



INSTITUT
CARDIOVASCULAIRE
PARIS
SUD

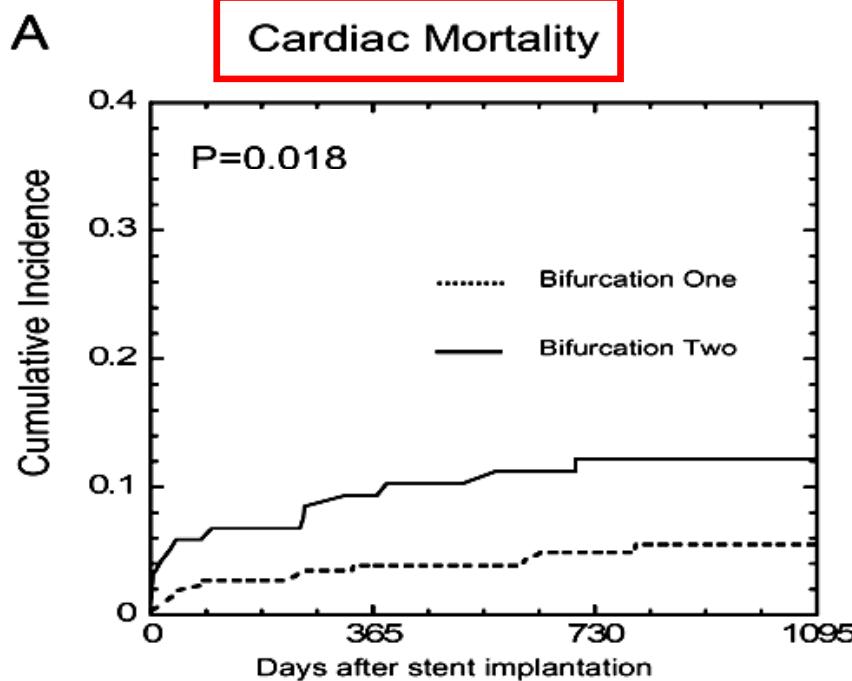
Left Main: always one stent whatever IVUS findings ?

B. Chevalier, MD, FESC, FACC, FSCAI,
ICPS, Massy, France

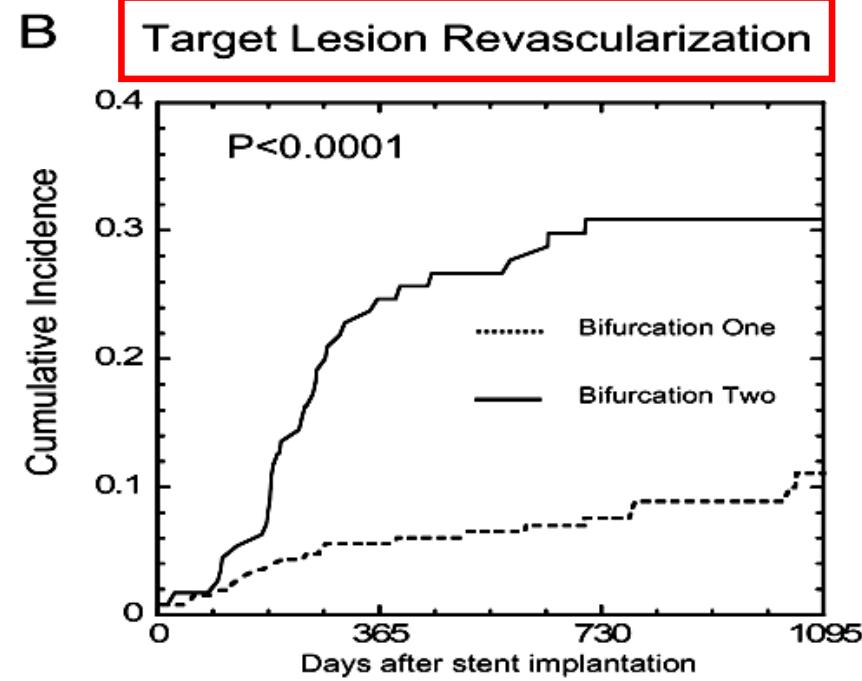
3Y Outcomes After SES Implantation for ULM Coronary Artery Disease: Insights From the j-Cypher Registry

Cardiac death and TLR in pts treated for ULMCA / distal bifurcation stenting strategy

A



B



Day	0	365	730	1095
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Bifurcation One

Incidence (%)	3.9	4.9	5.5
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No. at risk	261	242	180
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Bifurcation Two

Incidence (%)	9.4	12.2	12.2
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No. at risk	119	105	86
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Day	0	365	730	1095
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Bifurcation One

Incidence (%)	5.6	7.6	11.1
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No. at risk	261	229	161
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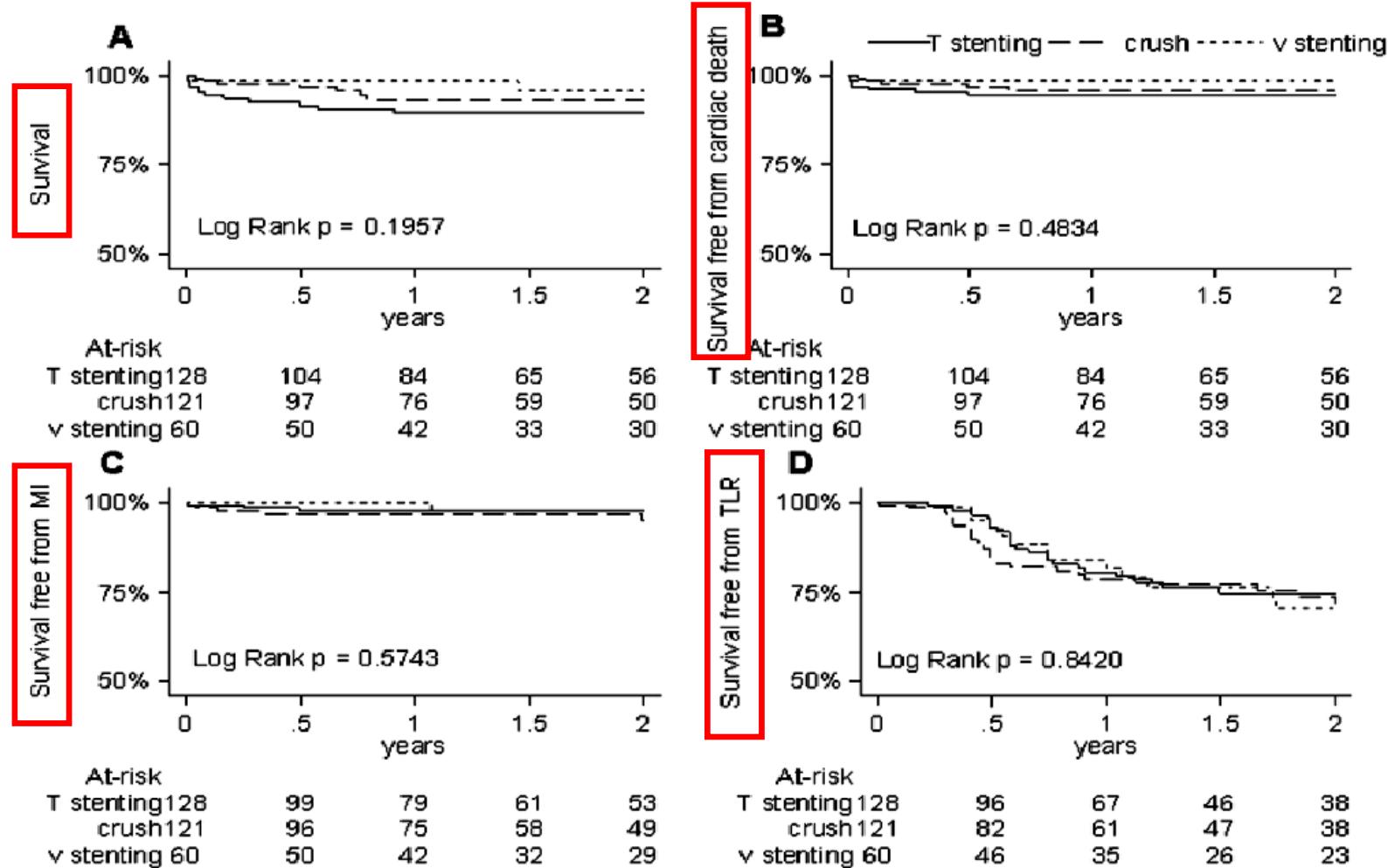
Bifurcation Two

