

14 Year's Journey Of AMC TAVR

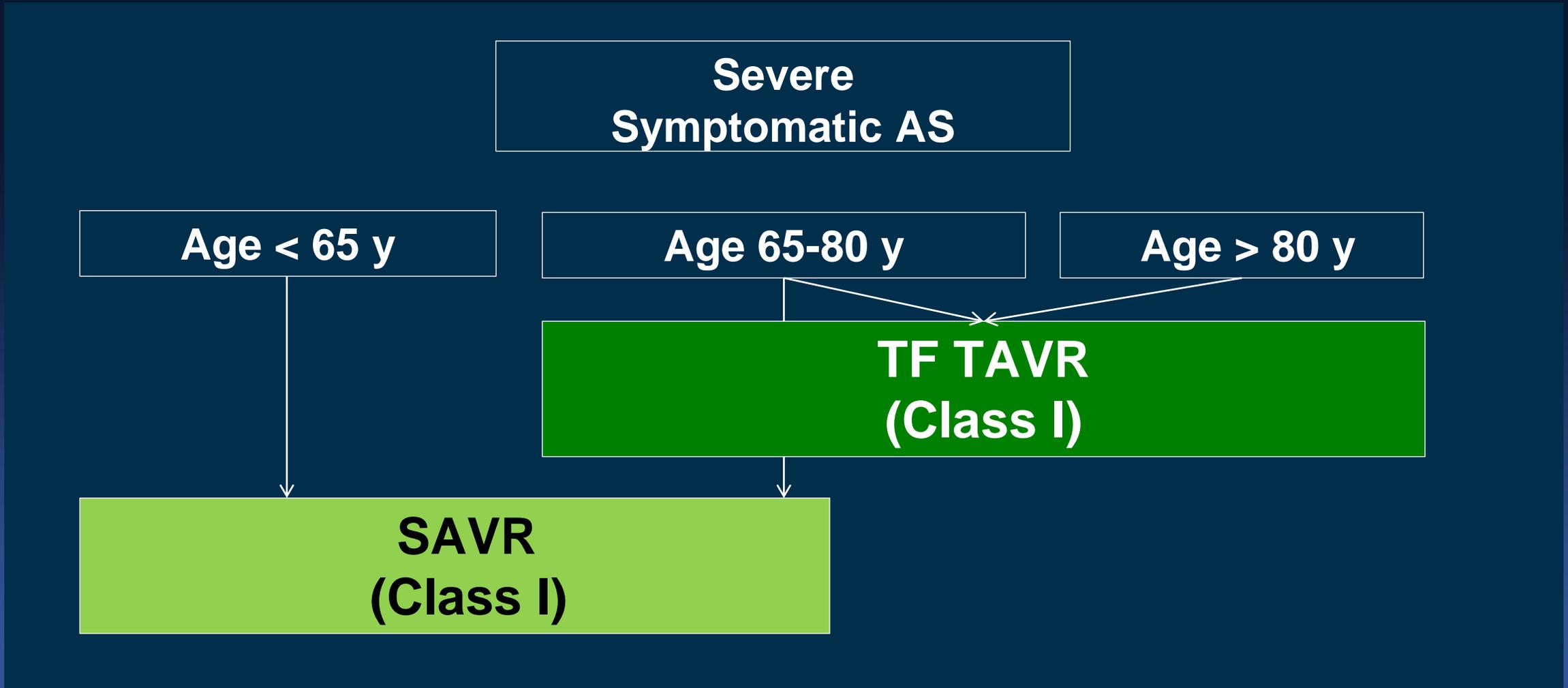
Seung-Jung Park, MD, PhD

Professor of Medicine, University of Ulsan College of Medicine,
Heart Institute, Asan Medical Center, Seoul, Korea

