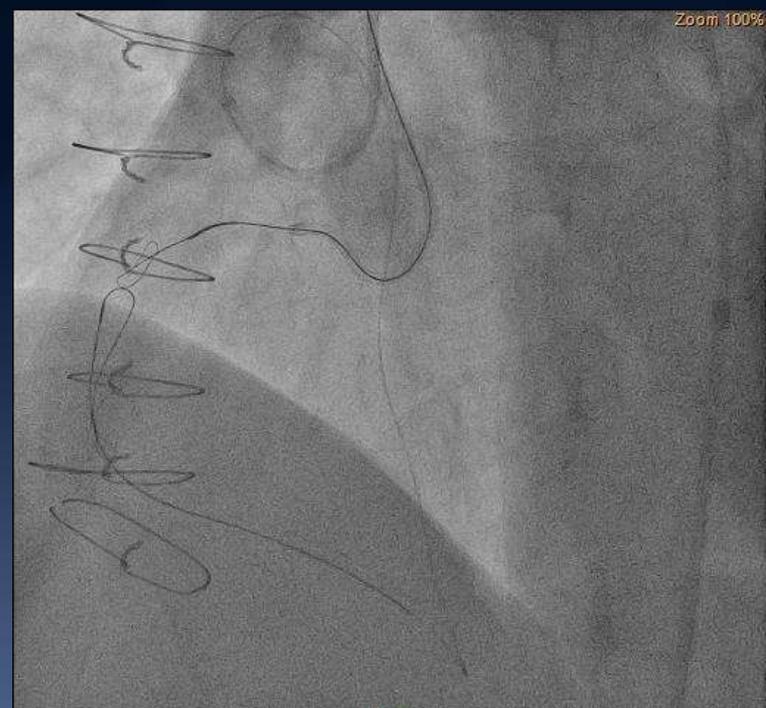
Vessel course?



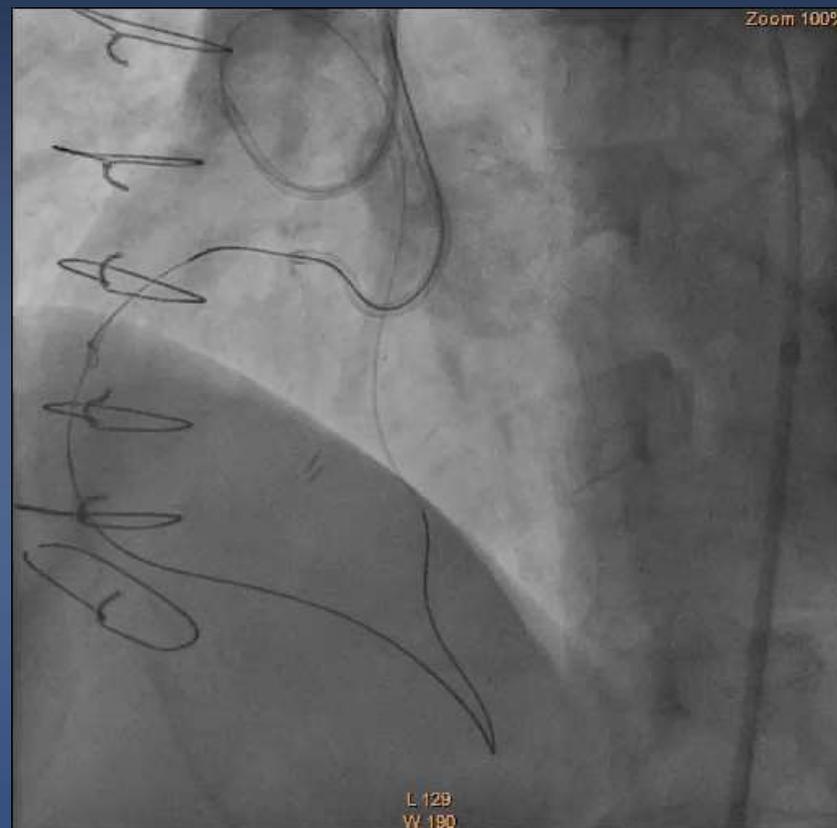
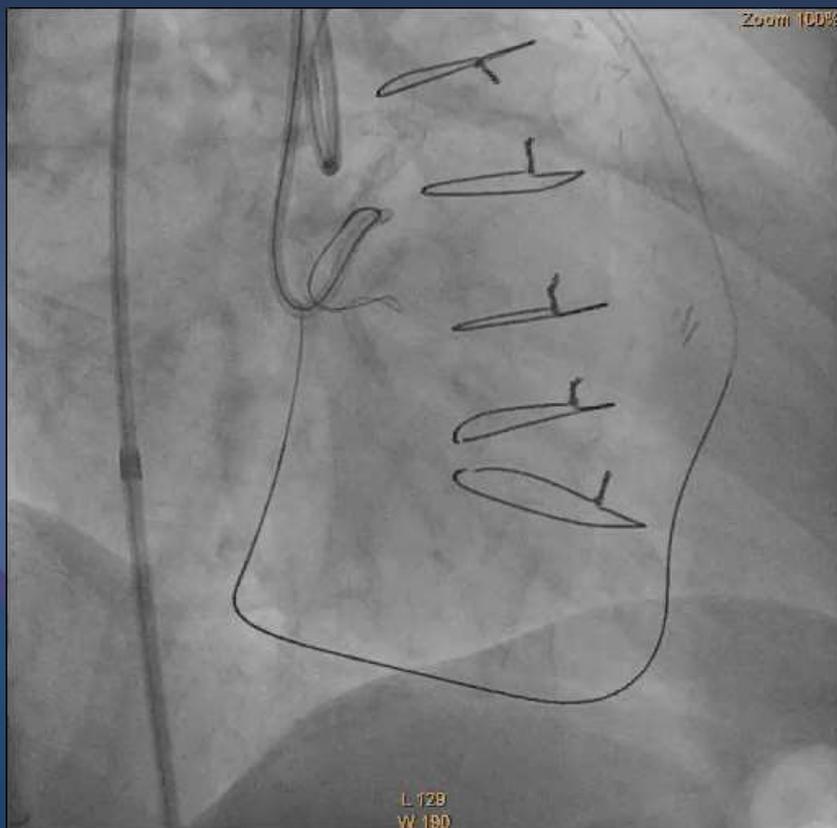
XT knuckle