Incidence (%)	24.6	30.9	30.9
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No. at risk	119	81	62
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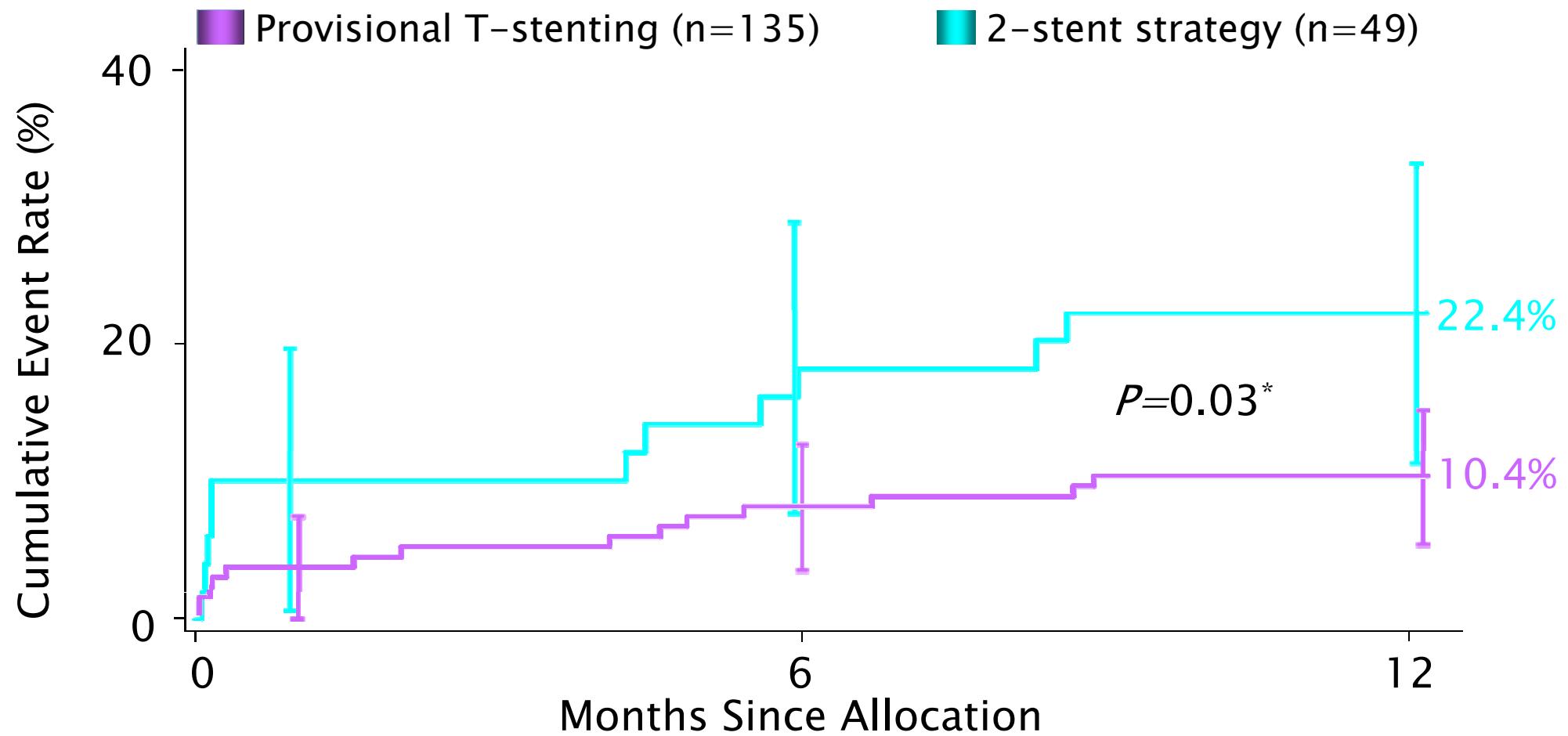
Impact of Bifurcation Technique on 2-Year Clinical Outcomes in 773 Pts With Distal ULM Stenosis Treated With DES

T-stenting, V-stenting, or crush stenting ?



SYNTAX, MACCE to 12 Months

LM PCI Subset



Event Rate \pm 1.5 SE, *Fisher exact test

ITT population

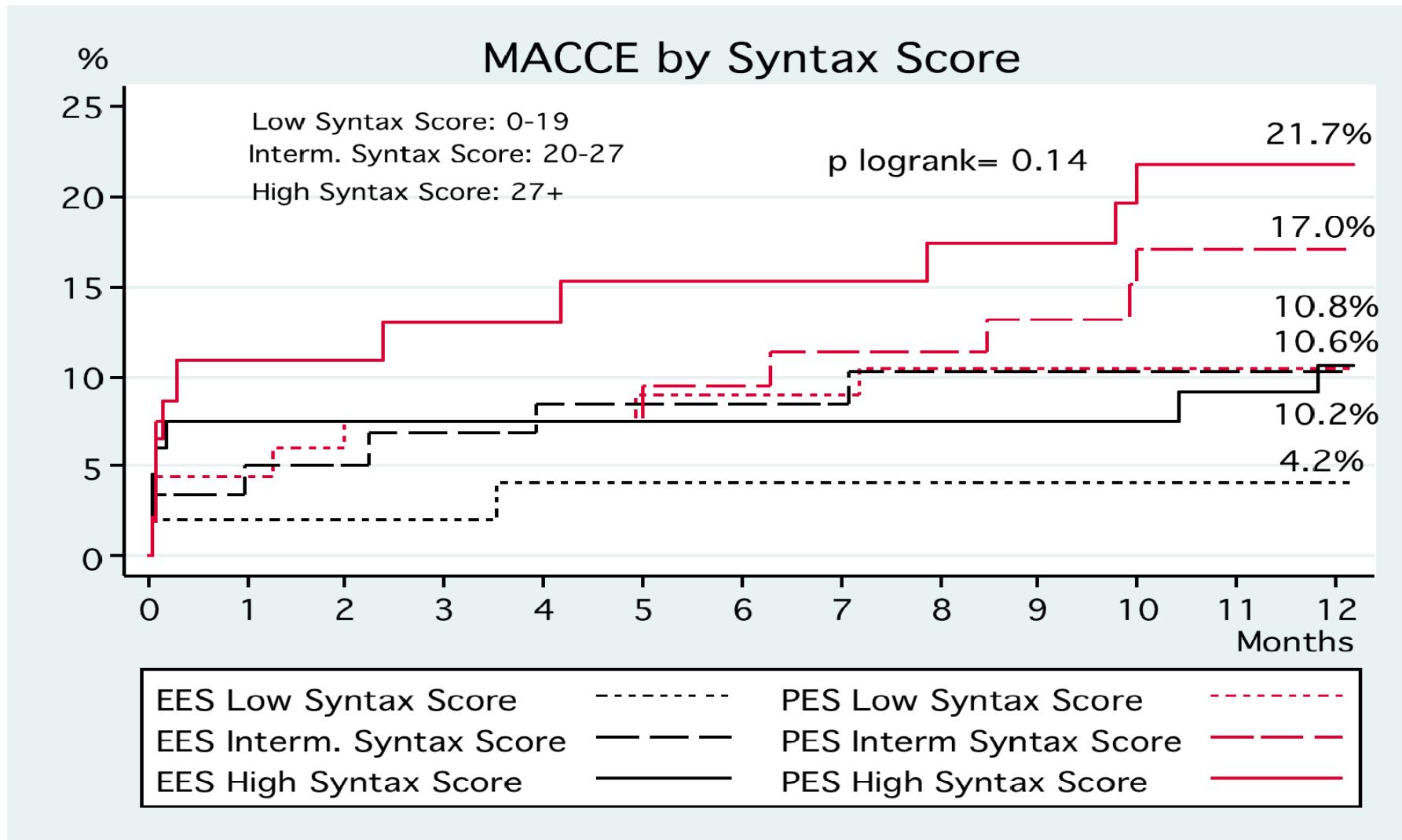
French Multi-center Left Main studies with DES

	Pilot Taxus* 2004	FRIEND** 2006	LEMAX 2008	
Nb patients	291	151	174	= 616
% distal lesion	78	69	81	
% 2 stents	42	26	19	
Mean LM stent diameter (mm)	3.44±0.39	3.59±0.49	3.63±0.33	
12 month TLR	5.9%	2.7%	2.3%	

*B. Vaquerizo et al. Circulation 2009;119:2349-56

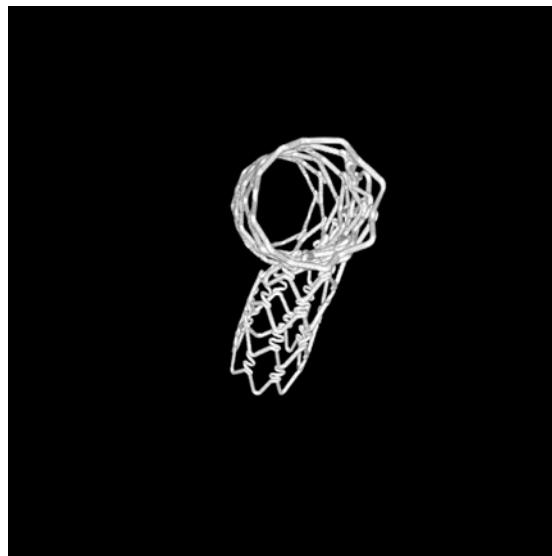
**D.Carrié et al., Eurointerv 2009;4:449-56