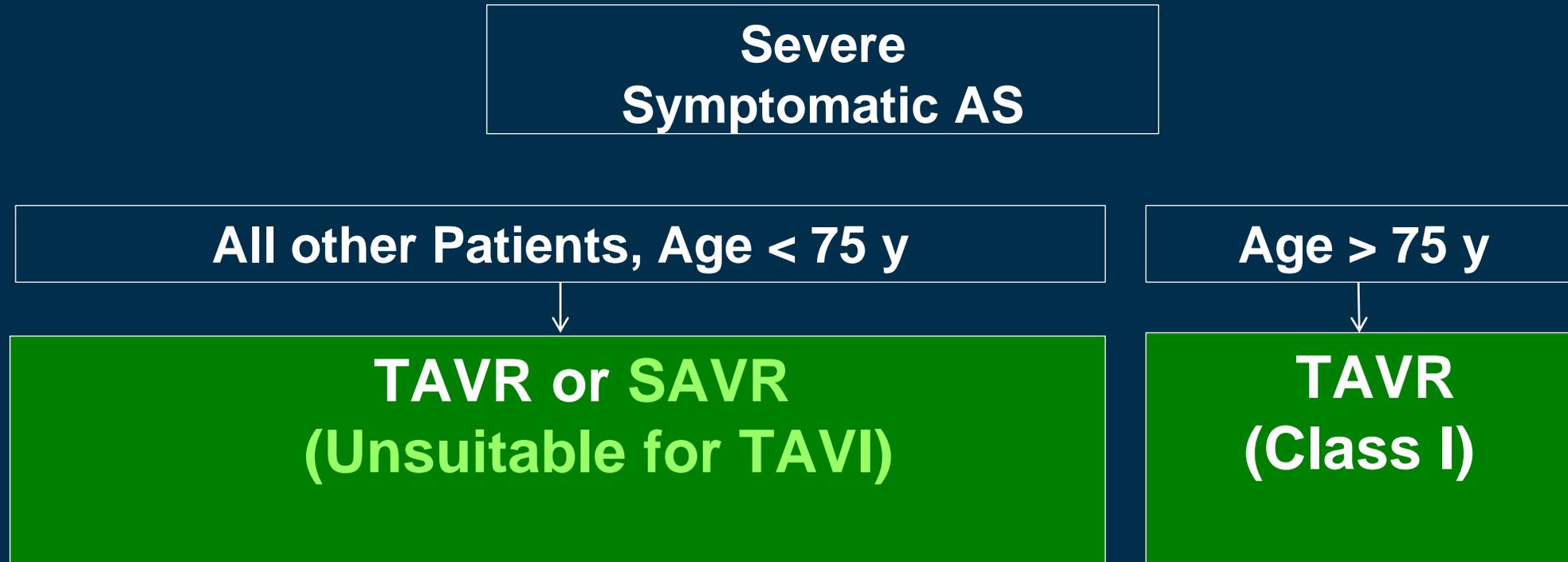
Current Status of TAVR

2023

2020 AHA/ACC Guidelines



2021 ESC/EACTS Guidelines



2023 Practical Guidelines

Severe
Symptomatic AS

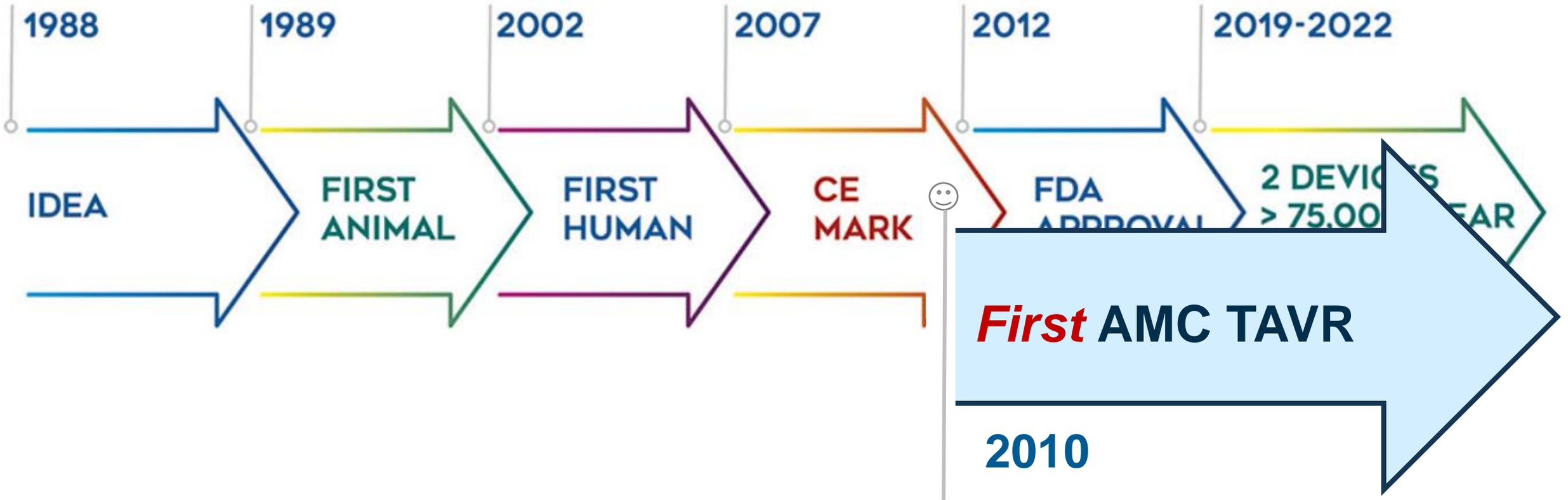
Patients Who Needs A Tissue Valve



TAVI or
SAVR for Only Unsuitable TAVI

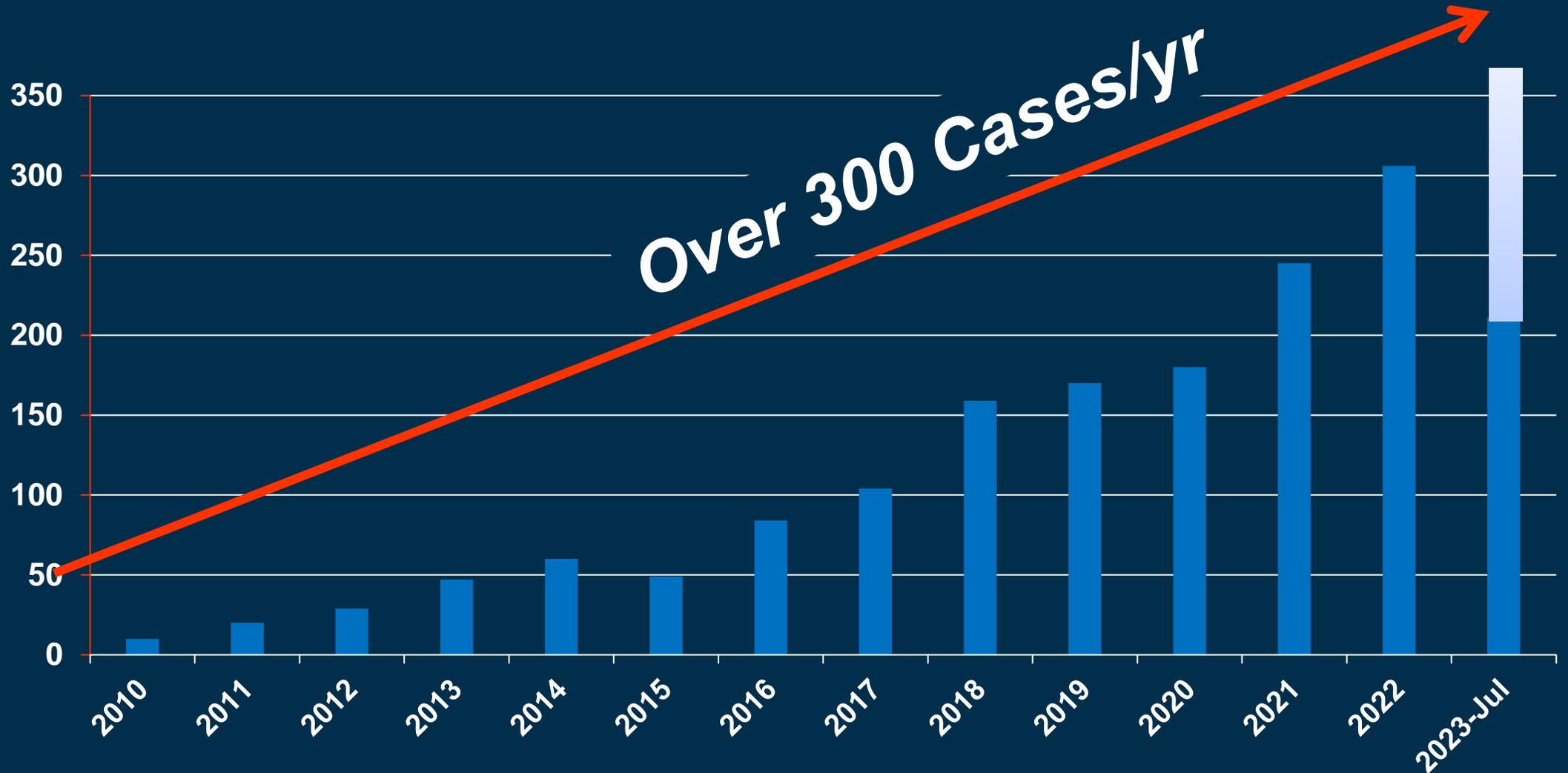
***First AMC TAVR
Was Started at 2010***

Timeline in Evolution of TAVR



TAVR Case Increased at AMC (Total no=1485)

TAVR No.



Almost Perfect !!

<u>Procedural Success Rate</u>	<u>99.5%</u>
All-cause mortality	1.3%
Major (disabling) strokes	0.3%
Major vascular complications	4.2%
New permanent pacemakers	6.8%
Mod-severe PVR	0.4%

TAVR in AMC

What is the Difference ?

TAVR in AMC

1. Perfect “Heart Team” Collaboration
2. “Minimalist Approach” (MAC)
Simplify the Procedure
3. “AMC CT Algorithm” for Device Selection.
Pre-TAVR Meticulous CT Measurement

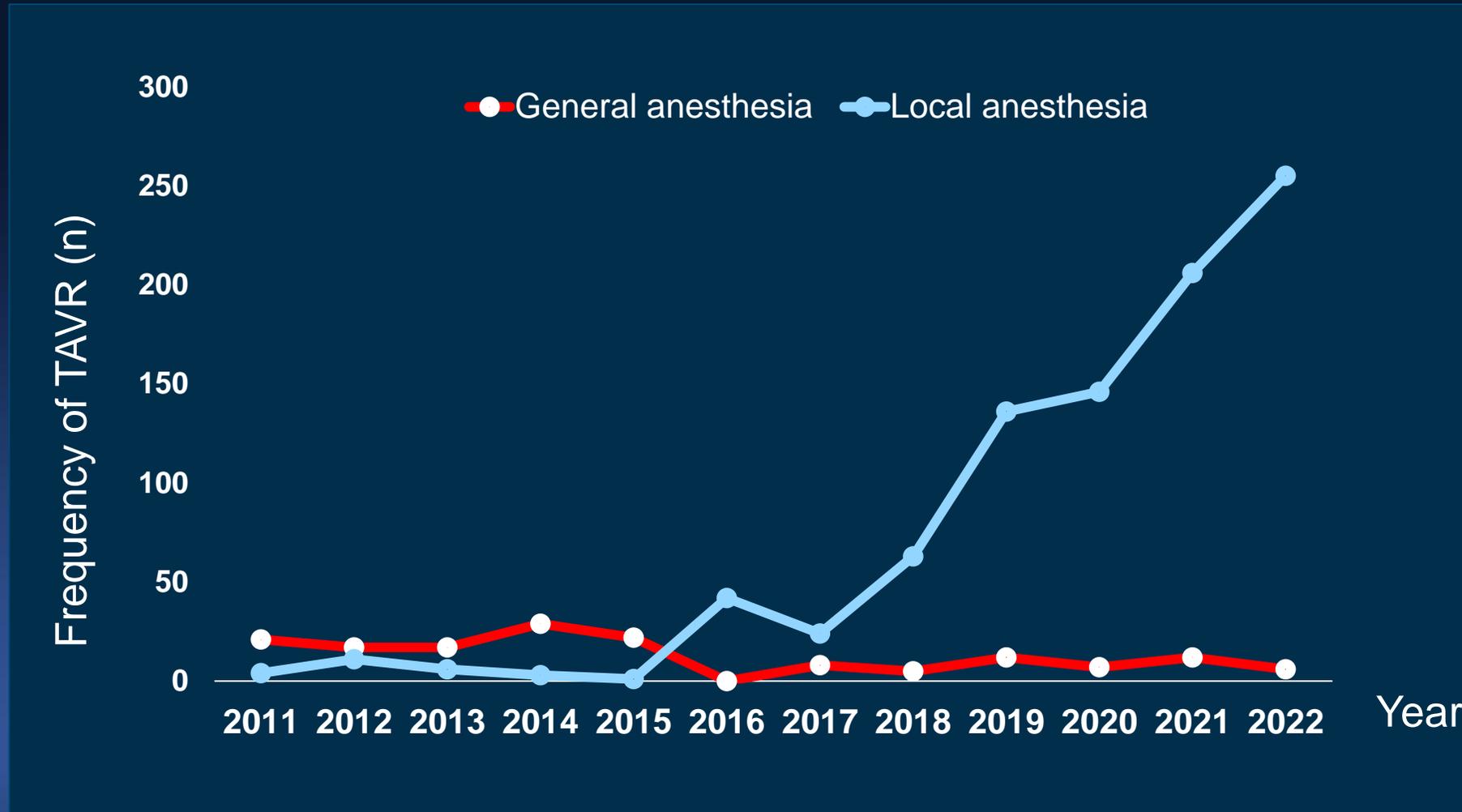
Perfect “Heart Team” Collaboration

AMC Smart Cardiac Surgeons Send
the Patients to Cardiologists for TAVR.

