## **Next Generation DES and DEB**

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Seattle, Washington

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#### Disclosure Information

Abbott Vascular C, P, SB

**Ablative Solutions El** 

Boston Scientific AB, C, EI, P, SB

Cook Medical, Inc. C, P

Cordis Endovascular C, El

Covidien, Inc. C, P

Medtronic Vascular C, P

Omeros Corp, El

QT Vascular, EI

Sapheon, Inc. El

St. Jude Medical C

Transverse Medical AB, EI, SO

Vatrix Medical EI

W.L. Gore C, P

AB: Advisory Board

C: Consulting Relationship

El: Equity Interest GS: Grant Support

P: Proctor or Training Course Sponsorships

SB: Speakers Bureau SE: Spouse Employee

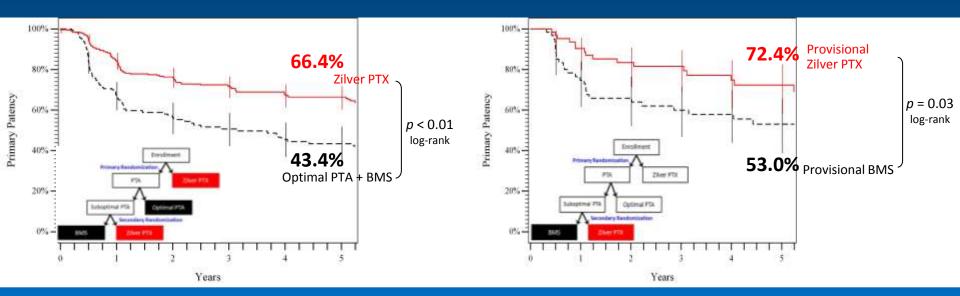
SO: Stock Options or Positions

# PTX Zilver 5-Year Primary Patency



**Primary Randomization** 

#### Provisional Stenting PTX vs. BMS



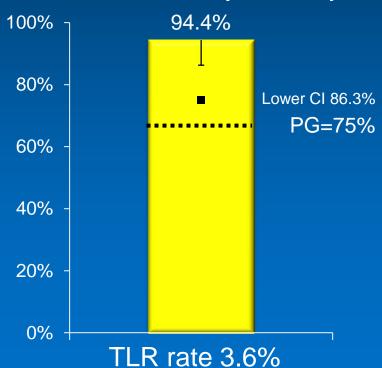
Paclitaxel 3 µg/mm2 with no polymer or binder

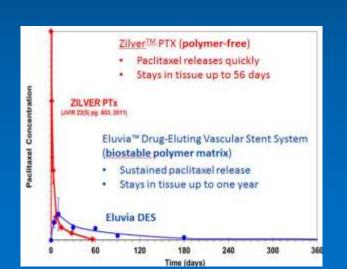
## Eluvia™ SES



- Fluorocopolymer coated paclitaxel-eluting stent
- Innova self-expanding stent platform
- MAJESTIC CE Mark trial (57 pts at 14 sites in Europe, Aus/NZ)

#### 9-mo Primary Patency

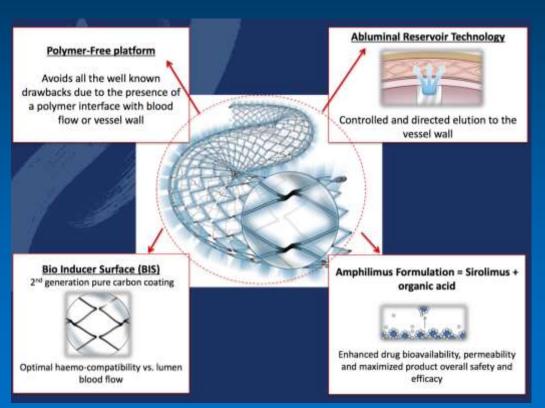


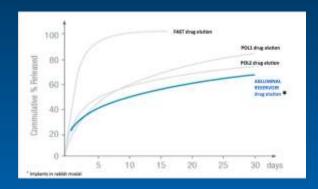




## NITIDES SES

- Polymer-free abluminal reservoir technology
- Amphilimus<sup>TM</sup> formulation (Sirolimus + organic acid) for prolonged elution
- Carbon coated for rapid endothelialization