LEMAX and TAXUS LM registries

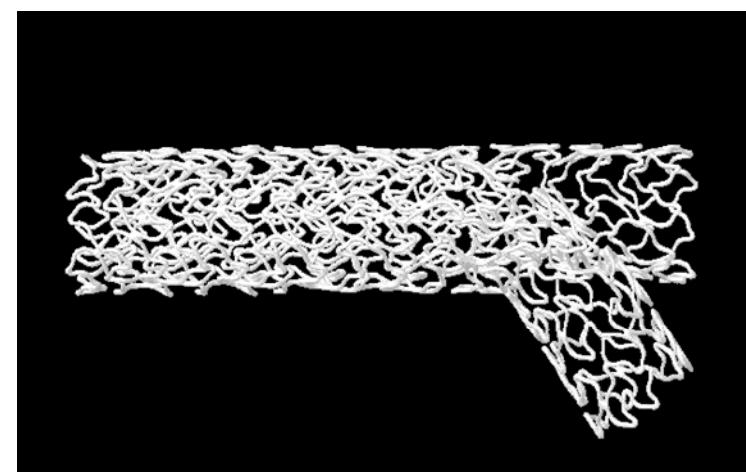


Complex techniques: to suppress the gaps at SB ostium

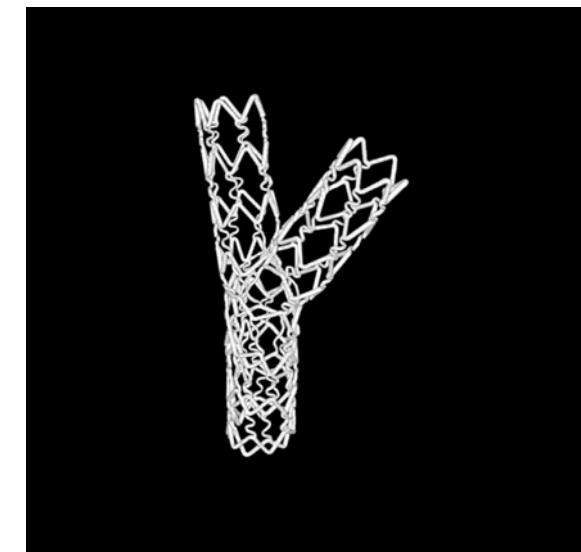
Crush



SKS

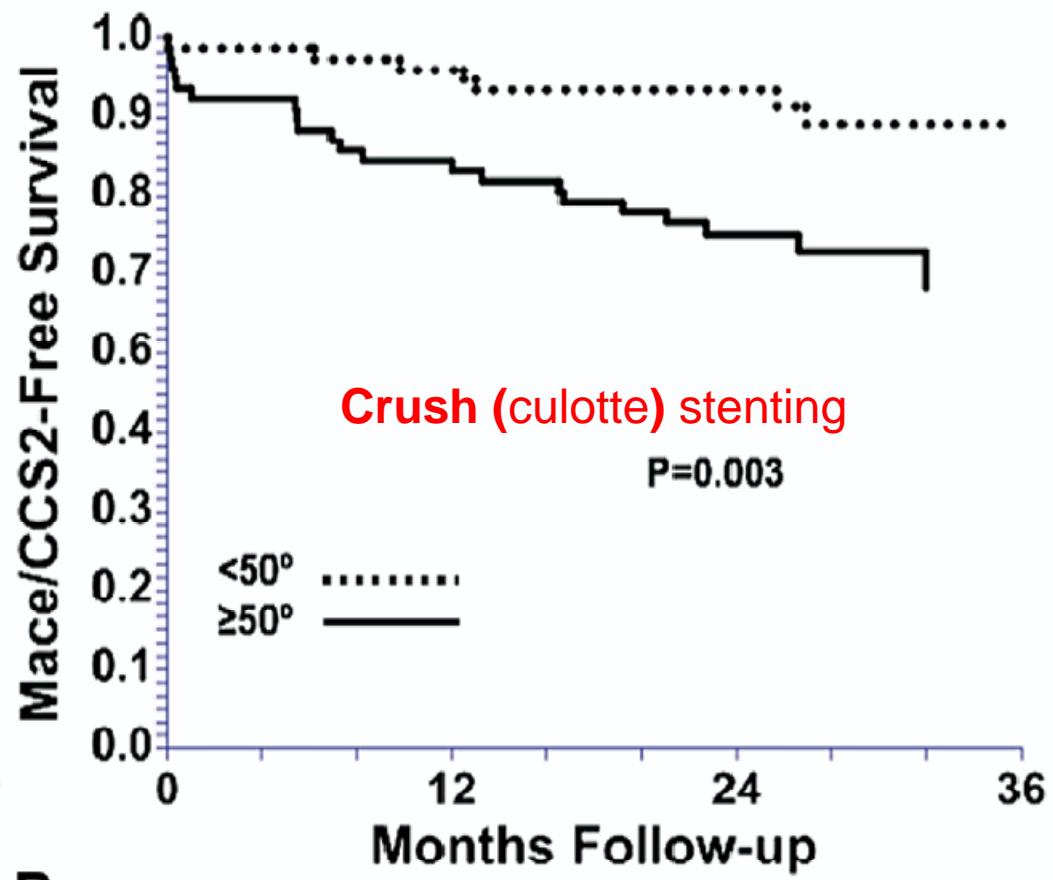
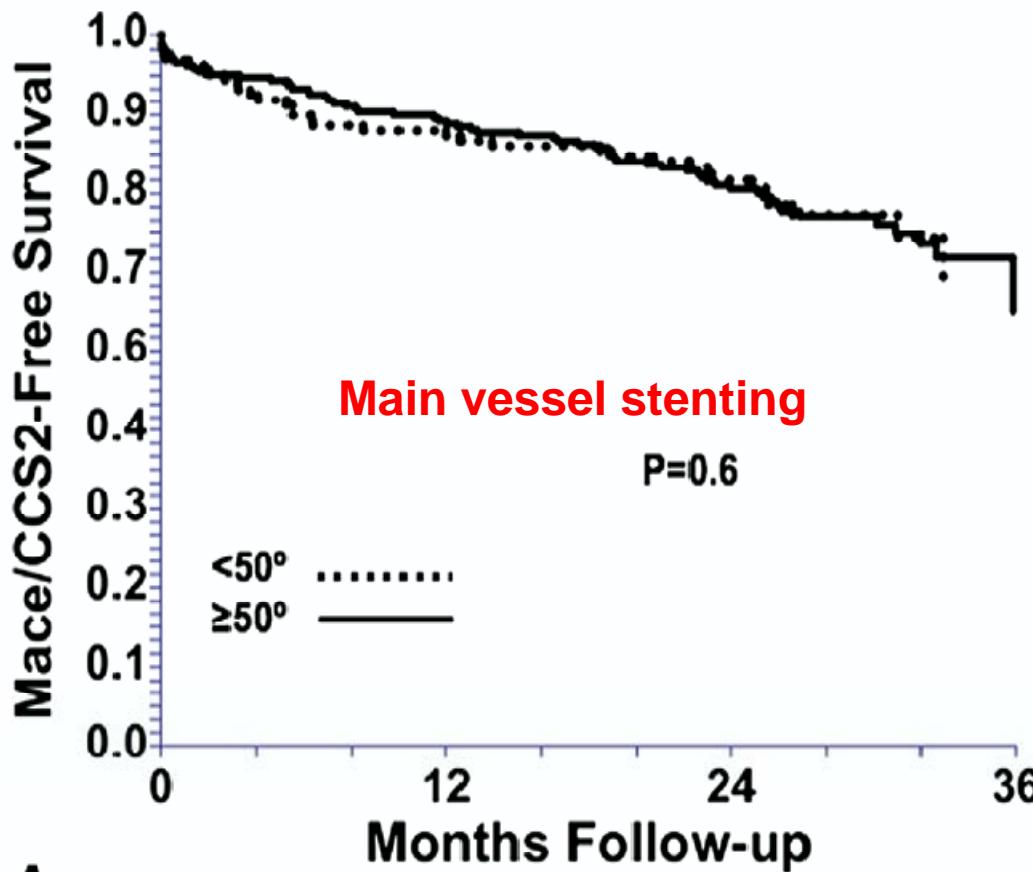