“Minimalist Approach”

1. No General Anesthesia,
2. No TEE
3. 30 min. Procedure
4. No Complications
5. One Day stay in CCU
6. Discharge on Day #3
7. Cardiac Rehabilitation Program

“Minimalist Approach” in 99%



“AMC CT Algorithm”
for Size Selection

Major Key
for 99.5% of Procedural Success

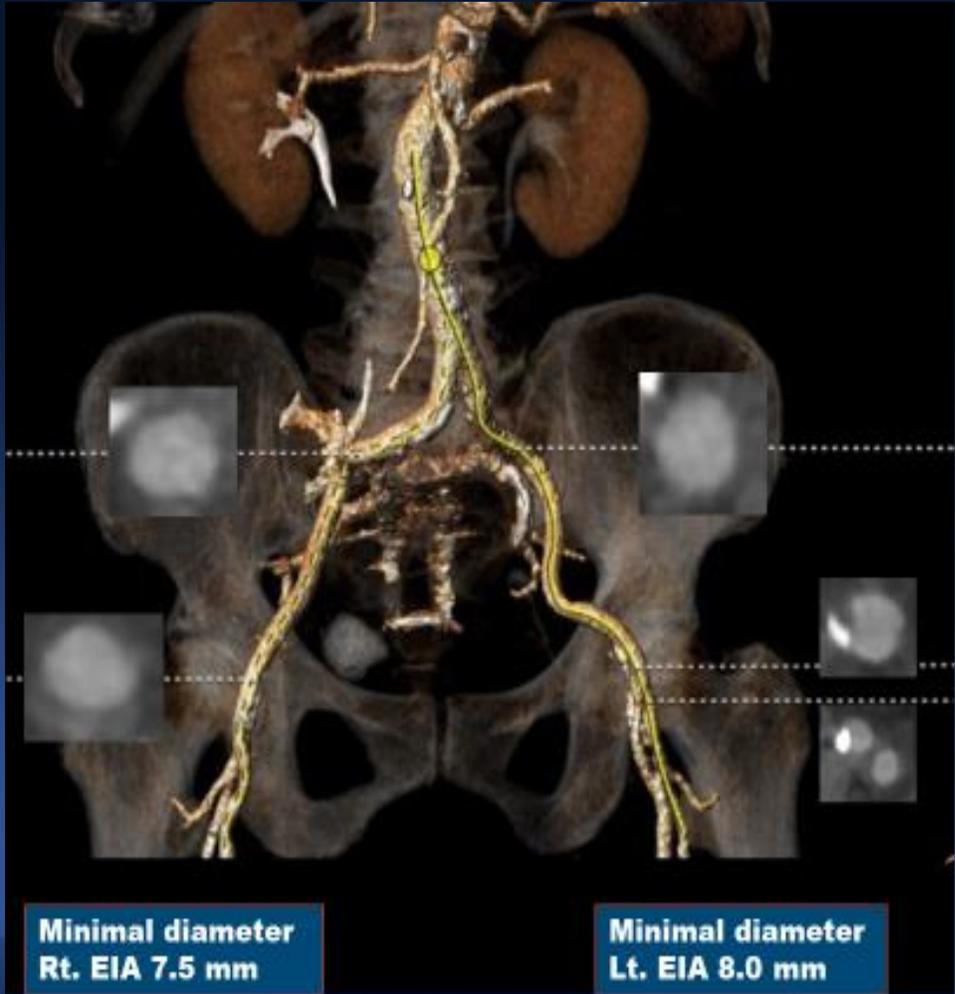
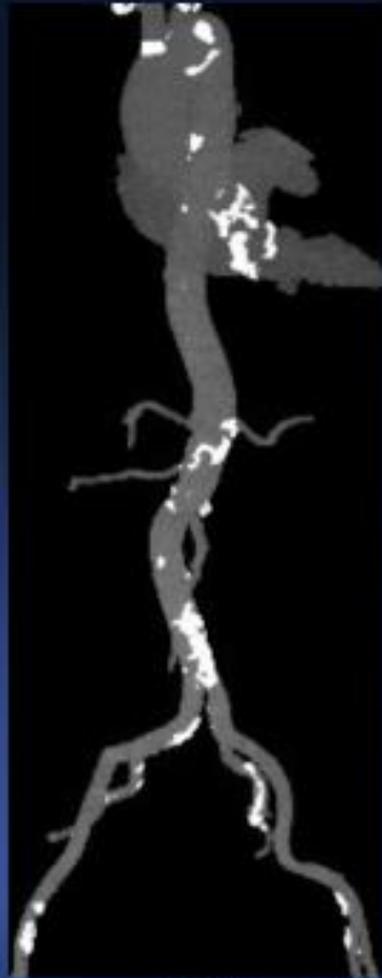
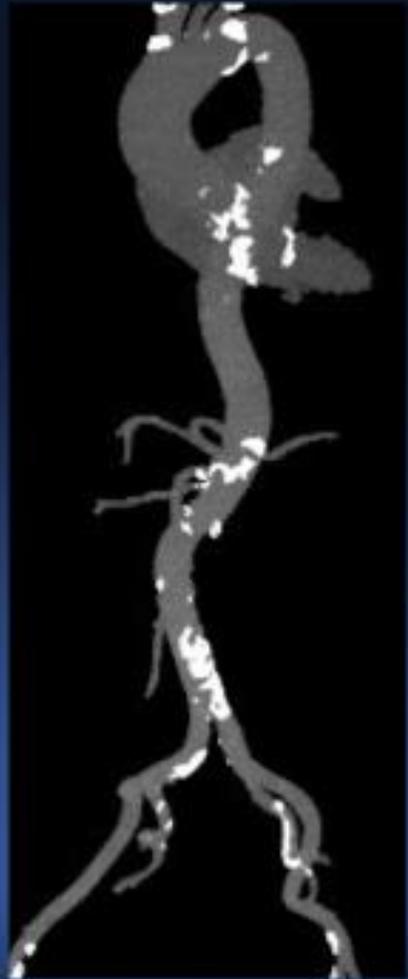
Anatomic Risk for TAVR

- Aortic valve size
- Heavy Calcification
- Low coronary height
- Coronary artery disease
- Porcelain aorta
- Bicuspid AV
- Bicuspid aortopathy
- Vascular access

CT Analysis for TAVR

1. Aortic, Iliac and Femoral Anatomy
2. Aortic Annulus Size
3. Structure Around The Valve
(Sinus of Valsalva, STJ, LVOT)
4. Calcium (Amount, Distribution)
5. Coronary Disease, Coronary Height

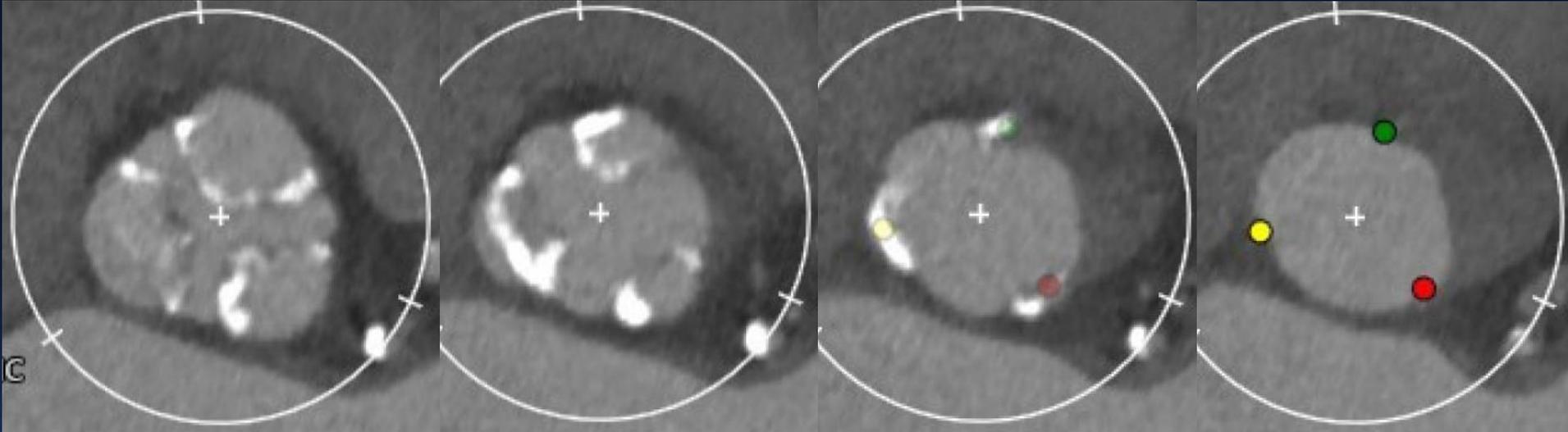
Aortic, Iliac and Femoral Artery Anatomy