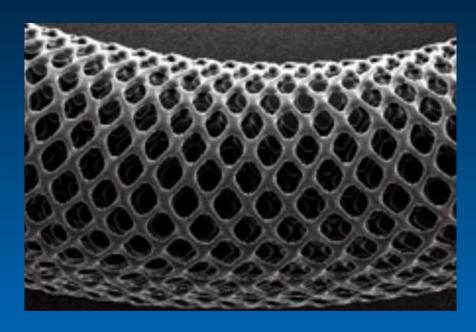




ILLUMINA Trial (100 pts with SFA-popliteal stenoses)
Enrollment completed March 3, 2017
Scheinert D LINC 2014

# Stanza™ Self-Expanding Bioresorbable Scaffold System





- Flexible, self-expanding design with stiffness similar to nitinol
- Composite structure of strong PLGA fibers + elastomer
- Resorbs in approximately one year
- A drug-eluting version is in clinical trial (SPIRIT)

# Meta-analysis of BTK DES Trials



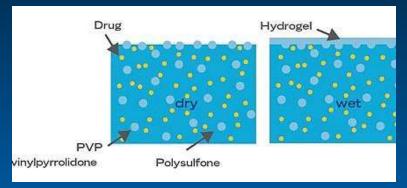
	7,000		524000000	1591		374427 47 4 CH 34477 2 4 CH	SECURIO DE COMPOSITORIO DE COM
	DES		Contr			Odds Ratio	Odds Ratio
Study or Subgroup	Events				Weight	M-H, Random, 95% CI	M-H, Random, 95% CI
ACHILLES	8	80	14	85	27.6%	0.56 [0.22, 1.43]	N ST IN THE ST
BELOW	1	10	6	28		0.41 [0.04, 3.88]	
DESTINY	7	74	22	66	27.4%	0.21 [0.08, 0.53]	A THE STATE OF THE
Falkowski et al.	3	25	14	25		0.11 [0.03, 0.45]	
YUKON-BTK	7	82	15	79	26.3%	0.40 [0.15, 1.04]	
Total (95% CI)		271		283	100.0%	0.31 [0.18, 0.54]	•
Total events	26		71				
Heterogeneity: Tau <sup>2</sup> = Test for overall effect:				P = 0.32	2); I² = 15°	%	0.1 0.2 0.5 1 2 5 Favors DES Favors control
Restenosis							
	DES		Contr	ol	-	Odds Ratio	Odds Ratio
Study or Subgroup	Events	Total	Events	Total	Weight	M-H, Random, 95% CI	M-H, Random, 95% CI
ACHILLES	15	67	31	74	27.1%	0.40 [0.19, 0.84]	
BELOW	2	10	19	28	8.2%	0.12 [0.02, 0.68]	+
DESTINY	17	75	36	73	28.2%	0.30 [0.15, 0.61]	-
Falkowski et al.	4	25	19	25	11.6%	0.06 [0.01, 0.25]	
YUKON-BTK	12	62	28	63	24.8%	0.30 [0.13, 0.67]	
Total (95% CI)		239		263	100.0%	0.25 [0.15, 0.43]	•
Total events	50		133				
Heterogeneity: Tau² = Test for overall effect:				9 = 0.17	7); I <sup>2</sup> = 389	6	0.1 0.2 0.5 1 2 5 Favors DES Favors control
Amputation							
And the second second			Contro		Weight	Odds Ratio M-H, Random, 95% CI	Odds Ratio M-H, Random, 95% CI
THE SALES OF THE S	DES Events	Total	Events	Total			and the same and the proof of the proof
Study or Subgroup	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Total 80	Events 17	Total 85	61.7%	0.64 [0.28, 1.46]	
Study or Subgroup ACHILLES	Events				33111 S.	0.64 [0.28, 1.46] 0.63 [0.11, 3.61]	
Study or Subgroup ACHILLES BELOW	Events 11	80	17	85	61.7%	0.63 [0.11, 3.61]	
Study or Subgroup ACHILLES BELOW DESTINY	Events 11 2	80 10	17 8	85 28	61.7% 13.8%		
Study or Subgroup ACHILLES BELOW DESTINY YUKON-BTK Total (95% CI)	11 2 1	80 10 74	17 8 2	85 28 66 79	61.7% 13.8% 7.2%	0.63 [0.11, 3.61] 0.44 [0.04, 4.95]	