Culotte



Video

Outcome After Bifurcation PCI: role of angle



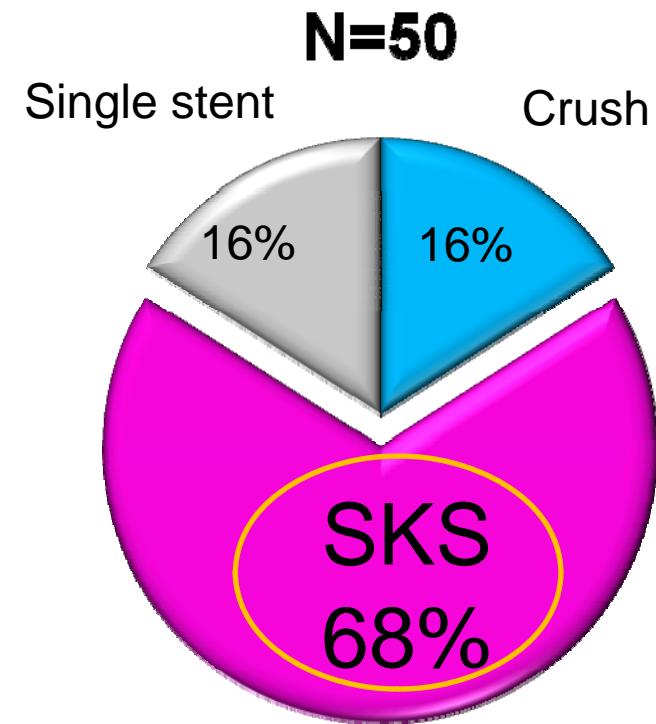
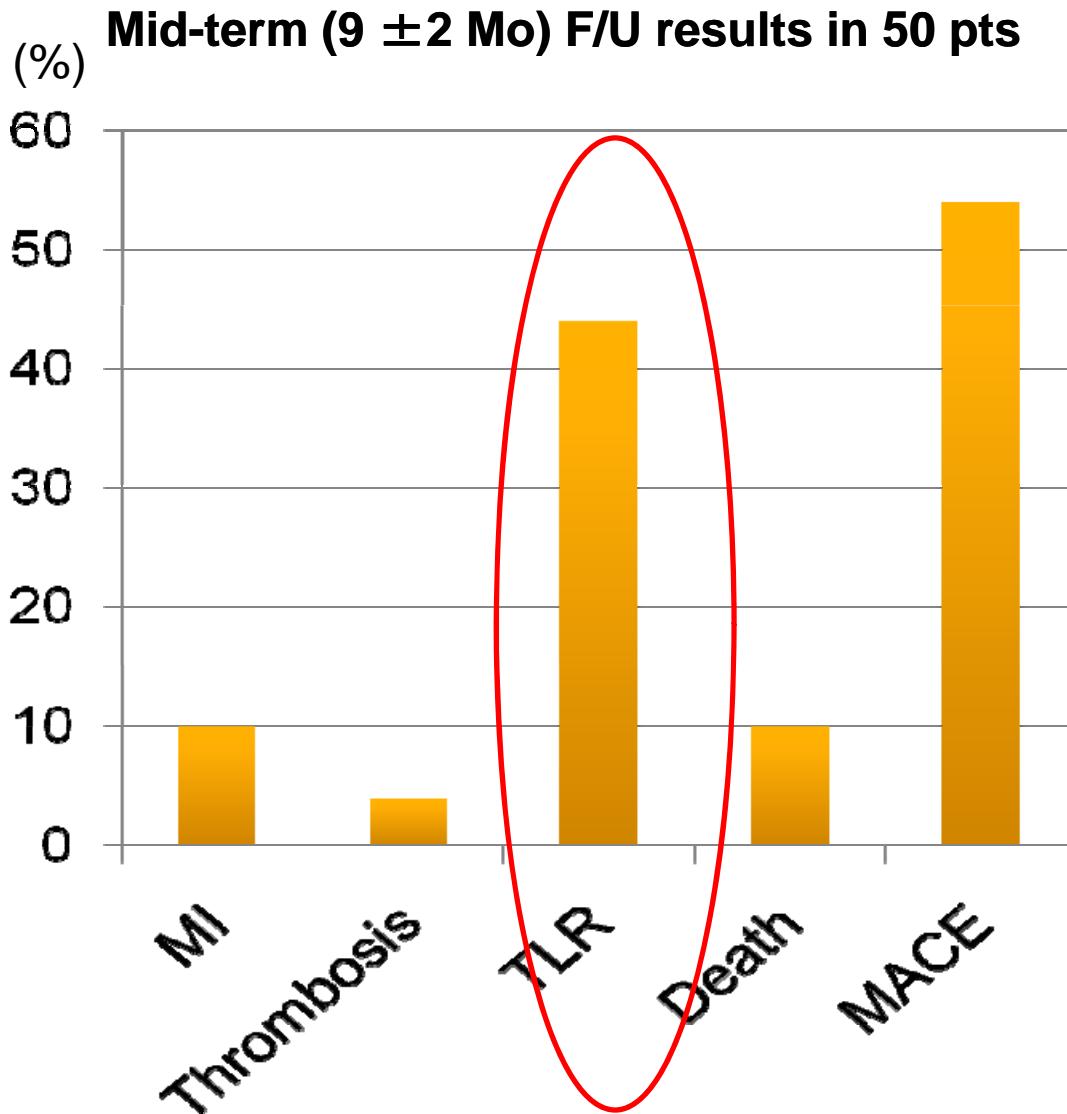
Kaplan-Meier curves for MACE or CCS class 2 angina-free survival / bifurcation angle

Culotte stenting : 1y dedicated QCA and clinical outcomes

Variable	Odds ratio (95% CI)	P-value
Age increase by 10 years	2.38 (1.21–4.96)	0.01
Diabetes	3.43 (0.71–16.60)	0.13
Male sex	0.62 (0.15–2.53)	0.51
Medina classification	0.42 (0.13–1.32)	0.14
Restenotic lesion	0.52 (0.12–2.24)	0.38
Bifurcation angle increase by 10°	1.53 (1.04–2.23)	0.03
Calcified lesion	0.53 (0.12–2.24)	0.39
Proximal main vessel		
Reference vessel diameter decrease by 1 mm	4.55 (0.17–123.36)	0.37
Baseline stenosis increase by 10%	0.91 (0.67–1.23)	0.54
Distal main vessel		
Reference vessel diameter decrease by 1 mm	0.10 (0.00–3.17)	0.19
Baseline stenosis increase by 10%	1.47 (1.03–2.09)	0.03
Side branch vessel		
Reference vessel diameter decrease by 1 mm	31.83 (1.71–592.77)	0.02
Baseline stenosis increase by 10%	0.97 (0.82–1.15)	0.75
Kissing balloon post-dilatation	0.37 (0.13–1.10)	0.07

