

Live 3D

3D 40dB Gen



144

Therapeutic Strategy for

Jae Young Choi, MD, PhD, FSCAI Severance Cardiovascular Hospital Yonsei University Health System, Seoul, Korea





Presenter Disclosure Information

I have no conflict of interest in relation to this presentation.





Multiple ASD Closure - Considerations for Treatment Options -

Expected outcome : comparison to surgery

- Safety short & long-term AE
- Efficacy

 Others – patient's comfort, cosmetic outcome, cost, better utilization of medical facility /equipment, etc.





Challenges in Closing Multiple ASDs

Number of defects : small additional defect may be missed Size of defects : reciprocal change in sizes of adjacent defects Location/Spatial relationship among defects, cardiac structures/ defect-containing area Supporting rim / Intervening septum compliance (flimsy/mobile/mesh-like..), too short, etc. Other morphologic characteristics aneurysm, multiple perforations Interference between devices





How to Solve the Problems?

RT3D guidance

Instantaneous understanding of the anatomy Identification of complex shapes and multiple defects Superior recognition of spatial relationship Comprehensive appearance of deployed device

Test occlusion of key defect(s) with sizing balloon
 Better visualization of additional defect
 Prediction of changes after device placement
 Compliance of surrounding rims and intervening septum

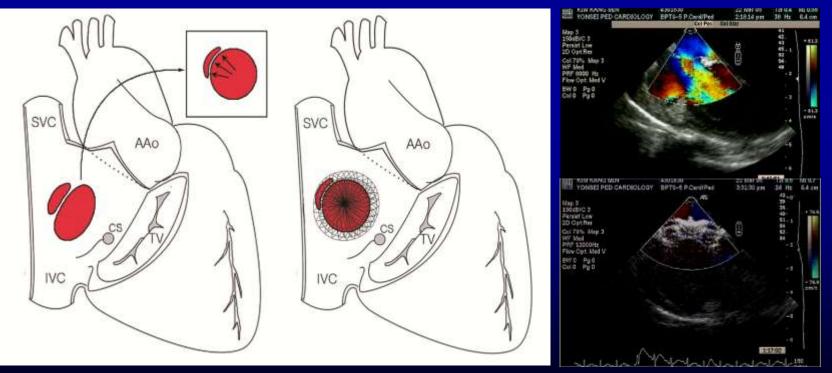
✓ Consider interference between devices
 → choose optimal combination of devices





2 defects with small additional defect in close distance (<7mm) : single regular device

- Similar closure rate as in single defect, if the distance between 2 defects <7mm Szkutnik M et al. CCI 61:237, 2004
- Balloon sizing may give an idea ; squeeze additional hole Roman KS et al. J Interv Cardiol 15:393, 2002







Sizable 2 defects in close distance (<7mm) : multiple devices (2 regular or regular + cribriform)