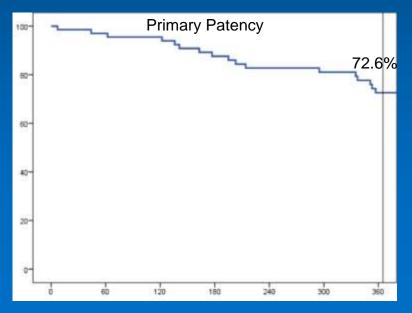


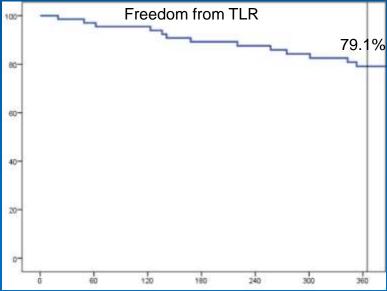
# Stentsys BTK-70 Trial

- 70 pts with Rutherford IV-V CLI
- Paclitaxel eluting SES
- Mean lesion length 19.7 mm





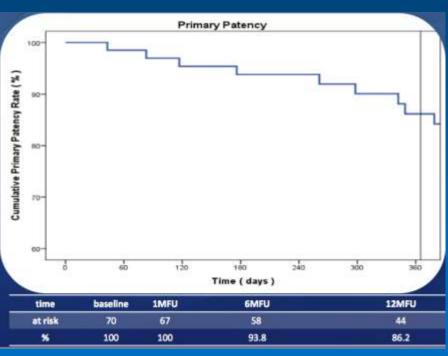


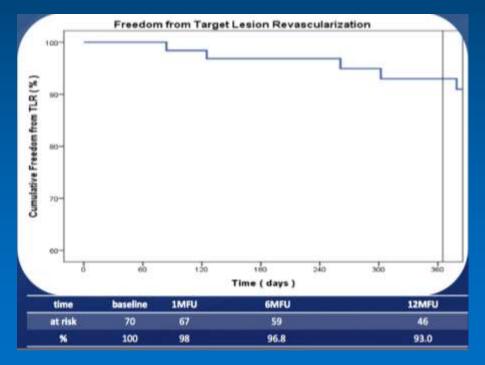


## PREVENT BTK Trial

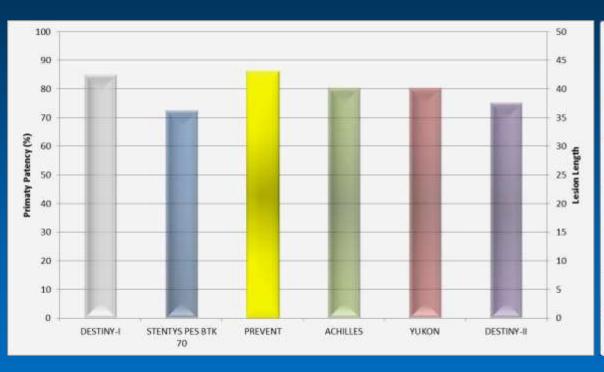


- Promus Premier™ platform
- Prospective single arm study in 70 patients at 5 sites
- 12-mo primary patency 86.2%, TLR 7%





# 1-Year Primary Patency of BTK DES

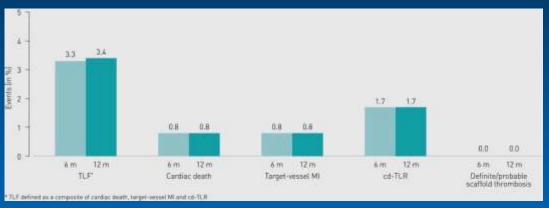


	Primary Patency	Lesion Length
DESTINY-I	85.2	15.9
STENTYS	72.6	19.7
PREVENT	86.2	22.8
ACHILLES	80.6	26.9
YUKON	80.6	31.0
DESTINY-II	75.4	47.4