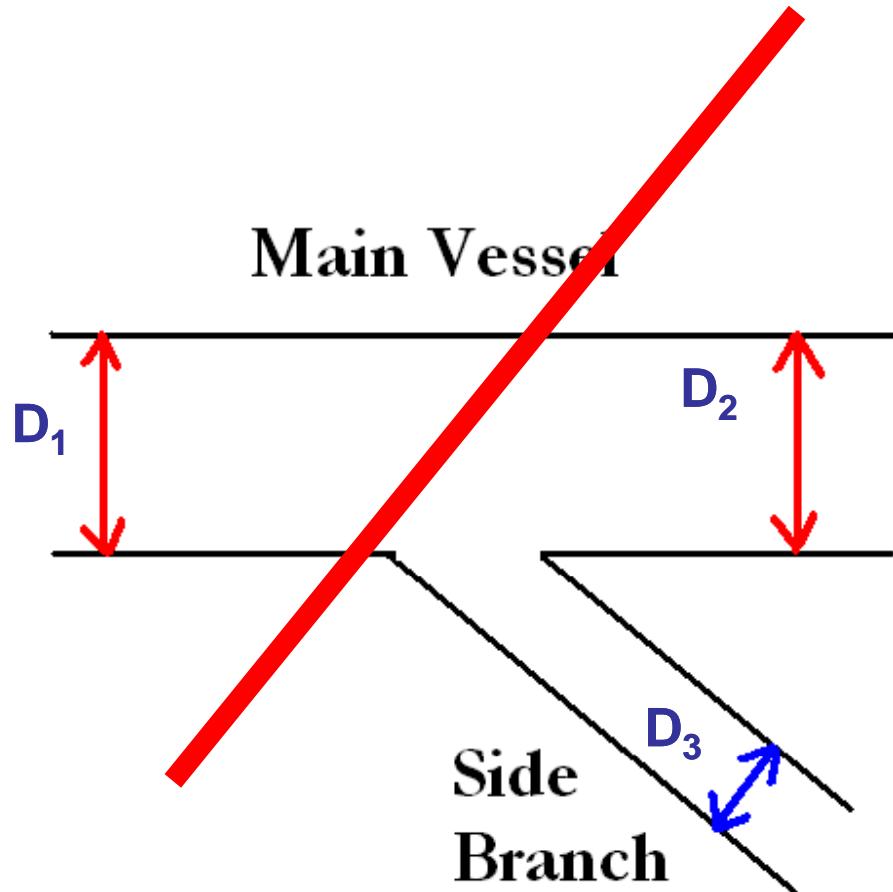
Predictors of binary restenosis

Disappointing results of SKS for LMCA



How I treat in practice

Bifurcation branching laws

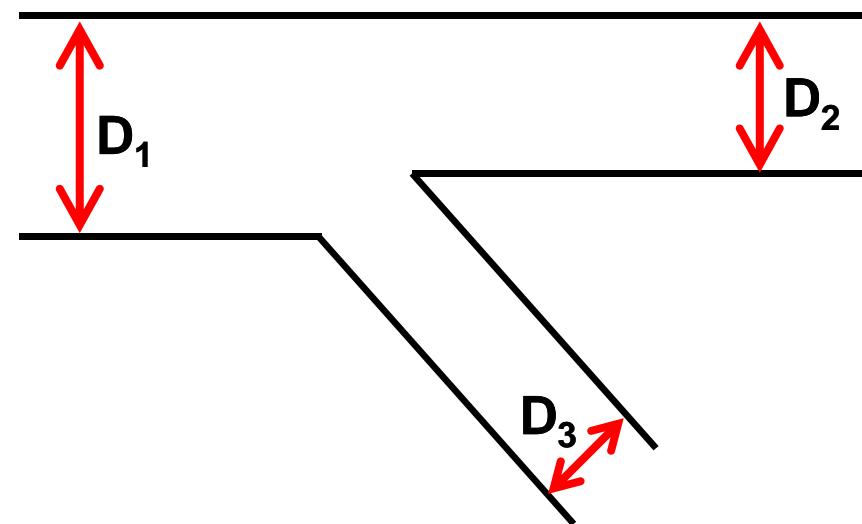


Murray's law

$$D_1^{3^*} = D_2^{3^*} + D_3^{3^*}$$

Finet's law

$$D_1 = 0.67(D_2 + D_3)$$



* 2.3

From Koo, EBC, 2008

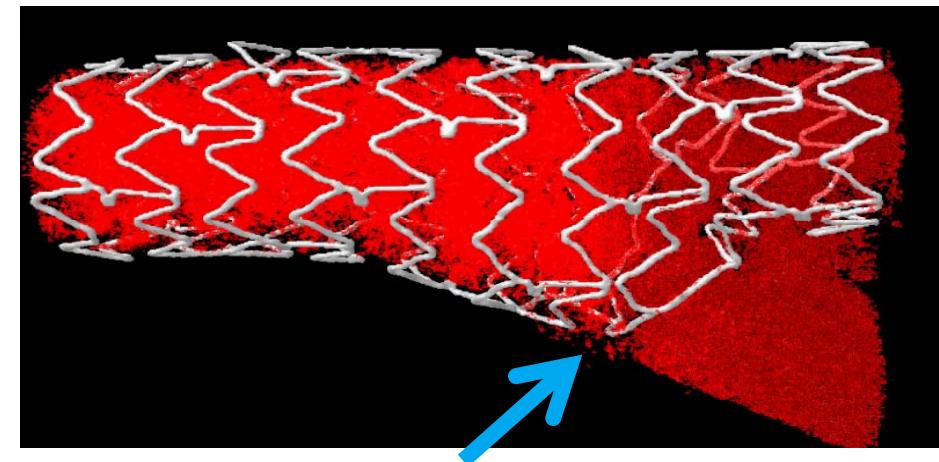
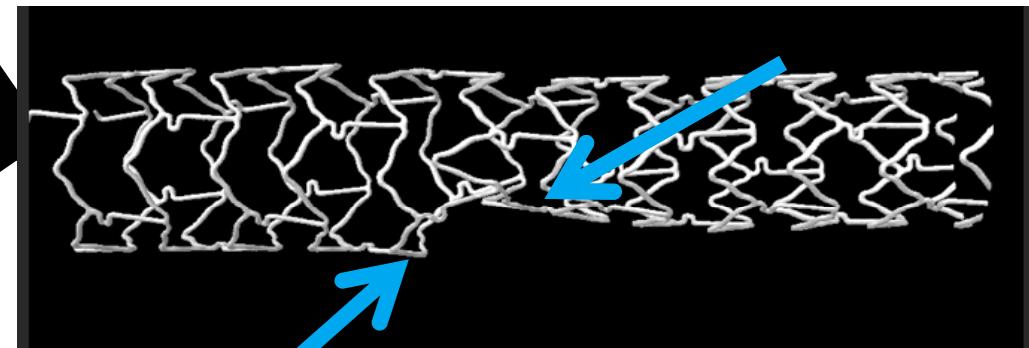
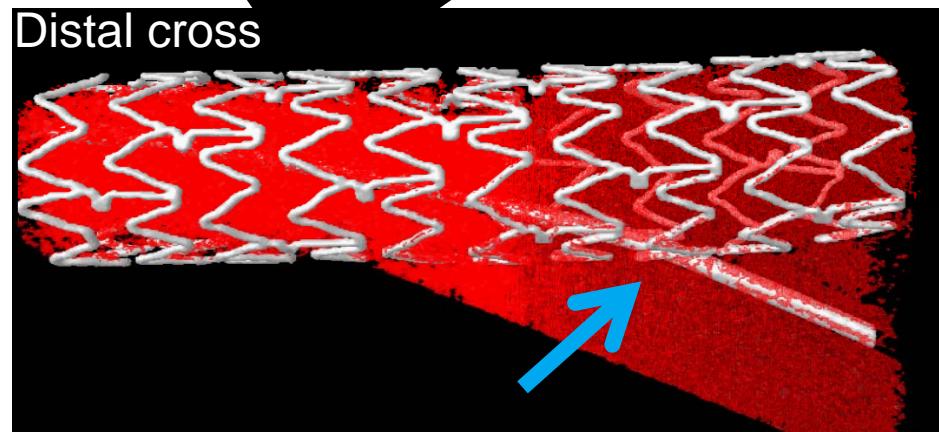
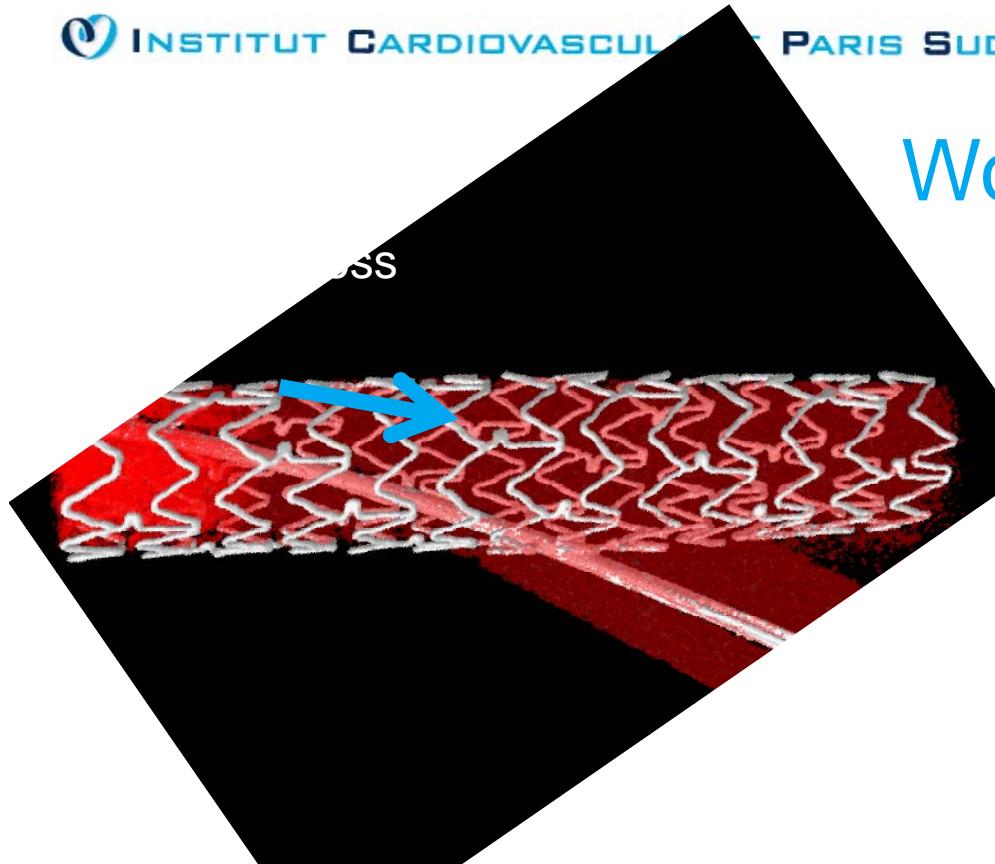
Plaque is shorter on Side Branch

	Bestent ¹	TULIPE ²	Sirolimus ³	Sirolimus ⁴
Patients (n)	105	187	85	47
Reference (mm)	2.7±0.4	2.3±0.5	2.1±0.3	2.1±0.5
Lesion length (mm)	5.6±4.2	3.7±3.3	5.3±4.2	4.5±3.0
Stenosis SB (%)	49±37	52±17	52±19	42±23

¹ Gobeil et al, Am J Cardiol 2001, ² Lefèvre et al, Am J Cardiol 2003 (abst. supp.)