Consolidation into a single defect has been reported

Carano N et al. CCI 2001, Chun TUH et al. Pediatr Cardiol 2004

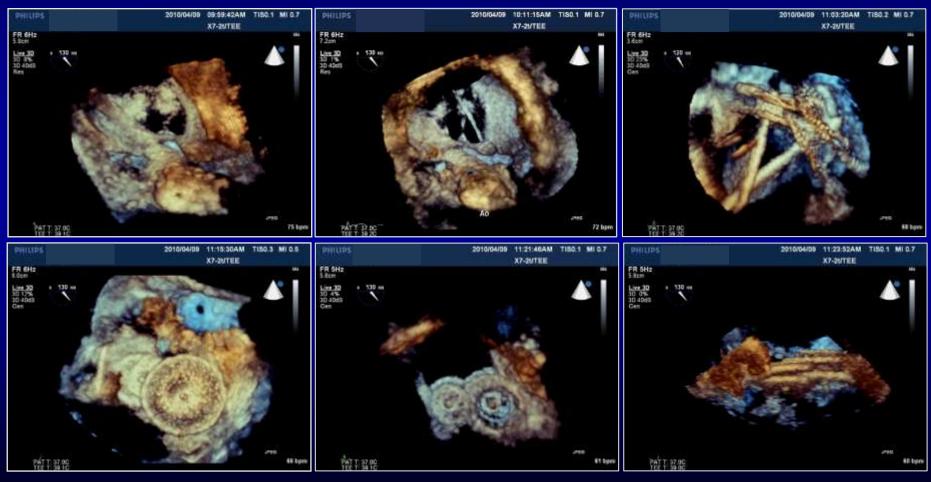


ICE guided closure of sizable nearby 2 defects



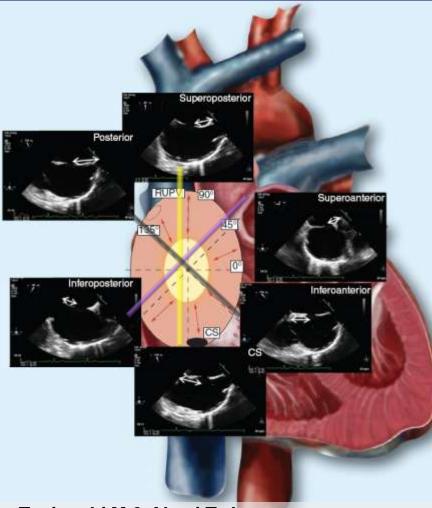
Sizable 2 defects in close distance (<7mm) : 2 regular devices or regular + cribriform

- Role of 3D echo in the closure of multiple ASDs -

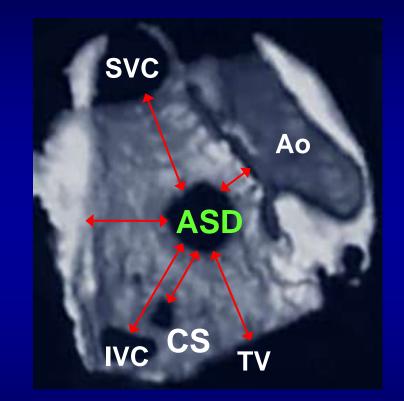




Advantage of RT3D TEE in closing multiple ASDs : Integrated information from single echo image



Taniguchi M & Akagi T. J Interv Cardiol 2011;3:679

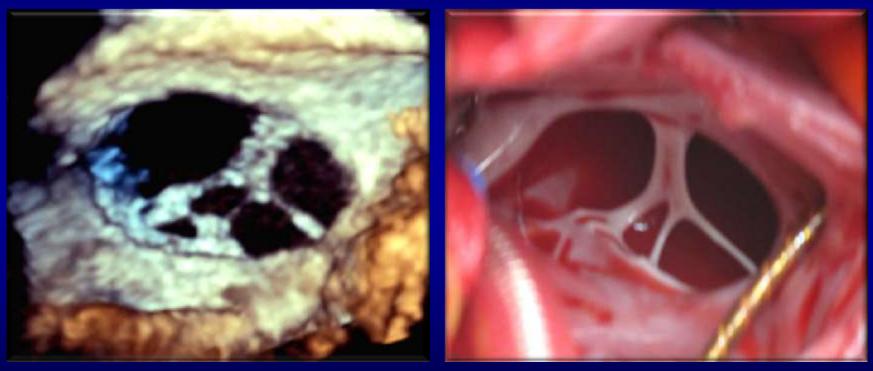


All Information in Single Echo View, Real Time!