# Magmaris BIOSOLVE II Trial 12 Month Results

123 patients with up to 2 de novo lesions in 2 separate coronary arteries



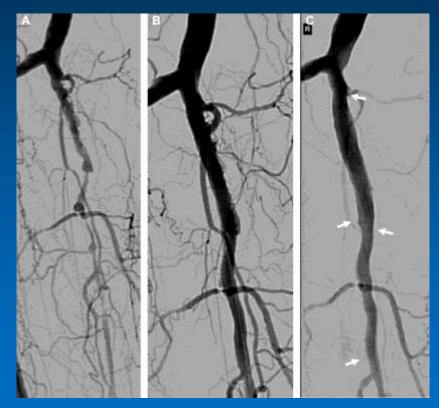


- Late lumen loss 0.27 mm
- TLF rate 3.4%
- No scaffold thrombosis at 12 months
- Vasomotion present in 80% of patients at 6 and 12 months

# ABSORB BTK DES

#### **ABSORB BVS BTK Trial**

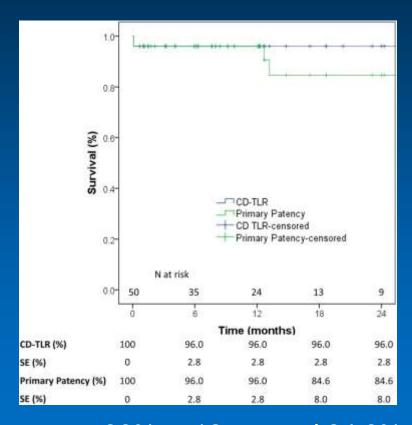




43 lesions with mean lesion length 19.2  $\pm$  11.6 mm

## ABSORB BTK DES

#### **ABSORB BVS BTK Trial**



Primary patency 96% at 12 mo and 84.6% at 24 mo TLR 4% at 12 and 24 mo.

Varcoe RL et al *JACC Interv* 2016; 9(16): 1721-1728

## Stellarex DCB

Spectranetics Proprietary open-folded coating technology

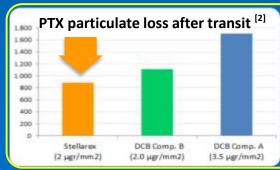


- Low dose (2 μg/mm²) paclitaxel
- Hybrid-crystalline formulation



Effective drug tissue transfer and residency (≥ 28 days)

 Superimposed PK curves from different datasets: R.Melder, EuroPCR 2012; Yazdani et.al. Catheterization and Cardivascular Interventions 83:132-140 (2014); data on file at Spectranetics

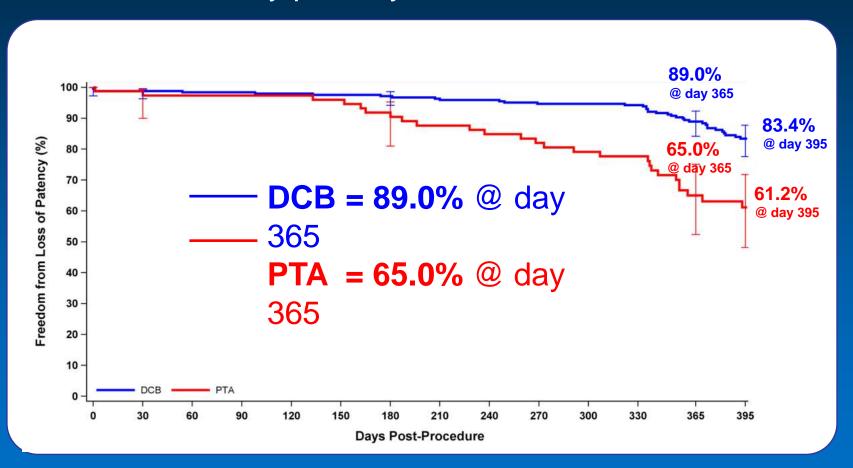


Limited drug loss

Number of particulates ≥10µm/mm of DCB length lost during transit. Data on file at Spectranetics