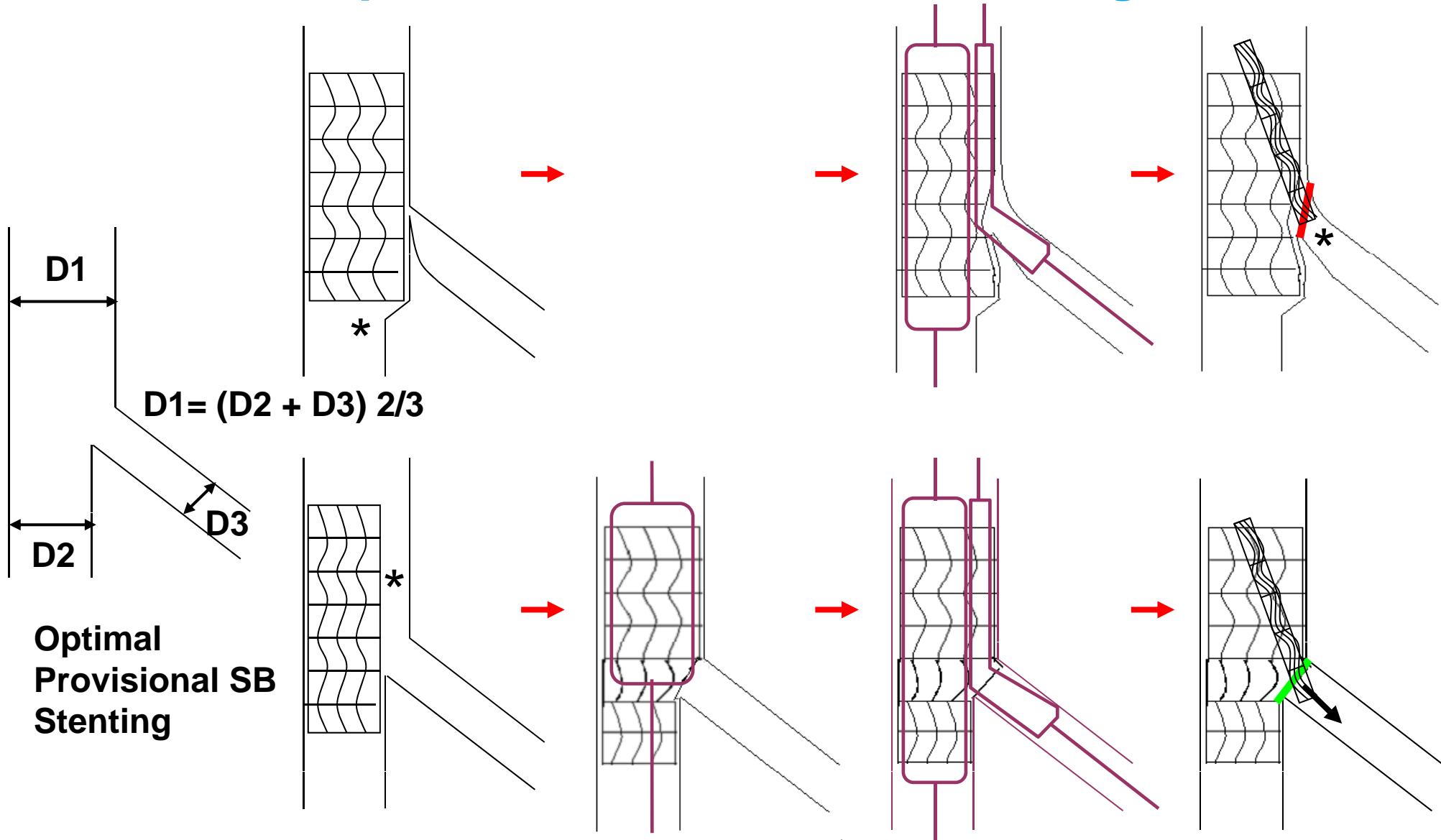
³ Colombo et al, Circulation 2004; 109: 1244-9, Sengotuvel et al, JACC 2004 (abst.supp.)

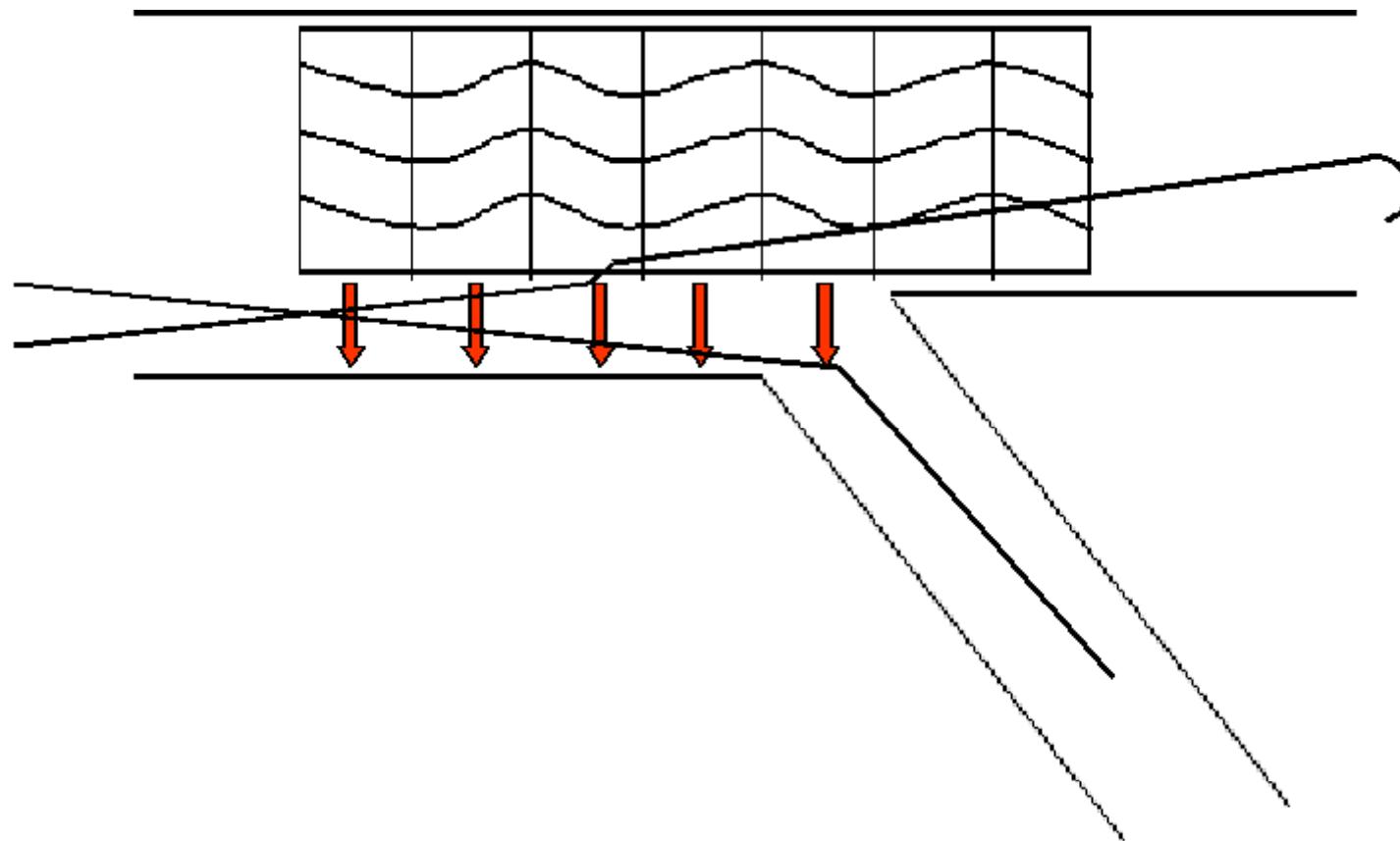
Working with Distal Strut

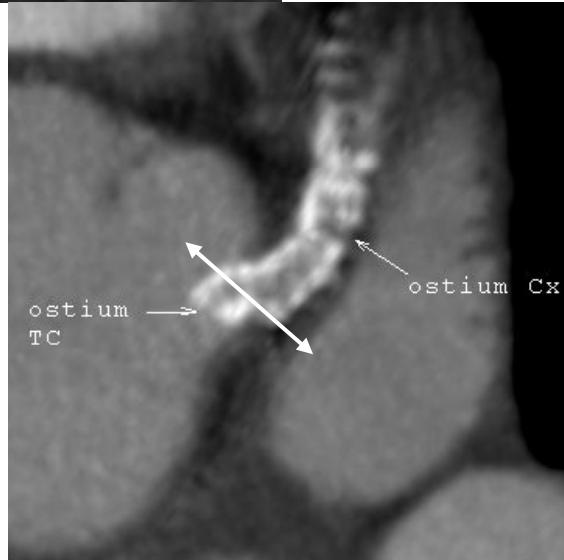
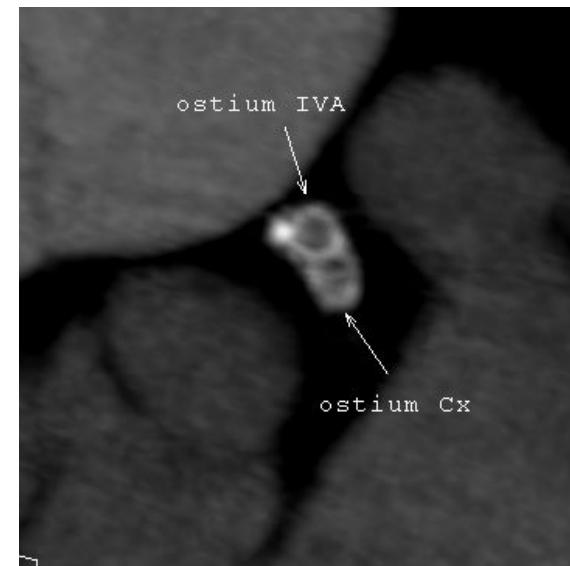
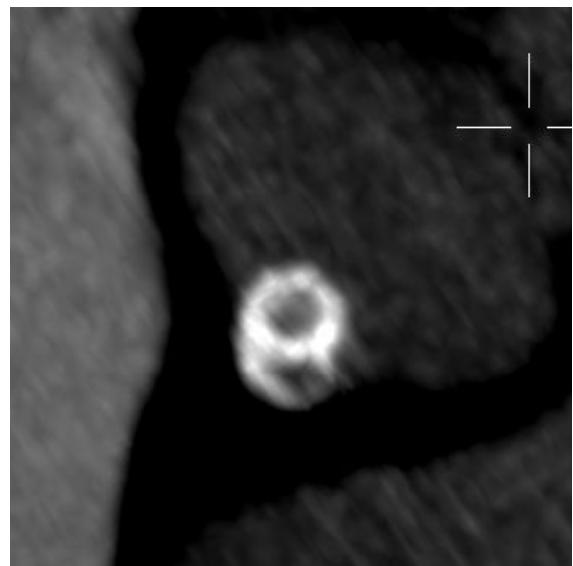