Unfeasible Multiple Defects screened by RT3D TEE before procedure



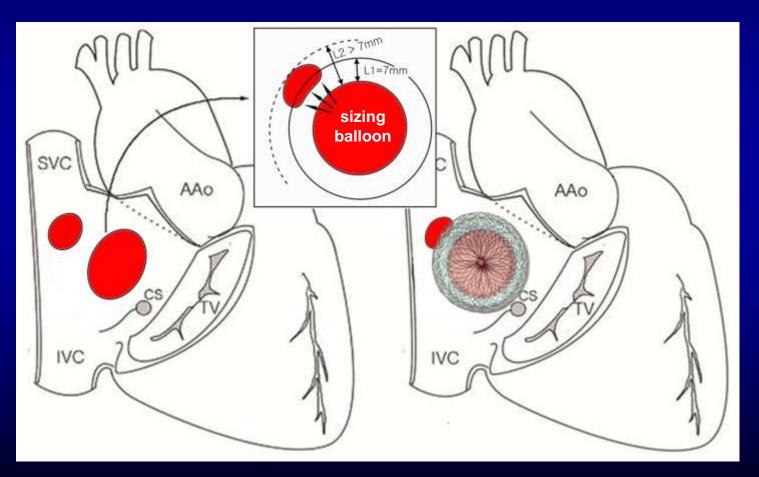
RT3D TEE

Intraoperative finding

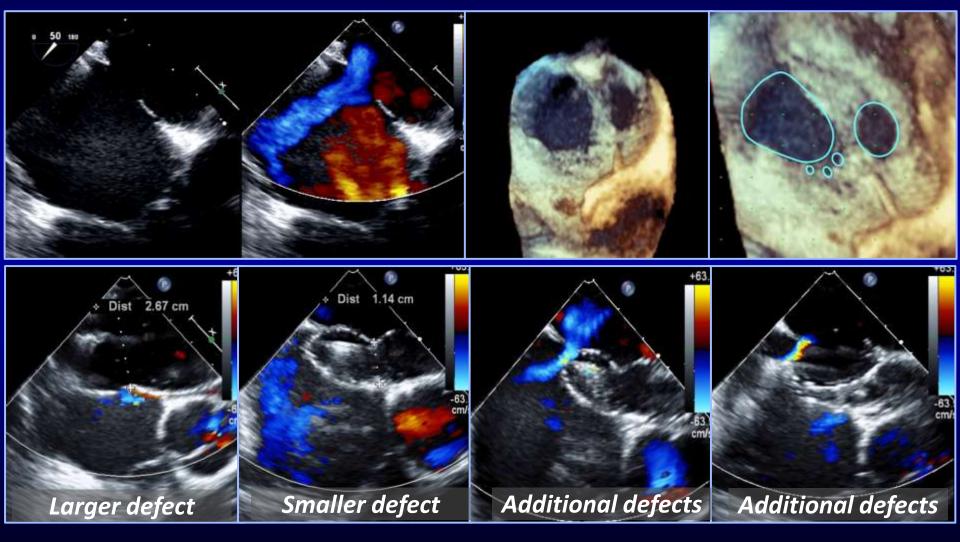




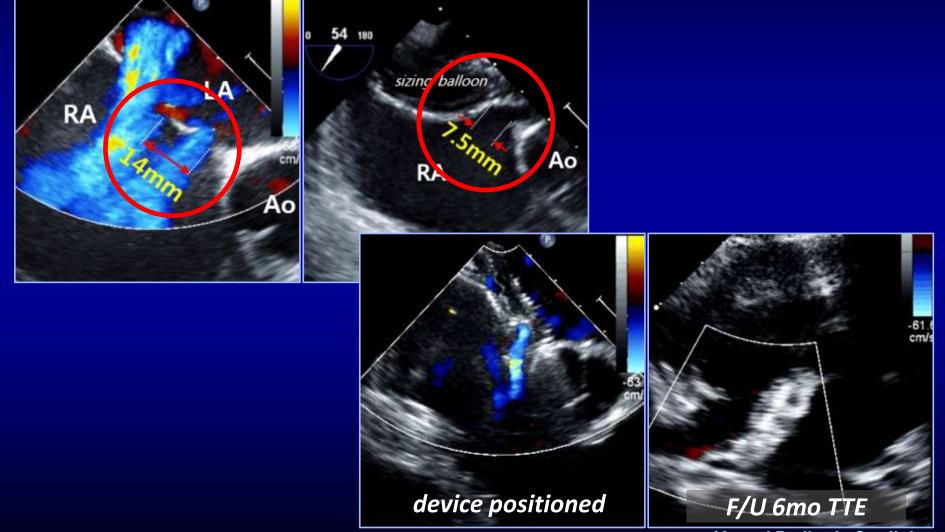
Prediction of residual shunt by sizing-balloon placement



Case : multiple defects in equivocal distance CTAP 2015 - compliance of intervening septum -



Case : multiple defects in equivocal distance TCTAP2015 - compliance of intervening septum -







2 defects apart from each other (>7mm)

: 2 regular devices (occ. regular + cribriform)

More than 3 discrete defects

: 2 or more regular devices (or regular + cribriform)

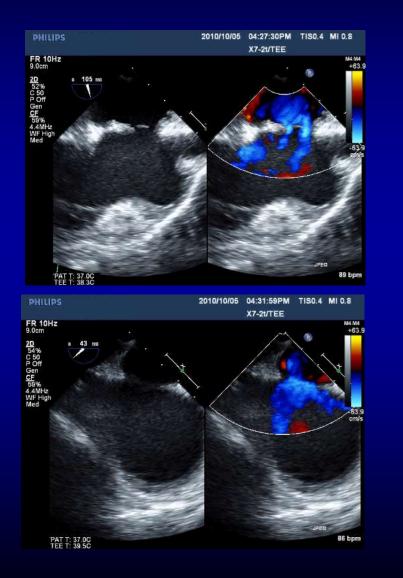








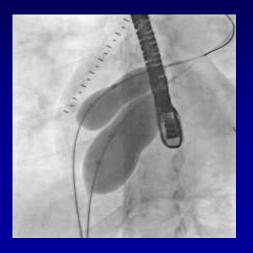
2 defects apart from each other (>7mm) Or ≥ 3 discrete defects : multiple devices