## ILLUMENATE EU RCT

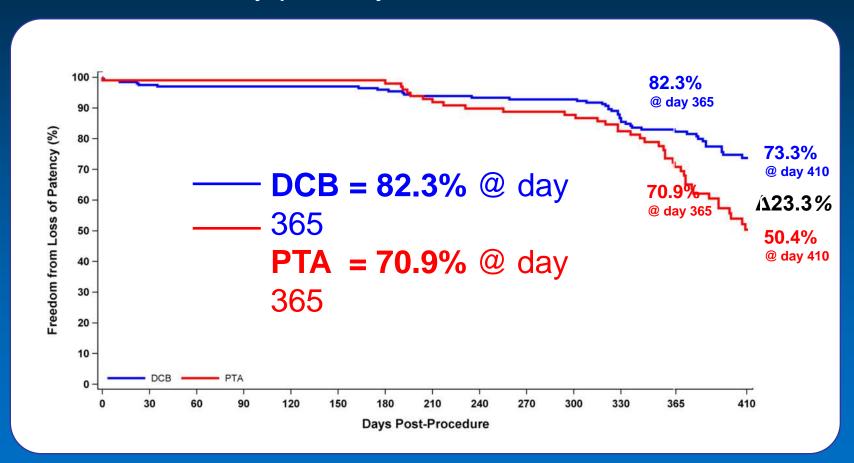
#### Primary patency 89% at 12 months



Primary patency defined as freedom from restenosis (determined by duplex ultrasound with PSVR ≤2.5) and freedom from clinically-driven TLR at 12 months. Assessed per lesion. KM estimates reported at day 395 to capture all patients and events within the full (and legitimate) 335-395 follow-up window. Rates from the middle of the protocol visit window (365 days) reported for consistency and comparative purposes with other trials.

## ILLUMENATE US Pivotal

#### Primary patency 82.3% at 12 months



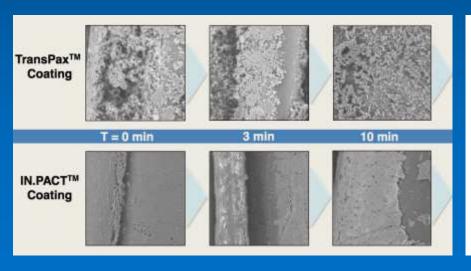
Primary patency defined as freedom from restenosis determined by duplex ultrasound PSVR ≤2.5 and freedom from clinically-driven TLR at 12 months. Assessed per lesion. KM estimates reported at day 410 to capture all patients and events within the full 320-410 follow-up window. Rates from the middle of the protocol visit window (365 days) reported for consistency and comparative purposes with other trials.

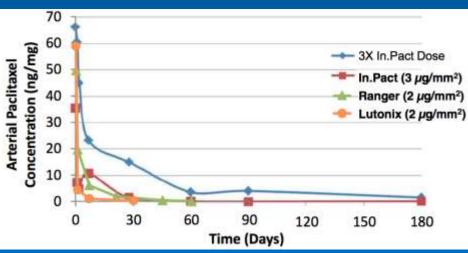
# Ranger™ DCB

#### TransPaxTM Technology



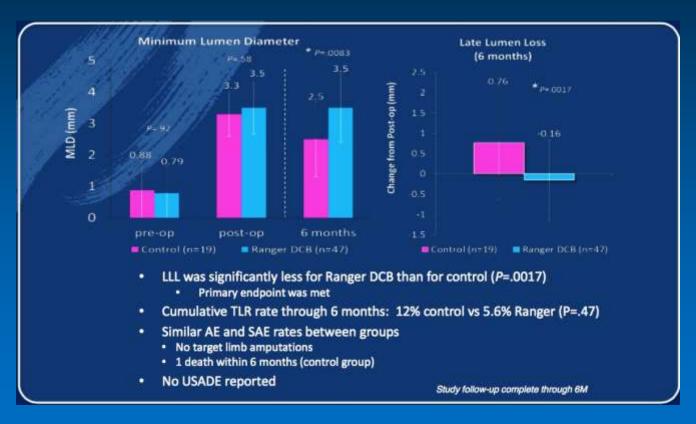
- Paclitaxel 2 µg/mm²
- Citrate ester (acetyl tributyl citrate ATBC)
- Balanced hydophyllic/hydrophobic excipient enhances drug retention and transfer