Minimal diameter
Rt. EIA 7.5 mm

Minimal diameter
Lt. EIA 8.0 mm

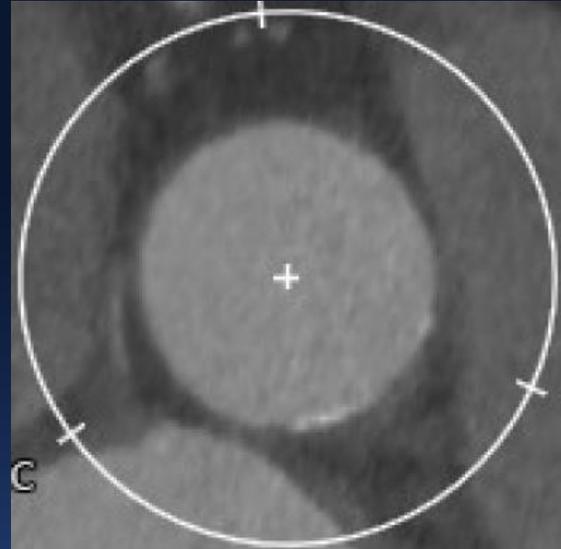
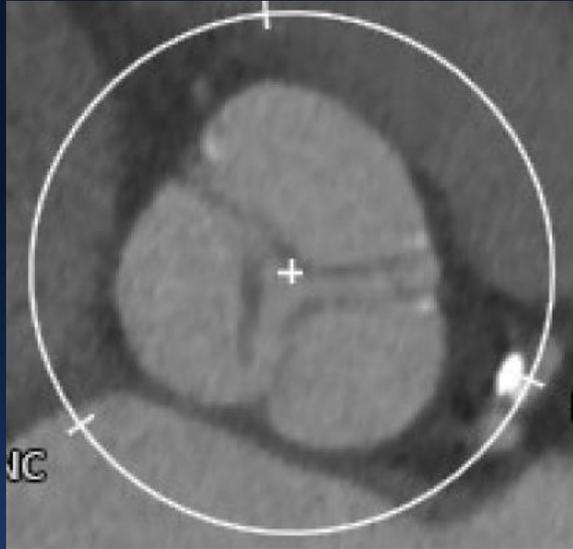
Aortic Annulus View, Annulus Size



Aortic Annulus parameters

Annulus short diameter	21.8 mm
→ Annulus long diameter	25.6 mm
Annulus mean diameter	23.7 mm
→ Annulus area	435 mm ²
Annulus area-driven diameter	23.5 mm
Annulus perimeter	74.5 mm
Annulus perimeter-driven diameter	23.7 mm

Structure Around the Aortic Valve (Sinus of Valsalva, STJ, LVOT)



Sinus of Valsalva		STJ	
Area	830 mm ²	Area	630 mm ²
Sinus / Annulus Area Ratio	1.91	STJ/ Annulus Area Ratio	1.45
NCC diameter	30.6 mm	Mean diameter	28.2 mm
LCC diameter	33.5 mm		
RCC diameter	31.0 mm		

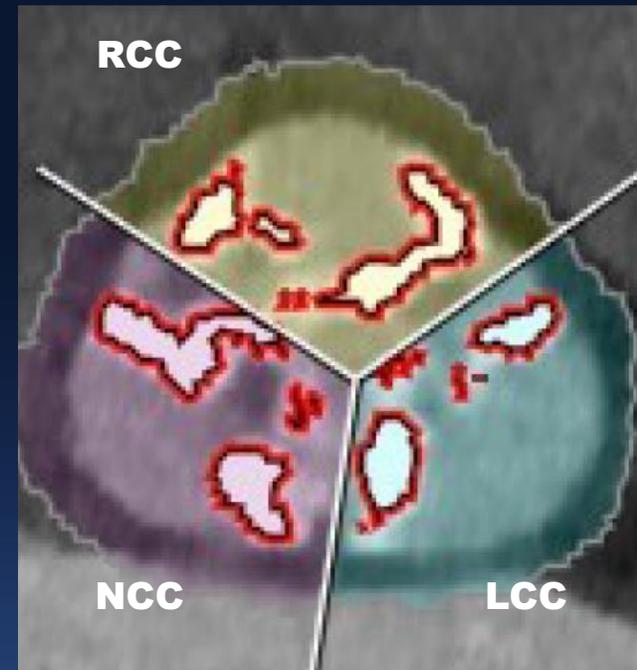
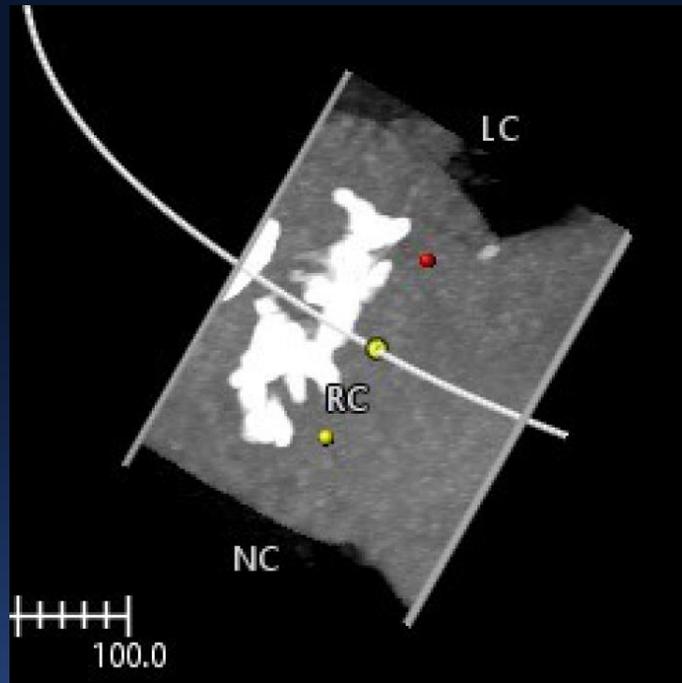
Mean Ratio **1.83 ± 0.27**

Mean Ratio **1.49 ± 0.29**

LVOT	
Area	407 mm ²
LVOT / Annulus Area Ratio	0.98
Short diameter	18.5 mm
Long diameter	26.9 mm

Mean Ratio **0.95 ± 0.16**

Calcium Amount, Location and Distribution



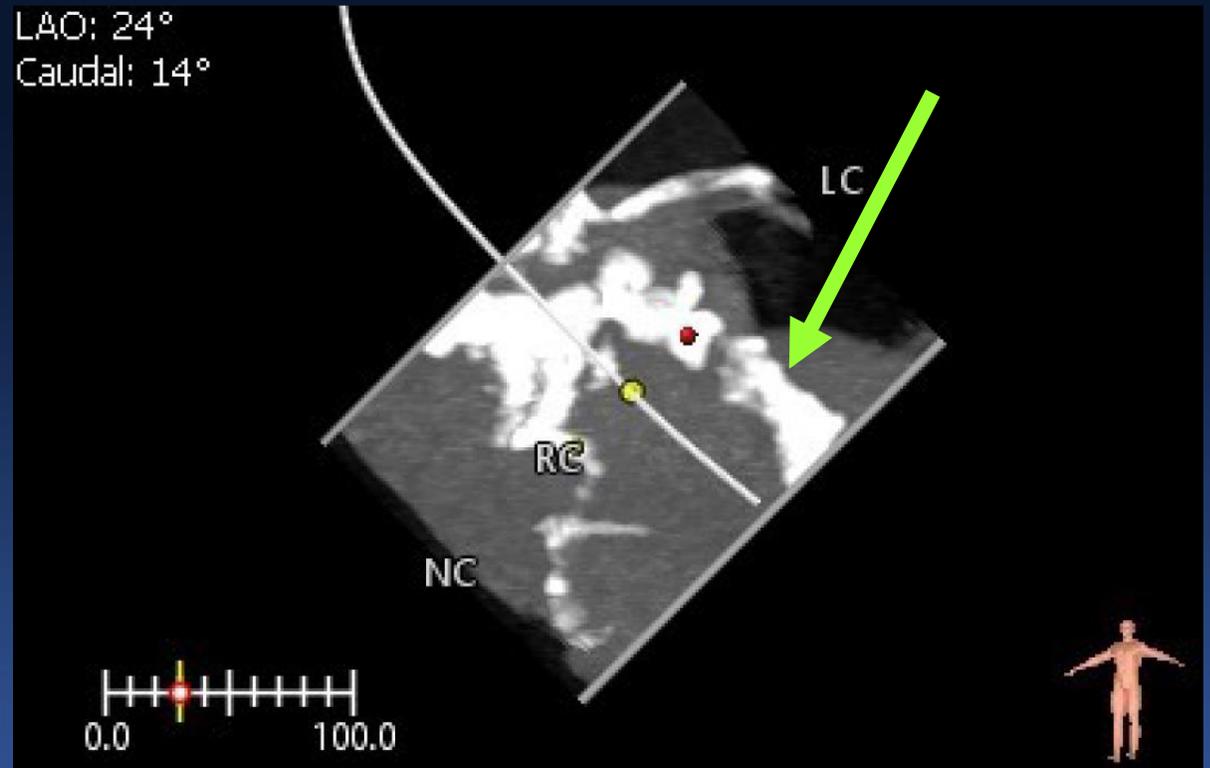
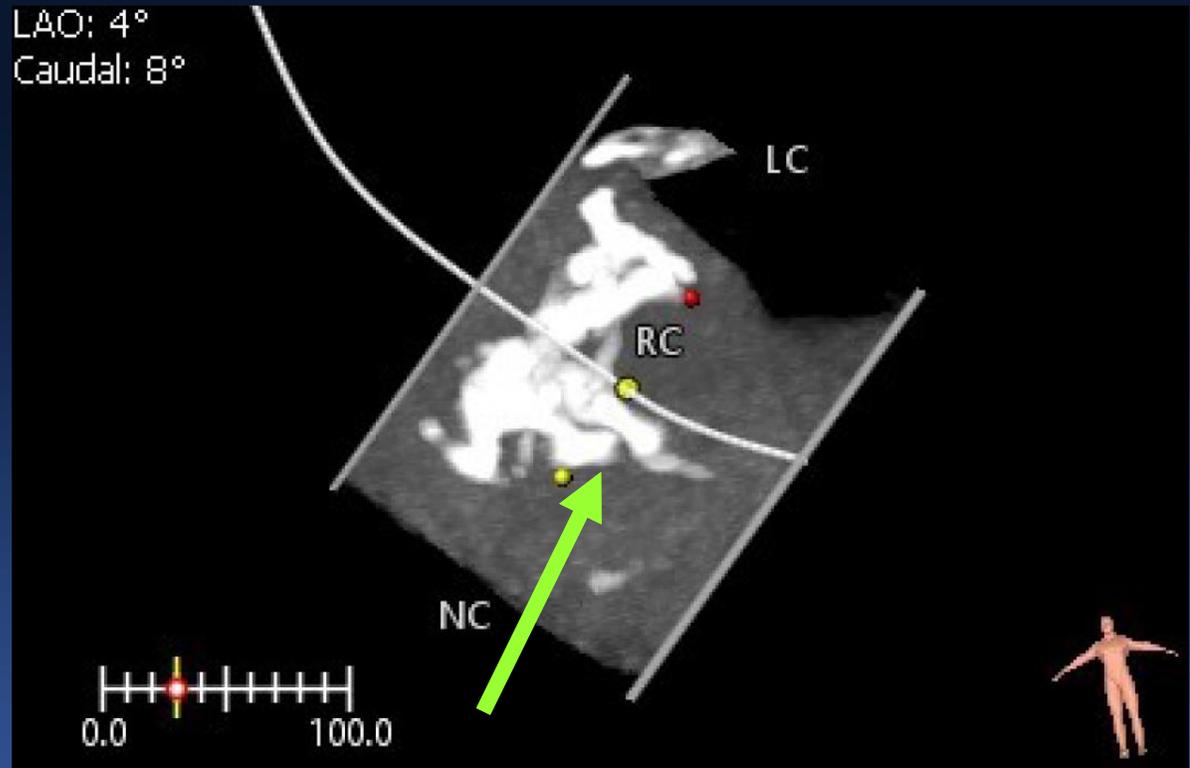
Calcium volume	
NCC	723 mm ³
RCC	438 mm ³
LCC	472 mm ³
Total	1633 mm ³