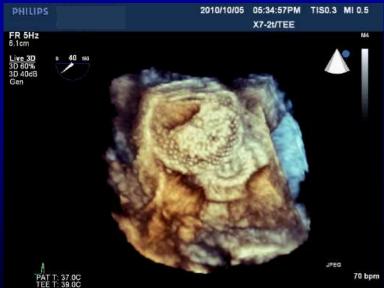




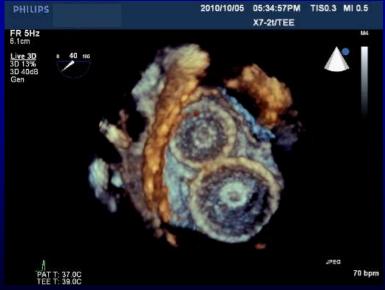


2 defects apart from each other (>7mm) Or ≥ 3 discrete defects : multiple devices













Multi-fenestrated defects +/- septal aneurysm : cribriform device +/- additional device (or balloon/blade consolidation)

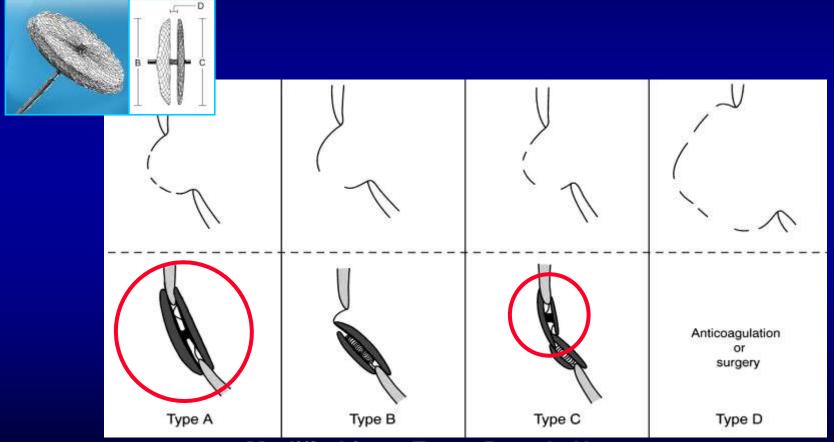
Numan M et al. Pediatr Cardiol 2008;29:530 - 81% procedural success, 92% complete closure at 1yr







Multi-fenestrated defects +/- septal aneurysm : cribriform device +/- additional device



Modified from Ewert P et al. Heart 2000

Case: Cribriform Device for Multi-perforated ASA F/56, DOE (+), Ht:155cm, Qp/Qs=2.5





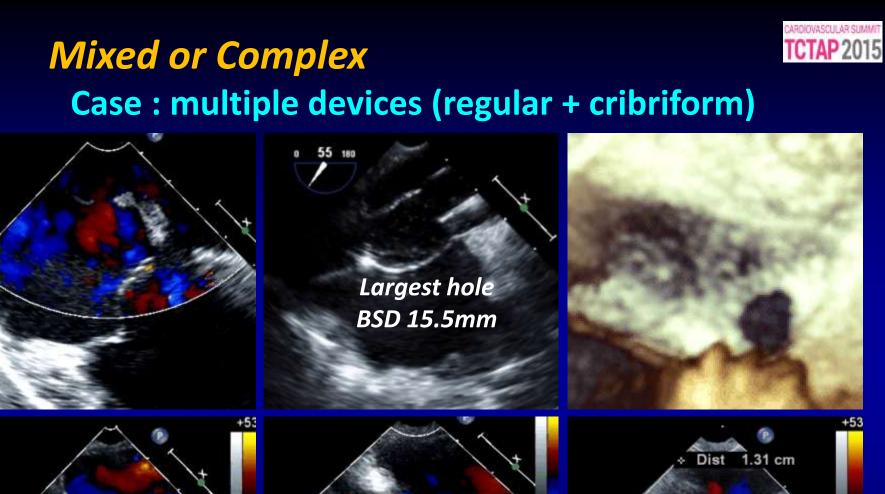


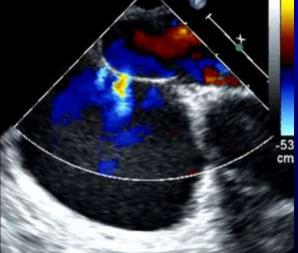


Selecting the right hole may be demanding... however, this is a crucially important step!