## **RANGER-SFA** Trial

#### Prospective 2:1 randomized trial in 105 patients



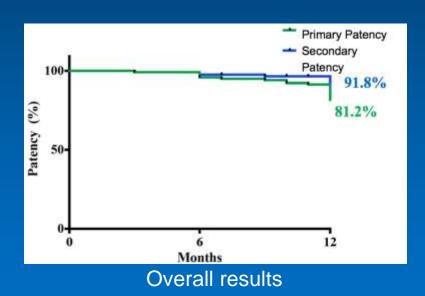
SFA: 4-8mm; 30-100mm

BTK: 2-4 mm; up to 150 mm

# AngioSculpt DCB

#### PANTHER Registry (N=121 patients, 124 lesions)

- 37.1% Angiosculpt alone (N-46)
- 32.3% Angiosculpt plus DCB (N=40)
- 30.6% Angiosculpt plus stent (N=38)



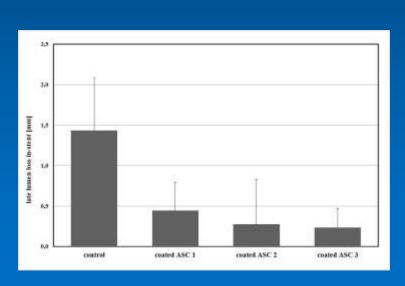
PP by extent of calcification

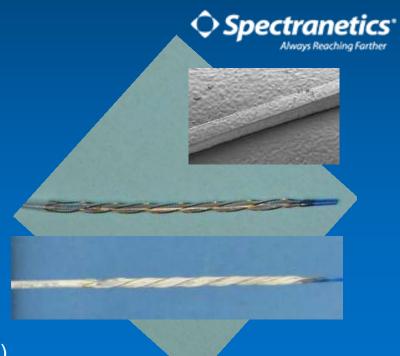




# AngioScore DCB

- 60 patient single-arm registry (4 sites)
- 3 µgr/mm2 paclitaxel with Ultravist excipient (switch to PEG?)
- Coronary ISR (endovascular application now being considered)





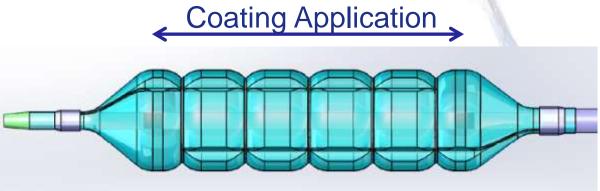
30-day LLL porcine overstretched BMS model (N=30)

### **Chocolate Touch DCB**



- Nominal dose density of paclitaxel on Chocolate Touch is 3μg/mm<sup>2</sup>, similar to other drug coated balloons.
- Excipient is a GRAS substance used in the pharmaceutical and in the food industry for 65yrs.