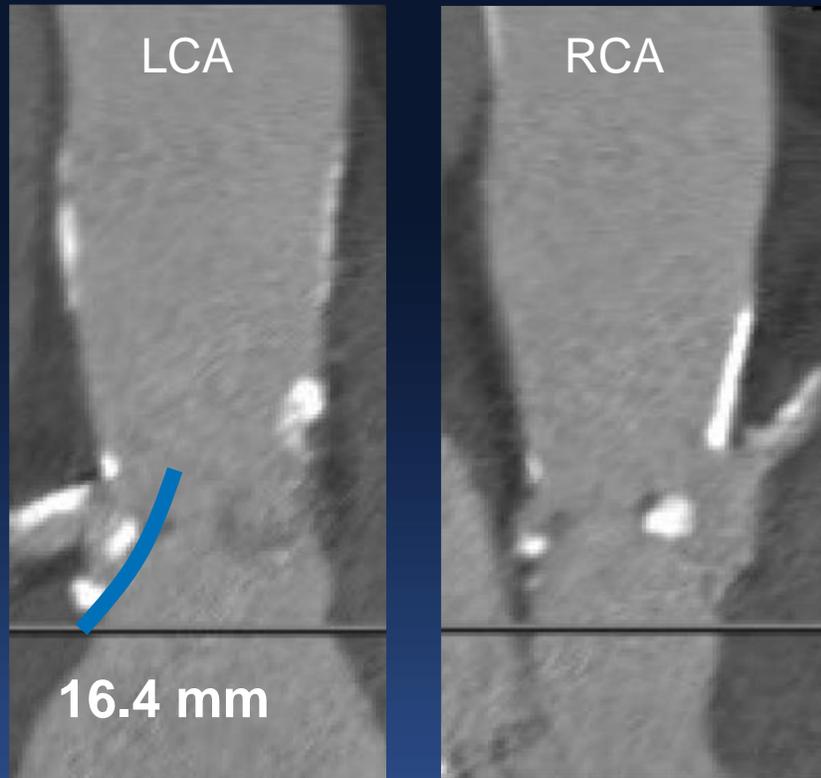
Mean Amount of total Calcium **355.4 ± 289.9**

Heavy Calcium

Calcification Extended to LVOT



High Risk Of Coronary Obstruction



Low Coronary Height, 10 mm
Long LCC Leaflet, 16.4 mm
Heavy Calcium, 1320 mm³
Small Sinus Valsalva Ratio, 1.62

High Risk of Coronary Obstruction !

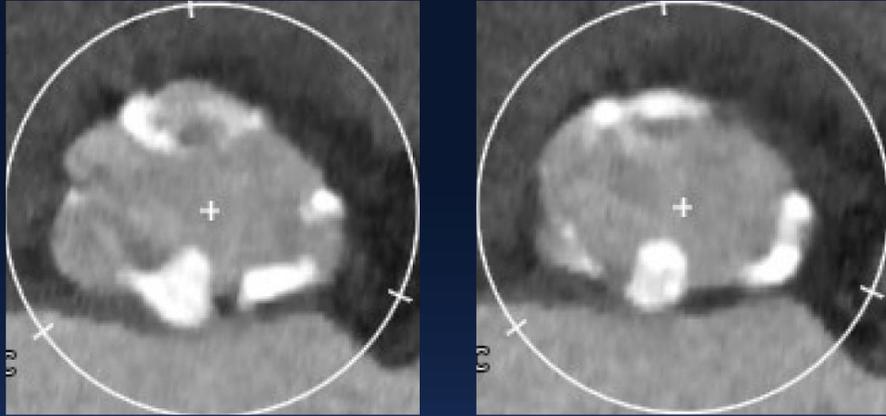
Coronary Height	
LCA	10.0 mm
RCA	17.5 mm



Case 1

90/M with Tricuspid AS

Case #1, 90/M with Tricuspid AS



Moderate Calcium

Aortic Annulus parameters	
Annulus short diameter	20.8 mm
Annulus long diameter	30.8 mm
Annulus mean diameter	25.8 mm
Annulus area	507 mm ²
Annulus area-driven diameter	25.4 mm
Annulus perimeter	82.8 mm
Annulus perimeter-driven diameter	26.3 mm

Calcium volume	
NCC	320 mm ³
RCC	134 mm ³
LCC	222 mm ³
Total	676 mm ³

Mean Amount of total Calcium **355.4 ± 289.9**

S3, 26mm with 2cc Overfill (10% Oversizing)

Size	Area_oversize (%)	Perimeter_oversize (%)
24	87.9	90.1
25	95.3	93.8
26	102.3	97.5
27	110.3	101.3
28	118.6	105.0
29	128.0	109.0
30	137.0	112.8



Calcium Amount Is Major Determinant !
For the Device Sizing.

S3, Area Oversizing Based on Calcium Amount

15% Is Cutoff

- **Mild Calcification**
(Ca volume $< 400 \text{ mm}^3$)
- **Moderate Calcification**
(Ca volume $400\text{-}1000 \text{ mm}^3$)
- **Severe Calcification**
(Ca volume $> 1000 \text{ mm}^3$)
- **Bicuspid AS and Heavy Calcification**

10~15%, then Overfill

5~10%, then Overfill

0~5%, then Overfill

0%, then Overfill

Adjusting S3 Sizing By Balloon Volume (Over or Under filled)

22 mm	- 1cc
23 mm	
24 mm	+ 1cc
25 mm	- 2cc
26 mm	
27mm	+ 2cc
28mm	- 3cc
29 mm	
30 mm	+ 3cc

Case 2

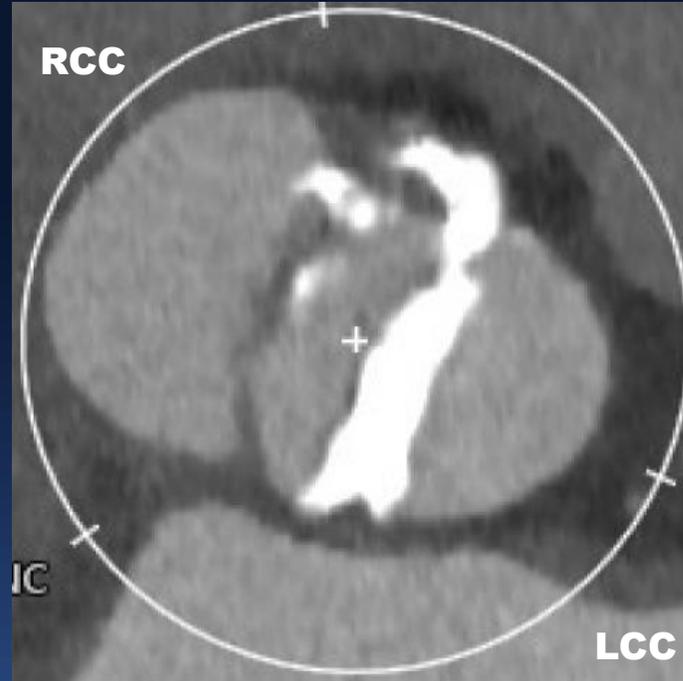
79/M with Bicuspid AS

Case #2, M/79 with Bicuspid AS



Aortic Annulus parameters	
Annulus short diameter	26.0 mm
→ Annulus long diameter	28.6 mm
Annulus mean diameter	27.3 mm
→ Annulus area	589 mm ²
Annulus area-driven diameter	27.4 mm
Annulus perimeter	86.5 mm
Annulus perimeter-driven diameter	27.5 mm