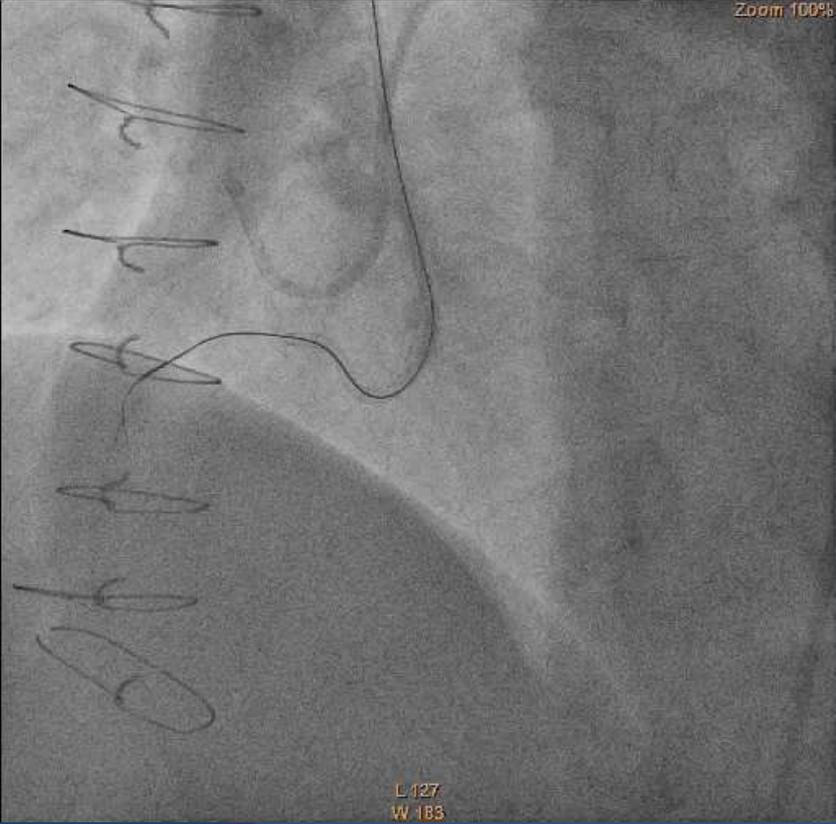
Antegrade knuckle with XT



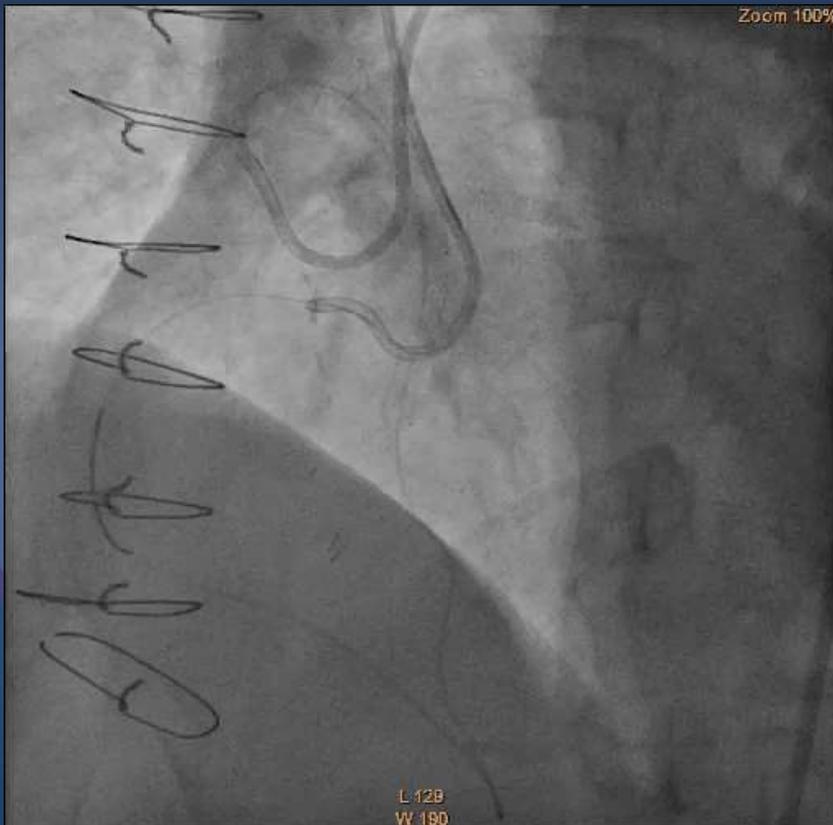
Retrograde Conquest pro 9



Antegrade Conquest pro 9



Antegrade Runthrough GW into subintimal plane