To pass through the large hole : use pig-tail catheter or inflated end-hole balloon catheter

To pass through small holes : try to pass after occlusion of the large hole(s) with inflated sizing-balloon

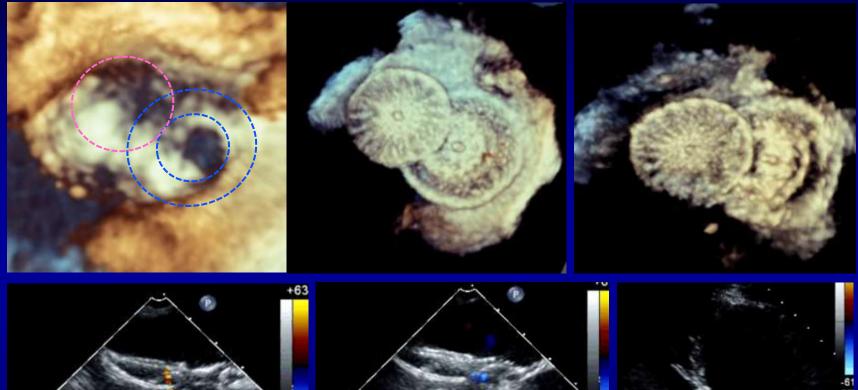


















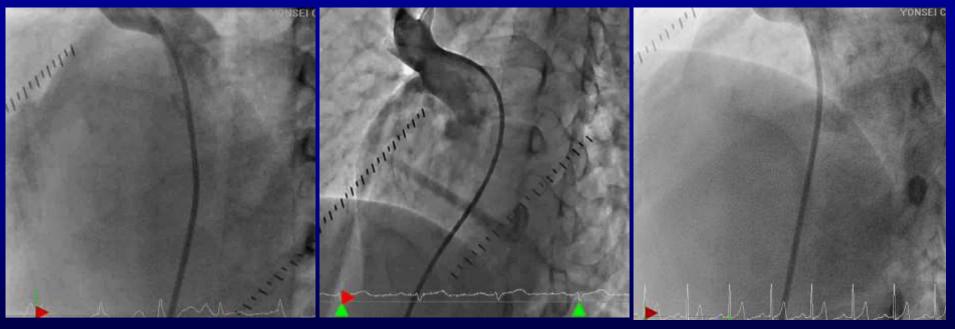
Yonsei Pediatric Cardiology





Techniques for Closure of Multiple Defects Using Multiple Devices

- Mid to long-term complete closure rate : 88~100%
- Awad SM et al. CCI 70:265, 2007, Mahadevan VS et al. IJC 133:359, 2009 - Needs more sophisticated strategy than single-device closure



Interleaving

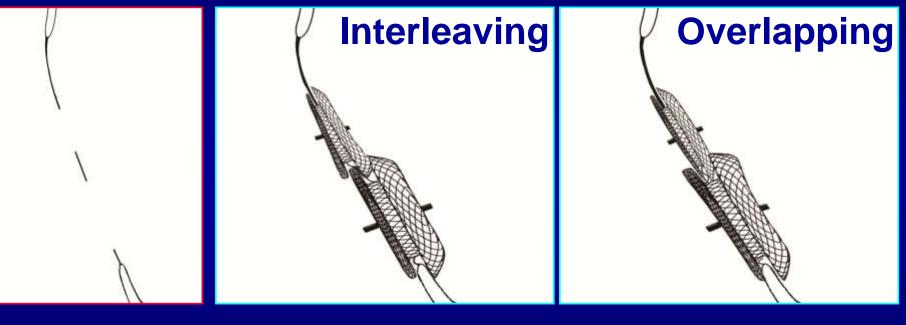
Overlapping

Classic + Cribriform





Techniques for Closure of Multiple Defects using multiple devices



lower profile
theoretical advantage of less thrombogenicity

Roman KS et al. J Interv Cardiol 15:393, 2002

- both atrial discs of smaller device in between the discs of larger device
- applicable for residual shunt after prior procedure



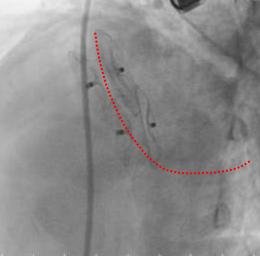


Is Interleaving Technique Always Better?