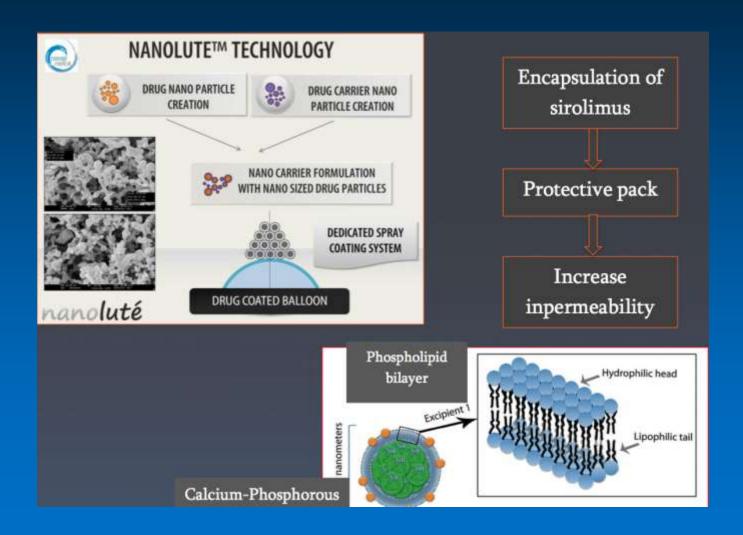






# Magic Touch Nanolute Technology





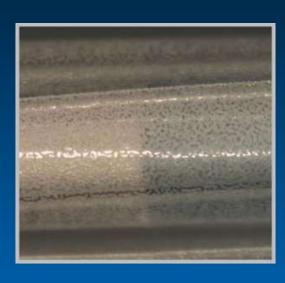


# Xtreme Touch Neo Endovascular DCB







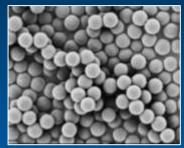




Catheter Configuration	Over-The-Wire (OTW)
Available Balloon Lengths	Up to 150 mm
Available Balloon Diameters	Up to 12.00 mm
Effective Catheter Length	130 cm (1300 mm) and 150 cm (1500 mm)
Radiopaque Marker Bands	2
Guide wire compatibility (max)	0.014" / 0.018" / 0.035"
Coating Formulation	Active Pharmaceutical Ingredient: Sirolimus Drug
	Excipients: Phospholipid
Drug Dose	Зµg/mm²

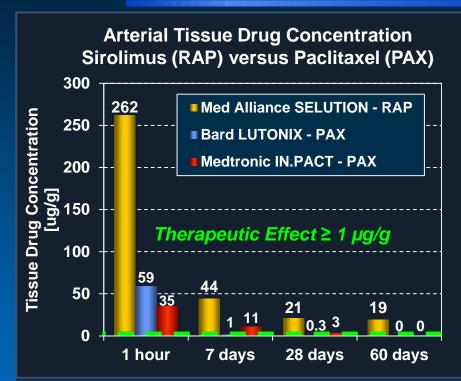
## SELUTION™ Sirolimus DCB

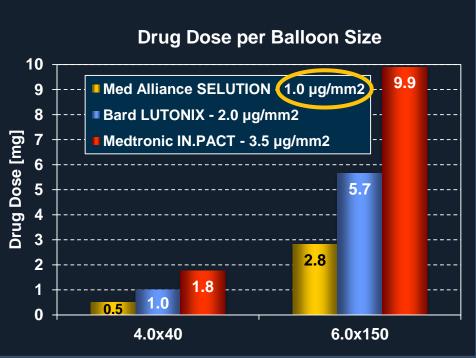
- Use of micro-reservoirs made out of biodegradable polymer intermixed with Sirolimus
  - Controlled and sustained drug release
  - Long-term distribution of Sirolimus into tissue to maintain therapeutic levels

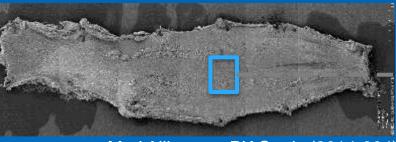


- Novel Cell Adherent Technology CAT™
  - Minimizes wash-off during insertion, tracking and lesion crossing
  - Optimizes drug transfer to tissue during short-term balloon dilatation

# SELUTION™ Sirolimus DCB

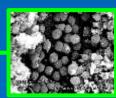






En Face Scanning Electron Microscope at 24 hours





Med Alliance – PK Study (2014-004)

Medtronic – Presentation R.J. Melder (LINC 2012)

Bard – Catheterization and Cardiovascular Interventions 83:132–140 (2014)

# SELUTION<sup>TM</sup> FIH Fem-Pop Trial

**Objective** 

To show non-inferiority of **SELUTION™ DCB** in terms of safety and efficacy for treatment of Superficial Femoral (SFA) or Popliteal (PA) Artery lesions

Design

- Prospective, Multi-Center, Single Blinded, Single Arm Controlled
- N=50

Primary Endpoint

- Angiographic Late Lumen Loss (LLL) by QVA
  - 6 months

**Secondary Endpoints** 

- Major Adverse Events (Death, TLR, Thrombosis, Amputation)
  - 6 months
- Primary Patency Freedom from CD-TLR and Restenosis by DUS
  - 6, 12 and 24 months
- Angiographic Binary Restenosis (ABR) by QVA
  - 6 months
- Composite of Freedom from Amputation and Freedom from CD-TVR
  - 12 and 24 months
- Change of ABI, WIQ and QoL
  - 6, 12 and 24 months