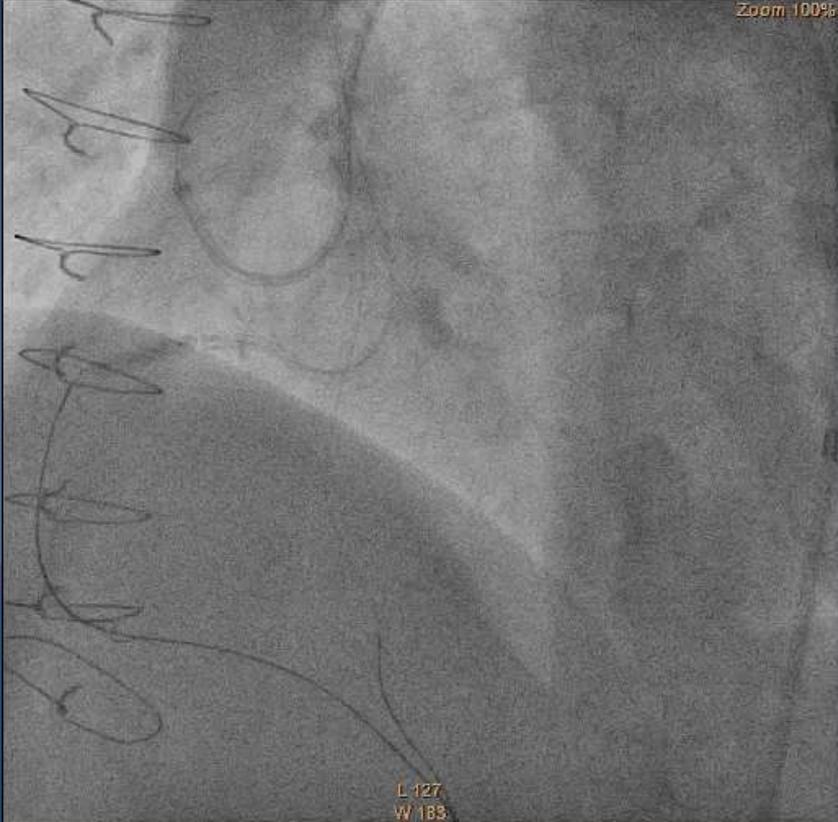


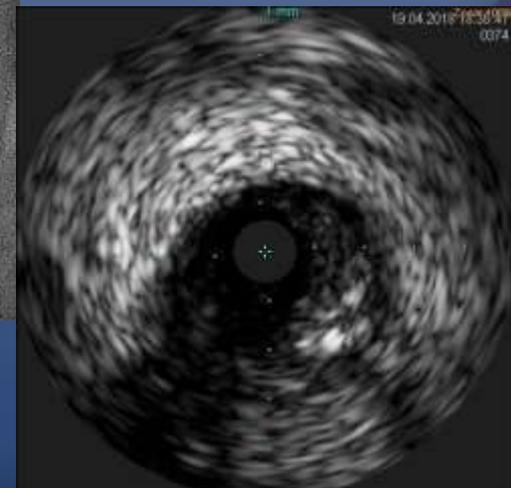
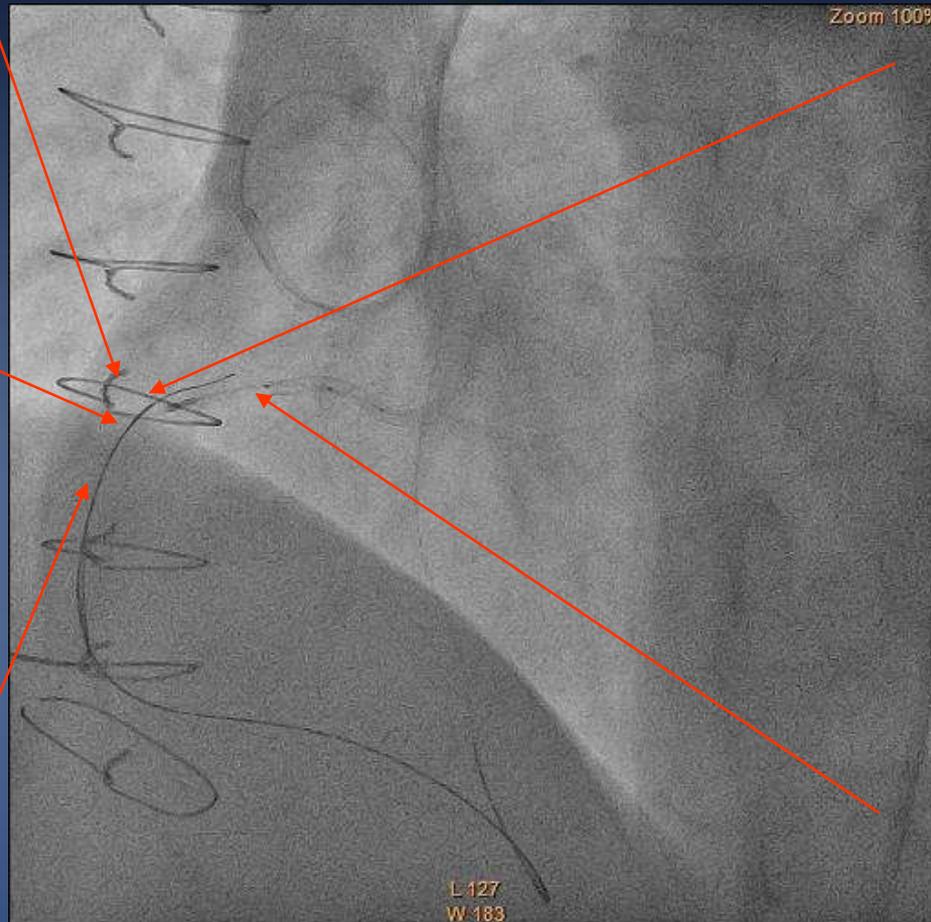
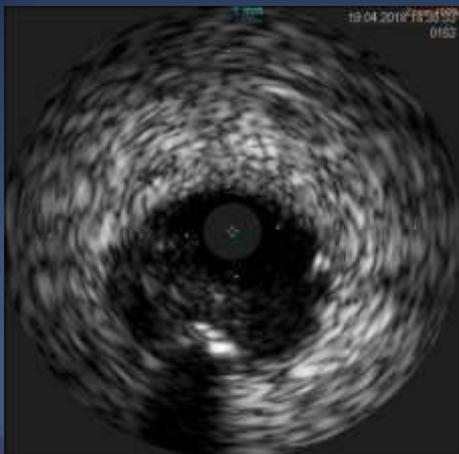
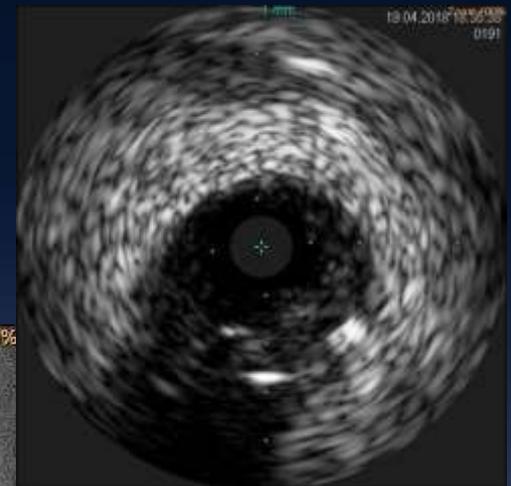
		Antegrade wire	
		Intimal Plaque	Subintima
Retrograde wire	Intimal Plaque	<p>Antegrade ballooning and Retrograde wiring</p>	<p>Retrograde wiring and More proximal connection</p>
	Subintima	<p>Antegrade ballooning or More distal connection</p>	<p>Antegrade ballooning</p>