Interleaving: less bulky

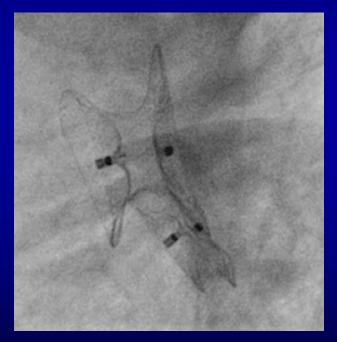








Interference between Devices relevant to Implantation Techniques



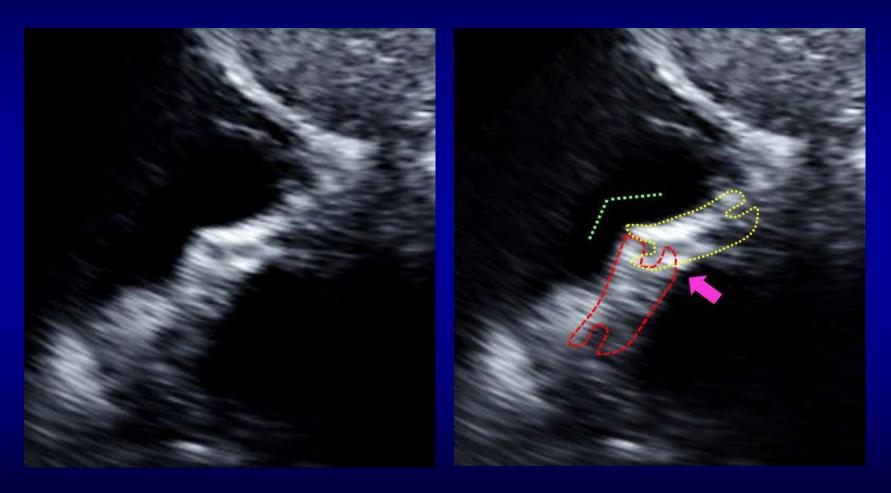
 Incomplete approximation of both atrial discs
 Oversizing
 Defective product
 ???

unacceptable interference between devices





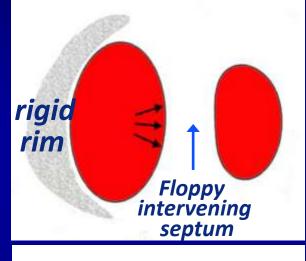
Undesirable Device Interference : mechanism and how to minimize?