Calcium Amount



Calcium volume	
RCC	616 mm ³
LCC	48 mm ³
Total	664 mm ³

Moderate Calcium

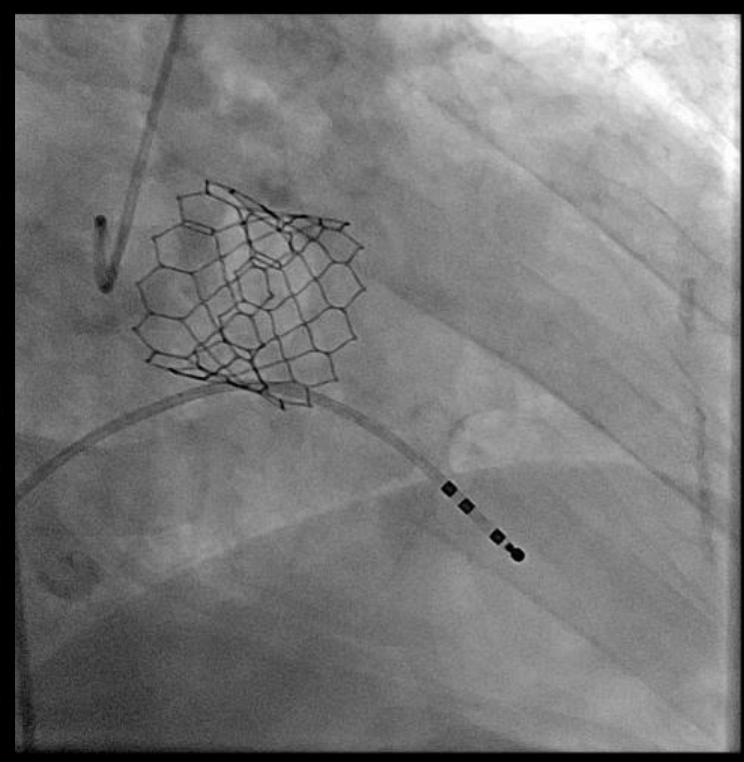
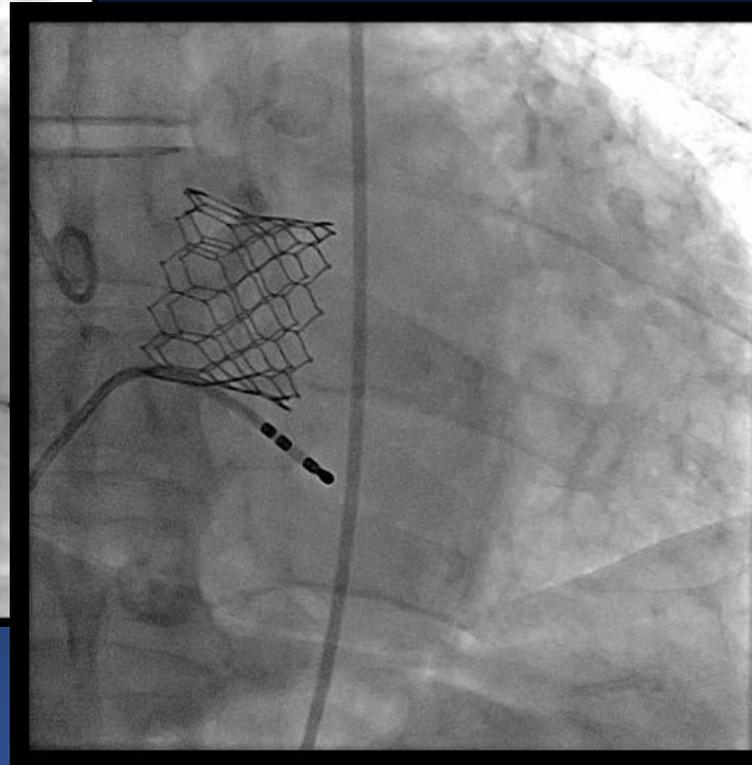
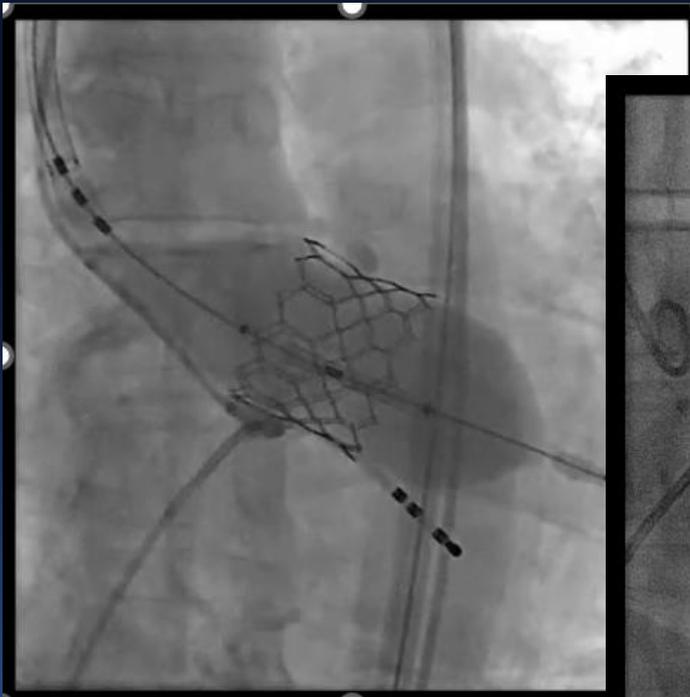
Mean Amount of total Calcium 355.4 ± 289.9

S3, 29mm with 3cc Underfill (2% Oversizing)

Size	Area_oversize (%)	Perimeter_oversize (%)
24	75.6	86.2
25	82.0	89.8
26	88.1	93.3
27	95.0	96.9
28	102.2	100.5
29	110.2	104.4
30	117.9	108.0



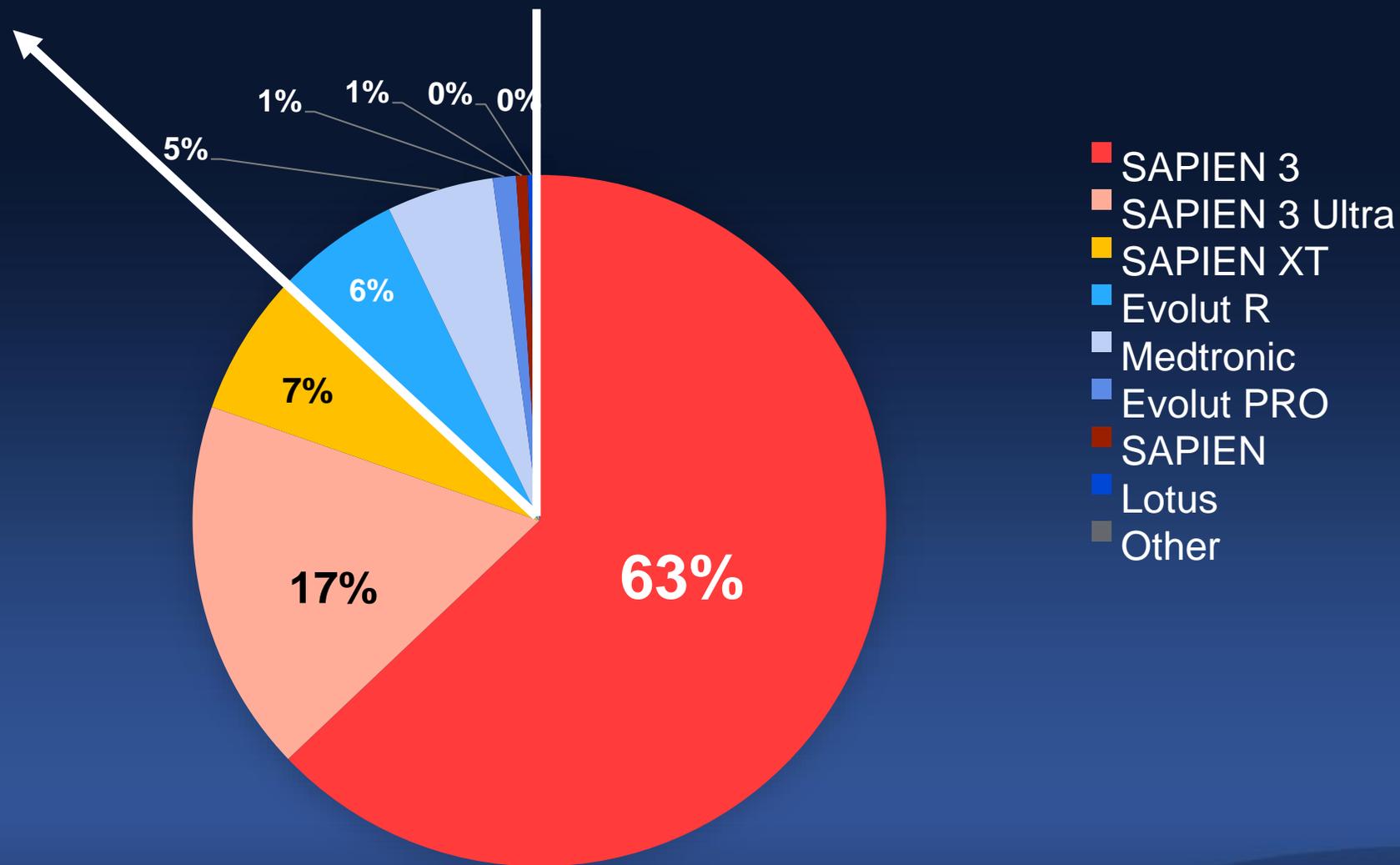
S3, 29mm with 3cc Underfill (2% Oversizing)