Courtesy by Prof Satoru Sumitsuji

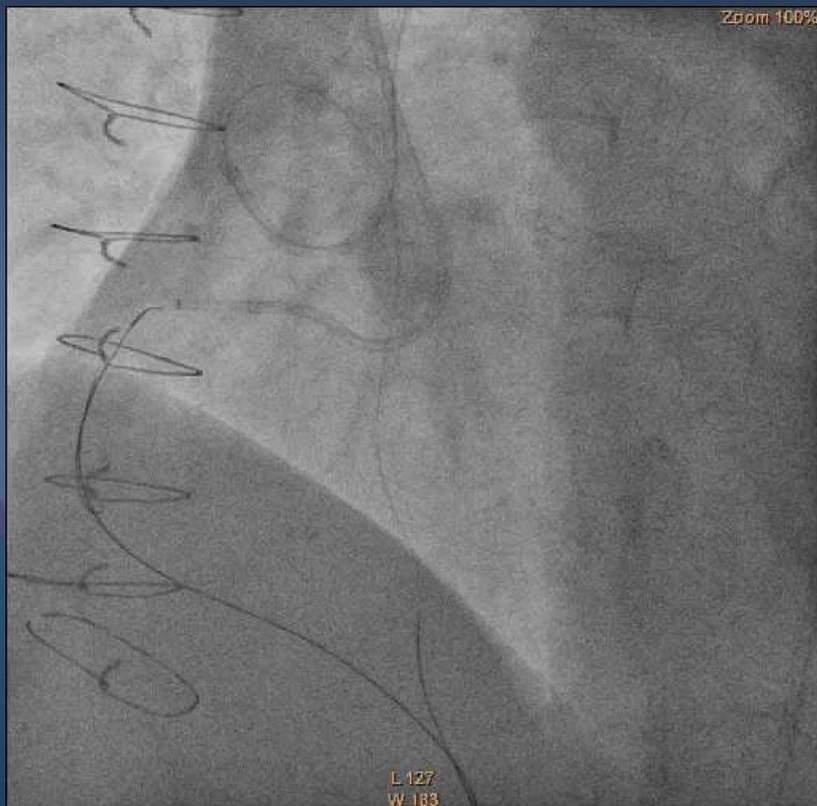
Reverse CART with 3.0 mm balloon, retrograde Conquest pro 9