Courtesy of John Ormiston

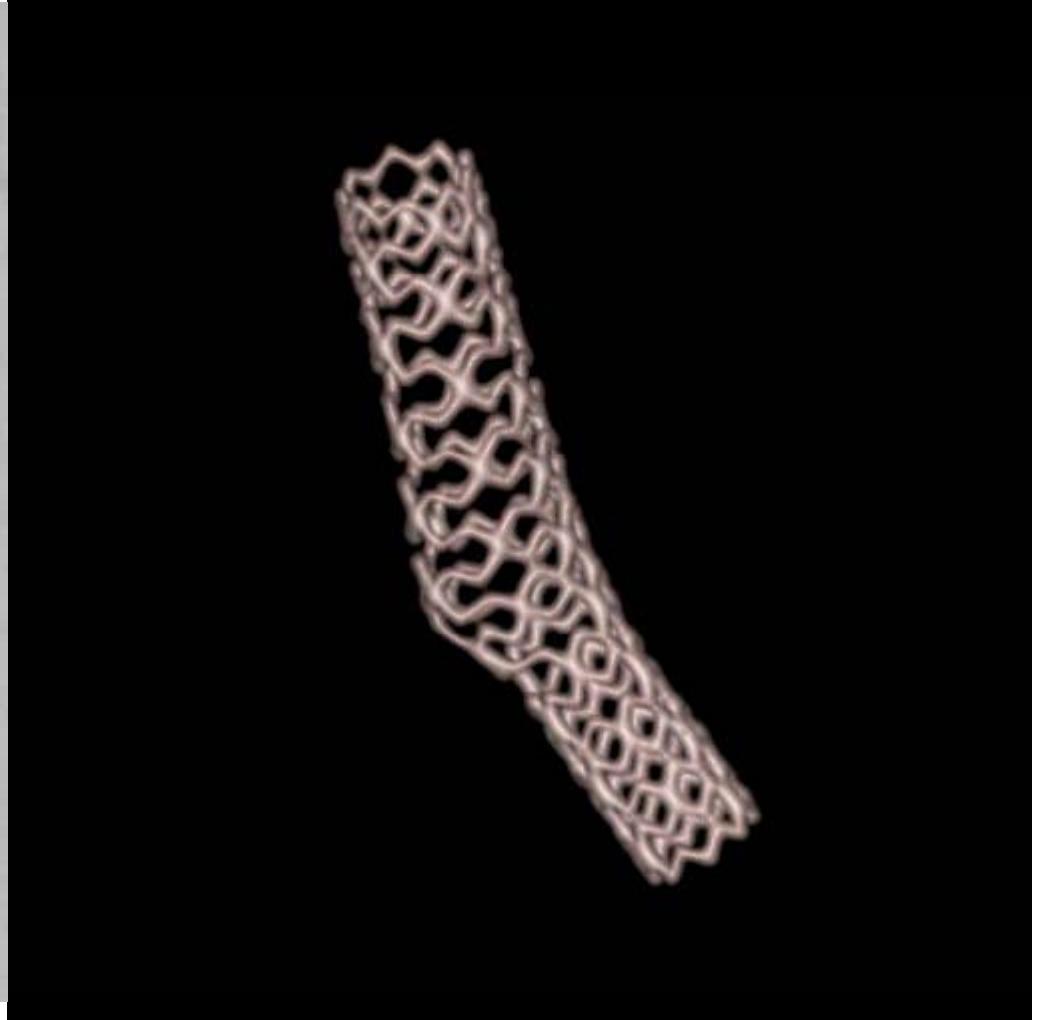
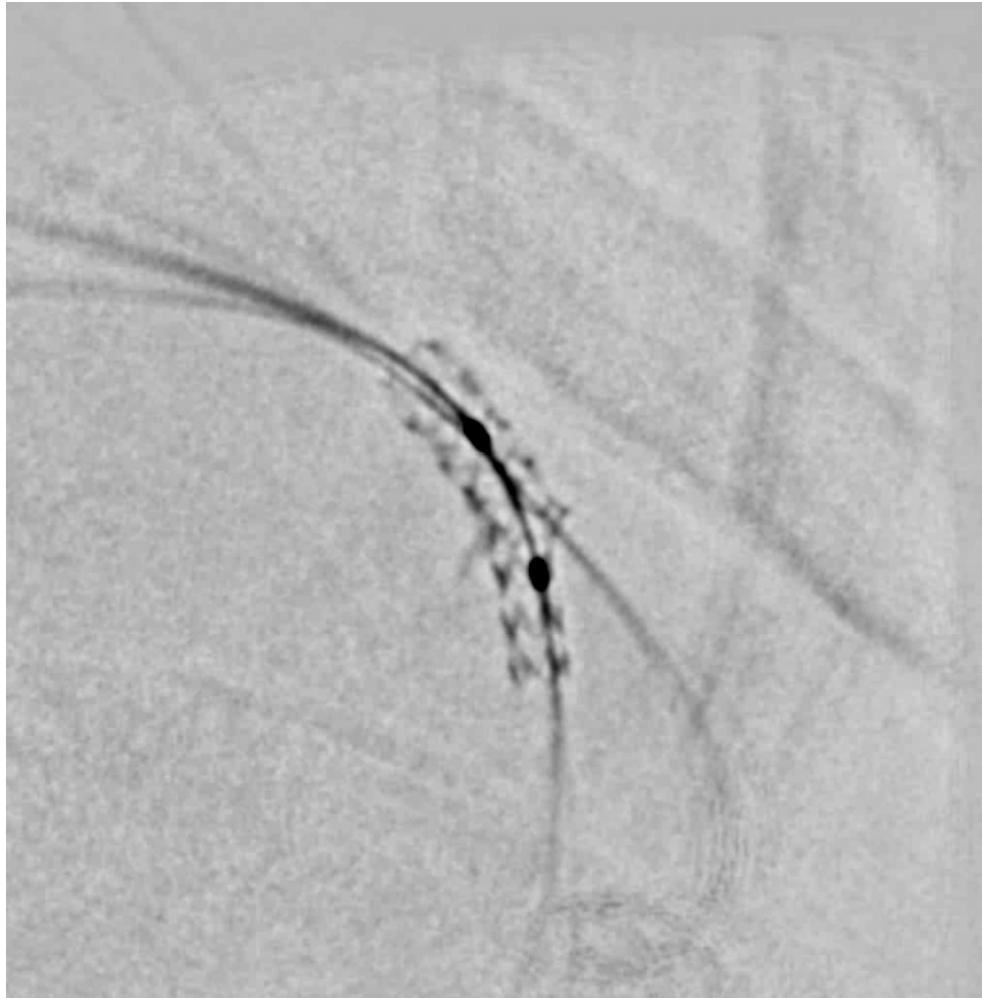
Optimal Provisional SB Stenting