Perfect Result !
No PVL

Clinical Outcomes of **AMC TAVR**

TAVR Devices in AMC



TAVR in AMC

	N = 1485
Age, years	80.2 ± 5.91
Male sex	689 (46.40%)
BMI, kg/m ²	25.26 ± 4.9
STS risk score (%)	4.1 ± 2.7
DM	533 (35.9%)
Hypertension	1157 (77.9%)
Atrial fibrillation	248 (16.7%)
Coronary artery disease	588 (39.6%)
Previous MI	58 (3.9%)
Previous stroke	174 (11.7%)
Peripheral vascular disease	63 (4.2%)
Chronic Kidney Disease	123 (8.3%)
COPD	161 (10.8%)
LV Ejection fraction, %	59.0 ± 11.3



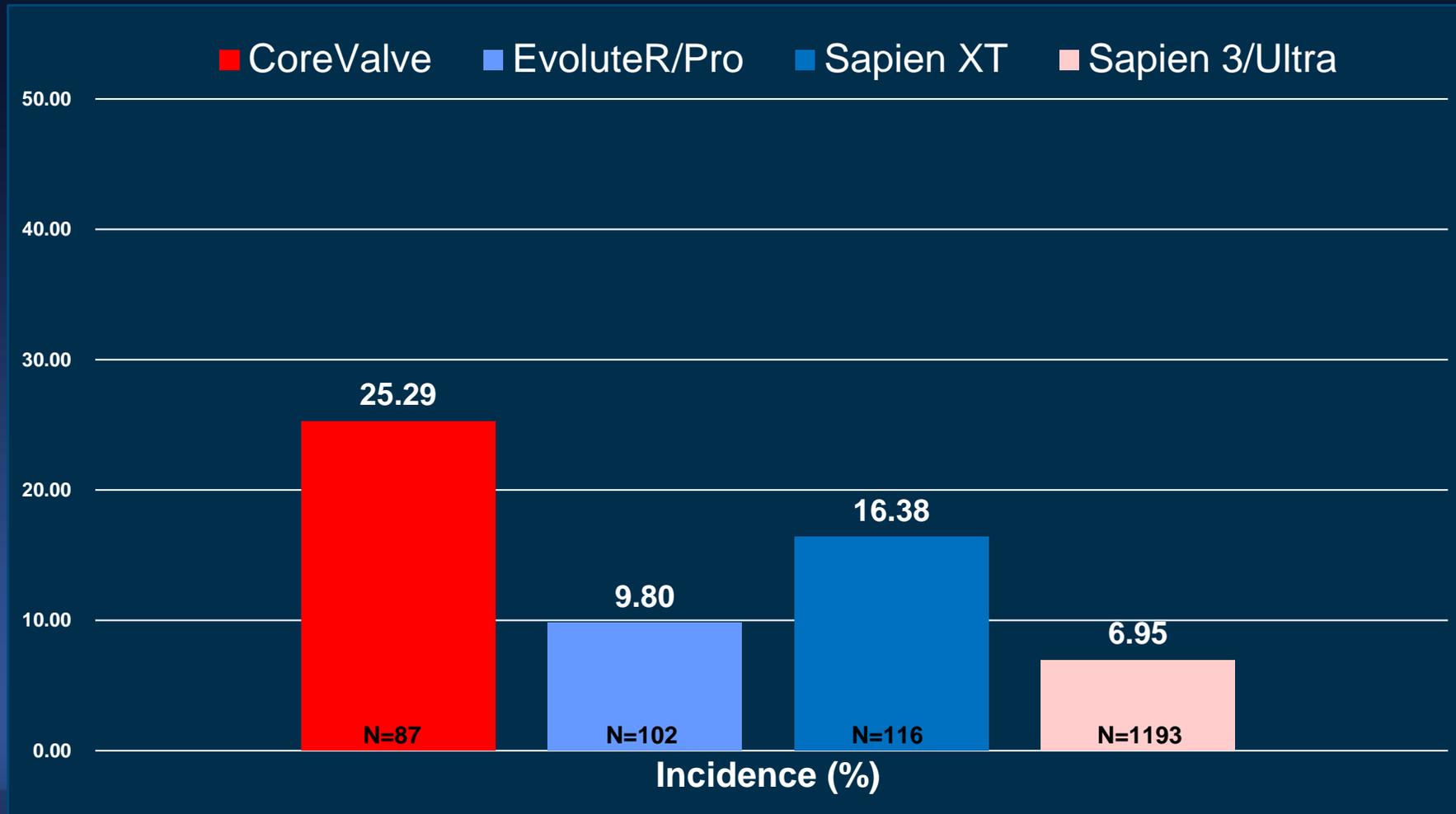
Procedural Outcomes

TAVR in AMC

	Overall (N = 1485)
Procedural success	1478 (99.5%)
Conversion to surgery	17 (1.1%)
Coronary obstruction	4 (0.2%)
Implantation of two valves	19 (1.2%)
New permanent pacemaker	118 (7.9%)
PVL \geq moderate	41 (2.7%)
Major vascular complication	68 (4.5%)
Length of hospital stay (days)	6.6 \pm 10.1



Incidence of PPM TAVR in AMC



30 Days Outcomes TAVR in AMC

	Overall (N = 1485)	
Death, all	23 (1.5%)	←
Cardiac death	16 (1.1%)	←
Non-cardiac death	7 (0.6%)	
Stroke, all	49 (3.3%)	
Disabling	9 (0.6%)	←
Non-disabling	40 (2.6%)	
Death or disabling stroke	39 (2.6%)	
Bleeding	470 (31.6%)	
Fatal	19 (1.3%)	←
Non-fatal	451 (30.4%)	

1 year Outcomes TAVR in AMC

	Overall (N = 1178)	
Death, all	99 (8.4%)	←
Cardiac death	26 (2.2%)	←
Non-cardiac death	73 (6.1%)	
Stroke, all	66 (5.6%)	
Disabling	16 (1.4%)	←
Non-disabling	40 (3.3%)	
Death or disabling stroke	119 (10.1%)	←
Rehospitalization	249 (21.1%)	
Infective endocarditis	19 (1.6%)	

Outcomes of TAVR

Standard Performance (VARC-2) for AS patients (@ 30 days)*

All-cause mortality	< 3%
Major (disabling) strokes	< 2%
Major vascular complications	< 5%
New permanent pacemakers	< 10%
Mod-severe PVR	< 5%

**AMC
All**

**AMC
2022**

1.5%

1.3%

0.6%

0.3%

4.5%

4.2%

7.9%

6.8%

2.7%

0.4%

“Minimalist Approach” (MAC)
Improved Clinical Outcomes !