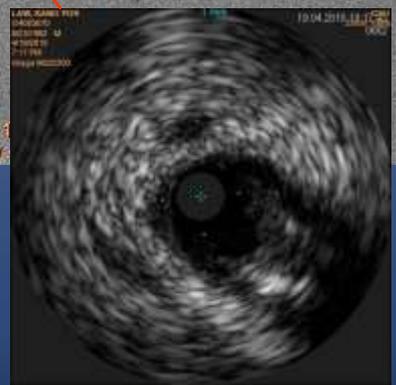
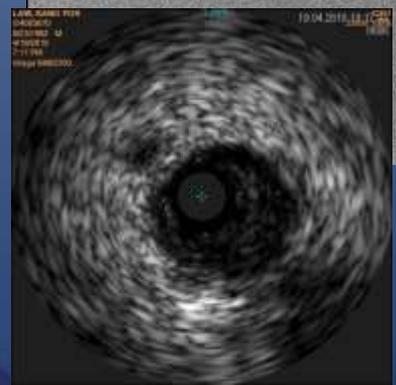
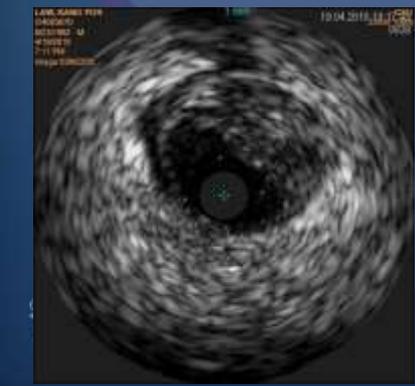
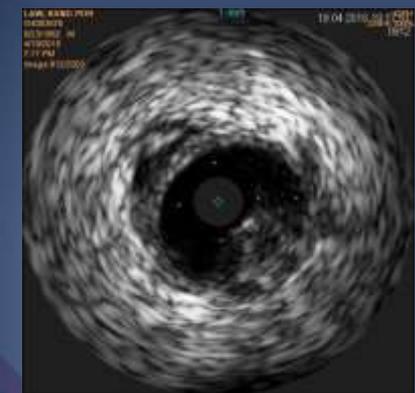
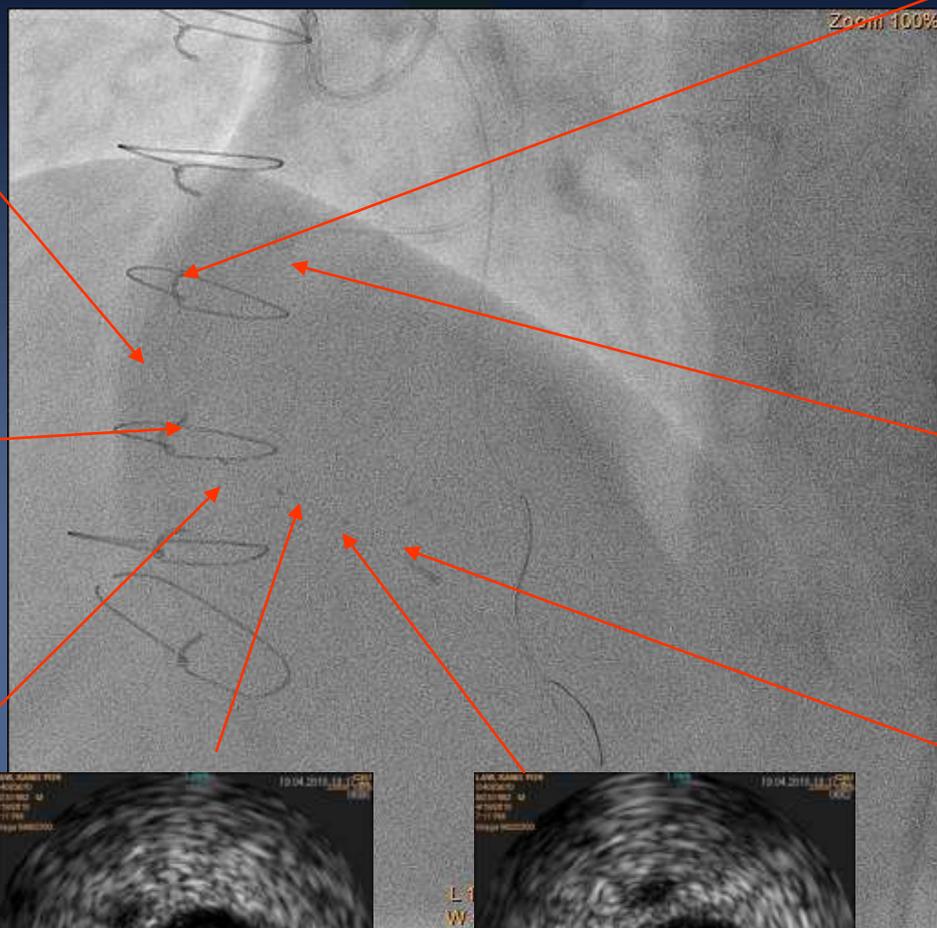