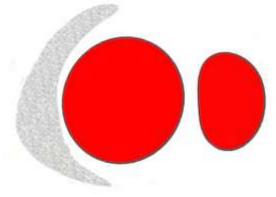


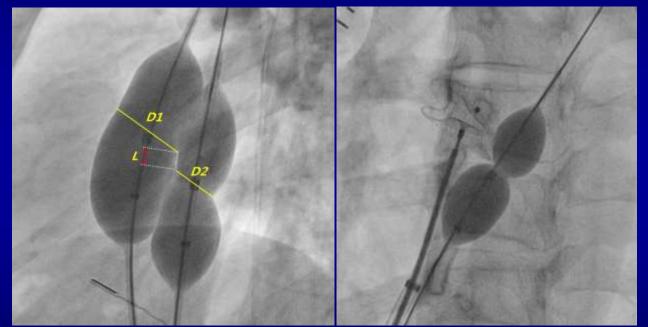




Physical properties of surrounding rims & intervening septum



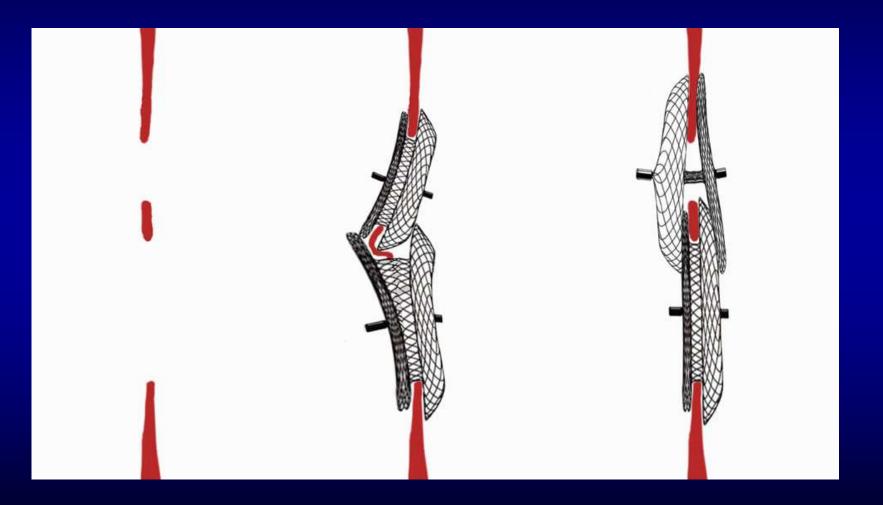








How to Minimize Interference btw Devices?







Conclusion

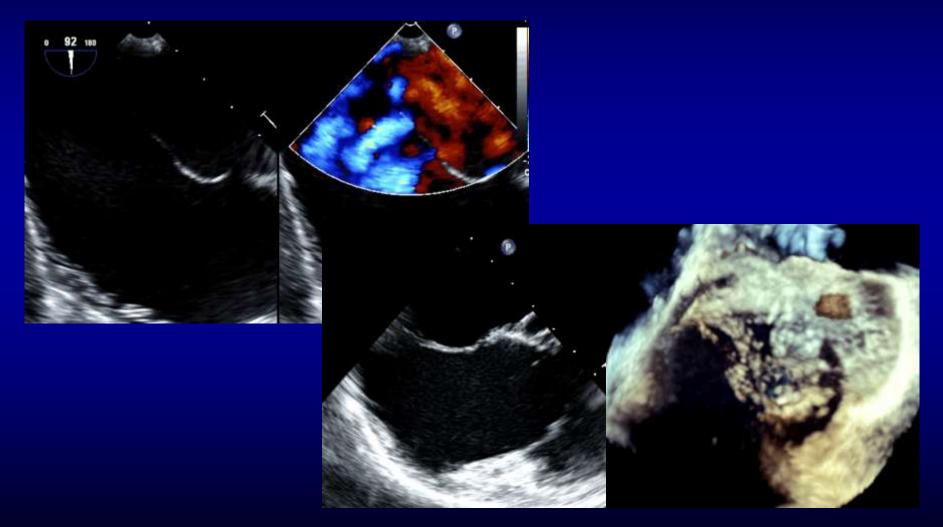
- Be aware of the basic principles to closed multiple defects
- Be familiar with the strengths & limitations of equipment / techniques
- ✓ Don't burn your boat
 - : Surgery is a good alternative!
- Meticulous and individualized strategy for each patient are mandatory to maximize the efficacy and safety
 - : Think creatively!

Thank you for your attention !!



Case : multiple defects with extensive defect-containing area & mesh-like intervening septum

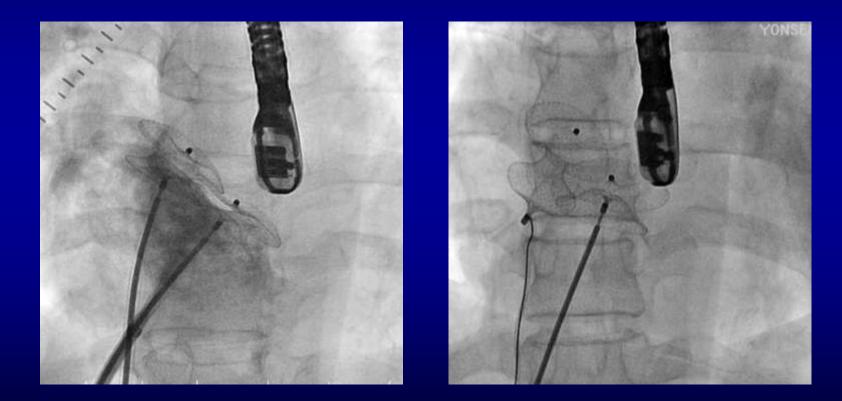








Case : multiple defects with extensive defect-containing area & mesh-like intervening septum







Case : multiple defects with extensive defect-containing area & mesh-like intervening septum