TAVR in AMC

Baseline Characteristics

	Overall (N = 1485)	General Anesthesia (N = 256)	Conscious Sedation (MAC) (N = 1229)	P value
Age	80.2 ± 5.91	79.8 ± 5.5	80.3 ± 6.0	0.27
Male sex	689 (46.40%)	129 (50.4%)	560 (45.6%)	0.18
BMI, kg/m ²	25.26 ± 4.9	23.7 ± 3.4	25.6 ± 5.4	0.23
STS risk score, %	4.1 ± 2.7	4.4 ± 2.8	4.0 ± 2.7	0.07
DM	533 (35.9%)	85 (33.2%)	448 (36.5%)	0.36
HTN	1157 (77.9%)	222 (86.7%)	935 (76.1%)	<0.001
Atrial fibrillation	248 (16.7%)	34 (13.3%)	214 (17.4%)	0.12
CAD	588 (39.6%)	104 (40.6%)	484 (39.4%)	0.76
Previous MI	58 (3.9%)	14 (5.5%)	44 (3.6%)	0.21
Previous stroke	174 (11.7%)	27 (10.5%)	147 (12.0%)	0.59
PVD	63 (4.2%)	28 (10.9%)	35 (2.8%)	<0.001
Chronic Kidney Disease	123 (8.3%)	28 (10.9%)	95 (7.7%)	0.11
COPD	161 (10.8%)	40 (15.6%)	121 (9.8%)	<0.001



TAVR in AMC

Procedural Characteristics

	Overall (N = 1485)	General Anesthesia (N = 256)	Conscious Sedation(MAC) (N = 1229)	P value
Aortic-valve area, cm²	0.63 ± 0.15	0.62 ± 0.18	0.63 ± 0.15	0.21
AV Vmax, m/s	4.81 ± 0.79	4.86 ± 0.86	4.80 ± 0.77	0.30
Mean gradient, mmHg	56.8 ± 20.2	59.1 ± 22.4	56.3 ± 19.3	0.07
Bicuspid AV	162 (10.9%)	22 (8.5%)	140 (11.3%)	0.24
LV EF, %	59.0 ± 11.3	57.3 ± 12.1	59.4 ± 11.0	0.008
Device type				<0.001
Balloon-expandable	1301 (87.6%)	153 (59.7%)	1148 (93.4%)	
Self-expandable	184 (12.4%)	103 (40.2%)	81 (6.59%)	

TAVR in AMC

Procedural Outcomes

	Overall (N = 1485)	General Anesthesia (N = 256)	Conscious Sedation(MAC) (N = 1229)	P value
Procedural success	1478 (99.5%)	250 (97.7%)	1228 (99.9%)	<0.001
Conversion to surgery	17 (1.1%)	7 (2.5%)	10 (0.8%)	0.053
Coronary obstruction	4 (0.2%)	0 (0.0%)	4 (0.3%)	0.75
New permanent pacemaker	118 (7.9%)	28 (10.9%)	90 (7.3%)	<0.001
PVL ≥ moderate	41 (2.7%)	23 (9.0%)	18 (1.5%)	<0.001
Major vascular complication	68 (4.5%)	27 (10.5%)	41 (3.3%)	<0.001
Length of hospital stay (days)	6.6 ± 10.1	10.2 ± 12.7	5.9 ± 9.3	<0.001



TAVR in AMC

30 Days Outcomes

	Overall (N = 1485)	General Anesthesia (N = 256)	Conscious Sedation(MAC) (N = 1229)	P value
Death, all	23 (1.5%)	12 (4.7%)	11 (0.9%)	<0.001
Cardiac death	16 (1.1%)	8 (3.1%)	8 (0.7%)	0.002
Non-cardiac death	7 (0.6%)	4 (1.5%)	3 (0.2%)	0.28
Stroke, all	49 (3.3%)	14 (5.5%)	35 (2.8%)	0.07
Disabling	9 (0.6%)	4 (1.6%)	5 (0.4%)	0.09
Non-disabling	40 (2.6%)	10 (3.9%)	30 (2.4%)	0.16
Death or disabling stroke	39 (2.6%)	18 (5.4%)	21 (1.5%)	0.001
Bleeding	470 (31.6%)	138 (53.9%)	332 (27.0%)	<0.001
Fatal	19 (1.3%)	9 (3.5%)	10 (0.8%)	<0.001
Non-fatal	451 (30.4%)	129 (50.4%)	322 (26.2%)	<0.001



Outcomes of TAVR

Standard Performance (VARC-2*) for AS patients (@ 30 days)

All-cause mortality	< 3%
Major (disabling) strokes	< 2%
Major vascular complications	< 5%
New permanent pacemakers	< 10%
Mod-severe PVR	< 5%

**AMC
All**

1.5%
0.6%
4.5%
7.9%
2.7%

**AMC
“MAC”**

0.9%
0.4%
3.3%
7.3%
1.5%

TAVR in AMC
Sapien3* vs *Evolut R

TAVR in AMC

Baseline Characteristics

	Overall (N = 1485)	Balloon Expandable (N = 1301)	Self Expandable (N = 184)	P value
Age	80.2 ± 5.91	80.2 ± 6.0	80.3 ± 5.0	0.88
Male sex	689 (46.4%)	613 (47.1%)	76 (41.3%)	0.16
BMI, kg/m ²	25.2 ± 4.9	25.5 ± 5.3	23.9 ± 3.5	0.30
STS risk score, %	4.1 ± 2.7	4.1 ± 2.7	4.2 ± 2.6	0.45
DM	533 (35.9%)	472 (36.3%)	61 (33.2%)	0.45
HTN	1157 (77.9%)	1012 (77.8%)	145 (78.8%)	0.82
Atrial fibrillation	248 (16.7%)	221 (17.0%)	27 (14.7%)	0.49
CAD	588 (39.6%)	520 (40.0%)	68 (37.0%)	0.48
Previous MI	58 (3.9%)	51 (3.9%)	7 (3.8%)	0.99
Previous stroke	174 (11.7%)	153 (11.8%)	21 (11.4%)	0.98
PVD	63 (4.2%)	49 (3.8%)	14 (7.6%)	0.02
Chronic Kidney Disease	123 (8.3%)	113 (8.7%)	10 (5.4%)	0.17
COPD	161 (10.8%)	129 (9.9%)	32 (17.4%)	0.03

TAVR in AMC

Procedural Characteristics

	Overall (N = 1485)	Balloon Expandable (N = 1301)	Self Expandable (N = 184)	P value
Aortic-valve area, cm²	0.63 ± 0.15	0.63 ± 0.15	0.62 ± 0.20	0.23
AV Vmax, m/s	4.81 ± 0.79	4.81 ± 0.8	4.85 ± 0.9	0.58
Mean gradient, mmHg	56.8 ± 20.2	56.5 ± 19.4	58.8 ± 23.6	0.20
Bicuspid AV	162 (10.9%)	140 (10.7%)	22 (11.9%)	0.71
LV EF, %	59.0 ± 11.3	59.2 ± 11.3	57.6 ± 12.0	0.07
Approach site				<0.001
Transfemoral	1454 (97.9%)	1272 (97.7%)	182 (98.9%)	
Transapical	29 (1.9%)	29 (2.2%)	0 (0.0%)	
Transaortic	2 (0.1%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (1.1%)	

TAVR in AMC

Procedural Outcomes

	Overall (N = 1485)	Balloon Expandable (N = 1301)	Self Expandable (N = 184)	P value
Device success	1478 (99.5%)	1298 (99.8%)	180 (97.8%)	0.002
Conversion to surgery	17 (1.1%)	14 (1.0%)	3 (1.6%)	0.90
Coronary obstruction	4 (0.2%)	4 (0.3%)	0 (0.0%)	1.00
New permanent pacemaker	118 (7.9%)	89 (6.8%)	29 (15.7%)	<0.001
PVL ≥ moderate	41 (2.7%)	22 (1.7%)	19 (10.3%)	0.001
Major vascular complication	68 (4.5%)	50 (3.8%)	18 (9.8%)	0.01
Length of hospital stay (days)	6.6 ± 10.1	6.1 ± 9.6	10.2 ± 13.0	<0.001



TAVR in AMC

30 Days Outcomes

	Overall (N = 1485)	Balloon Expandable (N = 1301)	Self Expandable (N = 184)	P value
Death, all	23 (1.5%)	19 (1.5%)	4 (2.2%)	0.67
Cardiac death	16 (1.1%)	12 (0.9%)	4 (2.2%)	0.27
Non-cardiac death	7 (0.6%)	7 (0.7%)	0 (0.0%)	1.00
Stroke, all	49 (3.3%)	39 (3.0%)	10 (5.4%)	0.13
Disabling	9 (0.6%)	6 (0.5%)	3 (1.6%)	0.16
Non-disabling	40 (2.6%)	33 (2.5%)	7 (3.3%)	0.79
Death or disabling stroke	39 (2.6%)	21 (2.2%)	7 (3.8%)	0.28
Bleeding	470 (31.6%)	393 (30.2%)	77 (41.8%)	0.002
Fatal	19 (1.3%)	13 (1.0%)	6 (3.3%)	0.02
Non-fatal	451 (30.4%)	380 (29.2%)	71 (38.6%)	0.012



Outcomes of TAVR

Standard Performance (VARC-2*) for AS patients (@ 30 days)

All-cause mortality	< 3%
Major (disabling) strokes	< 2%
Major vascular complications	< 5%
New permanent pacemakers	< 10%
Mod-severe PVR	< 5%

AMC All	AMC Sapien	AMC Core
1.5%	1.5%	2.2%
0.6%	0.5%	1.6%
4.5%	3.8%	9.8%
7.9%	6.8%	15.7%
2.7%	1.7%	10.3%

TAVR in AMC, 2023

Whenever you choose tissue valve, (at any age or at any cases) TAVR has become the standard of treatment in patients with symptomatic severe aortic stenosis(>65y). SAVR would be considered only for patients who are not suitable for TAVR.

The background of the image is a monochromatic blue landscape. It features several layers of rolling hills and mountains, each covered in dense evergreen forests. The hills in the foreground are darker blue, while the ones in the distance become progressively lighter and more hazy, creating a sense of depth. The sky is a pale, clear blue. Centered in the upper half of the image is the text "Thank You !!".

Thank You !!

summitMD.com