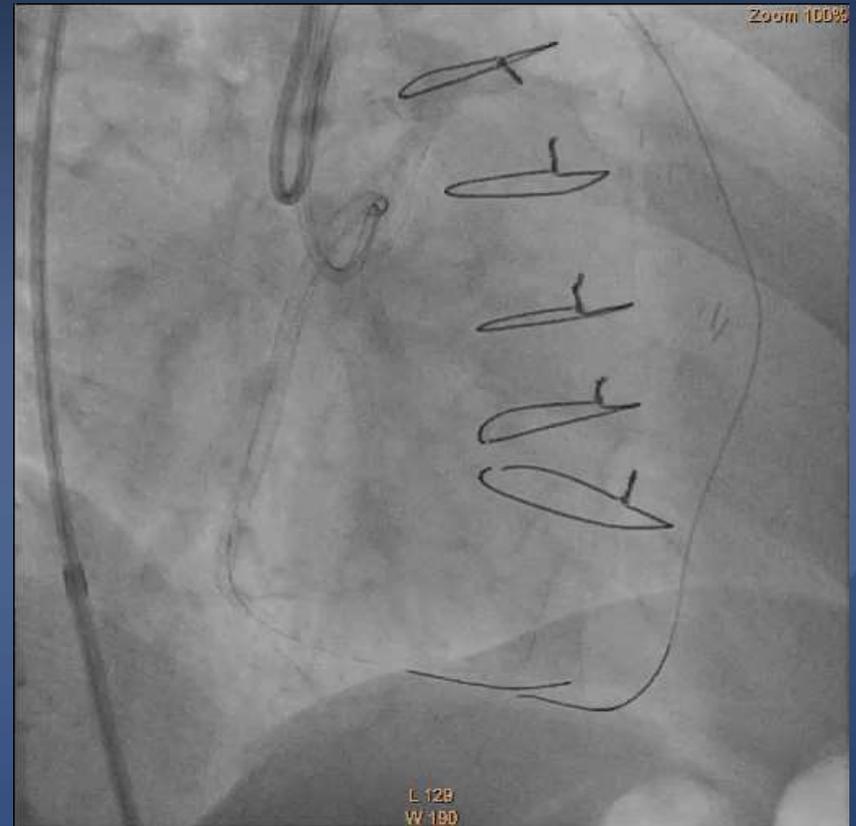
Guideliner Reverse CART Retrograde runthrough GW