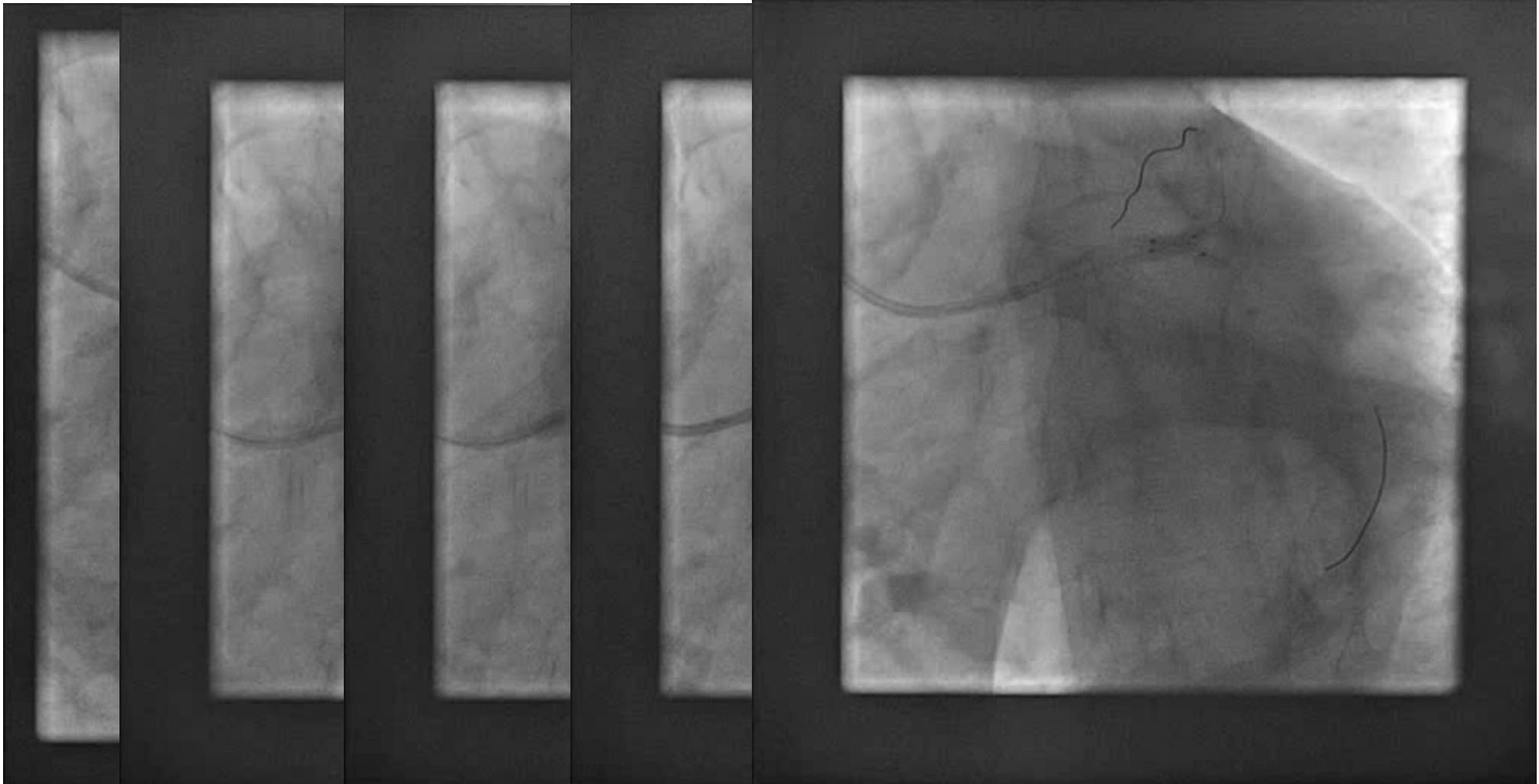


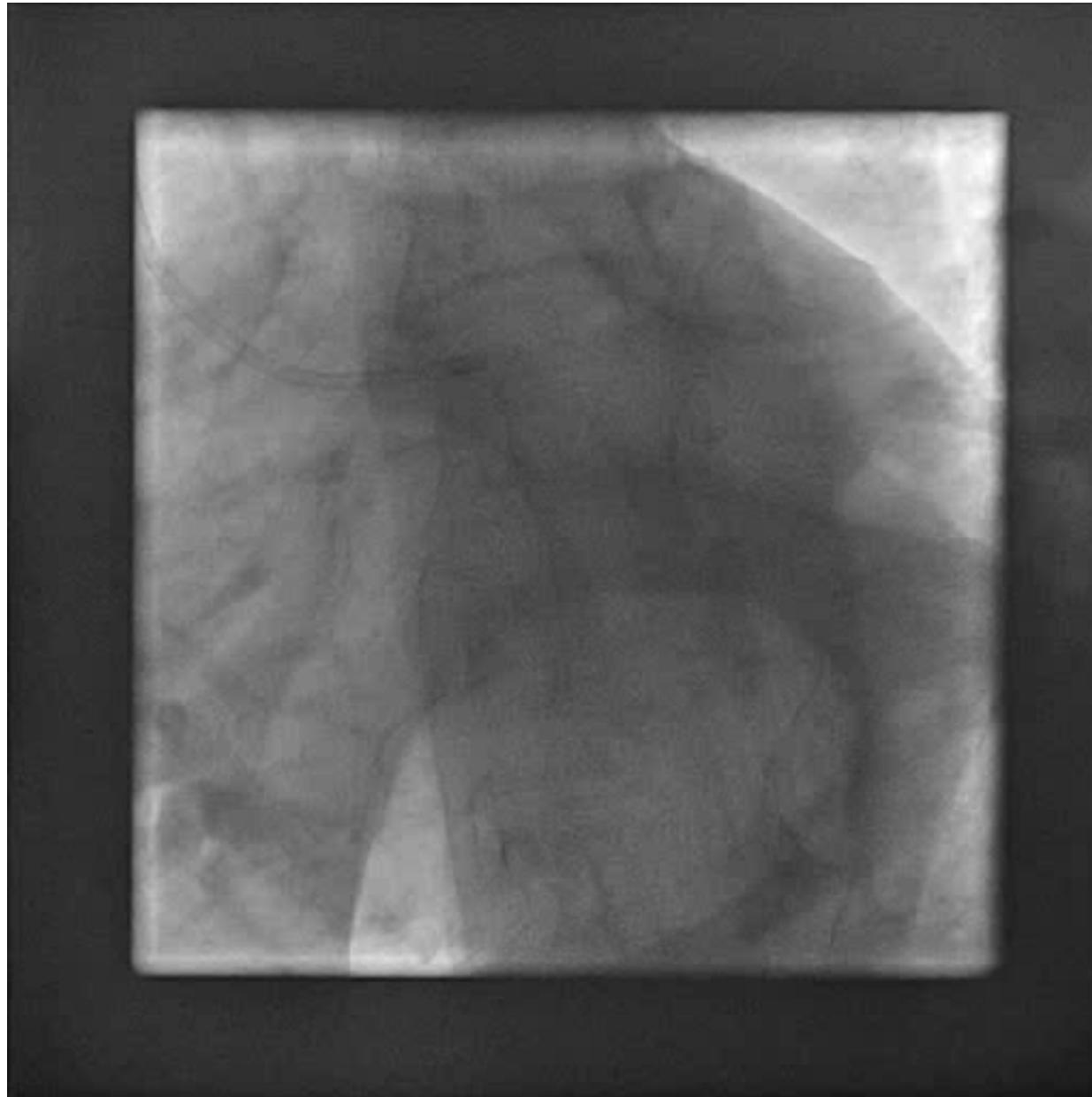


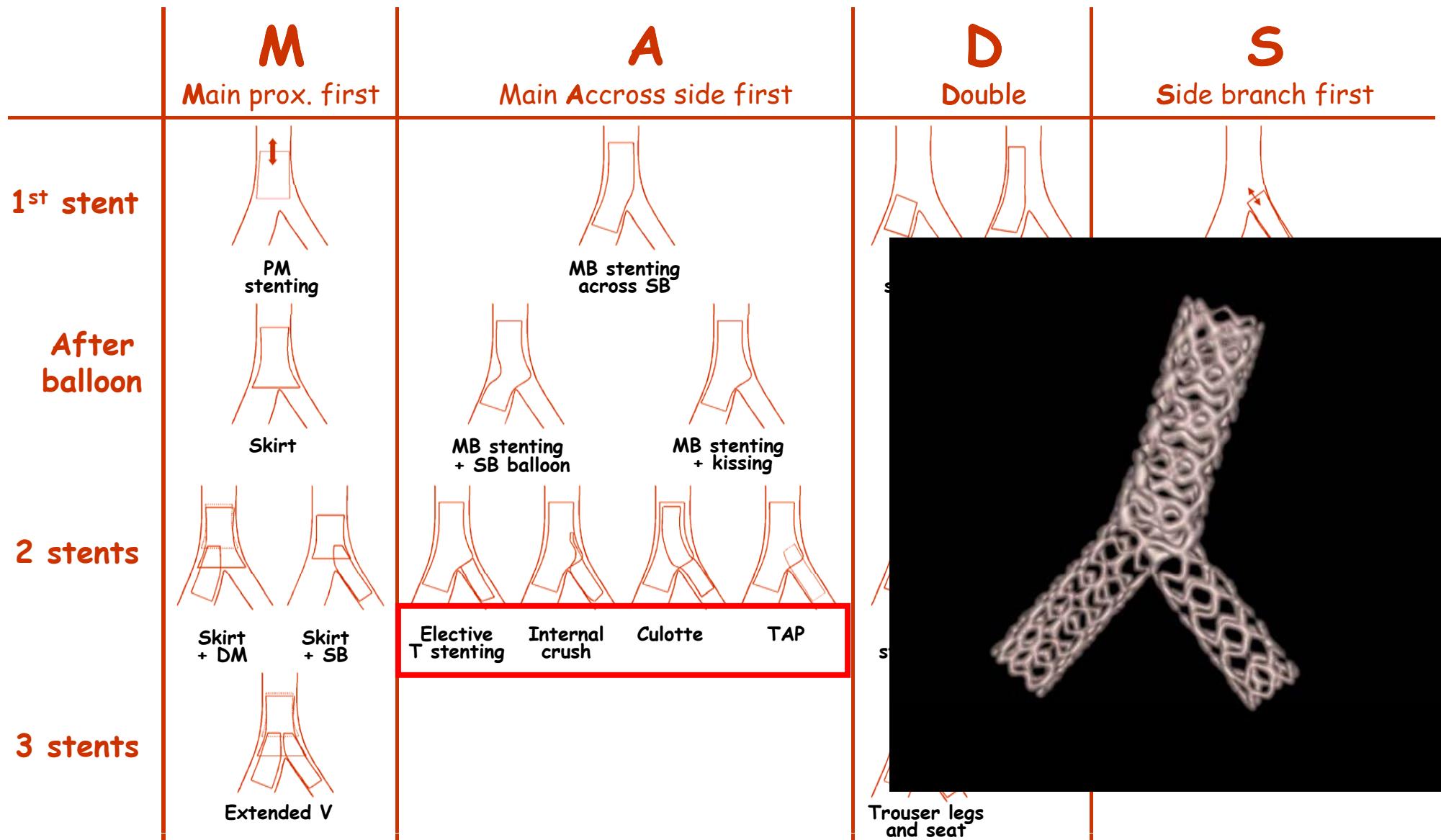
Optimal aspect for provisional stenting



Distal LM POT







LM & Bifurcation stenting with DES

- Provisional SB stenting strategy is very effective even for distal LM stenting (20% of second stenting)
- As for other techniques it is essential to remember that LM diameter is bigger than both distal branches
- POT technique before wire exchange is essential
- Randomized comparisons of techniques ? Too late?