Overlapping Long DES

2.5x38. 3.5 x38. 4.0 x48



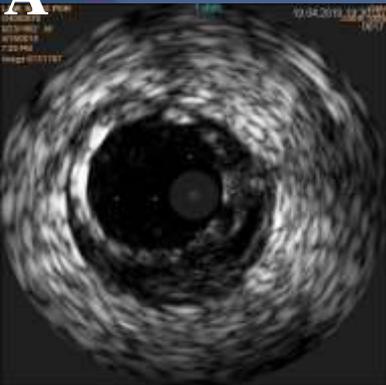
C Predilation



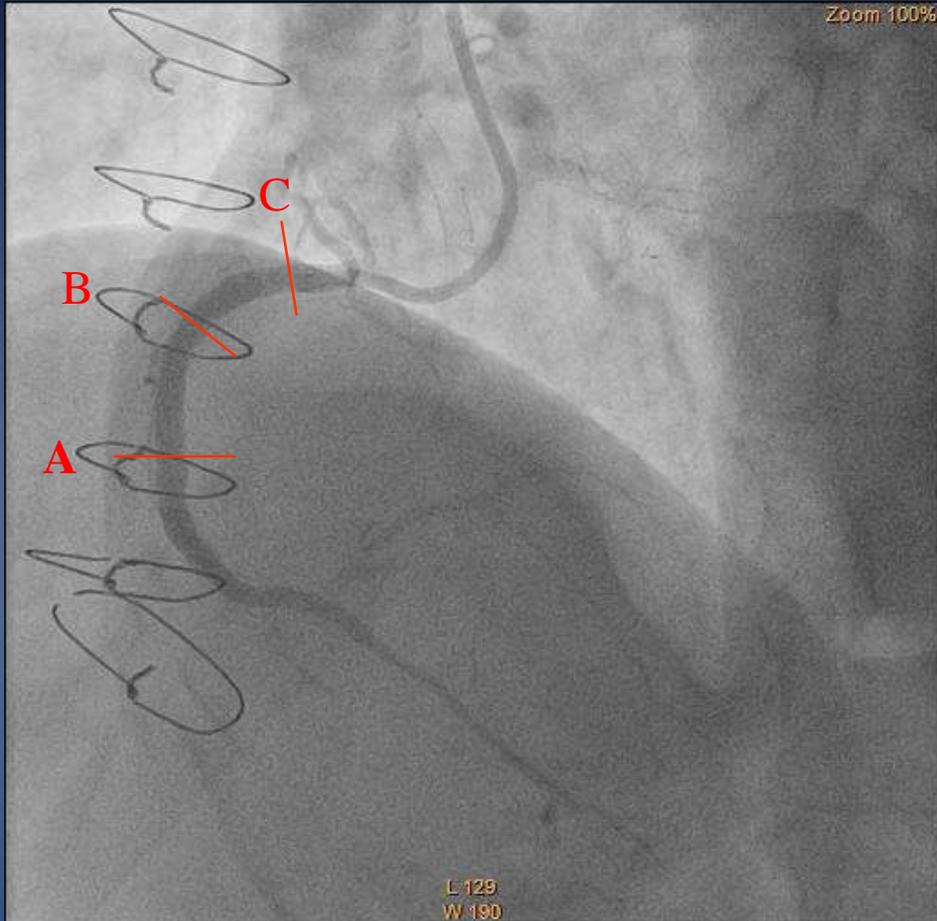
B



A



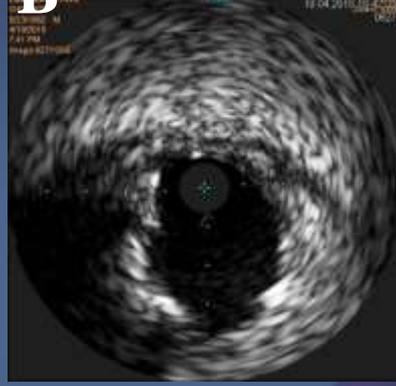
4.0 then 4.5 postdilatation



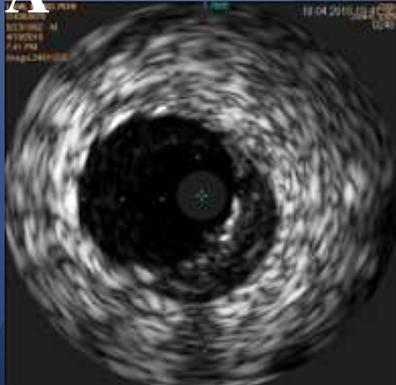
C postdilatation

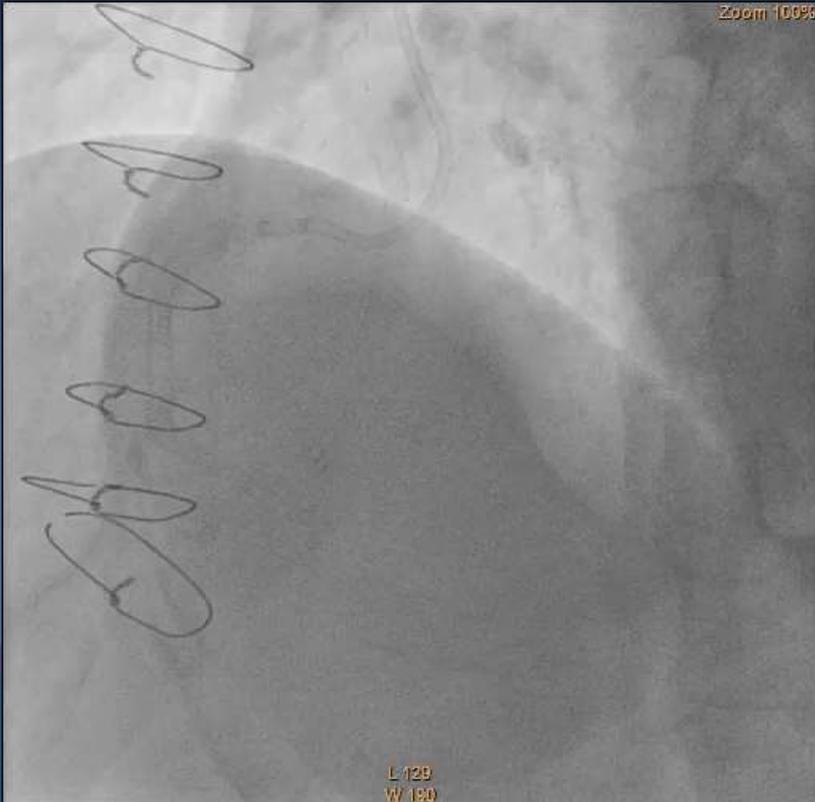


B



A





3hr procedure
200ml contrast
Radiation 3.8Gy

Conclusion

- Usefulness of knuckle wire technique in long tortuous CTO
- Various strategy to overcome unsuccessful reverse CART
- Importance of IVUS for problem solving
- Usefulness of Guideliner to assist successful retrograde wiring